

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
RALEIGH, N.C.

C204913

CONTRACT AND
CONTRACT BONDS
FOR CONTRACT NO. C204913

WBS 37405.3.1 STATE FUNDED

T.I.P NO. R-2577A

COUNTY OF FORSYTH

THIS IS THE ROADWAY & STRUCTURE CONTRACT

ROUTE NUMBER US-158 LENGTH 5.804 MILES

LOCATION US-158 FROM MULTI-LANES NORTH OF US-421/I-40 BUSINESS TO SR-1965
(BELEWS CREEK ROAD).

CONTRACTOR APAC ATLANTIC INC SMITH ROWE LLC JV

ADDRESS P.O. BOX 21088
GREENSBORO, NC 27420

BIDS OPENED MAY 28, 2024

CONTRACT EXECUTION 06/20/2024

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
RALEIGH, N.C.

PROPOSAL

INCLUDES ADDENDUM No. 2 DATED 05-20-2024

DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: **May 28, 2024 AT 02:00 PM**

CONTRACT ID C204913
WBS 37405.3.1

FEDERAL-AID NO. STATE FUNDED
COUNTY FORSYTH
T.I.P NO. R-2577A
MILES 5.804
ROUTE NO. US-158
LOCATION US-158 FROM MULTI-LANES NORTH OF US-421/I-40 BUSINESS TO SR-1965
(BELEWS CREEK ROAD).

TYPE OF WORK GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNALS, AND STRUCTURES.

NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

THIS IS A ROADWAY & STRUCTURE PROPOSAL

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

**PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF
CONTRACT No. C204913 IN FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION,
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA**

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. **C204913** has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the *2024 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures* by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete Contract No. **C204913** in **Forsyth County**, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled *North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2024* with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the *Standard Specifications*; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.



State Contract Officer

DocuSigned by:

Ronald Elton Davenport, Jr.

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05/20/2024

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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**GENERAL****AWARD OF CONTRACT:**

(1-16-18)(Rev. 5-28-24)

103

SP1 G01

Revise the *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 1-24, Subarticle 103-4(A) General, first paragraph, replace the 3rd and 4th sentences with the following:

Where award is to be made, the notice of award will be issued within 60 days after the opening of bids or upon issuance of any necessary debt instrument, whichever is later, but not to exceed 120 days; except with the consent of the lowest responsible bidder the decision to award the contract to such bidder may be delayed for as long a time as may be agreed upon by the Department and such bidder. In the absence of such agreement, the lowest responsible bidder may withdraw his bid at the expiration of 120 days without penalty if no notice of award has been issued.

CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(8-15-00) (Rev. 5-16-23)

108

SP1 G08 A

The date of availability for this contract is **August 1, 2024, except from -L- Sta. 79+25 (+/-) to -L- Sta. 138+00 (+/-) and -L- Sta. 144+50 (+/-) to -L- Sta. 208+50 (+/-) is December 16, 2024, except from the beginning of the project to -L- Sta. 79+25 (+/-) is July 1, 2025**, except that work in jurisdictional waters and wetlands shall not begin until a meeting between the DOT, Regulatory Agencies, and the Contractor is held as stipulated in the permits contained elsewhere in this proposal. This delay in availability has been considered in determining the contract time for this project. **The date of availability for -L- Sta. 138+00 (+/-) to -L- Sta. 144+50 (+/-) is August 1, 2024.**

The completion date for this contract is **March 30, 2029**.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00)** per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 2-21-12)

108

SP1 G13 A

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is **August 1, 2024, except from -L- Sta. 79+25 (+/-) to -L- Sta. 138+00 (+/-) and -L- Sta. 144+50 (+/-) to -L- Sta. 208+50 (+/-) is December 16, 2024, except from the beginning of the project to -L- Sta. 79+25 (+/-) is July 1, 2025. The date of availability for -L- Sta. 138+00 (+/-) to -L- Sta. 144+50 (+/-) is August 1, 2024.**

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is **October 1, 2028.**

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are **Six Thousand Dollars (\$6,000.00)** per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07)

108

SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **US 158 (-L-)** during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

Monday thru Friday, from 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM and from 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **US 158 (-L-)**, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.

2. For **New Year's Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** December 31st and **6:00 PM** January 2nd. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until **6:00 PM** the following Tuesday.
3. For **Easter**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Thursday and **6:00 PM** Monday.
4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Friday and **6:00 PM** Tuesday.
5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** the day before Independence Day and **6:00 PM** the day after Independence Day.

If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **7:00 AM** the Thursday before Independence Day and **6:00 PM** the Tuesday after Independence Day.
6. For **Labor Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Friday and **6:00 PM** Tuesday.
7. For **Thanksgiving**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Tuesday and **6:00 PM** Monday.
8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **6:00 PM** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.
9. For **Christmas in July Celebration**, the first weekend in July between the hours of **7:00 AM** the **Friday** of the week of the **Christmas in July Celebration** and **6:00 PM** the following **Monday** after the week of the **Christmas in July Celebration**.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 350.00)** per fifteen **(15)** minute time period.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #2A** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **twenty (20)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 4 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #2B** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **seventy-five (75)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 5 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #2C** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **thirty (30)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 6 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #2D** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **forty (40)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 7 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #2E** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **thirty (30)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 8 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #3A** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3A** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **thirty (30)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 750.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 9 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Step #3B** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3A** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **forty (40)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Ten Thousand Dollars (\$ 10,000.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 10 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I, Steps #6.1 thru #6.4** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3A** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **ninety (90)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 1,500.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 11 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase II, Step #4A** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3B** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **forty (40)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 12 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 10-15-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining and removing the traffic control devices for road closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close **US 158 (-L-)** during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

Monday thru Sunday, from 4:00 P.M. to 9:00 A.M. (the following day)

The maximum allowable time for **Blasting Operations** is **thirty (30)** minutes for **US 158 (-L-)**. The Contractor shall reopen the travel lanes to traffic until any resulting traffic queue is depleted.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 350.00)** per fifteen **(15)** minute time period.

PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12)(Rev. 1-16-24)

104

SP1 G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as, in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the *Standard Specifications*. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time (ICT). Between the time of ICT and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for *Response for Erosion Control, Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation, and Stone for Erosion Control* will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

CONSTRUCTION MORATORIUM:

(1-19-16)

SP1 G18C

No tree cutting will be allowed from **April 1st** through **October 15th** of any year.

DELAY IN RIGHT OF ENTRY:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 7-15-14)

108

SP1 G22

The Contractor will not be allowed right of entry to the following parcel(s) prior to the listed date(s) unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

<u>Parcel No.</u>	<u>Property Owner</u>	<u>Date</u>
041	Lottes, Inc	6-30-2025
042	Lottes, Inc	6-30-2025
269	A&C Properties of Forsyth LLC	7-31-2024

MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:

(2-19-02)(Rev. 1-16-24)

104

SP1 G28

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the *Standard Specifications*):

Line #	Description
8	Borrow Excavation
74	Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C
75	Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C

SPECIALTY ITEMS:

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-16-24)

108-6

SP1 G37

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the *Standard Specifications*).

Line #	Description
112-126	Guardrail
127-129	Fencing
135-143	Signing
159-167	Long-Life Pavement Markings
168-169	Removable Tape
182-183	Permanent Pavement Markers
184-207	Lighting
208-257	Utility Construction
258-297, 404-405	Erosion Control
298-306	Planting
307-367, 406	Signals/ITS System
379-383	Drilled Piers

FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(11-15-05)(Rev. 1-16-24)

109-8

SP1 G43

Page 1-82, Article 109-8, FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENTS, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is \$ **2.7635** per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

Description	Units	Fuel Usage Factor Diesel
Unclassified Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Borrow Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Class IV Subgrade Stabilization	Gal/Ton	0.55
Aggregate Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Sub-Ballast	Gal/Ton	0.55
Erosion Control Stone	Gal/Ton	0.55
Rip Rap, Class _____	Gal/Ton	0.55
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Ultra-thin Bonded Wearing Course	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
> 11" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.327
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to > 11" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.327
9" to 11" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.272
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to 9" to 11" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.272
< 9" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to < 9" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245

For the asphalt items noted in the chart as eligible for fuel adjustments, the bidder may include the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* with their bid submission if they elect to use the fuel usage factor. The *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* is found at the following link:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Fuel%20Usage%20Factor%20Adjustment%20Form%20-%20Starting%20Nov%202022%20Lettings.pdf>

Select either 2.90 Gal/Ton fuel factor or 0.90 Gal/Ton fuel factor for each asphalt line item on the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form*. The selected fuel factor for each asphalt item will remain in effect for the duration of the contract.

Failure to complete the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* will result in using 2.90 gallons per ton as the Fuel Usage Factor for Diesel for the asphalt items noted above. The contractor will not be permitted to change the Fuel Usage Factor after the bids are submitted.

STEEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(4-19-22)(Rev. 12-20-22)

SP1 G47

Description and Purpose

Steel price adjustments will be made to the payments due the Contractor for items as defined herein that are permanently incorporated into the work, when the price of raw steel mill products utilized on the contract have fluctuated. The Department will adjust monthly progress payments up or down as appropriate for cost changes in steel according to this provision.

Eligible Items

The list of eligible bid items for steel price adjustment can be found on the Departments website at the following address:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Eligible%20Bid%20Items%20for%20Steel%20Price%20Adjustment.xlsx>

Nuts, bolts, anchor bolts, rebar chairs, connecting bands and other miscellaneous hardware associated with these items shall not be included in the price adjustment.

Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the material cost of the steel used in the above products as specified in the Product Relationship Table below. The producing mill is defined as the source of steel product before any fabrication has occurred (e.g., coil, plate, rebar, hot rolled shapes, etc.). No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of fabrication, coating, shipping, storage, etc.

No steel price adjustments will be made for any products manufactured from steel having an adjustment date, as defined by the Product Relationship Table below, prior to the letting date.

Bid Submittal Requirements

The successful bidder, within 14 calendar days after the notice of award is received by him, shall provide the completed Form SPA-1 to the Department (State Contract Officer or Division Contract Engineer) along with the payment bonds, performance bonds and contract execution signature sheets in a single submittal. If Form SPA-1 is not included in the same submittal as the payment bonds, performance bonds and contract execution signature sheets, the Contractor will not be eligible for any steel price adjustment for any item in the contract for the life of the contract. Form SPA-1 can be found on the Department's website at the following address:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Form%20SPA-1.xlsm>

The Contractor shall provide Form SPA-1 listing the Contract Line Number, (with corresponding Item Number, Item Description, and Category) for the steel products they wish to have an adjustment calculated. Only the contract items corresponding to the list of eligible item numbers for steel price adjustment may be entered on Form SPA-1. The Contractor may choose to have steel price adjustment applied to any, all, or none of the eligible items. However, the Contractor's selection of items for steel price adjustment or non-selection (non-participation)

may not be changed once Form SPA-1 has been received by the Department. Items the Bidder chooses for steel price adjustment must be designated by writing the word “Yes” in the column titled “Option” by each Pay Item chosen for adjustment. Should the bidder elect an eligible steel price item, the entire quantity of the line item will be subject to the price adjustment for the duration of the Contract. The Bidder’s designations on Form SPA-1 must be written in ink or typed and signed by the Bidder (Prime Contractor) to be considered complete. Items not properly designated, designated with “No”, or left blank on the Bidder’s Form SPA-1 will automatically be removed from consideration for adjustment. No steel items will be eligible for steel price adjustment on this Project if the Bidder fails to return Form SPA-1 in accordance with this provision.

Establishing the Base Price

The Department will use a blend of monthly average prices as reported from the Fastmarkets platform to calculate the monthly adjustment indices (BI and MI). This data is typically available on the first day of the month for the preceding month. The indices will be calculated by the Department for the different categories found on the Product Relationship Table below. For item numbers that include multiple types of steel products, the category listed for that item number will be used for adjusting each steel component.

The bidding index for Category 1 Steel items is **\$ 41.69** per hundredweight.
 The bidding index for Category 2 Steel items is **\$ 60.21** per hundredweight.
 The bidding index for Category 3 Steel items is **\$ 61.09** per hundredweight.
 The bidding index for Category 4 Steel items is **\$ 43.85** per hundredweight.
 The bidding index for Category 5 Steel items is **\$ 55.81** per hundredweight.
 The bidding index for Category 6 Steel items is **\$ 61.43** per hundredweight.
 The bidding index for Category 7 Steel items is **\$ 42.83** per hundredweight.

The bidding index represents a selling price of steel based on Fastmarkets data for the month of **March 2024**.

- MI = Monthly Index. – in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- BI = Bidding Index. - in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

<i>Product Relationship Table</i>			
<i>Steel Product (Title)</i>	BI, MI*	Adjustment Date for MI	Category
Reinforcing Steel, Bridge Deck, and SIP Forms	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Delivery Date from Producing Mill	1
Structural Steel and Encasement Pipe	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Delivery Date from Producing Mill	2
Steel H-Piles, Soldier Pile Walls	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Delivery Date from Producing Mill	3

Guardrail Items and Pipe Piles	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Material Received Date**	4
Fence Items	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Material Received Date**	5
Overhead Sign Assembly, Signal Poles, High Mount Standards	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Material Received Date**	6
Prestressed Concrete Members	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Cast Date of Member	7
* BI and MI are in converted units of Dollars per Hundredweight (\$/CWT)			
** Material Received Date is defined as the date the materials are received on the project site. If a material prepayment is made for a Category 4-6 item, the Adjustment Date to be used will be the date of the prepayment request instead of the Materials Received Date.			

Submit documentation to the Engineer for all items listed in the Contract for which the Contractor is requesting a steel price adjustment.

Submittal Requirements

The items in categories 1,2, and 3, shall be specifically stored, labeled, or tagged, recognizable by color marking, and identifiable by Project for inspection and audit verification immediately upon arrival at the fabricator.

Furnish the following documentation for all steel products to be incorporated into the work and documented on Form SPA-2, found on the Departments website at the following address:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Form%20SPA-2.xlsx>

Submit all documentation to the Engineer prior to incorporation of the steel into the completed work. The Department will withhold progress payments for the affected contract line item if the documentation is not provided and at the discretion of the Engineer the work is allowed to proceed. Progress payments will be made upon receipt of the delinquent documentation.

Step 1 (Form SPA -2)

Utilizing Form SPA-2, submit separate documentation packages for each line item from Form SPA-1 for which the Contractor opted for a steel price adjustment. For line items with multiple components of steel, each component should be listed separately. Label each SPA-2 documentation package with a unique number as described below.

- a. Documentation package number: (Insert the contract line-item) - (Insert sequential package number beginning with "1").

Example: 412 - 1,
412 - 2,
424 - 1,
424 - 2,
424 - 3, etc.

- b. The steel product quantity in pounds

- i. The following sources should be used, in declining order of precedence, to determine the weight of steel/iron, based on the Engineers decision:
 1. Department established weights of steel/iron by contract pay item per pay unit;
 2. Approved Shop Drawings;
 3. Verified Shipping Documents;
 4. Contract Plans;
 5. Standard Drawing Sheets;
 6. Industry Standards (i.e., AISC Manual of Steel Construction, AWWA Standards, etc.); and
 7. Manufacture's data.
- ii. Any item requiring approved shop drawings shall have the weights of steel calculated and shown on the shop drawings or submitted and certified separately by the fabricator.
- c. The date the steel product, subject to adjustment, was shipped from the producing mill (Categories 1-3), received on the project (Categories 4-6), or casting date (Category 7).

Step 2 (Monthly Calculator Spreadsheet)

For each month, upon the incorporation of the steel product into the work, provide the Engineer the following:

- 1) Completed NCDOT Steel Price Adjustment Calculator Spreadsheet, summarizing all the steel submittal packages (Form SPA-2) actually incorporated into the completed work in the given month.
 - a. Contract Number
 - b. Bidding Index Reference Month
 - c. Contract Completion Date or Revised Completion Date
 - d. County, Route, and Project TIP information
 - e. Item Number
 - f. Line-Item Description
 - g. Submittal Number from Form SPA-2
 - h. Adjustment date
 - i. Pounds of Steel
- 2) An affidavit signed by the Contractor stating the documentation provided in the NCDOT Steel Price Adjustment Calculator Spreadsheet is true and accurate.

Price Adjustment Conditions

Download the Monthly Steel Adjustment Spreadsheet with the most current reference data from the Department's website each month at the following address:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Form%20SPA-3%20NCDOT%20Steel%20Price%20Adjustment%20Calculator.xlsx>

If the monthly Fastmarkets data is not available, the data for the most recent immediately preceding month will be used as the basis for adjustment.

Price Adjustment Calculations

The price adjustment will be determined by comparing the percentage of change in index value listed in the proposal (BI) to the monthly index value (MI). (See included sample examples). Weights and date of shipment must be documented as required herein. The final price adjustment dollar value will be determined by multiplying this percentage increase or decrease in the index by the represented quantity of steel incorporated into the work, and the established bidding index (BI) subject to the limitations herein.

Price increase/decrease will be computed as follows:

$$\text{SPA} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) * \text{BI} * (\text{Q} / 100)$$

Where;

SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

MI = Monthly Shipping Index. – in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

BI = Bidding Index. - in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

Q = Quantity of steel, product, pounds actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

Calculations for price adjustment shall be shown separate from the monthly progress estimate and will not be included in the total cost of work for determination of progress or for extension of Contract time in accordance with Subarticle 108-10(B)(1).

Any apparent attempt to unbalance bids in favor of items subject to price adjustment may result in rejection of the bid proposal.

Adjustments will be paid or charged to the Contractor only. Any Contractor receiving an adjustment under this provision shall distribute the proper proportional part of such adjustments to the subcontractor who performed the applicable work.

Delays to the work caused by steel shortages may be justification for a Contract time extension but will not constitute grounds for claims for standby equipment, extended office overhead, or other costs associated with such delays.

If an increase in the steel material price is anticipated to exceed 50% of the original quoted price, the contractor must notify the Department within 7 days prior to purchasing the material. Upon receipt of such notification, the Department will direct the Contractor to either (1) proceed with the work or (2) suspend the work and explore the use of alternate options.

If the decrease in the steel material exceeds 50% of the original quoted price, the contractor may submit to the Department additional market index information specific to the item in question to dispute the decrease. The Department will review this information and determine if the decrease is warranted.

When the steel product adjustment date, as defined in the Product Relationship Table, is after the approved contract completion date, the steel price adjustments will be based on the lesser value of either the MI for the month of the approved contract completion date or the MI for the actual adjustment date.

If the price adjustment is based on estimated material quantities for that time, and a revision to the total material quantity is made in a subsequent or final estimate, an appropriate adjustment will be made to the price adjustment previously calculated. The adjustment will be based on the same indices used to calculate the price adjustment which is being revised. If the adjustment date of the revised material quantity cannot be determined, the adjustment for the quantity in question, will be based on the indices utilized to calculate the steel price adjustment for the last initial documentation package submission, for the steel product subject to adjustment, that was incorporated into the particular item of work, for which quantities are being finalized.

Example: Structural steel for a particular bridge was provided for in three different shipments with each having a different mill shipping date. The quantity of structural steel actually used for the bridge was calculated and a steel price adjustment was made in a progress payment. At the conclusion of the work an error was found in the plans of the final quantity of structural steel used for the bridge. The quantity to be adjusted cannot be directly related to any one of the three mill shipping dates. The steel price adjustment for the quantity in question would be calculated using the indices that were utilized to calculate the steel price adjustment for the quantity of structural steel represented by the last initial structural steel documentation package submission. The package used will be the one with the greatest sequential number.

Extra Work/Force Account:

When steel products, as specified herein, are added to the contract as extra work, in accordance with the provisions of Article 104-7 or 104-3, the Engineer will determine and specify in the supplemental agreement, the need for application of steel price adjustments on a case-by-case basis. No steel price adjustments will be made for any products manufactured from steel having an adjustment date prior to the supplemental agreement execution date. Price adjustments will be made as provided herein, except the Bidding Index will be based on the month in which the supplemental agreement pricing was executed.

For work performed on force account basis, reimbursement of actual material costs, along with the specified overhead and profit markup, will be considered to include full compensation for the current cost of steel and no steel price adjustments will be made.

Examples Form SPA-2

Steel Price Adjustment Submission Form

Contract Number C203394 Bid Reference Month January 2019

Submittal Date 8/31/2019

Contract Line Item 237

Line Item Description APPROX....LBS Structural Steel

Sequential Submittal Number 2

Supplier	Description of material	Location information	Quantity in lbs.	Adjustment Date
XYZ mill	Structural Steel	Structure 3, Spans A-C	1,200,000	May 4, 2020
ABC distributing	Various channel & angle shapes	Structure 3 Spans A-C	35,000	July 14, 2020
		Total Pounds of Steel	1,235,000	

- Note: Attach the following supporting documentation to this form.
- Bill of Lading to support the shipping dates
 - Supporting information for weight documentation (e.g., Pay item reference, Shop drawings, shipping documents, Standards Sheets, industry standards, or manufacturer's data)

By providing this data under my signature, I attest to the accuracy of and validity of the data on this form and certify that no deliberate misrepresentation in any manner has occurred.

Printed Name

Signature

Examples Form SPA-2**Steel Price Adjustment Submission Form**Contract Number C203394 Bid Reference Month January 2019Submittal Date August 31, 2019Contract Line Item 237Line Item Description SUPPORT, OVRHD SIGN STR -DFEB – STA 36+00Sequential Submittal
Number 2

Supplier	Description of material	Location information	Quantity in lbs.	Adjustment Date
XYZ mill	Tubular Steel (Vertical legs)	<u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u>	12000	December 11, 2021
PDQ Mill	4" Tubular steel (Horizontal legs)	<u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u>	5900	December 11, 2021
ABC distributing	Various channel & angle shapes (see quote)	<u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u>	1300	December 11, 2021
	Catwalk assembly	<u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u>	2000	December 11, 2021
Nucor	Flat plate	<u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u>	650	December 11, 2021
		Total Pounds of Steel	21,850	

Note: Attach the following supporting documentation to this form.

- Bill of Lading to support the shipping dates
- Supporting information for weight documentation (e.g., Pay item reference, Shop drawings, shipping documents, Standards Sheets, industry standards, or manufacturer's data)

By providing this data under my signature, I attest to the accuracy of and validity of the data on this form and certify that no deliberate misrepresentation in any manner has occurred.

Printed Name

Signature

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (increase)

Project bid on September 17, 2019

Line Item 635 "Structural Steel" has a plan quantity of 2,717,000 lbs.

Bidding Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) in the proposal was \$36.12/CWT = BI

450,000 lbs. of Structural Steel for Structure 2 at Station 44+08.60 were shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, May 2021.

Monthly Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) for May 2021 was \$64.89/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$\text{SPA} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) * \text{BI} * (\text{Q} / 100)$$

Where; SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

BI = Bidding Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

MI = Mill Shipping Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

$$\text{BI} = \$36.12 / \text{CWT}$$

$$\text{MI} = \$64.89 / \text{CWT}$$

$$\% \text{ change} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) = (\$64.89 / \$36.12 - 1) = (1.79651 - 1) = 0.79651162791$$

$$\text{Q} = 450,000 \text{ lbs.}$$

$$\text{SPA} = 0.79651162791 \times \$36.12 \times (450,000 / 100)$$

$$\text{SPA} = 0.79651162791 * \$36.12 * 4,500$$

$$\text{SPA} = \$129,465 \text{ pay adjustment to Contractor for Structural Steel (Structure 2 at Station 44+08.60)}$$

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (decrease)

Project bid on December 18, 2018

Line Item 635 Structural Steel has a plan quantity of 2,717,000 lbs.

Bidding Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) in the proposal was \$46.72/CWT = BI

600,000 lbs. of Structural Steel for Structure 1 at Station 22+57.68 were shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, August 2020.

Monthly Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) for August 2020 was \$27.03/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$\text{SPA} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) * \text{BI} * (\text{Q} / 100)$$

Where; SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

BI = Bidding Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

MI = Mill Shipping Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

$$\text{BI} = \$46.72 / \text{CWT}$$

$$\text{MI} = \$27.03 / \text{CWT}$$

$$\% \text{ change} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) = (\$27.03 / \$46.72 - 1) = (0.57855 - 1) = -0.421446917808$$

$$\text{Q} = 600,000 \text{ lbs.}$$

$$\text{SPA} = -0.421446917808 * \$46.72 * (600,000 / 100)$$

$$\text{SPA} = -0.421446917808 * \$46.72 * 6,000$$

$$\text{SPA} = \$ 118,140.00 \text{ Credit to the Department for Structural Steel (Structure 1 at Station 22+57.68)}$$

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (increase)

Project bid on July 16, 2020

Line Item 614 Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab has a plan quantity of 241974 lbs.

Bidding Index Reference Month was May 2020. Bidding Index for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) in the proposal was \$29.21/CWT = BI

51,621 lbs. of reinforcing steel and 52,311 lbs. of epoxy coated reinforcing steel for Structure 2 at Station 107+45.55 -L- was shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, May 2021.

Monthly Index for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) for May 2021 was \$43.13/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$\text{SPA} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) * \text{BI} * (\text{Q} / 100)$$

Where; SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

BI = Bidding Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

MI = Mill Shipping Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

$$\text{BI} = \$29.21 / \text{CWT}$$

$$\text{MI} = \$43.13 / \text{CWT}$$

$$\% \text{ change} = ((\text{MI} / \text{BI}) - 1) = (\$43.13 / \$29.21 - 1) = (1.47655 - 1) = 0.47654912701$$

$$\text{Q} = 103932 \text{ lbs.}$$

$$\text{SPA} = 0.47654912701 * \$29.21 * (103,932 / 100)$$

$$\text{SPA} = 0.47654912701 * \$29.21 * 1,039.32$$

SPA = \$14,467.33 Pay Adjustment to Contractor for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) at Station 107+45.55 -L-

PAYOUT SCHEDULE:

(1-19-10)(Rev. 1-17-12)

108

SP1 G57

Submit an Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule prior to beginning construction. The Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule will be used by the Department to monitor funding levels for this project. Include a monthly percentage breakdown (in terms of the total contract amount) of the work anticipated to be completed. The schedule should begin with the date the Contractor plans to begin construction and end with the anticipated completion date. Submit updates of the Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15 of each calendar year until project acceptance. Submit the original Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule and all subsequent updates to the Resident Engineer with a copy to the State Construction Engineer at 1 South Wilmington Street, 1543 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1543.

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS:

(7-15-08)(Rev. 1-16-24)

108-2

SP1 G58

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled *Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts* included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

	<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Progress (% of Dollar Value)</u>
2025	(7/01/24 - 6/30/25)	28% of Total Amount Bid
2026	(7/01/25 - 6/30/26)	27% of Total Amount Bid
2027	(7/01/26 - 6/30/27)	25% of Total Amount Bid
2028	(7/01/27 - 6/30/28)	17% of Total Amount Bid
2029	(7/01/28 - 6/30/29)	3% of Total Amount Bid

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:

(10-16-07)(Rev. 1-16-24)

102-15(J)

SP1 G66

Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the North Carolina Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with State funds.

Definitions

Additional MBE/WBE Subcontractors - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that will not be used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE Goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Combined MBE/WBE Goal: A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is to be performed by committed MBE/WBE subcontractors.

Committed MBE/WBE Subcontractor - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any MBE or WBE used as a replacement for a previously committed MBE or WBE firm.

Contract Goal Requirement - The approved participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised Combined MBE/WBE contract goal.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed participation along with a listing of the committed MBE and WBE firms.

Manufacturer - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

MBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is anticipated to be performed by committed MBE subcontractor(s).

Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Minority-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

Replacement / Substitution – A full or partial reduction in the amount of work subcontracted to a committed (or an approved substitute) MBE/WBE firm.

North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP) - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for MBE/WBE certification. The MBE/WBE program follows the same regulations as the federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

WBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is anticipated to be performed by committed WBE subcontractor(s).

Women Business Enterprise (WBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Women-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to MBE and WBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project.
<https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/>

DBE-IS Subcontractor Payment Information - Form for reporting the payments made to all MBE/WBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only.
<https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf>

RF-1 MBE/WBE Replacement Request Form - Form for replacing a committed MBE or WBE.
<https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE%20Replacement%20Form%20and%20Instructions.pdf>

SAF Subcontract Approval Form - Form required for approval to sublet the contract.
<https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/SAF%20Form%20-%20Subcontract%20Approval%20Form%20Revised%2004-19.xlsm>

JC-1 Joint Check Notification Form - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.
<http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Joint%20Check%20Notification%20Form.pdf>

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the MBE/WBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed MBE/WBE for the estimated amount (based on quantities and unit prices) listed at the time of bid.
<http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20a%20Subcontractor.pdf>

Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering MBE/WBE subcontractors on a project that will meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal. This form is for paper bids only.
[http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/09%20MBE-WBE%20Subcontractors%20\(State\).docx](http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/09%20MBE-WBE%20Subcontractors%20(State).docx)

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where MBEs and WBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.
<http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote%20Comparison%20Example.xls>

Combined MBE/WBE Goal

The Combined MBE/WBE Goal for this project is **6.0%**.

The Combined Goal was established utilizing the following anticipated participation for Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises:

(A) Minority Business Enterprises **3.0%**.

- (1) *If the anticipated MBE participation is more than zero*, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that MBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
- (2) *If the anticipated MBE participation is zero*, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use MBEs during the performance of the contract. Any MBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

(B) Women Business Enterprises **3.0%**.

- (1) *If the anticipated WBE participation is more than zero*, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that WBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
- (2) *If the anticipated WBE participation is zero*, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use WBEs during the performance of the contract. Any WBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

The Bidder is required to submit only participation to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Combined Goal may be met by submitting all MBE participation, all WBE participation, or a combination of MBE and WBE participation.

Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as MBE and WBE certified shall be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Directory can be found at the following link.

<https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html>

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit all MBE and WBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed MBE/WBE subcontractors and additional MBE/WBE subcontractors. Any additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation above the goal will follow the banking guidelines found elsewhere in this provision. All other additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goals. Only those firms with current MBE and WBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of MBE and WBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

(A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of MBE and WBE participation in the appropriate section of the electronic submittal file.

- (1) Submit the names and addresses of MBE and WBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of MBE and WBE firms shown in the electronic submittal file, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the firms.
- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each MBE and WBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no MBE or WBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE and WBE are certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE goal.

(B) Paper Bids

- (1) *If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is more than zero,*
 - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of MBE/WBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the MBE and WBE participation for the contract.
 - (b) If bidders have no MBE or WBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. **Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation.** Bids submitted that do not have MBE and WBE participation indicated on the

appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.

- (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE/WBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) *If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is zero, entries on the Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any MBE or WBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.*

MBE or WBE Prime Contractor

When a certified MBE or WBE firm bids on a contract that contains a Combined MBE/WBE goal, the firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a MBE or WBE bidder on a contract will meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the MBE or WBE bidder and any other similarly certified subcontractors will count toward the goal. The MBE or WBE bidder shall list itself along with any MBE or WBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the goal.

MBE/WBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractor* just as a non-MBE/WBE bidder would.

Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each MBE/WBE that will be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the MBE/WBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed MBE and WBE to be used toward the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the MBE/WBE participation will not count toward meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts for the goal, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state

holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

Banking MBE/WBE Credit

If the bid of the lowest responsive bidder exceeds \$500,000 and if the committed MBE/WBE participation submitted exceeds the algebraic sum of the Combined MBE /WBE Goal by \$1,000 or more, the excess will be placed on deposit by the Department for future use by the bidder. Separate accounts will be maintained for MBE and WBE participation and these may accumulate for a period not to exceed 24 months.

When the apparent lowest responsive bidder fails to submit sufficient participation by MBE and WBE firms to meet the advertised goal, as part of the good faith effort, the Department will consider allowing the bidder to withdraw funds to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal as long as there are adequate funds available from the bidder's MBE and WBE bank accounts.

Submission of Good Faith Effort

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach that specific goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it would be due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 5 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of MBE/WBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with a Combined MBE/WBE Goal More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient MBE/WBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought MBE/WBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goals and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

- (A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the MBEs/WBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to MBEs/WBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the MBEs/WBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by MBEs/WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be achieved.
 - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE/WBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the advertised goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for MBE/WBE participation (2nd and 3rd tier subcontractors).
- (C) Providing interested certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D)
 - (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested MBEs/WBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate MBE/WBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for MBEs/WBEs to perform the work.
 - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including MBE/WBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the advertised goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using MBEs/WBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith

efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from MBEs/WBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

- (E) Not rejecting MBEs/WBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of MBEs/WBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at BOWD@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get MBE or WBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the advertised goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the contract goal.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the advertised goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the advertised goal, but meets or exceeds the average MBE and WBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the advertised goal.

Non-Good Faith Appeal

The State Prequalification Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Prequalification Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

Counting MBE/WBE Participation Toward Meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirements. The total dollar value of participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the MBE/WBE and the actual payments to MBE/WBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting MBE/WBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

(C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A MBE/WBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a MBE subcontracts to another MBE firm may be counted toward the anticipated MBE participation. The same holds true for work that a WBE subcontracts to another WBE firm. Work that a MBE/WBE subcontracts to a non-MBE/WBE firm does not count toward the contract goal requirement. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the MBE or WBE participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified firms and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified firms, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE breakdown. If a MBE or WBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the MBE or WBE is not performing a commercially useful function.

(D) Joint Venture

When a MBE or WBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the MBE or WBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the MBE or WBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/ WBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a MBE or WBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a MBE or WBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/ WBE requirement the following expenditures to MBE/WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a MBE/WBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a MBE/WBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

Commercially Useful Function

(A) MBE/WBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to MBEs and WBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A MBE/WBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the MBE/WBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a MBE/WBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the MBE/WBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors. If it is determined that a MBE or WBE is not performing a Commercially Useful Function, the contractor may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department.

(B) MBE/WBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a MBE or WBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The MBE/WBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The MBE/WBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The MBE/WBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The MBE may subcontract the work to another MBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a MBE. The same holds true that a WBE may subcontract the work to another WBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a WBE. When this occurs, the MBE or WBE who subcontracts work receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted MBE or WBE provides on the contract. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified transportation service providers and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified providers, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE participation breakdown.
- (5) The MBE/WBE may also subcontract the work to a non-MBE/WBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The MBE/WBE who subcontracts the work to a non-MBE/WBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-MBE/WBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by MBE/WBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-MBE/WBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the MBE/WBE and the Contractor will not count towards the MBE/WBE contract requirement.
- (6) A MBE/WBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the MBE/WBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the MBE/WBE, so long as the lease gives the MBE/WBE absolute priority for

use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the MBE/WBE's credit as long as the driver is under the MBE/WBE's payroll.

- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the MBE/WBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

MBE/WBE Replacement

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a MBE or WBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute MBE or WBE subcontractor) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the MBE/WBE subcontractor for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor, a non-MBE/WBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate.

The Contractor must give notice in writing both by certified mail and email to the MBE/WBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor must give the MBE/WBE subcontractor five (5) business days to respond to the Contractor's Notice of Intent to Request Termination and/or Substitution. If the MBE/WBE subcontractor objects to the intended termination/substitution, the MBE/WBE, within five (5) business days must advise the Contractor and the Department of the reasons why the action should not be approved. The five-day notice period shall begin on the next business day after written notice is provided to the MBE/WBE subcontractor.

A committed MBE/WBE subcontractor may only be terminated after receiving the Department's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the proposed termination and/or substitution. For purposes of this section, good cause shall include the following circumstances:

- (a) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (b) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (c) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (d) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (e) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;
- (f) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (g) The listed MBE/WBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of withdrawal;
- (h) The listed MBE/WBE is ineligible to receive MBE/WBE credit for the type of work required;

- (i) A MBE/WBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed MBE/WBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (j) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the MBE/WBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a MBE/WBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the MBE/WBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another MBE/WBE or non-MBE/WBE contractor after contract award.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed MBE/WBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional MBE/WBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the MBE/WBE commitment to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed MBE/WBE if there were no additional MBE/WBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the MBE/WBE that was terminated.

If a replacement MBE/WBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to MBE/WBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous MBE/WBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with MBE/WBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
 - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBE/WBEs who were contacted.
 - (b) A description of the information provided to MBE/WBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why MBE/WBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the MBE/WBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

(B) Decertification Replacement

- (1) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.

- (2) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named MBE/WBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the MBE/WBE subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal requirement. If a MBE/WBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).
- (3) Exception: If the MBE/WBE's ineligibility is caused solely by its having exceeded the size standard during the performance of the contract, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement and overall goal.

All requests for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (*DBE Replacement Request*). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a MBE/WBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the MBE/WBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the MBE/WBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs equal to the reduced MBE/WBE participation caused by the changes.

Reports and Documentation

A SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a MBE/WBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving MBE/WBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a MBE/WBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for MBE/WBE credit.

Reporting Minority and Women Business Enterprise Participation

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all MBE/WBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to MBEs/WBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-MBE/WBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's Payment Tracking System.

Failure to Meet Contract Requirements

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the *Standard Specifications* may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

RESTRICTIONS ON ITS EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES:

(11-17-20)

SP01 G090

All telecommunications, video or other ITS equipment or services installed or utilized on this project must be in conformance with UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS **2 CFR, § 200.216** **Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment.**

USE OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (UAS):

(8-20-19)

SP1 G092

The Contractor shall adhere to all Federal, State and Local regulations and guidelines for the use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS). This includes but is not limited to US 14 CFR Part 107 *Small UAS Rule*, NC GS 15A-300.2 *Regulation of launch and recovery sites*, NC GS 63-95 *Training required for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems*, NC GS 63-96 *Permit required for commercial operation of unmanned aircraft system*, and NCDOT UAS Policy. The required operator certifications include possessing a current Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Remote Pilot Certificate, a NC UAS Operator Permit as well as operating a UAS registered with the FAA.

Prior to beginning operations, the Contractor shall complete the NCDOT UAS – Flight Operation Approval Form and submit it to the Engineer for approval. All UAS operations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the operations.

All contractors or subcontractors operating UAS shall have UAS specific general liability insurance to cover all operations under this contract.

The use of UAS is at the Contractor's discretion. No measurement or payment will be made for the use of UAS. In the event that the Department directs the Contractor to utilize UAS, payment will be in accordance with Article 104-7 Extra Work.

EQUIPMENT IDLING GUIDELINES:

(1-19-21)

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SP1 G096

Exercise reduced fuel consumption and reduced equipment emissions during the construction of all work associated with this contract. Employees engaged in the construction of this project should turn off vehicles when stopped for more than thirty (30) minutes and off-highway equipment should idle no longer than fifteen (15) consecutive minutes.

These guidelines for turning off vehicles and equipment when idling do not apply to:

1. Idling when queuing.
2. Idling to verify the vehicle is in safe operating condition.
3. Idling for testing, servicing, repairing or diagnostic purposes.

4. Idling necessary to accomplish work for which the vehicle was designed (such as operating a crane, mixing concrete, etc.).
5. Idling required to bring the machine system to operating temperature.
6. Emergency vehicles, utility company, construction, and maintenance vehicles where the engines must run to perform needed work.
7. Idling to ensure safe operation of the vehicle.
8. Idling when the propulsion engine is providing auxiliary power for other than heating or air conditioning. (such as hydraulic systems for pavers)
9. When specific traffic, safety, or emergency situations arise.
10. If the ambient temperature is less than 32 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants (e.g. to run the heater).
11. If the ambient temperature is greater than 90 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants of off-highway equipment (e.g. to run the air conditioning) no more than 30 minutes.
12. Diesel powered vehicles may idle for up to 30 minutes to minimize restart problems.

Any vehicle, truck, or equipment in which the primary source of fuel is natural gas or electricity is exempt from the idling limitations set forth in this special provision.

SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:

(7-1-95)

450

SP1 G112 C

Subsurface information is available on the roadway and structure portions of this project.

PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER - (Partial Payments for Materials):

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-16-24)

1170-4

SP1 G121

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of portable concrete barrier, provided that these materials have been delivered on the project and stored in an acceptable manner, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the *Standard Specifications* have been furnished to the Engineer.

The provisions of Subarticle 109-5(B) of the *Standard Specifications* will apply to the portable concrete barrier.

REMOVABLE PAVEMENT MARKINGS - (Partial Payments for Materials):

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-16-24)

1205-10

SP1 G124

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of pavement marking tape, provided that these materials have been delivered on or in the vicinity of the project, stored in an acceptable manner, not to exceed the shelf life recommended by the manufacturer, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the *Standard Specifications* have been furnished to the Engineer.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the material and the satisfactory performance of the material when used in the work.

The provisions of Article 109-6 of the *Standard Specifications* will not apply to removable pavement marking materials.

MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT:

(11-20-07)(Rev. 1-16-24)

104-10

SP1 G125

Revise the *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 1-35, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 3, add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-35, Article 104-10 MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT, line 8, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. *Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.*

Page 1-35, Article 104-10 MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT, lines 20-22, replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

COOPERATION BETWEEN CONTRACTORS:

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-16-24)

105-7

SP1 G133

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-7 of the *Standard Specifications*.

U-5824 (C204879) is located within the project limits. U-5824 is currently under construction and not anticipated to be complete prior to the letting of this project.

The Contractor on this project shall cooperate with the Contractor working within or adjacent to the limits of this project to the extent that the work can be carried out to the best advantage of all concerned.

BID DOCUMENTATION:

(1-1-02) (Rev.8-18-15)

103

SPI G142

General

The successful Bidder (Contractor) shall submit the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation used to prepare the bid for this contract to the Department within 10 days after receipt of notice of award of contract. Such documentation shall be placed in escrow with a banking institution or other bonded document storage facility selected by the Department.

The Department will not execute the contract until the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation has been received by the Department.

Terms

Bid Documentation - Bid Documentation shall mean all written information, working papers, computer printouts, electronic media, charts, and all other data compilations which contain or reflect information, data, and calculations used by the Bidder in the preparation of the bid. The term *bid documentation* includes, but is not limited to, contractor equipment rates, contractor overhead rates, labor rates, efficiency or productivity factors, arithmetical calculations, and quotations from subcontractors and material suppliers to the extent that such rates and quotations were used by the Bidder in formulating and determining the bid. The term *bid documentation* also includes any manuals, which are standard to the industry used by the Bidder in determining the bid. Such manuals may be included in the bid documentation by reference. Such reference shall include the name and date of the publication and the publisher. *Bid Documentation* does not include bid documents provided by the Department for use by the Bidder in bidding on this project. The Bid Documentation can be in the form of electronic submittal (i.e. thumb drive) or paper. If the Bidder elects to submit the Bid Documentation in electronic format, the Department requires a backup submittal (i.e. a second thumb drive) in case one is corrupted.

Contractor's Representative - Officer of the Contractor's company; if not an officer, the Contractor shall supply a letter signed and notarized by an officer of the Contractor's company, granting permission for the representative to sign the escrow agreement on behalf of the Contractor.

Escrow Agent - Officer of the select banking institution or other bonded document storage facility authorized to receive and release bid documentation.

Escrow Agreement Information

A draft copy of the Escrow Agreement will be mailed to the Bidder after the notice of award for informational purposes. The Bidder and Department will sign the actual Escrow Agreement at the time the bid documentation is delivered to the Escrow Agent.

Failure to Provide Bid Documentation

The Bidder's failure to provide the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation within 10 days after the notice of award is received may be just cause for rescinding the award of the contract and may result in the removal of the Bidder from the Department's list of qualified bidders for a period of up to 180 days. Award may then be made to the next lowest responsible bidder or the work may be readvertised and constructed under the contract or otherwise, as the Department may decide.

Submittal of Bid Documentation

- (A) Appointment – Email specs@ncdot.gov or call 919.707.6900 to schedule an appointment.
- (B) Delivery - A representative of the Bidder shall deliver the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation to the Department, in a container suitable for sealing, within 10 days after the notice of award is received.
- (C) Packaging – The container shall be no larger than 15.5 inches in length by 12 inches wide by 11 inches high and shall be water resistant. The container shall be clearly marked on the face and the back of the container with the following information: Bid Documentation, Bidder's Name, Bidder's Address, Date of Escrow Submittal, Contract Number, TIP Number if applicable, and County.

Affidavit

Bid documentation will be considered a certified copy if the Bidder includes an affidavit stating that the enclosed documentation is an EXACT copy of the original documentation used by the Bidder to determine the bid for this project. The affidavit shall also list each bid document with sufficient specificity so a comparison may be made between the list and the bid documentation to ensure that all of the bid documentation listed in the affidavit has been enclosed for escrow. The affidavit shall attest that the affiant has personally examined the bid documentation, that the affidavit lists all of the documents used by the Bidder to determine the bid for this project, and that all bid documentation has been included. The affidavit shall be signed by a chief officer of the company, have the person's name and title typed below the signature, and the signature shall be notarized at the bottom of the affidavit.

Verification

Upon delivery of the bid documentation, the Department's Contract Officer and the Bidder's representative will verify the accuracy and completeness of the bid documentation compared to the affidavit. Should a discrepancy exist, the Bidder's representative shall immediately furnish the Department's Contract Officer with any other needed bid documentation. The Department's Contract Officer upon determining that the bid documentation is complete will, in the presence of the Bidder's representative, immediately place the complete bid documentation and affidavit in the container and seal it. Both parties will deliver the sealed container to the Escrow Agent for placement in a safety deposit box, vault, or other secure accommodation.

Confidentiality of Bid Documentation

The bid documentation and affidavit in escrow are, and will remain, the property of the Bidder. The Department has no interest in, or right to, the bid documentation and affidavit other than to verify the contents and legibility of the bid documentation unless the Contractor gives written notice of intent to file a claim, files a written claim, files a written and verified claim, or initiates litigation against the Department. In the event of such written notice of intent to file a claim, filing of a written claim, filing a written and verified claim, or initiation of litigation against the Department, or receipt of a letter from the Contractor authorizing release, the bid documentation and affidavit may become the property of the Department for use in considering any claim or in litigation as the Department may deem appropriate.

Any portion or portions of the bid documentation designated by the Bidder as a *trade secret* at the time the bid documentation is delivered to the Department's Contract Officer shall be protected from disclosure as provided by *G.S. 132-1.2*.

Duration and Use

The bid documentation and affidavit shall remain in escrow until 60 calendar days from the time the Contractor receives the final estimate; or until such time as the Contractor:

- (A) Gives written notice of intent to file a claim,
- (B) Files a written claim,
- (C) Files a written and verified claim,
- (D) Initiates litigation against the Department related to the contract; or
- (E) Authorizes in writing its release.

Upon the giving of written notice of intent to file a claim, filing a written claim, filing a written and verified claim, or the initiation of litigation by the Contractor against the Department, or receipt of a letter from the Contractor authorizing release, the Department may obtain the release and custody of the bid documentation.

The Bidder certifies and agrees that the sealed container placed in escrow contains all of the bid documentation used to determine the bid and that no other bid documentation shall be relevant or material in litigation over claims brought by the Contractor arising out of this contract.

Release of Bid Documentation to the Contractor

If the bid documentation remains in escrow 60 calendar days after the time the Contractor receives the final estimate and the Contractor has not filed a written claim, filed a written and verified claim, or has not initiated litigation against the Department related to the contract, the Department will instruct the Escrow Agent to release the sealed container to the Contractor.

The Contractor will be notified by certified letter from the Escrow Agent that the bid documentation will be released to the Contractor. The Contractor or his representative shall retrieve the bid documentation from the Escrow Agent within 30 days of the receipt of the certified letter. If the Contractor does not receive the documents within 30 days of the receipt of the certified

letter, the Department will contact the Contractor to determine final dispersion of the bid documentation.

Payment

The cost of the escrow will be borne by the Department. There will be no separate payment for all costs of compilation of the data, container, or verification of the bid documentation. Payment at the various contract unit or lump sum prices in the contract will be full compensation for all such costs.

TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:

(7-15-03)

108

SP1 G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

OUTSOURCING OUTSIDE THE USA:

(9-21-04) (Rev. 5-16-06)

SP1 G150

All work on consultant contracts, services contracts, and construction contracts shall be performed in the United States of America. No work shall be outsourced outside of the United States of America.

Outsourcing for the purpose of this provision is defined as the practice of subcontracting labor, work, services, staffing, or personnel to entities located outside of the United States.

The North Carolina Secretary of Transportation shall approve exceptions to this provision in writing.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:

(1-16-07) (Rev 12-15-20)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) *Certified Supervisor* - Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* - Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) *Certified Installer* - Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) *Certified Designer* - Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Roles and Responsibilities

- (A) *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor* - The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours

notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:

- (1) Manage Operations - Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
 - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
 - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
 - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
 - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
 - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
 - (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
 - (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
 - (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
 - (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
 - (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
 - (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.

- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit - The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references *NCG010000, General Permit to Discharge Stormwater* under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:

- (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
 - (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event equal to or greater than 1.0 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.
 - (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
 - (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
 - (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
 - (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
 - (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
 - (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000*.
 - (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program - Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
- (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
 - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
 - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
 - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
 - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
 - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
 - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.

- (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
 - (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
 - (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* - At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
- (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
 - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
 - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* - Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
- (1) Seeding and Mulching
 - (2) Temporary Seeding
 - (3) Temporary Mulching
 - (4) Sodding
 - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
 - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
 - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
 - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
 - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
 - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
 - (11) Inlet protection
 - (12) Riprap placement
 - (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
 - (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I *Certified Installer* is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

- (D) *Certified Designer* - Include the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Preconstruction Meeting

Furnish the names of the *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

Ethical Responsibility

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

Revocation or Suspension of Certification

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer
1536 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

Measurement and Payment

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 1-16-24)

105-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the *NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix*, available at <https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf> to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

NOTES TO CONTRACTOR:

Lighting used for nighttime construction shall be limited to what is necessary to maintain safety standards. Temporary lighting shall only direct light towards active work areas except in instances necessitating balloon lighting.

No blasting shall occur at night.

Blasting and pile driving shall not occur until the trees within the project clearing limits that are immediately adjacent to the blasting site or pile driving site have been removed.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**ROADWAY****CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD III:**

(4-6-06)(Rev. 3-19-24)

200

SP2 R02B

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method - III shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.03 of the *Roadway Standard Drawings*. Conventional clearing methods may be used except where permit drawings or conditions have been included in the proposal which require certain areas to be cleared by hand methods.

BURNING RESTRICTIONS:

(7-1-95)

200, 210, 215

SP2 R05

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

BUILDING REMOVAL:

(1-1-02) (Rev. 1-16-24)

215

SP2 R15 A

Remove the buildings, underground storage tanks and appurtenances listed below in accordance with Section 215 of the *Standard Specifications*:

Parcel 18 – SS 35+30.00 to SS 35+65.00, Lt. SL-L-
Brick Building (old pump station)

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 11-19-13)

1101

SP2 R30B (Rev)

Construct temporary pavement required on this project in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

After the pavement has served its purpose, remove the portions deemed unsuitable for use as a permanent part of the project as directed by the Engineer. Place pavement and earth material removed in embankments or dispose of in waste areas furnished by the Contractor.

Earth material and aggregate base course that is removed will be measured and will be paid at the contract unit price per cubic yard for *Unclassified Excavation*. Pavement that is removed will be measured and will be paid at the contract unit price per square yard for *Removal of Existing Asphalt Pavement*. Pipe culverts removed from the pavement remain the property of the Contractor. Pipe culverts that are removed will be measured and will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot for *Pipe Removal*. Payment for the construction of the pavement will be made at the contract unit prices for the various items involved.

Such prices and payments will be full compensation for removing earth material, aggregate base course, and asphalt pavement; removing pipe culverts; and for placing earth material and pavement in embankments or disposing of earth material and pavement in waste areas.

SHOULDER AND FILL SLOPE MATERIAL:

(5-21-02)(Rev. 1-16-24)

235, 560

SP2 R45 B

Description

Perform the required shoulder and slope construction for this project in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 560 and Section 235 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

When the Contractor elects to obtain material from an area located beneath a proposed fill sections which does not require excavation for any reason other than to generate acceptable shoulder and fill slope material, the work of performing the excavation will be considered incidental to the item of *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*. If there is no pay item for *Borrow* or *Shoulder Borrow* in the contract, this work will be considered incidental to *Unclassified Excavation*. Stockpile the excavated material in a manner to facilitate measurement by the Engineer. Fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material with suitable material. Payment for material used from the stockpile will be made at the contract unit price for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*. If there is no pay item for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*, then the material will be paid for at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*. The material used to fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material will be made at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*, *Borrow Excavation*, or *Shoulder Borrow*, depending on the source of the material.

Material generated from undercut excavation, unclassified excavation or clearing and grubbing operations that is placed directly on shoulders or slope areas, will not be measured separately for payment, as payment for the work requiring the excavation will be considered adequate compensation for depositing and grading the material on the shoulders or slopes.

When undercut excavation is performed at the direction of the Engineer and the material excavated is found to be suitable for use as shoulder and fill slope material, and there is no area on the project currently prepared to receive the material generated by the undercut operation, the Contractor may construct a stockpile for use as borrow at a later date. Payment for the material used from the stockpile will be made at the contract unit price for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*.

When shoulder material is obtained from borrow sources or from stockpiled material, payment for the work of shoulder construction will be made at the contract unit price per cubic yard for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow* in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 230 or Section 560 of the *Standard Specifications*.

MANUFACTURED QUARRY FINES IN EMBANKMENTS:

(01-17-17)(Rev. 4-16-24)

235

SP02 R72

Description

This specification addresses the use of manufactured quarry fines that are not classified as select materials. The specification allows the Contractor an option, with the approval of the Engineer, to use manufactured quarry fines (MQFs) in embankments as a substitute for conventional borrow

material. Furnish and place geotextile for subgrade stabilization in accordance with the contract. Geotextile for subgrade stabilization is required to prevent pavement cracking and provide separation between the subgrade and pavement section at embankment locations where manufactured quarry fines are utilized and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

Manufactured Quarry Fines.

Site specific approval of MQFs material will be required prior to beginning construction as detailed in the preconstruction requirements of this provision.

The following MQFs are unacceptable:

- (A) Frozen material,
- (B) Material with a maximum dry unit weight of less than 90 pounds per cubic foot when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 99 Method A or C.
- (C) Material with greater than 80% by weight Passing the #200 sieve

Collect and transport MQFs in a manner that will prevent nuisances and hazards to public health and safety. Moisture condition the MQFs as needed and transport in covered trucks to prevent dusting. If MQFs are blended with natural earth material, follow Borrow Criteria in Section 1018 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Preconstruction Requirements

When MQFs are to be used as a substitute for earth borrow material, request written approval from the Engineer at least ninety (90) days in advance of the intent to use MQFs and include the following details:

- (A) Description, purpose and location of project.
- (B) Estimated start and completion dates of project.
- (C) Estimated volume of MQFs to be used on project with specific locations and construction details of the placement.
- (D) The names, address, and contact information for the generator of the MQFs.
- (E) Physical location of the site at which the MQFs were generated.

The Engineer will forward this information to the State Materials Engineer for review and material approval.

Construction Methods

Place MQFs in the core of the embankment section with at least 4 feet of earth cover to the outside limits of the embankments or subgrade.

Construct embankments by placing MQFs in level uniform lifts with no more than a lift of 10 inches and compacted to at least a density of 95 percent as determined by test methods in AASHTO T 99, Determination of Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture Content, Method A or C depending upon particle size of the product. Provide a moisture content at the time

of compaction of within 4 percent of optimum but not greater than one percent above optimum as determined by AASHTO T 99, Method A or C.

In embankments where MQFs are incorporated, geotextile for subgrade stabilization shall be used. Refer to Article 505-2 of the *Standard Specifications* for geotextile type and Article 505-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for the geotextile construction methods.

Measurement and Payment

Borrow Excavation will be measured by truck volume and paid in cubic yards in accordance with Article 230-5 of the *Standard Specifications*. As an alternate weigh tickets can be provided and payment made by converting weight to cubic yards based on the verifiable unit weight. Where the pay item for *Borrow Excavation* is not included in the original contract then no separate payment will be made for this item and payment will be included in the lump sum price bid for *Grading*.

Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 505-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. When the pay item for *Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization* is not included in the original contract then no payment will be made for this item and will be considered incidental to the use of MQFs in embankment.

FLOWABLE FILL:

(9-17-02) (Rev. 1-16-24)

300, 340, 1000, 1530, 1540, 1550

SP3 R30

Description

This work consists of all work necessary to place flowable fill in accordance with these provisions, the plans, and as directed.

Materials

Refer to Division 10 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Item

Flowable Fill

Section

1000-7

Construction Methods

Discharge flowable fill material directly from the truck into the space to be filled, or by other approved methods. The mix may be placed full depth or in lifts as site conditions dictate. The Contractor shall provide a method to plug the ends of the existing pipe in order to contain the flowable fill.

Measurement and Payment

At locations where flowable fill is called for on the plans and a pay item for flowable fill is included in the contract, *Flowable Fill* will be measured in cubic yards and paid as the actual number of cubic yards that have been satisfactorily placed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, the mix design, furnishing, hauling, placing and containing the flowable fill.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Flowable Fill

Pay Unit
Cubic Yard

CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY CULVERT PIPE:

(9-21-21)(Rev. 1-16-24)

305, 310

SP3 R34

Revise the *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 3-5, Article 305-2, MATERIALS, add the following after line 16:

Item	Section
Waterborne Paint	1080-9
Hot Bitumen	1081-3

Page 3-5, Article 305-3, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, add the following after line 26:

Coating must be applied to the aluminum when in contact with concrete. Immediately prior to coating, aluminum surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned by a method that will remove all dirt, oil, grease, chips, and other foreign substances. Aluminum to be coated shall be given one coat of suitable quality coating such as:

Approved waterborne paint (Section 1080-9)
Approved Hot Bitumen (Section 1081-3)

Other coating materials may be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Page 3-7, Article 310-6, MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 10-11, delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Select bedding and backfill material and coating will be included in the cost of the installed pipe.

BRIDGE APPROACH FILLS:

(10-19-10)(Rev. 1-16-24)

422

SP4 R02

Description

Bridge approach fills consist of backfilling behind bridge end bents with select material or aggregate to support all or part of bridge approach slabs. Install outlets and grade bridge approach fills to drain water through and away from approach fills. Install geotextiles to allow for possible future slab jacking and separate approach fills from embankment fills, natural ground and pavement sections as required. For bridge approach fills behind end bents with mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) abutment walls, reinforce bridge approach fills with MSE wall reinforcement connected to end bent caps as required. Construct bridge approach fills in accordance with the contract, accepted submittals and bridge approach fill *Roadway Standard Drawings*.

Define bridge approach fill types as follows:

Type 1 Approach Fill – Approach fill for bridge abutment in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing No. 423.01*;

Type 1A Approach Fill – Alternate approach fill for integral bridge abutment in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing No. 423.02*;

Type 2 Approach Fill – Approach fill for bridge abutment with MSE wall in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing No. 423.03* and

Type 2A Approach Fill – Alternate approach fill for integral bridge abutment with MSE wall in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing No. 423.04*.

At the Contractors option, use Type 1A or 2A approach fills instead of Type 1 or 2 approach fills, respectively, for integral bridge abutments. Type 1A and 2A approach fills consists of constructing an approach fill with a temporary geotextile wall before placing all or a portion of the concrete for the backwall and wing walls of the integral end bent cap. The temporary geotextile wall is designed for a construction surcharge, remains in place and is aligned so the wall face functions as a form for the integral end bent cap backwall and wing walls.

Materials

Refer to Division 10 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Item	Section
Geotextiles	1056
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Select Materials	1016
Subsurface Drainage Materials	1044
Welded Wire Reinforcement	1070-3

Provide Type 1 geotextile for separation geotextiles, Type 4a geotextile for under bridge approach slabs and Class B concrete for outlet pads. Use Class V or Class VI select material for Type 1 and

1A approach fills and the same aggregate type approved for the reinforced zone in the accepted MSE wall submittal for Type 2 and 2A approach fills. For MSE wall aggregate, reinforcement and connector materials, see the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls* provision. Provide outlet pipes and fittings for subsurface drainage materials. Provide 1/4" hardware cloth with 1/4 inch openings constructed from 24 gauge wire.

For temporary geotextile walls, use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing and Type 5a geotextile for reinforcement geotextiles. Use Type 5a geotextile with lengths as shown in *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.02 or 423.04.

Construction Methods

Excavate as necessary for approach fills and, if applicable, temporary geotextile walls in accordance with the contract. Ensure limits of approach fills are graded to drain as shown in the bridge approach fill *Roadway Standard Drawings*. For Type 1 and 1A approach fills in embankment fills, place and compact a temporary 1.5:1 (H:V) fill slope in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.01 or 423.02 and in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(B) and 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications*. Density testing is required within the temporary fill slope and additional more frequent density testing is also required for bridge approach embankments. Wait 3 days before cutting the slope back to complete the approach fill excavation. Use excavated material elsewhere on the project to form embankments, subgrades, or shoulders. If a slope for an approach fill is excavated to flatter than what is required for access or any other reason, that same slope is required for the entire approach fill excavation. Do not backfill overexcavations that extend outside the approach fill limits shown on the *Roadway Standard Drawings* with embankment soils. Instead, expand approach fill limits to include overexcavations.

Notify the Engineer when embankment fill placement and approach fill excavation is complete. Do not place separation geotextiles or aggregate until approach fill dimensions and embankment materials below and outside approach fills are approved.

For Type 2 approach fills, cast MSE wall reinforcement or connectors into end bent cap backwalls within 3 inches of locations shown in the accepted MSE wall submittals. Install MSE wall reinforcement with the orientation, dimensions and number of layers shown in the accepted MSE wall submittals. If a Type 2 approach fill is designed with geogrid reinforcement embedded in an end bent cap, cut geogrids to the required lengths and after securing ends of geogrids in place, reroll and rewrap portions of geogrids not embedded in the cap to protect geogrids from damage. Before placing aggregate over any MSE wall geosynthetic reinforcement, pull reinforcement taut so that it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases.

For Type 1 and 1A approach fills, place pipe sleeves in wing walls so water drains towards outlets. Use sleeves that can withstand wing wall loads. Insert outlet pipes into pipe sleeves to direct water towards outlets. Attach hardware cloth in front of the outlet pipe at the wing. Connect outlet pipes and fittings with solvent cement in accordance with Article 815-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and place outlet pads in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 815.03.

Attach separation geotextiles to end bent cap backwalls and wing walls with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods. Overlap adjacent geotextiles of the same type at least 18 inches. Cover select material or aggregate with Type 4a geotextile at an elevation 6 inches below the bridge

approach slab. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Contact the Engineer when existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with geotextiles or MSE wall reinforcement.

For Type 1A and 2A approach fills, install temporary geotextile walls as shown in *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.02 or 423.04. At the Contractor's option, construct the bottom portion of integral end bents before temporary geotextile walls as shown in the plans. Erect and set welded wire facing for temporary geotextile walls so facing functions as a form for the integral end bent cap backwall. Place welded wire facing adjacent to each other in the horizontal and vertical directions to completely cover the temporary geotextile wall face. Stagger welded wire facing to create a running bond by centering facing over joints in the row below. Wrap reinforcement geotextiles at the wall face in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.02 or 423.04 and cover geotextiles with at least 3 inches of select material or aggregate. Place layers of reinforcement geotextiles within 3 inches of locations shown in *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.02 or 423.04. Install reinforcement geotextiles with the direction shown in *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.02 or 423.04. Orient overlapping seams in reinforcement geotextiles perpendicular to the integral end bent cap backwall. Do not overlap reinforcement geotextiles so seams are parallel to the wall face. Before placing select material or aggregate over reinforcement geotextiles, pull geotextiles taut so they are in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Temporary geotextile walls are designed for a surcharge pressure in accordance with *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.02 or 423.04. If loads from construction equipment will be more than what the wall is designed for, contact the Engineer before positioning equipment on top of temporary geotextile walls.

Place select material or aggregate in 6 inch to 8 inch thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate for Type 2 and 2A approach fills in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications* except compact fine aggregate to a density of at least 98%. Compact select material for Type 1 and 1A approach fills and coarse aggregate for Type 2 and 2A approach fills with at least 4 passes of a trench roller in a direction parallel to the end bent cap backwall. Do not displace or damage geosynthetics or MSE wall reinforcement when placing and compacting select material or aggregate. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on geosynthetics until they are covered with at least 8 inches of select material or aggregate. Replace any damaged geosynthetics to the satisfaction of the Engineer. When approach fills extend beyond bridge approach slabs, wrap Type 4a geotextiles over select material or aggregate and back under approach slabs as shown in *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 423.03 or 423.04.

Measurement and Payment

Type 1 and 1A approach fills will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for *Type 1 Bridge Approach Fill, Station _____* and Type 2 and 2A approach fills will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for *Type 2 Bridge Approach Fill, Station _____*. The lump sum price for each approach fill will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and approach fill materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials, installing wall facing, geotextiles and outlets, compacting backfill and supplying select material, aggregate, geotextiles, pipe sleeves, outlet pipes and pads and any incidentals necessary to construct approach fills behind bridge end bents.

Compensation for the material placed within the temporary 1.5:1 (H:V) fill slopes will be made in accordance with Section 225, 226, or 230 of the *Standard Specifications*. The cost of removal, including excavating, hauling, placement, and compaction of the material elsewhere on or off the project will be included in the contract lump sum price for *Type 1 Bridge Approach Fill, Station _____*.

The contract lump sum price for *Type 2 Bridge Approach Fill, Station _____* will also be full compensation for supplying and connecting MSE wall reinforcement to end bent caps but not designing MSE wall reinforcement and connectors. The cost of designing reinforcement and connectors for Type 2 approach fills behind bridge end bents with MSE abutment walls will be incidental to the contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No. _____*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Type 1 Bridge Approach Fill, Station _____	Lump Sum
Type 2 Bridge Approach Fill, Station _____	Lump Sum

AUTOMATED FINE GRADING:

(1-16-96)(Rev. 1-16-24) 610 SP5 R05

On mainline portions and ramps of this project, prepare the subgrade and base beneath the pavement structure in accordance with the applicable sections of the *Standard Specifications* except use an automatically controlled fine grading machine using string lines, laser controls or other approved methods to produce final subgrade and base surfaces meeting the lines, grades and cross sections required by the plans or established by the Engineer.

No direct payment will be made for the work required by this provision as it will be considered incidental to other work being paid for by the various items in the contract.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)(Rev. 1-16-24) 620 SP6 R25

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the *Standard Specifications*.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is **\$ 593.75** per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on **April 1, 2024**.

FINAL SURFACE TESTING NOT REQUIRED:

(5-18-04) (Rev. 2-16-16) 610 SP6 R45

Final surface testing is not required on this project in accordance with Section 610-13, *Final Surface Testing and Acceptance*.

IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3:

(4-20-04)(Rev. 10-17-23)

SP8 R75

Description

Furnish and install impact attenuator units and any components necessary to connect the impact attenuator units in accordance with the manufacturer's requirement, the details in the plans and at locations shown in the plans.

Materials

Furnish attenuator units listed on the NCDOT APL. Units shall not be modified by the manufacturer and installer once approved and on the NCDOT APL.

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each impact attenuator unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Construction Methods

Perform installation in accordance with the plans and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

Measurement and Payment

Impact Attenuator Unit, Type TL-3 will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per each. Such prices and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, furnishing, installing and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Impact Attenuator Units, Type TL-3

Pay Unit

Each

PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT (PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE):

(4-16-24)

Description

This work consists of furnishing and placing permanent soil reinforcement mat (PSRM), of the type specified, at preformed scour hole with level spreader apron locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

The product shall be a permanent soil reinforcement mat constructed of synthetic stabilized, non-biodegradable synthetic fibers processed to form a rigid permanent three-dimensional structure to promote soil stability in combination with vegetation under hydraulic stresses. Organic

biodegradable fibers (such as straw, coir, excelsior or blends thereof) may also be incorporated into the PSRM, evenly distributed throughout the mat. PSRMs utilizing organic fibers shall have bottom and top UV stabilized nettings stitched together with UV stabilized thread to retain the organic fibers. The PSRM shall meet the following minimum physical properties:

Property	Test Method	Value	Unit
Thickness	ASTM D6525	≥0.25	in
Tensile Strength (MD)	ASTM D6818	225	lbs/ft
Tensile Strength (TD)	ASTM D6818	175	lbs/ft
Vegetation Establishment (Min)	ASTM D7322	250	%
UV Stability ¹	ASTM D4355	≥80	%

¹ASTM D4355 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1,000 hours of exposure.

PSRM shall also meet the minimum performance values of PSRM Type 3 as shown in the table below:

Property	Test Method	Type 3	Unit
Maximum Permissible Shear Stress (Unvegetated)	ASTM 6460	3.0	lb/ft ²
Maximum Permissible Shear Stress (Vegetated)	ASTM 6460	10.0	lb/ft ²
Maximum Allowable Velocity (Vegetated)	ASTM 6460	16.0	ft/s

Staples shall be used as anchors. Provide staples to meet Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Construction Methods

All locations of PSRM installation shall be prepared in accordance with Section 873 of the *Standard Specifications*. Unroll the PSRM in the direction of the flow of water and apply without stretching so that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Underlay the PSRM a minimum twelve inches where the PSRM is adjacent to the riprap and bury the trailing edges in a narrow trench at least 12 inches deep and tamp firmly in accordance with the detail.

Place staples across matting at underlaid and entrenched ends approximately 12 inches apart. Place staples along the outer edges and across the matting approximately 18" apart. Overlap seams a minimum of 4 inches and install staples along all lapped edges 10 inches apart. Install product with netting and biodegradable fibers on the top side if present. Trenching and stapling shall fit individual conditions and conform to manufacturer's installation recommendations. Any conflict between the manufacturer's installation recommendations and this special provision will be resolved by the more stringent measures being required.

Apply all soil amendments and one-half of the seed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* of the types and rates specified in the contract prior to installation of the PSRM. Apply loose, friable topsoil and loosely work to incorporate into the structure of the PSRM completely filling the voids until the level of soil is at the top of the PSRM. Apply the remainder

of the seed and gently work into the surface of the topsoil in-fill. At the sole discretion of the Engineer, topsoil in-fill may be omitted for PSRMs containing biodegradable fibers. All seed should be applied prior to installation of PSRM if soil in-fill is omitted. Areas where the PSRM is to be placed and not soil in-filled will not need to be mulched.

Measurement and Payment

Permanent soil reinforcement mat is incidental to the construction of *Preformed Scour Holes with Level Spreader Aprons* and no additional payment will be made for work covered by this provision, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to install and soil in-fill PSRM.

VINYL COATED CHAIN LINK FENCE, 96" FABRIC WITH BROWN PRIVACY SLATS:

Description

Furnish and install 96" vinyl coated chain link fence with HDPE 1 3-32" Brown Privacy Slats for use as a privacy fence.

Materials

Provide vinyl coated chain link fence that complies with the plans and Section 866 of the *2024 Standard Specifications*.

HDPE fence slats shall be extruded with integral brown pigment and have UV inhibitors specifically designed to retard the harmful effects of the sun. Density of material shall be between 0.914 and 0.960 for maximum strength and slats shall conform to all applicable manufacturers' standards for the product used.

Construction Methods

Install chain link fence in accordance with Section 866 of the *2024 Standard Specifications*.

Install privacy slats at locations indicated on the plans in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and as directed by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

Vinyl Coated Chain Link Fence, 96" Fabric with Brown Privacy Slats will be measured and paid in linear feet of fence measured in place from center of each post or gate post to center of end post or gate post exclusive of gate sections that has been completed and accepted.

Work includes, but is not limited to, clearing and grading, furnishing and installing fence fabric, HDPE slats, tie wires, stretcher bars, top rails, tension wire, posts and post braces, concrete, fittings and all other incidentals necessary to compete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Vinyl Coated Chain Link Fence, 96” Fabric with Brown Privacy Slats

Pay Unit

Linear Foot

FOUNDATIONS AND ANCHOR ROD ASSEMBLIES FOR METAL POLES:

(1-17-12)(Rev. 1-16-24)

9, 14, 17

SP9 R05

Description

Foundations for metal poles include foundations for signals, cameras, overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) and high mount and light standards supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Foundations consist of footings with pedestals and drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings. Anchor rod assemblies consist of anchor rods (also called anchor bolts) with nuts and washers on the exposed ends of rods and nuts and a plate or washers on the other ends of rods embedded in the foundation.

Construct concrete foundations with the required resistances and dimensions and install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct drilled piers consisting of cast-in-place reinforced concrete cylindrical sections in excavated holes. Provide temporary casings or polymer slurry as needed to stabilize drilled pier excavations. Use a prequalified Drilled Pier Contractor to construct drilled piers for metal poles. Define “excavation” and “hole” as a drilled pier excavation and “pier” as a drilled pier.

This provision does not apply to foundations for signal pedestals; see Section 1743 of the *Standard Specifications* and Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1743.01.

Materials

Refer to the *Standard Specifications*.

Item	Section
Conduit	1091-3
Grout, Type 2	1003
Polymer Slurry	411-2(B)(2)
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Rollers and Chairs	411-2(C)
Temporary Casings	411-2(A)

Provide Type 3 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for conduit, rollers, chairs and anchor rod assemblies. Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store foundation and anchor rod assembly materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

Use conduit type in accordance with the contract. Use Class A concrete for footings and pedestals, Class Drilled Pier concrete for drilled piers and Class AA concrete for grade beams and wings including portions of drilled piers above bottom of wings elevations. Corrugated temporary

casings may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A list of approved polymer slurry products is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract consisting of the following:

- (A) Straight anchor rods,
- (B) Heavy hex top and leveling nuts and flat washers on exposed ends of rods, and
- (C) Nuts and either flat plates or washers on the other ends of anchor rods embedded in foundations.

Do not use lock washers. Use steel anchor rods, nuts and washers that meet ASTM F1554 for Grade 55 rods and Grade A nuts. Use steel plates and washers embedded in concrete with a thickness of at least 1/4". Galvanize anchor rods and exposed nuts and washers in accordance with Article 1076-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. It is not necessary to galvanize nuts, plates and washers embedded in concrete.

Construction Methods

Install the required size and number of conduits in foundations in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. Construct top of piers, footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings flat, level and within 1" of elevations shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer. Provide an Ordinary Surface finish in accordance with Subarticle 825-6(B) of the *Standard Specifications* for portions of foundations exposed above finished grade. Do not remove anchor bolt templates or pedestal or grade beam forms or erect metal poles or upright trusses onto foundations until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi.

(A) Drilled Piers

Before starting drilled pier construction, hold a predrill meeting to discuss the installation, monitoring and inspection of the drilled piers. Schedule this meeting after the Drilled Pier Contractor has mobilized to the site. The Resident or Division Traffic Engineer, Contractor and Drilled Pier Contractor Superintendent will attend this predrill meeting.

Do not excavate holes, install piles or allow equipment wheel loads or vibrations within 20 ft of completed piers until 16 hours after Drilled Pier concrete reaches initial set.

Check for correct drilled pier alignment and location before beginning drilling. Check plumbness of holes frequently during drilling.

Construct drilled piers with the minimum required diameters shown in the plans. Install piers with tip elevations no higher than shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Excavate holes with equipment of the sizes required to construct drilled piers. Depending on the subsurface conditions encountered, drilling through rock and boulders may be required. Do not use blasting for drilled pier excavations.

Contain and dispose of drilling spoils and waste concrete as directed and in accordance with Section 802 of the *Standard Specifications*. Drilling spoils consist of all materials and fluids removed from excavations.

If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, stabilize holes with temporary casings and/or polymer slurry. Do not use telescoping temporary casings. If it becomes necessary to replace a temporary casing during drilling, backfill the excavation, insert a larger casing around the casing to be replaced or stabilize the excavation with polymer slurry before removing the temporary casing.

If temporary casings become stuck or the Contractor proposes leaving casings in place, temporary casings should be installed against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise approved, do not leave temporary casings in place for mast arm poles and cantilever signs. The Engineer will determine if casings may remain in place. If the Contractor proposes leaving temporary casings in place, do not begin drilling until a casing installation method is approved.

Use polymer slurry and additives to stabilize holes in accordance with the slurry manufacturer's recommendations. Provide mixing water and equipment suitable for polymer slurry. Maintain the required slurry properties at all times except for sand content.

Define a "sample set" as slurry samples collected from mid-height and within 2 ft of the bottom of holes. Take sample sets from excavations to test polymer slurry immediately after filling holes with slurry, at least every 4 hours thereafter and immediately before placing concrete. Do not place Drilled Pier concrete until both slurry samples from an excavation meet the required polymer slurry properties. If any slurry test results do not meet the requirements, the Engineer may suspend drilling until both samples from a sample set meet the required polymer slurry properties.

Remove soft and loose material from bottom of holes using augers to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Assemble rebar cages and place cages and Drilled Pier concrete in accordance with Subarticle 411-4(E) of the *Standard Specifications* except for the following:

- (1) Inspections for tip resistance and bottom cleanliness are not required,
- (2) Temporary casings may remain in place if approved, and
- (3) Concrete placement may be paused near the top of pier elevations for anchor rod assembly installation and conduit placement or
- (4) If applicable, concrete placement may be stopped at bottom of grade beam or wings elevations for grade beam or wing construction.

If wet placement of concrete is anticipated or encountered, do not place Drilled Pier concrete until a concrete placement procedure is approved. If applicable, temporary casings and fluids may be removed when concrete placement is paused or stopped in accordance with the exceptions above provided holes are stable. Remove contaminated concrete from exposed Drilled Pier concrete after removing casings and fluids. If holes are

unstable, do not remove temporary casings until a procedure for placing anchor rod assemblies and conduit or constructing grade beams or wings is approved.

Use collars to extend drilled piers above finished grade. Remove collars after Drilled Pier concrete sets and round top edges of piers.

If drilled piers are questionable, pile integrity testing (PIT) and further investigation may be required in accordance with Article 411-5 of the *Standard Specifications*. A drilled pier will be considered defective in accordance with Subarticle 411-5(D) of the *Standard Specifications* and drilled pier acceptance is based in part on the criteria in Article 411-6 of the *Standard Specifications* except for the top of pier tolerances in Subarticle 411-6(C) of the *Standard Specifications*.

If a drilled pier is under further investigation, do not grout core holes, backfill around the pier or perform any work on the drilled pier until the Engineer accepts the pier. If the drilled pier is accepted, dewater and grout core holes and backfill around the pier with approved material to finished grade. If the Engineer determines a pier is unacceptable, remediation is required in accordance with Article 411-6 of the *Standard Specifications*. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

Permanently embed a plate in or mark top of piers with the pier diameter and depth, size and number of vertical reinforcing bars and the minimum compressive strength of the concrete mix at 28 days.

(B) Footings, Pedestals, Grade Beams and Wings

Excavate as necessary for footings, grade beams and wings in accordance with the plans, accepted submittals and Section 410 of the *Standard Specifications*. If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, shore foundation excavations as needed with an approved method. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete or reinforcing steel until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place reinforced concrete footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings with the dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 825 of the *Standard Specifications*. Use forms to construct portions of pedestals and grade beams protruding above finished grade. Provide a chamfer with a 3/4" horizontal width for pedestal and grade beam edges exposed above finished grade. Place concrete against undisturbed soil or backfill and fill in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. Proper compaction around footings and wings is critical for foundations to resist uplift and torsion forces.

(C) Anchor Rod Assemblies

Size anchor rods for design and the required projection above top of foundations. Determine required anchor rod projections from nut, washer and base plate thicknesses, the protrusion of 3 to 5 anchor rod threads above top nuts after tightening and the distance of one nut thickness between top of foundations and bottom of leveling nuts.

Protect anchor rod threads from damage during storage and installation of anchor rod assemblies. Before placing anchor rods in foundations, turn nuts onto and off rods past leveling nut locations. Turn nuts with the effort of one workman using an ordinary wrench without a cheater bar. Report any thread damage to the Engineer that requires extra effort to turn nuts.

Arrange anchor rods symmetrically about center of base plate locations as shown in the plans. Set anchor rod elevations based on required projections above top of foundations. Securely brace and hold rods in the correct position, orientation and alignment with a steel template. Do not weld to reinforcing steel, temporary casings or anchor rods.

Install top and leveling (bottom) nuts, washers and the base plate for each anchor rod assembly in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) Turn leveling nuts onto anchor rods to a distance of one nut thickness between the top of foundation and bottom of leveling nuts. Place washers over anchor rods on top of leveling nuts.
- (2) Determine if nuts are level using a flat rigid template on top of washers. If necessary, lower leveling nuts to level the template in all directions or if applicable, lower nuts to tilt the template so the metal pole or upright truss will lean as shown in the plans. If leveling nuts and washers are not in full contact with the template, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (3) Verify the distance between the foundation and leveling nuts is no more than one nut thickness.
- (4) Place base plate with metal pole or upright truss over anchor rods on top of washers. High mount luminaires may be attached before erecting metal poles but do not attach cables, mast arms or trusses to metal poles or upright trusses at this time.
- (5) Place washers over anchor rods on top of base plate. Lubricate top nut bearing surfaces and exposed anchor rod threads above washers with beeswax, paraffin or other approved lubricant.
- (6) Turn top nuts onto anchor rods. If nuts are not in full contact with washers or washers are not in full contact with the base plate, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (7) Tighten top nuts to snug-tight with the full effort of one workman using a 12" wrench. Do not tighten any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments. Follow a star pattern cycling through each nut at least twice.
- (8) Repeat (7) for leveling nuts.
- (9) Replace washers above and below the base plate with galvanized beveled washers if the slope of any base plate face exceeds 1:20 (5%), any washer is not in firm contact with the base plate or any nut is not in firm contact with a washer. If any washers are replaced, repeat (7) and (8).

- (10) With top and leveling nuts snug-tight, mark each top nut on a corner at the intersection of 2 flats and a corresponding reference mark on the base plate. Mark top nuts and base plate with ink or paint that is not water-soluble. Use the turn-of-nut method for pretensioning. Do not pretension any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments for a total turn that meets the following nut rotation requirements:

NUT ROTATION REQUIREMENTS (Turn-of-Nut Pretensioning Method)	
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch	Requirement
$\leq 1 \frac{1}{2}$	1/3 turn (2 flats)
$> 1 \frac{1}{2}$	1/6 turn (1 flat)

Follow a star pattern cycling through each top nut at least twice.

- (11) Ensure nuts, washers and base plate are in firm contact with each other for each anchor rod. Cables, mast arms and trusses may now be attached to metal poles and upright trusses.
- (12) Between 4 and 14 days after pretensioning top nuts, use a torque wrench calibrated within the last 12 months to check nuts in the presence of the Engineer. Completely erect mast arm poles and cantilever signs and attach any hardware before checking top nuts for these structures. Check that top nuts meet the following torque requirements:

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS	
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch	Requirement, ft-lb
7/8	180
1	270
1 1/8	380
1 1/4	420
$\geq 1 \frac{1}{2}$	600

If necessary, retighten top nuts in the presence of the Engineer with a calibrated torque wrench to within ± 10 ft-lb of the required torque. Do not overtighten top nuts.

- (13) Do not grout under base plate.

Measurement and Payment

Foundations and anchor rod assemblies for metal poles and upright trusses will be measured and paid for elsewhere in the contract.

No payment will be made for temporary casings that remain in drilled pier excavations. No payment will be made for PIT. No payment will be made for further investigation of defective piers. Further investigation of piers that are not defective will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. No payment will be made for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

TEMPORARY SHORING:

(2-20-07)(Rev. 1-16-24)

SP11 R02

Description

Temporary shoring includes cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and temporary mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls. Temporary shoring does not include trench boxes. At the Contractor's option, use any type of temporary shoring unless noted otherwise in the plans or as directed. Design and construct temporary shoring based on actual elevations and shoring dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Temporary shoring is required to maintain traffic when a 2:1 (H:V) slope from the top of an embankment or bottom of an excavation will intersect the existing ground line less than 5 feet from the edge of pavement of an open travelway. This provision does not apply to pipe, inlet or utility installation unless noted otherwise in the plans.

Positive protection includes concrete barrier and temporary guardrail. Provide positive protection for temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Positive protection is required if temporary shoring is located in the clear zone in accordance with the *AASHTO Roadside Design Guide*.

(A) Cantilever and Braced Shoring

Cantilever shoring consists of steel sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging. Braced shoring consists of sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging and bracing such as beams, plates, walers, struts, rakers, etc. Define "piles" as sheet piles or H-piles.

(B) Anchored Shoring

Anchored shoring consists of sheet piles with walers or H-piles with timber lagging anchored with ground or helical anchors. Driven anchors may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A ground anchor consists of a grouted steel bar or multi-strand tendon with an anchorage. A helical anchor consists of a lead section with a central steel shaft and at least one helix steel plate followed by extensions with only central shafts (no helixes) and an anchorage. Anchorages consist of steel bearing plates with washers and hex nuts for bars or steel wedge plates and wedges for strands. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Contractor to install ground anchors. Define "anchors" as ground, helical or driven anchors.

(C) Temporary MSE Walls

Temporary MSE walls include temporary geosynthetic and wire walls. Define "temporary wall" as a temporary MSE wall and "Temporary Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary MSE wall. Define "reinforcement" as geotextile, geogrid, geostrip, welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement.

Temporary geosynthetic walls consist of geotextiles or geogrids wrapped behind welded wire facing or geostrips connected to welded wire facing. Define "temporary geotextile wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geotextile reinforcement, "temporary geogrid wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geogrid reinforcement and "temporary

geostrip wall” as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geostrip reinforcement.

Temporary wire walls consist of welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement connected to welded wire facing. Define “Wire Wall Vendor” as the vendor supplying the temporary wire wall.

(D) Embedment

Define “embedment” for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as the pile depth below the grade in front of shoring. Define “embedment” for temporary walls as the wall embedment below the grade at the wall face.

(E) Positive Protection

Define “unanchored or anchored portable concrete barrier” as portable concrete barrier (PCB) that meets *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 1170.01. Define “concrete barrier” as unanchored or anchored PCB or an approved equal. Define “temporary guardrail” as temporary steel beam guardrail that meets *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 862.02.

Materials

Refer to the *Standard Specifications*.

Item	Section
Concrete Barrier Materials	1170-2
Flowable Fill, Excavatable	1000-7
Geosynthetics	1056
Grout, Type 1	1003
Portland Cement	1024-1
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Select Materials	1016
Steel Beam Guardrail Materials	862-2
Steel Plates	1072-2
Steel Sheet Piles and H-Piles	1084
Untreated Timber	1082-2
Water	1024-4
Welded Wire Reinforcement	1070-3

Provide Type 6 material certifications for shoring materials in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Use Class IV select material for temporary guardrail and Class A concrete that meets Article 450-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or Type 1 grout for drilled-in piles. Provide untreated timber with a thickness of at least 3 inches and a bending stress of at least 1,000 pounds per square inch for timber lagging. Provide steel bracing that meets ASTM A36.

(A) Shoring Backfill

Use Class II, Type 1, Class III, Class V or Class VI select material or material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2-4 with a maximum PI of 6 for shoring backfill

except do not use A-2-4 soil for backfill around culverts.

(B) Anchors

Store anchor materials on blocking a minimum of 12 inches above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store anchor materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

(1) Ground Anchors

Use high-strength deformed steel bars that meet AASHTO M 275 or seven-wire strands that meet ASTM A886 or Article 1070-5 of the *Standard Specifications*. Splice bars in accordance with Article 1070-9 of the *Standard Specifications*. Do not splice strands. Use bondbreakers, spacers and centralizers that meet Article 6.3.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications*.

Use neat cement grout that only contains cement and water with a water cement ratio of 0.4 to 0.5 which is approximately 5.5 gallons of water per 94 pounds of Portland cement. Provide grout with a compressive strength at 3 and 28 days of at least 1,500 and 4,000 psi, respectively.

(2) Helical Anchors

Use helical anchors with an ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES) report. Provide couplers, thread bar adapters and bolts recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer to connect helical anchors together and to piles.

(3) Anchorages

Provide steel plates for bearing plates and steel washers, hex nuts, wedge plates and wedges recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer.

(C) Temporary Walls

(1) Welded Wire Facing

Use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing, struts and wires. For temporary wire walls, provide welded wire facing supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, provide connectors (e.g., bars, clamps, plates, etc.) and fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) required by the Wire Wall Vendor.

(2) Geotextiles

Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation and retention geotextiles. Provide Type 5

geotextile for geotextile reinforcement with ultimate tensile strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals.

(3) Geogrid and Geostrip Reinforcement

Use geogrids with a roll width of at least 4 feet. Use geogrids for geogrid reinforcement and geostrips for geostrip reinforcement with an “approved” status code in accordance with the NCDOT Geosynthetic Reinforcement Evaluation Program. The list of approved geogrids and geostrips is available from: connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide geogrids and geostrips with design strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals. Geogrids and geostrips are approved for short-term design strengths (3-year design life) in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) based on material type. Define material type from the website above for shoring backfill as follows:

Material Type	Shoring Backfill
Borrow	A-2-4 Soil
Fine Aggregate	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
Coarse Aggregate	Class V or VI Select Material

(4) Welded Wire Grid and Metallic Strip Reinforcement

Provide welded wire grid and metallic strip reinforcement supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use welded wire grid reinforcement (“mesh”, “mats” and “ladders”) that meet Article 1070-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and metallic strip reinforcement (“straps”) that meet ASTM A572 or A1011.

Preconstruction Requirements

(A) Concrete Barrier

Define “clear distance” behind concrete barrier as the horizontal distance between the barrier and edge of pavement. The minimum required clear distance for concrete barrier is shown in the plans. At the Contractor’s option or if the minimum required clear distance is not available, set concrete barrier next to and up against traffic side of temporary shoring except for barrier above temporary walls. Concrete barrier with the minimum required clear distance is required above temporary walls.

(B) Temporary Guardrail

Define “clear distance” behind temporary guardrail as the horizontal distance between guardrail posts and temporary shoring. At the Contractor’s option or if clear distance for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring is less than 4 feet, attach guardrail to traffic side of shoring as shown in the plans. Place ABC in clear distance and around guardrail posts instead of pavement. Do not use temporary guardrail above temporary walls.

(C) Temporary Shoring Designs

Before beginning temporary shoring design, survey existing ground elevations in the vicinity of shoring locations to determine actual design heights (H). Submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations for temporary shoring designs in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, shoring profiles, typical sections and details of temporary shoring design and construction sequence. Do not begin shoring construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Have cantilever and braced shoring designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Design Consultant to design anchored shoring. Provide anchored shoring designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for an Anchored Wall Design Consultant. Include details in anchored shoring working drawings of anchor locations and lock-off loads, unit grout/ground bond strengths for ground anchors or minimum installation torque and torsional strength rating for helical anchors and if necessary, obstructions extending through shoring or interfering with anchors. Include details in the anchored shoring construction sequence of pile and anchor installation, excavation and anchor testing.

Provide temporary wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the Temporary Wall Vendor. Include details in temporary wall working drawings of geotextile and reinforcement types, locations and directions and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement.

(1) Soil Parameters

Design temporary shoring for the assumed soil parameters and groundwater or flood elevations shown in the plans. Assume the following soil parameters for shoring backfill:

(a) Unit weight (γ) = 120 pcf,

(b)

Friction Angle (ϕ)	Shoring Backfill
30°	A-2-4 Soil
34°	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
38°	Class V or VI Select Material

(c) Cohesion (c) = 0 psf.

(2) Traffic Surcharge

Design temporary shoring for a traffic surcharge of 250 pounds per square foot if traffic will be above and within H of shoring. This traffic surcharge does not apply to construction traffic. Design temporary shoring for any construction surcharge if construction traffic will be above and within H of shoring. Design temporary

shoring for a traffic (live load) surcharge in accordance with Article 11.5.6 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*.

(3) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Designs

Use shoring backfill for fill sections and voids between cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and the critical failure surface. Use concrete or Type 1 grout for embedded portions of drilled-in H-piles. Do not use drilled-in sheet piles.

Define “top of shoring” for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a traffic impact load of 2,000 pounds per foot applied 18 inches above top of shoring if concrete barrier is above and next to shoring or temporary guardrail is above and attached to shoring. Extend cantilever, braced and anchored shoring at least 32 inches above top of shoring if shoring is designed for traffic impact. Otherwise, extend shoring at least 6 inches above top of shoring.

Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a maximum deflection of 3 inches if the horizontal distance to the closest edge of pavement or structure is less than H. Otherwise, design shoring for a maximum deflection of 6 inches. Design cantilever and braced shoring in accordance with the plans and *AASHTO Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works*.

Design anchored shoring in accordance with the plans and Article 11.9 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*. Use a resistance factor of 0.80 for tensile resistance of anchors with bars, strands or shafts. Extend the unbonded length for ground anchors and the shallowest helix for helical anchors at least 5 feet behind the critical failure surface. Do not extend anchors beyond right-of-way or easement limits. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with anchors, maintain a clearance of at least 6 inches between obstructions and anchors.

(4) Temporary Wall Designs

Use shoring backfill in the reinforced zone of temporary walls. Separation geotextiles are required between shoring backfill and backfill, natural ground or culverts along the sides of the reinforced zone perpendicular to the wall face. For Class V or VI select material in the reinforced zone, separation geotextiles are also required between shoring backfill and backfill or natural ground on top of and at the back of the reinforced zone.

Design temporary walls in accordance with the plans and Article 11.10 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*. Embed temporary walls at least 18 inches except for walls on structures or rock as determined by the Engineer. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the wall height of at least 0.7H or 6 feet, whichever is longer. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6 inches beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate the reinforced zone outside right-of-way or easement

limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geotextile reinforcement, use geotextile properties approved by the Department or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geogrid and geostrip reinforcement, use approved geosynthetic reinforcement properties available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision. Use geosynthetic properties for the direction reinforcement will be installed, a 3-year design life and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone.

Do not use more than 4 different reinforcement strengths for each temporary geosynthetic wall. Design temporary geotextile walls for a reinforcement coverage ratio (R_c) of 1.0. For temporary geogrid walls with an R_c of less than 1.0, use a maximum horizontal clearance between geogrids of 3 feet and stagger reinforcement so geogrids are centered over gaps in the reinforcement layer below.

For temporary geosynthetic walls, use “L” shaped welded wire facing with 18 to 24 inch long legs. Locate geosynthetic reinforcement so reinforcement layers are at the same level as the horizontal legs of welded wire facing. Use vertical reinforcement spacing equal to facing height. Wrap geotextile or geogrid reinforcement behind welded wire facing and extend reinforcement at least 3 feet back behind facing into shoring backfill. Attach geostrip reinforcement to welded wire facing with a connection approved by the Department.

For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing with a connection approved by the Department. For temporary geogrid, geostrip and wire walls, retain shoring backfill at welded wire facing with retention geotextiles and extend geotextiles at least 3 feet back behind facing into backfill.

(D) Preconstruction Meeting

The Engineer may require a shoring preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction, inspection and testing of the temporary shoring. If required and if this meeting occurs before all shoring submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of temporary shoring without accepted submittals. The Resident, District or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and Shoring Contractor Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

Construction Methods

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of shoring. Direct run off away from shoring and shoring backfill. Contain and maintain backfill and protect material from erosion.

Install positive protection in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use PCB in accordance with Section 1170 of the *Standard Specifications* and *Roadway Standard Drawing*

No. 1170.01. Use temporary guardrail in accordance with Section 862 of the *Standard Specifications* and *Roadway Standard Drawing* Nos. 862.01, 862.02 and 862.03.

(A) Tolerances

Construct shoring with the following tolerances:

- (1) Horizontal wires of welded wire facing are level in all directions,
- (2) Shoring location is within 6 inches of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals, and
- (3) Shoring plumbness (batter) is not negative and within 2 degrees of vertical.

(B) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Installation

If overexcavation behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring is shown in the accepted submittals, excavate before installing piles. Otherwise, install piles before excavating for shoring. Install cantilever, braced or anchored shoring in accordance with the construction sequence shown in the accepted submittals. Remove piles and if applicable, timber lagging when shoring is no longer needed.

(1) Pile Installation

Install piles with the minimum required embedment and extension in accordance with Subarticles 450-3(D) and 450-3(E) of the *Standard Specifications* except that a pile driving equipment data form is not required. Piles may be installed with a vibratory hammer as approved by the Engineer.

Do not splice sheet piles. Use pile excavation to install drilled-in H-piles. After filling holes with concrete or Type 1 grout to the elevations shown in the accepted submittals, remove any fluids and fill remaining portions of holes with flowable fill. Cure concrete or grout at least 7 days before excavating.

Notify the Engineer if refusal is reached before pile excavation or driven piles attain the minimum required embedment. When this occurs, a revised design submittal may be required.

(2) Excavation

Excavate in front of piles from the top down in accordance with the accepted submittals. For H-piles with timber lagging and braced and anchored shoring, excavate in staged horizontal lifts with a maximum height of 5 feet. Remove flowable fill and material in between H-piles as needed to install timber lagging. Position lagging with at least 3 inches of contact in the horizontal direction between the lagging and pile flanges. Do not excavate the next lift until timber lagging for the current lift is installed and if applicable, bracing and anchors for the current lift are accepted. Backfill behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring with shoring

backfill.

(3) Anchor Installation

If applicable, install foundations located behind anchored shoring before installing anchors. Fabricate and install ground anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals, Articles 6.4 and 6.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications* and the following unless otherwise approved:

- (a) Materials in accordance with this provision are required instead of materials conforming to Articles 6.4 and 6.5.3 of the AASHTO LRFD Specifications,
- (b) Encapsulation-protected ground anchors in accordance with Article 6.4.1.2 of the AASHTO LRFD specifications are not required, and
- (c) Corrosion protection for unbonded lengths of ground anchors and anchorage covers are not required.
- (d) Mix and place neat cement grout in accordance with Subarticles 1003-5, 1003-6 and 1003-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Measure grout temperature, density and flow during grouting with at least the same frequency grout cubes are made for compressive strength. Perform density and flow field tests in the presence of the Engineer in accordance with American National Standards Institute/American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice 13B-1 (Section 4, Mud Balance) and ASTM C939 (Flow Cone), respectively.

Install helical anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Anchor Manufacturer's instructions. Measure torque during installation and do not exceed the torsional strength rating of the helical anchor. Attain the minimum required installation torque and penetration before terminating anchor installation. When replacing a helical anchor, embed last helix of the replacement anchor at least 3 helix plate diameters past the location of the first helix of the previous anchor.

(4) Anchor Testing

Proof test and lock-off anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Article 6.5.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications* except for the acceptance criteria in Article 6.5.5.5. For the AASHTO LRFD specifications, "ground anchor" refers to a ground or helical anchor and "tendon" refers to a bar, strand or shaft.

(a) Anchor Acceptance

Anchor acceptance is based in part on the following criteria.

- (i) For ground and helical anchors, total movement is less than 0.04 inches between the 1 and 10 minute readings or less than 0.08 inches

- between the 6 and 60 minute readings.
- (ii) For ground anchors, total movement at maximum test load exceeds 80% of the theoretical elastic elongation of the unbonded length.

(b) Anchor Test Results

Submit PDF files of anchor test records including movement versus load plots for each load increment within 24 hours of completing each row of anchors. The Engineer will review the test records to determine if the anchors are acceptable.

If the Engineer determines an anchor is unacceptable, revise the anchor design or installation methods. Submit a revised anchored shoring design for acceptance and provide an acceptable anchor with the revised design or installation methods. If required, replace the anchor or provide additional anchors with the revised design or installation methods.

(C) Temporary Wall Installation

Excavate as necessary for temporary walls in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. If applicable, install foundations located in the reinforced zone before placing shoring backfill or reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place shoring backfill or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Erect welded wire facing so the wall position is as shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Set welded wire facing adjacent to each other in the horizontal and vertical direction to completely cover the wall face with facing. Stagger welded wire facing to create a running bond by centering facing over joints in the row below.

Attach geostrip reinforcement to welded wire facing and wrap geotextile reinforcement and retention geotextiles behind welded wire facing as shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Cover geotextiles with at least 3" of shoring backfill. Overlap adjacent geotextile reinforcement and retention and separation geotextiles at least 18 inches with seams oriented perpendicular to the wall face. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed.

Place reinforcement within 3 inches of locations shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Before placing shoring backfill, pull geosynthetic reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the plans and accepted submittals. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing as shown in the accepted submittals. Do not splice or overlap reinforcement so seams are parallel to the wall face. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement.

Place shoring backfill in the reinforced zone in 8 to 10 inch thick lifts. Compact A-2-4 soil

and Class II, Type 1 and Class III select material in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact backfill within 3 feet of welded wire facing. At a distance greater than 3 feet, compact shoring backfill with at least 4 passes of an 8 to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting backfill. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting shoring backfill. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8 inches of shoring backfill. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for temporary walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. Bench temporary walls into the sides of excavations where applicable. For temporary geosynthetic walls with top of wall within 5 feet of finished grade, remove top facing and incorporate top reinforcement layer into fill when placing fill in front of wall. Temporary walls remain in place permanently unless otherwise required.

Measurement and Payment

Temporary Shoring will be measured and paid in square feet. Temporary walls will be measured as the square feet of exposed wall face area. Cantilever, braced or anchored shoring will be measured as the square feet of exposed shoring face area with the shoring height equal to the difference between the top and bottom of shoring elevations. Define “top of shoring” as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Define “bottom of shoring” as where the grade intersects front of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. No measurement will be made for any embedment, shoring extension above top of shoring or pavement thickness above temporary walls.

The contract unit price for *Temporary Shoring* will be full compensation for providing shoring designs, submittals and materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to construct temporary shoring.

No payment will be made for temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor’s convenience. No value engineering proposals will be accepted based solely on revising or eliminating shoring locations shown in the plans or estimated quantities shown in the bid item sheets as a result of actual field measurements or site conditions.

PCB will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 1170-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. No additional payment will be made for anchoring PCB for temporary shoring. Costs for anchoring PCB will be incidental to temporary shoring.

Temporary guardrail will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 862-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Temporary Shoring	Square Foot

CONES:

(3-19-24)

1135

SP11 R35

Revise the *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 11-11, Article 1135-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 19-20, delete the third sentence of the first paragraph, “Do not use cones in the upstream taper of lane or shoulder closures for multi-lane roadways.”.

ROADWAY LIGHTING FOUNDATIONS:

(1-16-18)(Rev. 1-16-24)

SP14 R04

Description

Roadway lighting foundations include foundations for high mount and light standards. High mount foundations for high mount standards and standard foundations for light standards consist of drilled piers or footings with pedestals, conduit and anchor rod assemblies. Construct roadway lighting foundations in accordance with the contract, *Roadway Standard Drawings* and accepted submittals. Define “high mount foundation” as a drilled pier including the conduit and anchor rod assembly that meets *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 1402.01. Define “standard foundation” as a drilled pier or footing with pedestal including the conduit and anchor rod assembly that meets *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 1405.01.

Materials

Use roadway lighting foundation materials that meet the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision. Provide metal shrouds for median mounted light standards in accordance with Subarticle 1400-4(I) of the *Standard Specifications*.

Roadway Lighting Foundations**(A) High Mount Foundations**

Construct high mount foundations for the wind zone and high mount heights shown in the plans unless the following assumed site conditions are not applicable to high mount locations:

- (1) Soil with unit weight (γ) \geq 120 pcf and friction angle (ϕ) \geq 30°,
- (2) Groundwater at least 7 feet below finished grade and
- (3) Slope of finished grade 6:1 (H:V) or flatter.

A subsurface investigation and high mount foundation design are required if the Engineer determines these assumed site conditions do not apply to a high mount location and the high mount cannot be moved. Subsurface conditions requiring a high mount foundation

design include but are not limited to weathered or hard rock, boulders, very soft or loose soil, muck or shallow groundwater. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for subsurface investigations or high mount foundation designs.

(B) Standard Foundations

Construct standard foundation types for the light standard types shown in the plans and the site conditions at each light standard location. When weathered or hard rock, boulders or obstructions conflict with standard foundations, submit an alternate standard foundation design for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for alternate standard foundations.

Subsurface Investigations

Use a prequalified geotechnical consultant to perform one standard penetration test (SPT) boring in accordance with ASTM D1586 at each high mount location requiring a subsurface investigation. Rough grade high mount locations to within 2 ft of finished grade before beginning drilling. Drill borings to 2 drilled pier diameters below anticipated pier tip elevations or refusal, whichever is higher.

Use the computer software gINT version V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide boring logs sealed by a geologist or engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

High Mount Foundation Designs

Design high mount foundations for the wind zone and high mount heights shown in the plans and the slope of finished grade and subsurface conditions at each high mount location. Design drilled piers, footings and pedestals in accordance with the *AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals*.

Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the *AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges*. Use the computer software LPILE version 2016 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Provide drilled pier designs with a horizontal deflection of less than 0.5" at top of piers.

Design footings in accordance with Section 4.4 of the *AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges*. Do not use an allowable bearing pressure of more than 3,000 psf for footings. Submit boring logs, working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, required foundation dimensions and elevations and typical sections with reinforcement, conduit and anchor rod assembly details. Include all boring logs, design calculations and LPILE output for high mount foundation design submittals. Have high mount foundations designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Grade around roadway lighting locations with cut and fill slopes as shown on *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 1402.01 or 1405.01. Construct drilled piers, footings and pedestals and install anchor rod assemblies for roadway lighting foundations in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

For median mounted light standards, place concrete for median barriers and underlying pedestals in the same pour. Construct concrete barriers in accordance with the contract and make concrete median barriers continuous through standard foundations. Coordinate construction of median mounted light standards with sign structures, concrete barriers, drainage structures, etc. to avoid conflicts.

Measurement and Payment

High Mount Foundations will be measured and paid in cubic yards. High mount foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of concrete shown on *Roadway Standard Drawing* No. 1402.01 for the high mount height and wind zone shown in the plans. All other high mount foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of foundation concrete for drilled piers, footings and pedestals shown in the accepted submittals. Subsurface investigations and high mount foundation designs required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Standard Foundation ____ will be measured and paid in units of each. Standard foundations will be measured as the number of each standard foundation type. Alternate standard foundations will be measured as 1.5 times the number of each standard foundation type replaced.

The contract unit prices for *High Mount Foundations* and *Standard Foundation* ____ will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations, supplying and placing concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct roadway lighting foundations.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
High Mount Foundations	Cubic Yard
Standard Foundation ____	Each

WATTLE DEVICES:

(1-1-24)

1642

SP16 R01

Page 16-23, Subarticle 1642-2(B) Wattle, lines 10-12, delete and replace with the following:

(B) Wattle and Wattle Barrier

Wattles shall meet Table 1642-1.

TABLE 1642-1	
100% CURLED WOOD (EXCELSIOR) FIBERS - WATTLE	
Property	Property Value
Minimum Diameter	12 inches
Minimum Density	2.5 pcf +/- 10%
Net Material	Synthetic
Net Openings	1 inch x 1 inch
Net Configuration	Totally Encased
Minimum Weight	20 lb +/- 10% per 10 foot length

Coir Fiber Wattles shall meet Table 1642-2.

TABLE 1642-2	
100% COIR (COCONUT) FIBERS WATTLE	
Property	Property Value
Minimum Diameter	12 inches
Minimum Density	3.5 pcf +/- 10%
Net Material	Coir Fiber
Net Openings	2 inch x 2 inch
Net Strength	90 lb
Minimum Weight	2.6 pcf +/- 10%

Wattle Barriers shall meet Table 1642-3.

TABLE 1642-3	
100% CURLED WOOD (EXCELSIOR) FIBERS – WATTLE BARRIER	
Property	Property Value
Minimum Diameter	18 inches
Minimum Density	2.9 pcf +/- 10%
Net Material	Synthetic
Net Openings	1 inch x 1 inch
Net Configuration	Totally Encased
Minimum Weight	5 pcf +/- 10%

Coir Fiber Wattle Barriers shall meet Table 1642-4.

TABLE 1642-4	
100% COIR (COCONUT) FIBERS WATTLE BARRIER	
Property	Property Value
Minimum Diameter	18 inches
Minimum Density	5 pcf +/- 10%
Net Material	Coir Fiber
Net Openings	2 inch x 2 inch
Net Strength	90 lb
Minimum Weight	10 pcf +/- 10%

Pages 16-24 & 16-25, Article 1642-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-47 & lines 1-2, delete and replace with the following:

Wattle will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Wattle*.

Coir Fiber Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of coir fiber wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Coir Fiber Wattles*.

Wattle Barrier will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of wattle barrier installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Wattle Barrier*.

Coir Fiber Wattle Barrier will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of coir fiber wattle barrier installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Coir Fiber Wattle Barrier*.

Page 16-25, Article 1642-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, after line 9, delete and replace “ ___ Wattle Check” with “Wattle”.

Page 16-25, Article 1642-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, after line 9, delete and replace “ ___ Wattle Barrier” with “Wattle Barrier”.

Page 16-25, Article 1642-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, after line 9, add the following:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Coir Fiber Wattle	Linear Foot
Coir Fiber Wattle Barrier	Linear Foot

PERMANENT SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-16-24)

1660

SP16 R02

The Department desires that permanent seeding and mulching be established on this project as soon as practical after slopes or portions of slopes have been graded. As an incentive to obtain an early stand of vegetation on this project, the Contractor's attention is called to the following:

For all permanent seeding and mulching that is satisfactorily completed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1660 in the *Standard Specifications* and within the following percentages of elapsed contract times, an additional payment will be made to the Contractor as an incentive additive. The incentive additive will be determined by multiplying the number of acres of seeding and mulching satisfactorily completed times the contract unit bid price per acre for Seeding and Mulching times the appropriate percentage additive.

Percentage of Elapsed Contract Time	Percentage Additive
0% - 30%	30%
30.01% - 50%	15%

Percentage of elapsed contract time is defined as the number of calendar days from the date of availability of the contract to the date the permanent seeding and mulching is acceptably completed divided by the total original contract time.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS**

(5-20-08)(Rev. 1-16-24)

Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in *General Statute 143C-6-11(c)*. Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(D) of the *Standard Specifications*.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION
NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11)

Z-3

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

<u>Restricted Noxious Weed</u>	<u>Limitations per Lb. Of Seed</u>	<u>Restricted Noxious Weed</u>	<u>Limitations per Lb. of Seed</u>
Blessed Thistle	4 seeds	Cornflower (Ragged Robin)	27 seeds
Cocklebur	4 seeds	Texas Panicum	27 seeds
Spurred Anoda	4 seeds	Bracted Plantain	54 seeds
Velvetleaf	4 seeds	Buckhorn Plantain	54 seeds
Morning-glory	8 seeds	Broadleaf Dock	54 seeds
Corn Cockle	10 seeds	Curly Dock	54 seeds
Wild Radish	12 seeds	Dodder	54 seeds
Purple Nutsedge	27 seeds	Giant Foxtail	54 seeds
Yellow Nutsedge	27 seeds	Horsenettle	54 seeds
Canada Thistle	27 seeds	Quackgrass	54 seeds
Field Bindweed	27 seeds	Wild Mustard	54 seeds
Hedge Bindweed	27 seeds		

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall

not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza
Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties)	Bermudagrass
Kobe Lespedeza	Browntop Millet
Korean Lespedeza	German Millet – Strain R
Weeping Lovegrass	Clover – Red/White/Crimson
Carpetgrass	

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties)
Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties)
Hard Fescue (all approved varieties)
Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass	Japanese Millet
Crownvetch	Reed Canary Grass
Pensacola Bahiagrass	Zoysia
Creeping Red Fescue	

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass
Big Bluestem
Little Bluestem
Bristly Locust
Birdsfoot Trefoil
Indiangrass
Orchardgrass
Switchgrass
Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION
ERRATA

(1-16-24)

Z-4

Revise the *2024 Standard Specifications* as follows:

Division 3

Page 3-5, Article 305-2 MATERIALS, after line 16, replace " 1032-3(A)(7)" with "1032-3" and add the item "Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe" with Section "1032-3".

Page 3-6, Article 310-2 MATERIALS, after line 9, add the item "Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe" with Section "1032-3".

Division 9

Page 9-17, Article 904-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, prior to line 1, replace " Sign Erection, Relocate Type (Ground Mounted)" with "Sign Erection, Relocate Type ___ (Ground Mounted)".

Division 10

Page 10-51, Article 1024-4 WATER, prior to line 1, delete the "unpopulated blank row" in Table 1024-2 between "Time of set, deviation from control" and "Chloride Ion Content, Max.".

Page 10-170, Subarticle 1081-1(C) Requirements, line 4, replace "maximum" with "minimum".

Division 11

Page 11-15, Article 1160-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 24, replace "Where barrier units are moved more than one" with "Where barrier units are moved more than once".

Division 15

Page 15-10, Article 1515-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 11, replace " All piping" with "All labor, the manhole, other materials, excavation, backfilling, piping".

Division 16

Page 16-14, Article 1633-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 20-24 and prior to line 25, delete and replace with the following " *Flocculant* will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 1642-5 applied to the temporary rock silt checks."

Page 16-3, Article 1609-2 MATERIALS, after line 26, replace "Type 4" with "Type 4a".

Page 16-25, Article 1644-2 MATERIALS, after line 22, replace "Type 4" with "Type 4a".

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES****(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, Guava Root Knot Nematode, And Other Noxious Weeds)**

(3-18-03) (Rev. 5-21-19)

Z-04a

Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

Originating in a Quarantined County

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or <https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm> to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

Regulated Articles Include

1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
3. Plant crowns and roots.
4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
8. Used earth-moving equipment.
9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, guava root knot nematode, or other noxious weeds.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

MINIMUM WAGES

(7-21-09)

Z-5

FEDERAL: The Fair Labor Standards Act provides that with certain exceptions every employer shall pay wages at the rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

STATE: The North Carolina Minimum Wage Act provides that every employer shall pay to each of his employees, wages at a rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

This determination of the intent of the application of this act to the contract on this project is the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department of Transportation for any changes in the minimum wage laws, Federal or State. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to keep fully informed of all Federal and State Laws affecting his contract.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:**

(6-28-77)(Rev 1/16/2024)

Z-6

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

(1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

(a) Compliance with Regulations

The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

(b) Nondiscrimination

The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

(c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment

In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

(d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books,

records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

(e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

(f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (f) in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

- (a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:
 1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.

2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
 3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:

“The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award.”
 4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT’s External Discrimination Complaints Process.
1. Applicability

Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.

2. Eligibility

Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.

3. Time Limits and Filing Options

Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:

- (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
- (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
- (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
- Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010
- US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070

4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

5. Discrimination Complaint Form

Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination Complaint Form and procedures.

6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

**TABLE 103-1
COMPLAINT BASIS**

Protected Categories	Definition	Examples	Applicable Nondiscrimination Authorities
Race and Ethnicity	An individual belonging to one of the accepted racial groups; or the perception, based usually on physical characteristics that a person is a member of a racial group	Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, White	Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 49 CFR Part 21; 23 CFR 200; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. <i>(Executive Order 13166)</i>
Color	Color of skin, including shade of skin within a racial group	Black, White, brown, yellow, etc.	
National Origin <i>(Limited English Proficiency)</i>	Place of birth. Citizenship is not a factor. <i>(Discrimination based on language or a person's accent is also covered)</i>	Mexican, Cuban, Japanese, Vietnamese, Chinese	
Sex	Gender. The sex of an individual. <i>Note: Sex under this program does not include sexual orientation.</i>	Women and Men	1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123.
Age	Persons of any age	21-year-old person	Age Discrimination Act of 1975 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123.
Disability	Physical or mental impairment, permanent or temporary, or perceived.	Blind, alcoholic, para-amputee, epileptic, diabetic, arthritic	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
Religion (in the context of employment) <i>(Religion/ Creed in all aspects of any aviation or transit-related construction)</i>	An individual belonging to a religious group; or the perception, based on distinguishable characteristics that a person is a member of a religious group. In practice, actions taken as a result of the moral and ethical beliefs as to what is right and wrong, which are sincerely held with the strength of traditional religious views. <i>Note: Does not have to be associated with a recognized religious group or church; if an individual sincerely holds to the belief, it is a protected religious practice.</i>	Muslim, Christian, Sikh, Hindu, etc.	Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 23 CFR 230; FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions. <i>(49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123)</i>

(3) Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.

- (b) The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- (c) Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- (d) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- (e) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- (f) Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- (l) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

(4) Additional Title VI Assurances

***The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable*

- (a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B)

The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

(HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].*

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

(b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):

1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
 - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. *
3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. *

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

(c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/ agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):

1. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non-discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. *
3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. *

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15)

Z-10

Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

Minorities and Women

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

Assigning Training Goals

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.\

Training Classifications

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators	Office Engineers
Truck Drivers	Estimators
Carpenters	Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers
Concrete Finishers	Mechanics
Pipe Layers	Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

Records and Reports

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

Trainee Interviews

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

Trainee Wages

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

60 percent	of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period
75 percent	of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period
90 percent	of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

Measurement and Payment

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

GEOTECHNICAL

MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS (SPECIAL)

GT-1.1 - GT-1.12

STANDARD SHORING - (01/16/2024)

GT-2.1 - GT-2.4

DocuSigned by:
Geotechnical Engineering Unit
12/08/2023
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MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS**(SPECIAL)****1.0 GENERAL**

Construct mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) retaining walls consisting of steel or geosynthetic reinforcement in the reinforced zone connected to vertical facing elements. Use precast concrete panels for vertical facing elements and coarse aggregate in the reinforced zone unless noted otherwise in the plans. Provide reinforced concrete coping and pile sleeves as required. Design and construct MSE retaining walls based on actual elevations and wall dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use a prequalified MSE Wall Installer to construct MSE retaining walls.

Define MSE wall terms as follows:

Geosynthetic Reinforcement – Polyester Type (PET), HDPE or Polypropylene (PP) geosynthetic grids, i.e., geogrid reinforcement or polymer straps, i.e., geostrip reinforcement,

Geogrid – PET, HDPE or PP geogrid,

Reinforcement – Steel or geosynthetic reinforcement,

Aggregate – Coarse or fine aggregate,

Panel – Precast concrete panel,

Coping – Precast or CIP concrete coping,

Design Height (H) – Wall height + wall embedment as shown in the plans,

MSE Wall – Mechanically stabilized earth retaining wall,

MSE Wall Vendor – Vendor supplying the chosen MSE wall system,

MSE Panel Wall – MSE wall with panels,

MSE Segmental Wall – MSE wall with segmental retaining wall (SRW) units and

Abutment Wall – MSE wall with bridge foundations in any portion of the reinforced zone or an MSE wall connected to an abutment wall (even if bridge foundations only penetrate a small part of the reinforced zone, the entire MSE wall is considered an abutment wall).

For bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls, design reinforcement connected to end bent caps in accordance with the plans and this provision.

Use an approved MSE wall system in accordance with the plans and any NCDOT restrictions or exceptions for the chosen system. Value engineering proposals for other MSE wall systems will not be considered. Do not use MSE wall systems with an “approved for provisional use” status for MSE walls with design heights greater than 35 ft or walls supporting or adjacent to railroads or interstate highways. The list of approved MSE wall systems with approval status is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to the *Standard Specifications*.

Item	Section
Aggregate	1014
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C	620
Corrugated Steel Pipe	1032-3

Epoxy, Type 3A	1081
Geosynthetics	1056
Grout, Type 3	1003
Joint Materials	1028
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000
Precast Retaining Wall Coping	1077
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Retaining Wall Panels	1077
Segmental Retaining Wall Units	1040-4
Select Material, Class V	1016
Shoulder Drain Materials	816-2
Steel Pipe	1036-4(A)

Use galvanized corrugated steel pipe with a zinc coating weight of 2 oz/sf (G200) for pile sleeves. Provide Type 2 geotextile for filtration and separation geotextiles. Use Class A concrete for CIP coping, leveling concrete and pads. Use galvanized steel pipe, threaded rods and nuts for the PET geogrid reinforcement vertical obstruction detail. Provide galvanized Grade 36 anchor rods and Grade A hex nuts that meet AASHTO M 314 for threaded rods and nuts.

Use panels and SRW units from producers approved by the Department and licensed by the MSE Wall Vendor. Provide steel strip connectors embedded in panels fabricated from structural steel that meets the requirements for steel strip reinforcement. Unless required otherwise in the contract, produce panels with a smooth flat final finish that meets Article 1077-11 of the *Standard Specifications*. Accurately locate and secure reinforcement connectors in panels and maintain required concrete cover. Produce panels within 1/4" of the panel dimensions shown in the accepted submittals.

Damaged panels or SRW units with excessive discoloration, chips or cracks as determined by the Engineer will be rejected. Do not damage reinforcement connection devices or mechanisms in handling or storing panels and SRW units.

Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Handle and store geosynthetics in accordance with Article 1056-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Load, transport, unload and store MSE wall materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

A. Aggregate

Use standard size No. 57, 57M, 67 or 78M that meets Table 1005-1 of the *Standard Specifications* for coarse aggregate and the following for fine aggregate:

1. Standard size No. 1S, 2S, 2MS or 4S that meets Table 1005-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or
2. Gradation that meets Class III, Type 3 select material in accordance with Article

1016-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Fine aggregate is exempt from mortar strength in Subarticle 1014-1(E) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use fine aggregate with a maximum organic content of 1.0%. Provide aggregate with chemical properties that meet the following requirements:

AGGREGATE pH REQUIREMENTS		
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)	Reinforcement or Connector Material	pH
Coarse or Fine	Steel	5 – 10
Coarse or Fine	Geosynthetic	4.5 – 9

AGGREGATE ELECTROCHEMICAL REQUIREMENTS (Steel Reinforcement/Connector Materials Only)			
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)	Resistivity	Chlorides	Sulfates
Coarse	$\geq 5,000 \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$	$\leq 100 \text{ ppm}$	$\leq 200 \text{ ppm}$
Fine	$\geq 3,000 \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$		

Use aggregate from sources participating in the Department's Aggregate QC/QA Program as described in Section 1006 of the *Standard Specifications*. Sample and test aggregate in accordance with the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Wall Aggregate Sampling and Testing Procedures*.

B. Reinforcement

Provide steel or geosynthetic reinforcement supplied by the MSE Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use reinforcement approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved reinforcement for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

1. Steel Reinforcement

Provide Type 1 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for steel reinforcement. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and steel strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572, A1011 or A463. Use 10 gauge or heavier structural steel Grade 50 or higher for steel strip reinforcement. Galvanize steel reinforcement in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications* or provide aluminized steel strip reinforcement that meet ASTM A463, Type 2-100.

2. Geosynthetic Reinforcement

Provide Type 1 material certifications and identify geosynthetic reinforcement in accordance with Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Define machine

direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) for geogrids per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Use HDPE or PP geogrid for geogrid reinforcement cast into backwalls of end bent caps. Use PET or HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected directly to SRW units and only HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement cast into panels.

Provide extruded geogrids produced in the United States and manufactured from punched and drawn polypropylene sheets for PP geogrids that meet the following:

PP GEOGRID REQUIREMENTS		
Property	Requirement¹	Test Method
Aperture Dimensions ²	1" x 1.2"	N/A
Minimum Rib Thickness ²	0.07" x 0.07"	N/A
Tensile Strength @ 2% Strain ²	580 lb/ft x 690 lb/ft	ASTM D6637, Method B
Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain ²	1,200 lb/ft x 1,370 lb/ft	
Ultimate Tensile Strength ²	1,850 lb/ft x 2,050 lb/ft	
Junction Efficiency ³ (MD)	93%	ASTM D7737
Flexural Rigidity ⁴	2,000,000 mg-cm	ASTM D7748
Aperture Stability Modulus ⁵	0.55 lb-ft/degrees	ASTM D7864
UV Stability (Retained Strength)	100% (after 500 hr of exposure)	ASTM D4355

1. MARV per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications* except dimensions and thickness are nominal.
2. Requirement for MD x CD.
3. Junction Efficiency (%) = (Average Junction Strength (X_{jave}) / Ultimate Tensile Strength in the MD from ASTM D6637, Method A) × 100.
4. Test specimens two ribs wide, with transverse ribs cut flush with exterior edges of longitudinal ribs, and sufficiently long to enable measurement of the overhang dimension.
5. Applied moment of 17.7 lb-inch (torque increment).

C. Bearing Pads

For MSE panel walls, use preformed ethylene propylene diene monomer rubber bearing pads that meet ASTM D2000 Grade 2, Type A, Class A with a durometer hardness of 60 or 80 ± 5 . Provide bearing pads with thicknesses that meet the following:

BEARING PAD THICKNESS	
Facing Area per Panel (A)	Minimum Pad Thickness After Compression (based on 2 times panel weight above pads)
$A \leq 30$ sf	1/2"
$30 \text{ sf} < A \leq 75$ sf	3/4"

D. Miscellaneous Components

Miscellaneous components may include connectors (e.g., anchors, bars, clamps, pins,

plates, ties, etc.), fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) and any other MSE wall components not included above. Use 10 gauge or heavier structural steel Grade 50 or higher for steel strip panel anchors and connectors. Galvanize steel components in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide miscellaneous components approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved miscellaneous components for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

3.0 PRECONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A. MSE Wall Surveys

The Retaining Wall Plans show a plan view, typical sections, details, notes and an elevation or profile view (wall envelope) for each MSE wall. Before beginning MSE wall design, survey existing ground elevations shown in the plans and other elevations in the vicinity of MSE wall locations as needed. For proposed slopes above or below MSE walls, survey existing ground elevations to at least 10 ft beyond slope stake points. Based on these elevations, finished grades and actual MSE wall dimensions and details, submit revised wall envelopes for acceptance. Use accepted wall envelopes for design.

B. MSE Wall Designs

For MSE wall designs, submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations at least 30 days before the preconstruction meeting. Note name and NCDOT ID number of the panel or SRW unit production facility on working drawings. Do not begin MSE wall construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Use a prequalified MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant to design MSE segmental walls. Provide MSE segmental wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for the MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant. Provide MSE panel wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the MSE Wall Vendor.

Design MSE walls in accordance with the plans, *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications* and any NCDOT restrictions for the chosen MSE wall system unless otherwise required. For abutment walls only, design MSE walls for seismic if wall sites meet either or both of the following:

- Wall site is in seismic zone 2 based on Figure 2-1 of the *Structure Design Manual*,
- Wall site is classified as AASHTO Site Class E, as noted in the plans, and is in or west of Pender, Duplin, Wayne, Johnston, Wake, Durham or Person County.

Connect reinforcement to panels or SRW units with methods or devices approved for the chosen system. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the height of the wall of at least 0.7H or 6 ft, whichever is longer, unless noted otherwise in the plans. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6" beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate drains, the reinforced zone or leveling pads outside right-of-way or easement limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads and design parameters approved for the chosen MSE wall system or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. Design steel components including reinforcement and connectors for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. If an MSE wall system with geosynthetic reinforcement includes any steel parts for obstructions, bin walls, connections or other components, design steel exposed to aggregate for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. Use “loss of galvanizing” metal loss rates for nonaggressive backfill in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications for galvanized and aluminized steel and metal loss rates for carbon steel in accordance with the following:

CARBON STEEL CORROSION RATES	
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)	Carbon Steel Loss Rate (after coating depletion)
Coarse	0.47 mil/year
Fine (except abutment walls)	0.58 mil/year
Fine (abutment walls)	0.70 mil/year

For PET or HDPE geogrid and geostrip reinforcement and geosynthetic connectors, use approved geosynthetic properties for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. For geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, embed reinforcement or connectors in caps as shown in the plans. For PP geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, use the following design parameters for the aggregate type in the reinforced approach fill.

PP GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT DESIGN PARAMETERS				
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)	T_{al} (MD)	F*	α	ρ
Coarse	400 lb/ft	0.70	0.8	32.0°
Fine	428 lb/ft	0.54	0.8	28.35°

Where,

- T_{al} = long-term design strength (LTDS),
 F* = pullout resistance factor,
 α = scale effect correction factor and
 ρ = soil-geogrid friction angle.

When noted in the plans, design MSE walls for a live load (traffic) surcharge of 250 psf in accordance with Figure C11.5.6-3(b) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For steel beam guardrail with 8 ft posts or concrete barrier rail above MSE walls, analyze top 2 reinforcement layers for traffic impact loads in accordance with Section 7.2 of *FHWA Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes – Volume I* (Publication No. FHWA-NHI-10-024) except use the following for geosynthetic reinforcement rupture:

$$\phi T_{al} R_c \geq T_{max} + (T_I / RF_{CR})$$

Where,

- ϕ = resistance factor for tensile resistance in accordance with Section 7.2.1 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,
- T_{al} = long-term geosynthetic design strength approved for chosen MSE wall system,
- R_c = reinforcement coverage ratio = 1 for continuous geosynthetic reinforcement,
- T_{max} = factored static load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,
- T_I = factored impact load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual and
- RF_{CR} = creep reduction factor approved for chosen MSE wall system.

When shown in the plans for abutment walls, use pile sleeves to segregate piles from aggregate in the reinforced zone. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, moment slabs, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement, maintain a clearance of at least 3" between obstructions and reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Design reinforcement for obstructions and locate reinforcement layers so all of reinforcement length is within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Modify PET geogrid reinforcement for obstructions as shown in the plans.

Use 6" thick CIP unreinforced concrete leveling pads beneath panels and SRW units that are continuous at steps and extend at least 6" in front of and behind bottom row of panels or SRW units. Unless required otherwise in the plans, embed top of leveling pads in accordance with the following requirements:

WALL EMBEDMENT REQUIREMENTS		
Front Slope¹ (H:V)	Minimum Embedment Depth² (whichever is greater)	
6:1 or flatter (except abutment walls)	H/20	1 ft for H ≤ 10 ft 2 ft for H > 10 ft
6:1 or flatter (abutment walls)	H/10	2 ft
> 6:1 to < 3:1	H/10	2 ft
3:1 to 2:1	H/7	2 ft

1. Front slope is as shown in the plans.
2. H is the maximum design height per wall.

When noted in the plans, locate a continuous aggregate shoulder drain along the base of the reinforced zone behind the aggregate. Provide wall drainage systems consisting of drains and outlet components in accordance with Roadway Standard Drawing No. 816.02.

For MSE panel walls, cover joints at back of panels with filtration geotextiles at least 12" wide. If the approval of the chosen MSE wall system does not require a minimum number of bearing pads, provide the number of pads in accordance with the following:

NUMBER OF BEARING PADS

Facing Area per Panel (A)	Maximum Height of Wall Above Horizontal Panel Joint	Minimum Number of Pads per Horizontal Panel Joint
$A \leq 30$ sf	25 ft	2
	35 ft ¹	3
$30 \text{ sf} < A \leq 75$ sf	25 ft	3
	35 ft ¹	4

1. Additional bearing pads per horizontal panel joint may be required for wall heights above joints greater than 35 ft.

For MSE segmental walls, coarse aggregate is required in any SRW unit core spaces and between and behind SRW units for a horizontal distance of at least 18".

Separation geotextiles are required between the aggregate and overlying fill sections. When noted in the plans, separation geotextiles are also required at the back of the reinforced zone between the aggregate and backfill or natural ground. When placing pavement sections directly on the reinforced zone, cap aggregate with 4" of asphalt concrete base course. Unless required otherwise in the plans, use reinforced concrete coping at top of walls that meets the following requirements:

1. Coping dimensions as shown in the plans,
2. At the Contractor's option, coping that is precast or CIP concrete for MSE panel walls unless CIP coping is required as shown in the plans,
3. CIP concrete coping for MSE segmental walls and
4. At the Contractor's option and when shown in the plans, CIP concrete coping that extends down back of panels or SRW units or connects to panels or SRW units with dowels.

For MSE segmental walls with dowels, attach dowels to top courses of SRW units in accordance with the following:

1. Set dowels in core spaces of SRW units filled with grout instead of coarse aggregate or
2. Embed adhesively anchored dowels in holes of solid SRW units with epoxy.

For MSE panel walls with coping, connect CIP concrete coping or leveling concrete for precast concrete coping to top row of panels with dowels cast into panels. When concrete barrier rail is required above MSE walls, use concrete barrier rail with moment slab as shown in the plans.

Submit working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, wall profiles with foundation pressures, typical sections with reinforcement and connection details, aggregate locations and types, geotextile locations and details of leveling pads, panels or SRW units, coping, bin walls, slip joints, pile sleeves, etc. If

necessary, include details on working drawings for concrete barrier rail with moment slab, reinforcement splices if allowed for the chosen MSE wall system, reinforcement connected to end bent caps, curved MSE walls with tight (short) radii and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement, leveling pads, barriers or moment slabs. Submit design calculations for each wall section with different surcharge loads, geometry or material parameters. At least one analysis is required for each wall section with different reinforcement lengths. When designing MSE walls with computer software other than MSEW, use MSEW manufactured by ADAMA Engineering, Inc. to verify the design. At least one MSEW analysis is required per 100 ft of wall length with at least one analysis for the wall section with the longest reinforcement. Submit electronic MSEW input files and PDF output files with design calculations.

C. Preconstruction Meeting

Before starting MSE wall construction, hold a preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction and inspection of the MSE walls. If this meeting occurs before all MSE wall submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of MSE walls without accepted submittals. The Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and MSE Wall Installer Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

4.0 CORROSION MONITORING

Corrosion monitoring is required for MSE walls with steel reinforcement. The Engineer will determine the number of monitoring locations and where to install the instrumentation. Contact M&T before beginning wall construction. M&T will provide the corrosion monitoring instrumentation kits and if necessary, assistance with installation.

5.0 SITE ASSISTANCE

Unless otherwise approved, an MSE Wall Vendor representative is required to assist and guide the MSE Wall Installer on-site for at least 8 hours when the first panels or SRW units and reinforcement layer are placed. If problems are encountered during construction, the Engineer may require the vendor representative to return to the site for a time period determined by the Engineer.

6.0 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of MSE walls. Direct run off away from MSE walls, aggregate and backfill. Contain and maintain aggregate and backfill and protect material from erosion.

Excavate as necessary for MSE walls in accordance with the accepted submittals. If applicable and at the Contractor's option, use temporary shoring for wall construction instead of temporary slopes to construct MSE walls. Define "temporary shoring for wall construction" as temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience.

Unless required otherwise in the plans, install foundations and if required, pile sleeves located in the reinforced zone before placing aggregate or reinforcement. Brace piles in the reinforced zone to maintain alignment when placing and compacting aggregate. Secure piles together with steel members near top of piles. Clamp members to piles instead of welding if bracing is at or below pile cut-off elevations.

Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place leveling pad concrete, aggregate or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct CIP concrete leveling pads at elevations and with dimensions shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Cure leveling pads at least 24 hours before placing panels or SRW units.

Erect and support panels and stack SRW units so the final wall position is as shown in the accepted submittals. Stagger SRW units to create a running bond by centering SRW units over joints in the row below as shown in the accepted submittals. Space bearing pads in horizontal panel joints as shown in the accepted submittals and cover all panel joints with filtration geotextiles as shown in the accepted submittals. Attach filtration geotextiles to back of panels with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods.

Construct MSE walls with the following tolerances:

- A. SRW units are level from front to back and between units when checked with a 4 ft long level,
- B. Vertical joint widths are 1/4" maximum for SRW units and 3/4", $\pm 1/4$ " for panels,
- C. Final wall face is within 3/4" of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals when measured along a 10 ft straightedge and
- D. Final wall plumbness (batter) is not negative (wall face leaning forward) and within 0.5° of vertical unless otherwise approved.

Place reinforcement at locations and elevations shown in the accepted submittals and within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the accepted submittals. Before placing aggregate, pull geosynthetic reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Reinforcement may be spliced once per reinforcement length if shown in the accepted submittals. Use reinforcement pieces at least 6 ft long. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement. To avoid obstructions, deflect, skew or modify reinforcement as shown in the accepted submittals.

Place aggregate in the reinforced zone in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact aggregate within 3 ft of panels or SRW units. At a distance greater than 3 ft, compact aggregate with at least 4 passes of an 8 ton to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting aggregate. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other

types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting aggregate. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8" of aggregate. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for MSE walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. If a drain is required, install wall drainage systems as shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 816 of the *Standard Specifications*. If pile sleeves are required, fill sleeves with loose uncompacted sand before constructing end bent caps.

Install dowels as necessary for SRW units and place and construct coping and leveling concrete as shown in the accepted submittals. Construct leveling concrete in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Construct CIP concrete coping in accordance with Subarticle 452-4(B) of the *Standard Specifications*. When single faced precast concrete barrier is required in front of and against MSE walls, stop coping just above barrier so coping does not interfere with placing barrier up against wall faces. If the gap between a single faced barrier and wall face is wider than 2", fill gap with Class V select material (standard size No. 78M stone). Otherwise, fill gap with backer rod and seal joint between barrier and MSE wall with silicone sealant.

When separation geotextiles are required, overlap adjacent geotextiles at least 18" and hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Seal joints above and behind MSE walls between coping and concrete slope protection with silicone sealant.

If a brick veneer is required, construct brick masonry in accordance with Section 830. Anchor brick veneers to MSE Wall panels with approved brick to concrete type anchors in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Space anchors no more than 16 inches apart in the vertical direction and no more than 32 inches apart in the horizontal direction with each row of anchors staggered 16 inches from the row above and below, or as directed by the anchor manufacturer.

7.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

MSE Retaining Wall No. 1 will be measured and paid in square feet. MSE walls will be measured as the square feet of wall face area with the pay height equal to the difference between top of wall and top of leveling pad elevations. Define "top of wall" as top of coping or top of panels or SRW units for MSE walls without coping.

The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No. 1* will be full compensation for providing designs, submittals, labor, tools, equipment and MSE wall materials, excavating, hauling and removing excavated materials, placing and compacting aggregate and backfill material and supplying site assistance, leveling pads, panels, SRW units, brick veneer, brick veneer anchoring system, reinforcement, aggregate, wall drainage systems, geotextiles, aggregate concrete base course, bearing pads, coping, miscellaneous components and any incidentals necessary to construct MSE walls. The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No. 1* will also be full compensation for reinforcement and connector design for reinforcement

connected to end bent caps, wall modifications for obstructions, pile sleeves filled with sand, joints sealed with silicone sealant and gaps between barriers and MSE walls filled with backer rod or No. 78M stone, if required.

No separate payment will be made for temporary shoring for wall construction. Temporary shoring for wall construction will be incidental to the contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No. 1*.

The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No. 1* does not include the cost for ditches, fences, handrails, barrier or guardrail associated with MSE walls as these items will be paid for elsewhere in the contract. The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No. 1* also does not include the cost for constructing bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls. See *Bridge Approach Fills* provision for measurement and payment of Type 2 Bridge Approach Fills.

Where it is necessary to provide backfill material behind the reinforced zone from sources other than excavated areas or borrow sources used in connection with other work in the contract, payment for furnishing and hauling such backfill material will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Placing and compacting such backfill material is not considered extra work but is incidental to the work being performed.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

MSE Retaining Wall No. 1

Pay Unit

Square Foot



DocuSigned by:

Gregory Goins

12/7/2023

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STANDARD SHORING:**(1-16-24)****Description**

Standard shoring includes standard temporary shoring and standard temporary mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls. At the Contractor's option, use standard shoring as noted in the plans or as directed. When using standard shoring, a temporary shoring design submittal is not required. Construct standard shoring based on actual elevations and shoring dimensions in accordance with the contract and Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01 or 1801.02.

Define "standard temporary shoring" as cantilever shoring that meets the standard temporary shoring detail (Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01). Define "standard temporary wall" as a temporary MSE wall with geotextile or geogrid reinforcement that meets the standard temporary wall detail (Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02). Define "standard temporary geotextile wall" as a standard temporary wall with geotextile reinforcement and "standard temporary geogrid wall" as a standard temporary wall with geogrid reinforcement.

Provide positive protection for standard shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. See *Temporary Shoring* provision for positive protection types and definitions.

Materials

Refer to the *Standard Specifications*.

Item	Section
Concrete Barrier Materials	1170-2
Flowable Fill, Excavatable	1000-7
Geosynthetics	1056
Grout, Type 1	1003
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000
Select Materials	1016
Steel Beam Guardrail Materials	862-2
Steel Sheet Piles and H-Piles	1084
Untreated Timber	1082-2
Welded Wire Reinforcement	1070-3

Provide Type 6 material certifications for shoring materials. Use Class IV select material for temporary guardrail. Use Class A concrete that meets Article 450-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or Type 1 grout for drilled-in piles.

Based on actual shoring height, positive protection, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and traffic impact at each standard temporary shoring location, use sheet piles with the minimum required section modulus or H-piles with the sizes shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. Use untreated timber with a thickness of at least 3" and a bending stress of at least 1,000 psi for timber lagging.

(A) Shoring Backfill

Use Class II, Type 1, Class III, Class V or Class VI select material or material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2-4 with a maximum PI of 6 for shoring backfill except do not use the following:

- (1) A-2-4 soil for backfill around culverts,

- (2) A-2-4 soil in the reinforced zone of standard temporary walls with a back slope and
- (3) Class VI select material in the reinforced zone of standard temporary geotextile walls.

(B) Standard Temporary Walls

Use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing, struts and wires with the dimensions and minimum wire sizes shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation and retention geotextiles. Do not use more than 4 different reinforcement strengths for each standard temporary wall.

(1) Geotextile Reinforcement

Provide Type 4a geotextile for geotextile reinforcement except for the ultimate tensile strength. Based on actual wall height, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone at each standard temporary geotextile wall location, provide geotextiles with ultimate tensile strengths as shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02.

(2) Geogrid Reinforcement

Use geogrids for geogrid reinforcement with a roll width of at least 4 ft and an “approved” status code in accordance with the NCDOT Geosynthetic Reinforcement Evaluation Program. The list of approved geogrids is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Based on actual wall height, groundwater or flood elevation, slope or surcharge case and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone at each standard temporary geogrid wall location, provide geogrids for geogrid reinforcement with short-term design strengths as shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. Geogrids are approved for short-term design strengths (3-year design life) in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) based on material type. Define material type from the website above for shoring backfill as follows:

Material Type	Shoring Backfill
Borrow	A-2-4 Soil
Fine Aggregate	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
Coarse Aggregate	Class V or VI Select Material

Preconstruction Requirements

(A) Concrete Barrier

Define “clear distance” behind concrete barrier as the horizontal distance between the barrier and edge of pavement. The minimum required clear distance for concrete barrier is shown in the plans. At the Contractor’s option or if the minimum required clear distance is not available, set concrete barrier next to and up against traffic side of standard shoring except for barrier above standard temporary walls. Concrete barrier with the minimum required clear distance is required above standard temporary walls.

(B) Temporary Guardrail

Define “clear distance” behind temporary guardrail as the horizontal distance between guardrail posts and standard shoring. At the Contractor’s option or if clear distance for standard temporary shoring is less than 4 ft, attach guardrail to traffic side of shoring as shown in the plans. Place ABC in clear distance and around guardrail posts instead of pavement. Do not use temporary guardrail above standard temporary walls.

(C) Standard Shoring Selection Forms

Before beginning standard shoring construction, survey existing ground elevations in the vicinity of standard shoring locations to determine actual shoring or wall heights (H). Submit a standard shoring selection form for each location at least 7 days before starting standard shoring construction. Standard shoring selection forms are available from: connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech_Forms_Details.aspx

Construction Methods

Construct standard shoring in accordance with the *Temporary Shoring* provision.

(A) Standard Temporary Shoring Installation

Based on actual shoring height, positive protection, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and traffic impact at each standard temporary shoring location, install piles with the minimum required embedment and extension for each shoring section in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. For concrete barrier above and next to standard temporary shoring and temporary guardrail above and attached to standard temporary shoring, use “surcharge case with traffic impact” in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. Otherwise, use “slope or surcharge case with no traffic impact” in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. If refusal is reached before driven piles attain the minimum required embedment, use drilled-in H-piles with timber lagging for standard temporary shoring.

(B) Standard Temporary Walls Installation

Based on actual wall height, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case, geotextile or geogrid reinforcement and shoring backfill in the reinforced zone at each standard temporary wall location, construct walls with the minimum required reinforcement length and number of reinforcement layers for each wall section in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. For standard temporary walls with pile foundations in the reinforced zone, drive piles through reinforcement after constructing temporary walls.

For standard temporary walls with interior angles less than 90°, wrap geosynthetics at acute corners as directed by the Engineer. Place geosynthetics as shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. Place separation geotextiles between shoring backfill and backfill, natural ground or culverts along the sides of the reinforced zone perpendicular to the wall face. For Class V or VI select material in the reinforced zone, place separation geotextiles between shoring backfill and backfill or natural ground on top of and at the back of the reinforced zone.

Measurement and Payment

Standard shoring will be measured and paid in accordance with the *Temporary Shoring* provision.



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Scott A. Hidden
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12/07/2023

**PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
GEOENVIRONMENTAL**

CONTAMINATED SOIL (11/29/2023)

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that soil contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbon compounds exist within the project area. The known areas of contamination are indicated on corresponding plans sheets. Information relating to these contaminated areas, sample locations, and investigation reports will be available at the following web address by navigating to the correct letting year and month then selecting, "Plans and Proposals", "R-2577A", "Individual Sheets/520 GeoEnvironmental":

<http://dotw-xfer01.dot.state.nc.us/dsplan/>

Petroleum contaminated soil may be encountered during any earthwork activities on the project. The Contractor shall only excavate those soils that the Engineer designates necessary to complete a particular task. The Engineer shall determine if soil is contaminated based on areas shown on the plans, petroleum odors, and unusual soil staining. Contaminated soil not required to be excavated is to remain in place and undisturbed. Undisturbed soil shall remain in place, whether contaminated or not. The Contractor shall transport all contaminated soil excavated from the project to a facility licensed to accept contaminated soil.

In the event that a stockpile is needed, the stockpile shall be created within the property boundaries of the source material and in accordance with the Diagram for Temporary Containment and Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil per North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's (NCDEQ) Division of Waste Management UST Section GUIDELINES FOR EX SITU PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION. If the volume of contaminated material exceeds available space on site, the Contractor shall obtain a permit from the NCDEQ UST Section's Regional Office for off-site temporary storage. The Contractor shall provide copies of disposal manifests completed per the disposal facilities requirements and weigh tickets to the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment:

The quantity of contaminated soil hauled and disposed of shall be the actual number of tons of material, which has been acceptably transported and weighed with certified scales as documented by disposal manifests and weigh tickets. The quantity of contaminated soil, measured as provided above, shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for "Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil".

The above price and payment shall be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to stockpiling, loading, transportation, weighing, laboratory testing, disposal, equipment, decontamination of equipment, labor, and personal protective equipment.

Payment shall be made under:

Pay Item

Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil

Pay Unit

Ton

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Ethan J. Caldwell
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11/29/2023



**PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
LIGHTING**

1.00 DESCRIPTION

The work covered by this Section consists of furnishing, installing, connecting, and placing into satisfactory operating condition roadway lighting at locations shown on the plans. Perform all work in accordance with these Special Provisions, the Plans, the National Electrical Code, and North Carolina Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures" (*2024 Standard Specifications*).

Perform all work in conformance with Division 14 of the *2024 Standard Specifications* except as modified or added to by these Special Provisions. Install all bore pits outside the clear zone, as defined in the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide or as directed by the Engineer.

In addition to the requirements of Division 1400, other specific Sections of the *2024 Standard Specifications* applicable to the work on this project are listed below.

Section 1401	High Mount Standard and Portable Drive Unit
Section 1404	Light Standards
Section 1407	Electric Service Pole and Lateral
Section 1408	Light Control System
Section 1409	Electrical Duct
Section 1410	Feeder Circuits
Section 1411	Electrical Junction Boxes

1.10 FINAL INSPECTION

The electrical subcontractor foreman onsite during project construction shall also be onsite during the final inspection by NCDOT Lighting & Electrical personnel. In instances where the same foreman cannot be present, the final inspection shall be canceled and rescheduled. As-built plans are required to be submitted prior to the final inspection.

2.00 LIGHT STANDARD LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES**2.10 DESCRIPTION**

Furnish, install and place into satisfactory operation a light standard luminaire, either on a bracket arm or directly mounted to the standard, complete with all light sources, drivers, wiring inside standard from circuit conductors to luminaire, in-line breakaway fuseholders and fuses and ground wiring at the pole on light standards less than 55 ft. in height.

Any light standard luminaire submitted for approval must meet the minimum requirements in the table and sections below.

Type	HPS Replacement Equivalent	Color Temp	Min. % of initial output at 70k hours	Min. Maintained Delivered Lumens
185W LED	250W	3500K ±500K	83%	15,500
285W LED	400W	3500K ±500K	83%	19,150

Third party certified photometric files in IES format are required to be submitted with the catalog cuts for the proposed LED roadway luminaire. Photometric files must show that proposed luminaire will meet or exceed the design shown in the plans.

The manufacturer shall state the Light Loss Factor (LLF) used in the photometric calculations for the proposed luminaire. LLF shall be calculated as follows:

$$\text{LLF} = \text{Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD)} \times \text{Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD)}$$

- Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) shall be the value calculated and reported by the manufacturer based on the LM-80 and TM-21 reports for the proposed fixture for 70,000 hours at 25° C.
- Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD) = 0.90

2.20 MATERIALS

2.21 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Requirements

- LM-79 photometric test reports shall be provided for all LED luminaires. LM-79 luminaire photometric reports shall be produced by an independent test laboratory and include the following:
 - Name of test laboratory. The test laboratory must hold National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accreditation for the IES LM-79 test procedure or must be qualified, verified, and recognized through the U.S. Department of Energy's CALiPER program.
 - Report number
 - Date
 - Complete luminaire catalog number. Catalog number tested must match the catalog number of the luminaire submitted, except for variations which do not affect performance.
 - Description of luminaire, LED light source(s), and LED driver(s)
 - Goniophotometry
 - Colorimetry
- LM-80 lumen maintenance test report shall be provided for each respective LED light source.
- Luminaire shall be constructed of a single piece die cast aluminum housing. Each luminaire shall be finished gray in color unless otherwise noted.

- The luminaire shall have a 7 pin ANSI C136.41 compliant photocontrol receptacle for future expansion capabilities.
- Provide a summary of reliability testing performed for LED driver.
- Luminaires maximum total power consumption shall not exceed the values shown in the table above. Nominal luminaire input wattage shall account for nominal applied voltage and any reduction in driver efficiency due to sub-optimal driver loading.
- Luminaire shall have a maximum Backlight, Uplight & Glare (BUG) rating of 3-0-3 and an IESNA distribution of Type II or Type III as required to meet the spacing, the average maintained footcandle level and the average to minimum uniformity ratio requirements shown on the plans. The same BUG rating and distribution type shall be used throughout the project.
- Minimum Ingress Protection (IP) dust and moisture ratings for the luminaire electrical components (driver and surge protection) and luminaire optical components shall be IP65 and IP66, respectively, as specified in ANSI C136.25.
- Luminaire shall have external and internal labels per ANSI C136.15 and ANSI C136.22, respectively. Internal label shall identify the manufacturer, year and month of manufacture and the manufacturer's part number.
- Luminaire shall have an internal bubble level.
- Luminaires shall start and operate in -20°C to +40°C ambient.
- Luminaires shall be rated for continuous service at an ambient temperature of 40°C (104°F)
- Electrically test fully assembled luminaires before shipment from factory.
- Effective Projected Area (EPA) and weight of the luminaires shall not exceed 1.4 square feet and 46 lbs.
- Luminaires shall be designed for ease of electrical component replacement.
- Luminaires shall be rated for minimum 2G vibration, minimum, per ANSI C136.31.
- LED light sources and drivers shall be RoHS compliant.
- The luminaire manufacturer shall have no less than five (5) years of experience in manufacturing LED-based lighting products and the manufacturing facility must be ISO 9001 certified.
- Luminaire shall have a 1.25" to 2.0" adjustable tenon mount for connection to luminaire bracket arm assembly.
- Pole hardware, nuts, bolts, and washers, etc. shall be made from 18-8 stainless steel, or steel conforming to ASTM A307 galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.
- Grommets shall be installed in cable entry holes. Cable entry holes shall be free from sharp edges which might cut conductors or an ungloved hand.
- All conductors inside the luminaire shall be neatly secured with tie-wraps as needed to prevent pinch points and assist in trouble shooting.

B. Driver

- Shall be 0V-10V dimmable.
- Rated case temperature shall be suitable for operation in the luminaire operating in the ambient temperature range of -20°C to +40°C.

- Shall be rated for 480VAC at 50/60 Hz, and shall operate normally for input voltage fluctuations of $\pm 10\%$.
 - Shall have a minimum Power Factor (PF) of 0.90 at full input power and across specified voltage range.
 - Shall provide UL Class II output.
- C. Surge Suppression
- Integral surge protection shall meet ANSI/IEEE C62.45 procedures based on ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2 definitions for standard and optional waveforms for location category C-High 10kV/10kA test, IEC 61000-4-2 (Electrostatic Discharge) 8kV Air/4kV Contact test and IEC 61000-4-4 (Fast Transients).
- D. Electromagnetic interference
- Luminaires shall have a maximum Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of 20% at full input power and across specified voltage range.
 - Luminaires shall comply with FCC 47 CFR part 15 non-consumer RFI/EMI standards.
- E. Electrical safety testing
- Luminaires shall be listed for wet locations.
 - Luminaires shall be UL listed and labeled.
- F. Finish
- Luminaires shall be painted with a corrosion resistant polyester powdered paint with a minimum 2.0 mil thickness.
 - Luminaires shall exceed a rating of six per ASTM D1654 after 1000 hours of salt spray fog testing per ASTM B117.
 - The coating shall exhibit no greater than 30% reduction of gloss per ASTM D523, after 500 hours of QUV testing at ASTM G154 Cycle 6.
 - Exterior surfaces shall be smooth and free of burrs.
- G. Thermal management
- Mechanical design of protruding external surfaces (heat sink fins) on roadway luminaires shall facilitate hose-down cleaning and discourage debris accumulation.
 - Liquids or moving parts will not be allowed for thermal management.
- H. Color Quality
- Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI) of 70 with a Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 3000K to 4000K
- I. Optics
- Transmissive optical components shall be applied in accordance with OEM design guidelines to ensure suitability for the thermal/mechanical/chemical environment.
- J. The following shall be in accordance with corresponding sections of ANSI C136.37

- All internal components shall be assembled and pre-wired using modular electrical connections.
- Terminal blocks shall be used for incoming AC lines. Terminal blocks shall be easily accessible to installers or repair personnel. Wire nuts are prohibited inside the luminaire housing.

K. Latching and hinging

- Refractor and housing door holders and hinges shall be designed to maintain positive control of door to the luminaire body so as not to allow the accidental disengagement of either door.
- Drivers shall be mounted to a housing door designed to be opened from the bottom of the luminaire. Housing door shall allow easy removal for troubleshooting/repair on the ground.

L. Manufacturer or local sales representative shall provide installation and troubleshooting support via telephone and/or email.

Include a shorting cap for each luminaire provided.

Provide wiring inside the light standard, breakaway fuseholders and fuses meeting Article 1400-2 of the *2024 Standard Specifications*, respectively.

2.30 WARRANTY

Provide a minimum ten-year warranty covering maintained integrity and functionality of the luminaire housing, wiring, and connections, LED light source(s) and LED driver. Negligible light output from more than 10 percent of the LED packages, color shifting, or flickering/strobing not related to incoming power issues all constitute luminaire failure.

Warranty period shall begin after project acceptance by the Department. Supplier shall furnish documentation of warranty procedures to the Contractor stating that warranty is for NCDOT.

2.40 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Level and secure each luminaire in all directions. Adjust any luminaires, as directed by the Engineer, to provide optimal illumination distribution.

All LED packages on all luminaires must be operating normally at contract completion. Any luminaire displaying improper operating characteristics prior to contract completion will be replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department.

2.50 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The light standard luminaires measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per each "Light Standard Luminaires, Type _____". Such price and payment will be considered full compensation for providing and installing the LED light standard luminaire on the

bracket arm, wiring inside the standard from the circuit conductors to the LED light standard luminaire, in-line breakaway fuseholders with fuses, ground wiring at the pole of the light standard and a shorting cap.

Payment will be made under:

Light Standard Luminaires, Type _____ Each

3.00 HIGH MAST LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES

3.10 DESCRIPTION

Furnish, install and place into satisfactory operation, LED luminaires on high mount standards as detailed in these Special Provisions.

Any high mast luminaire submitted for approval must meet the minimum requirements in the table and sections below.

Mounting Height	Max. LED Fixture Wattage	Number & HPS Replacement Equivalent	Color Temp	Min. % of initial output at 70k hours	Min. Maintained Delivered Lumens (per fixture)
120'	560W	8 x 750W	3500K ±500K	87%	54,000
100'	560W	6 x 750W	3500K ±500K	87%	54,000
80'	335W	8 x 400W	3500K ±500K	87%	27,000
60'	335W	4 x 400W	3500K ±500K	87%	27,000

The Contractor shall supply the Department with current catalog cuts and 3rd party certified photometric data files in Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) format for any high mount luminaire submitted for approval. The Department will thoroughly evaluate all high mount luminaires to determine if the submitted high mount luminaire meets or exceeds design criteria and pole spacing shown on the plans. High mount luminaires which do not meet or exceed the design criteria, or which do not produce enough light to meet the pole spacings shown on the plans, will not be approved for use.

The manufacturer shall state the Light Loss Factor (LLF) used in the photometric calculations for the proposed luminaire. LLF shall be calculated as follows:

$$LLF = \text{Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD)} \times \text{Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD)}$$

- Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) shall be the value calculated and reported by the manufacturer based on the LM-80 and TM-21 reports for the proposed fixture for 70,000 hours at 25° C.
- Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD) = 0.90

High mount luminaire retrofit LED kits are not an acceptable alternative.

3.20 MATERIALS

3.21 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Requirements

- LM-79 photometric test reports shall be provided for all LED luminaires. LM-79 luminaire photometric reports shall be produced by an independent test laboratory and include the following:
 - Name of test laboratory. The test laboratory must hold National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accreditation for the IES LM-79 test procedure or must be qualified, verified, and recognized through the U.S. Department of Energy's CALiPER program.
 - Report number
 - Date
 - Complete luminaire catalog number. Catalog number tested must match the catalog number of the luminaire submitted, except for variations which do not affect performance.
 - Description of luminaire, LED light source(s), and LED driver(s)
 - Goniophotometry
 - Colorimetry
- LM-80 lumen maintenance test report shall be provided for each respective LED light source.
- Luminaire shall be constructed of aluminum. Each luminaire shall be finished gray in color unless otherwise noted.
- The luminaire shall have a 7 pin ANSI C136.41 compliant photocontrol receptacle for future expansion capabilities.
- Provide a summary of reliability testing performed for LED driver.
- Luminaires maximum total power consumption shall not exceed the values shown in the table above. Nominal luminaire input wattage shall account for nominal applied voltage and any reduction in driver efficiency due to sub-optimal driver loading.
- Luminaire shall have a maximum Backlight, Uplight & Glare (BUG) rating of 5-0-5 and an IESNA distribution of Type V as required to meet the spacing, the average maintained footcandle level and the average to minimum uniformity ratio requirements shown on the plans. The same BUG rating and distribution type shall be used throughout the project.
- Luminaire LED modules shall meet dust and moisture rating of IP-66, minimum.
- Luminaire shall have an external label per ANSI C136.15.
- Luminaires shall have an internal label per ANSI C136.22.
- Luminaires shall start and operate in -20°C to +40°C ambient.
- Electrically test fully assembled luminaires before shipment from factory.
- Effective Projected Area (EPA) and weight of the luminaires shall not exceed 1.3 square feet and 65 lbs.
- Luminaires shall be designed for ease of electrical component replacement.
- Luminaires shall be rated for minimum 2G vibration, minimum, per ANSI C136.31-2010

- LED light sources and drivers shall be RoHS compliant.
- The luminaire manufacturer shall have no less than five (5) years of experience in manufacturing LED-based lighting products and the manufacturing facility must be ISO 9001 certified.
- Pole hardware, nuts, bolts, and washers, etc. shall be made from 18-8 stainless steel, or steel conforming to ASTM A307 galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.

B. Driver

- Shall be 0V-10V dimmable.
- Rated case temperature shall be suitable for operation in the luminaire operating in the ambient temperature range of -20°C to +40°C.
- Shall be rated for 480VAC at 50/60 Hz, and shall operate normally for input voltage fluctuations of $\pm 10\%$.
- Shall have a minimum Power Factor (PF) of 0.90 at full input power and across specified voltage range.

C. Surge Suppression

- Integral surge protection shall meet ANSI/IEEE C62.45 procedures based on ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2 definitions for standard and optional waveforms for location category C-High 10kV/10kA test, IEC 61000-4-2 (Electrostatic Discharge) 8kV Air/4kV Contact test and IEC 61000-4-4 (Fast Transients).

D. Electromagnetic interference

- Luminaires shall have a maximum Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of 20% at full input power and across specified voltage range.
- Luminaires shall comply with FCC 47 CFR part 15 non-consumer RFI/EMI standards.

E. Electrical safety testing

- Luminaires shall be listed for wet locations.
- Luminaires shall be UL listed and labeled.

F. Finish

- Luminaires shall be painted with a corrosion resistant polyester powdered paint with a minimum 2.0 mil thickness.
- Luminaires shall exceed a rating of six per ASTM D1654 after 1000 hours of salt spray fog testing per ASTM B117.
- The coating shall exhibit no greater than 30% reduction of gloss per ASTM D523, after 500 hours of QUV testing at ASTM G154 Cycle 6.

G. Thermal management

- Mechanical design of protruding external surfaces (heat sink fins) shall facilitate hose-down cleaning and discourage debris accumulation.

H. Color Quality

- Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI) of 70 with a Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 3000K to 4000K

I. Optics

- Transmissive optical components shall be applied in accordance with OEM design guidelines to ensure suitability for the thermal/mechanical/chemical environment.

J. The following shall be in accordance with corresponding sections of ANSI C136.37

- All internal components shall be assembled and pre-wired using modular electrical connections.
- Terminal blocks shall be used for incoming AC lines
- Latching and hinging

K. Manufacturer or local sales representative shall provide installation and troubleshooting support via telephone and/or email.

Include a shorting cap for each luminaire provided.

3.30 WARRANTY

Provide a minimum ten-year warranty covering maintained integrity and functionality of the luminaire housing, wiring, and connections, LED light source(s) and LED driver. Negligible light output from more than 10 percent of the LED packages, color shifting, or flickering/strobing not related to incoming power issues all constitute luminaire failure.

Warranty period shall begin after project acceptance by the Department.

3.40 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Level and secure each luminaire in all directions. Securely terminate the wiring for each high mount luminaire and include an equipment grounding conductor to bond the housing to the supply cord grounding conductor.

Adjust any luminaires, as directed by the Engineer, to provide optimal illumination distribution.

All LED packages on all luminaires must be operating normally at contract completion. Any luminaire displaying improper operating characteristics prior to contract completion will be replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department.

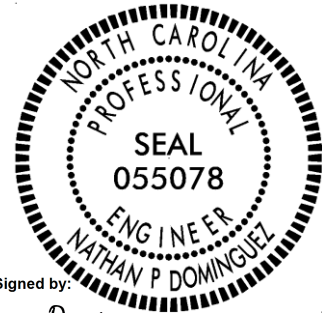
3.50 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The high mount luminaires measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per each "High Mount Luminaires _____". Such price and payment will be considered full compensation for providing and installing the LED high mount luminaire with a shorting cap on

the carrier ring tenon arm and connecting the LED high mount luminaire to the supply cord on the carrier ring.

Payment will be made under:

High Mount Luminaires _____ Each



DocuSigned by:
Nathan Dominguez
 4C60B9594A584312/06/2023

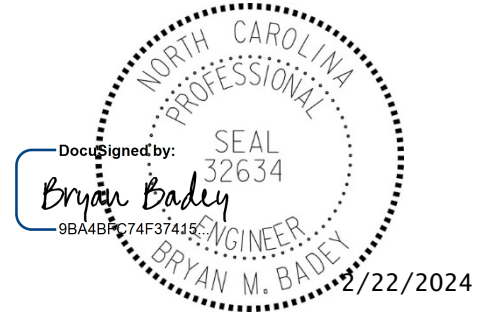
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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utility Construction

2/22/2024

RK&K
8601 Six Forks Road
Forum 1, Suite 700
Raleigh, NC 27615



**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

The proposed utility construction shall meet the NCDOT 2024 “Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures” with amendments noted below.

In these Project Special Provisions, where manufacturers are listed for certain products, the cited examples are used only to denote the quality standard of the products desired, and they do not restrict bidders to a specific brand, make, manufacturer or specific name; they are used only to set forth and convey to bidders the general style, type, character and quality of products desired; and equivalent products will be acceptable, subject to review and approval by the utility system owner.

Contractor shall coordinate closely with NCDOT and Utility owners during installation of water and sanitary sewer line for any necessary shutdowns or by-pass pumping.

Revise the 2024 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 2-1; Section 200 Clearing and Grubbing; Sub-article 200-3, Construction Methods (D):

Delete the following:

Cut off and plug at the right-of-way or construction limits any private water or sewer line intercepted during the construction of the project.

Replace with the following:

Locate and do not damage any private water or sewer line intercepted during the construction of the project. Immediately repair any water or sewer line damaged during construction of the project.

Page 2-8; Section 220 Blasting; Sub-article 220-3, Construction Methods:

Add the following:

All blasting operations will be conducted in strict conformance with the existing ordinances of the City of Winston-Salem (or any other governing authority) and accepted safe practices relative to the storage and use of explosives.

Page 3-2; Section 300 Pipe Installation; Sub-Article 300-4 Preparation of Pipe Foundation:

Delete the last 2 sentences of the second paragraph.

Page 3-3; Section 300 Pipe Installation; Article 300-7 Backfilling:

Add the following to line 39:

Flowable fill, if approved, must not come in contact with the pipe.

Page 10-65; Section 1034 Sanitary Sewer Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1034-2, Plastic Pipe:

Delete in its entirety. City does not allow PVC pipe in its gravity sewer system and there is no force main replacement included in this project.

Page 10-65; Section 1034 Sanitary Sewer Pipe And Fitting Sub-article 1034-3; Concrete Sewer Pipe:

Delete in its entirety. City does not allow new concrete pipe in its sewer system.

Page 10-65; Section 1034 Sanitary Sewer Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1034-4 Ductile Iron Pipe, (A) Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe:

Add the following sentences to paragraph 2:

Rubber gasket joints shall conform to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111). Pipe design laying condition will be Type 2, flat-bottom trench with backfill lightly consolidated to centerline of pipe. Pipe for sanitary sewer shall be minimum thickness Class 50. Pipe for water shall be pressure Class 350 for 3” – 16” and pressure Class 250 for 18” and above.

The interior of pipe for sanitary sewer will be lined with 40 mils of ceramic epoxy. All bells and spigots for sanitary sewer pipe must be lined with a minimum of 8 mils of joint compound. The exterior of all pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating.

For fittings, all glands shall be ductile iron, not gray iron. Fittings shall have a minimum pressure rating of 250 psi. Rubber gasket joints shall conform to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111). “DI” or “Ductile” shall be cast on each fitting.

The interior of fittings for sanitary sewer will be lined with 40 mils of ceramic epoxy. All bells and spigots for sanitary sewer fittings must be lined with a minimum of 8 mils of joint compound. The exterior of all fittings shall be coated with a bituminous coating. Fittings coated on the interior and exterior with 8 mils of fusion bonded epoxy in accordance with

ANSI/AWWA C116 and ANSI/AWWA C550 are acceptable.

Restrained joint pipe and fittings with a gripping gasket as the only means of restraint will not be allowed.

Page 10-65, Section 1034 Sanitary Sewer Pipe and Fittings:
add the following:

1034-5 Cast Iron Soil Pipe

All cast iron soil pipe and fittings will conform to ASTM A74 and be classified as SV (service weight). Single or double hub is acceptable. No-hub pipe shall not be used. All pipe and fittings shall be uniformly coated with bituminous coating. Joints will be rubber gasket. Rubber gaskets shall conform to ASTM C564. 4" x 4" combination wye and eighth bends shall be short pattern - Fig. No. SV-32 by Charlotte Pipe and Foundry (or approved equal). 4" cleanouts shall consist of a 4" service weight cast iron ferrule (with 3" iron pipe size tap) and a 3" brass plug. The plug shall have a low raised square head (Southern Code). Cleanouts shall be Part Number 184 by Jumbo Manufacturing Company (or approved equal).

Page 10-66; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting Sub-article 1036-2; Copper Pipe second paragraph:

Delete:

“Use flared or”

Page 10-67; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-5 Ductile Iron Pipe And Fittings:

Add the following paragraphs:

Ductile Iron Pipe:

- (1) Ductile iron pipe shall be designed to conform to ANSI A21.50 (AWWA C150) and shall be manufactured to conform to ANSI A21.51 (AWWA C151). The interior of pipe for water will be cement lined in accordance with ANSI A21.4 (AWWA C104). The exterior of all pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating.
- (2) Pipe for water shall be pressure Class 350 for 3" - 16" and pressure Class 250 for 18" and above. Any deviations in class shall be otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the Engineer's drawings. If for any reason the Engineer finds any or all ductile iron pipe unacceptable, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining acceptable pipe. The Engineer's acceptance or rejection of all pipe will be final.

Ductile Iron Flexible Restrained Joint Pipe and Fittings:

- (1) All restrained joint pipe and fittings shall have flexible push-on joints unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. At locations where field cutting of restrained joint pipe is required for fittings, the TR Flex Gripper Ring may be used. Field welding will not be allowed. Restrained joint pipe and fittings with a gripping gasket as the only means of restraint will not be allowed. Pipe and fittings shall be Flex-Ring by American, TR Flex by U.S. Pipe, or TR Flex by McWane (* or approved equal). If for any reason the Engineer finds any or all ductile iron flexible restrained joint pipe unacceptable, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining acceptable pipe. The Engineer's acceptance or rejection of all pipe will be final.

Page 10-67; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-6 Fire Hydrants:
Add the following paragraphs:

- (1) All hydrants will have a dry top with O-ring seals which permanently seal off the stem operating threads from water and keep the lubricant in. All hydrants shall be opened by turning the operating nut on top of the hydrant counterclockwise. The operating nut and cap nuts shall be pentagon-shaped, 1 ½" measured point to flat. The main valve shall be a compression type valve with a valve opening of 5 ¼". Each hydrant will have two hose nozzles and one steamer nozzle. The 2 ½" hose nozzles shall have national standard threads. The steamer nozzle shall have a 5" integral Storz connection. The nozzle shall be fastened into the hydrant barrel by mechanical means, but shall not be leaded into the barrel. Nozzle caps shall be chained to the barrel. All hydrants will be furnished with a breakable traffic feature that will break upon impact. The feature shall consist of a breakable safety flange on the barrel and a breakable safety coupling in the main valve stem. Hydrants must have a bronze main valve seat ring that threads into a bronze drain ring. Each hydrant shall have at least two bronze drain outlets. All hydrants will have 6" mechanical joint base connections or the Alpha connection by American Flow Control or approved equal unless otherwise specified by the Engineer. Hydrants shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 250 psi. Assembled hydrants shall be subjected to hydrostatic tests of twice the rated working pressure in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C502. All exterior iron surfaces below ground level shall be covered with two coats of asphaltic varnish or fusion bonded epoxy. All exterior iron surfaces above ground level shall be painted yellow to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Yellow paint shall be Rust-Oleum 7446, Rust-Oleum V2148, Kimball Midwest 80-942, or manufacturer's standard equivalent. All interior iron surfaces of the hydrant shoe which are in contact with water (including the lower valve plate and nut) shall be coated with a minimum of 8 mils of fusion bonded epoxy or liquid epoxy in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C550. All hydrants shall have a thrust or anti-friction washer in the operating area of the hydrant bonnet. A weather cap around the operating nut on top of the hydrant is required. Hydrants accepted by the City of Winston- Salem are as follows:

Owner Preference:

Super Centurion 250, manufactured by Mueller Company

B-84-B-5, manufactured by American Flow Control

K-81D Guardian, manufactured by Kennedy Valve Company

Medallion, manufactured by Clow Valve Company
*or approved equal

Page 10-67; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-7 Water Valves; (A) Gate Valves

Add the following paragraphs:

Valves (Gate) - 3" Through 16":

- (1) All gate valves shall be resilient-seated gate valves which meet the specifications of ANSI/AWWA C509 or ANSI/AWWA C515. The valve body, bonnet and seal plate shall be coated on all exterior and interior surfaces with a minimum of 8-10 mils of fusion bonded epoxy in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C550. The valve shall incorporate a guide system with guide lugs on the wedge or on the body. The wedge shall be gray or ductile iron, fully encapsulated with rubber (including guide lugs and stem nut holder). Non-rising stem valves shall have two O-ring seals above the stem thrust collar that can be replaced with the valve under pressure. Non-rising stem valves shall also have a thrust washer on the stem thrust collar. Valves used for buried service will have a non-rising stem, mechanical joint end connections, and a 2" square operating nut. The word "OPEN" and an arrow to indicate the direction of opening the valve shall be cast on the flanged base of the operating nut. Above ground valves, unless otherwise specified, will have an outside screw and yoke rising stem or a non-rising stem, flanged end connections, and a handwheel to operate the valve. The word "OPEN" and an arrow to indicate the direction of opening the valve shall be cast on the rim of the handwheel. All valves will open by turning the nut or handwheel counterclockwise. Valves installed in manholes will normally be considered to be buried service valves and valves installed in vaults will normally be considered to be above ground valves.

- (2) Resilient-seated gate valves shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 250 psi. Each valve shall be seat tested at the rated working pressure and shell tested at twice the rated working pressure in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C509 - Section 5 or ANSI/AWWA C515 - Section 5. All valves shall be warranted for 10 years from date of purchase against defective materials and workmanship. Gate valves furnished under these specifications must be manufactured by one of the following:

Owner Preference:

Clow Valve Company
M & H Valve Company
American Flow Control
U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company
Mueller Company
Kennedy Valve Company
* or approved equal

Page 10-67; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-7 (B) Bronze Gate Valves:

Replace with the following:

The use of bronze gate valves shall not be permitted.

Page 10-67; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-7 Water Valves; (C) Tapping Valves

Add the following paragraphs:

All tapping valves shall meet the specifications for "gate valves" except that the valve shall have an inlet flange (with centering ring) for connection to the flanged sleeve outlet.

Tapping Valves Owner Preference:

- (1) Clow Valve Company
 - (2) M & H Valve Company
 - (3) American Flow Control
 - (4) U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company
 - (5) Mueller Company
 - (6) Kennedy Valve Company
- *or approved equal

Page 10-68; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-8 Sleeves, Couplings and Miscellaneous; (A) Tapping Sleeves

Add the following paragraphs:

Tapping sleeves shall be a split sleeves with mechanical joint end connections and a flanged outlet. Sleeves shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 200 psi.

Tapping Sleeves Owner Preference:

- Mueller Company
 - American Flow Control
 - Tyler Pipe Company
 - U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company
 - Kennedy Valve Company
- *or approved equal

Tapping Saddles Owner Preference:

- American Flow Control
 - U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company
- *or approved equal

Page 10-68; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-9, Service Line Valves and Fittings, Paragraph 1

Add the following:

All corporation cocks shall be made of brass. All brass fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA C800 and ASTM B-584. All brass components in contact with potable water must be made from CDA/UNS Brass Alloy C89833 with a maximum lead content of .25% by weight. Brass alloys not listed in ANSI/AWWA C800 Paragraph 4.1.2 are not approved. All fittings shall be UL classified to NSF/ANSI 61 and NSF/ANSI 372 standards and stamped or embossed with a mark or name indicating that the product is manufactured from the low-lead alloy as specified. All corporation cocks shall be of the ball valve type with AWWA inlet threads.

Brass Fittings

All brass fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA C800 and ASTM B-584. All brass components in contact with potable water must be made from CDA/UNS Brass Alloy C89833 with a maximum lead content of .25% by weight. Brass alloys not listed in ANSI/AWWA C800 Paragraph 4.1.2 are not approved. All fittings shall be UL classified to NSF/ANSI 61 and NSF/ANSI 372 standards and stamped or embossed with a mark or name indicating that the product is manufactured from the low-lead alloy as specified.

Page 15-1; Section 1500 General Utility Requirements; Sub-article 1500-2 Cooperation with the Utility Owner; paragraph 2:

add the following sentences:

The utility owner is the City of Winston-Salem. The primary contact person for the owner is Todd Lewis, PE; He can be reached by phone, office phone: 336-747-6842. The contractor shall provide access for the owner's representatives to all phases of construction. The owner shall also be notified two (2) weeks prior to commencement of any work and one (1) week prior to service interruption.

Page 15-2; Section 1500 General Utility Requirements; Sub-article 1500-7, Submittals and Records:

Add the following after the third paragraph:

As a final measure required for acceptance, the Contractor shall clean and televise all sanitary sewer mains prior to requesting final inspection. The Contractor shall televise the entire sewer main and all service connections using standardized NASSCO (PACP, MACP, & LACP) practices, unless otherwise specified.

Two copies of the entire video inspection along with a properly formatted PACP standard exchange database shall be submitted to the Engineer on a data disc (DVD or flash drive).

Page 15-2; Section 1500 General Utility Requirements; Sub-article 1500-9 Placing Pipelines into Service:

Add the following sentences:

Obtain approval from City prior to placing a new water line into service. Use backflow prevention assemblies for temporary connections to isolate new water lines from existing water line. A representative from City will witness all tests performed on their water facilities.

Obtain approval from City prior to placing a new sewer line into service. A representative from City will witness all tests performed on their sewer facilities.

Page 15-3; Section 1505 Excavation, Trenching, Pipe Laying and Backfilling for Utilities; Article 1505-2 Materials:

Replace line 12 with the following:

Use Class VI select material for foundation conditioning and bedding.

Page 15-4; Section 1505 Excavation, Trenching, Pipe Laying and Backfilling for Utilities; Sub-article 1505-3 (C), Bedding:

Replace the first three (3) sentences with the following:

The limits for stone bedding will normally be shown on the profile of the Engineer's drawing. Stone bedding shall have a minimum thickness beneath the pipe of four inches (4") or one-eighth of the outside diameter of the pipe, whichever is greater. The required thickness shall be determined by the Engineer.

Page 15-4; Section 1505 Excavation, Trenching, Pipe Laying and Backfilling for Utilities; Sub-article 1505-3 (E), Thrust Restraint:

Replace the fourth paragraph with the following:

Concrete thrust blocks shall be constructed as directed by the Engineer at all bends, tees, tapping sleeves, tapping saddles, reducers, plugs, etc. to provide restraint against thrust resulting from internal pressure. Any exceptions to this such as restrained joints or mechanical joints with retainer glands will be noted on the Engineer's drawings or otherwise specified. Thrust blocks will not be required for restrained joint pipe (exception - blocking will be required when connecting restrained pipe to existing pipe). All thrust blocks will be constructed of a minimum of Class A concrete. Thrust blocks for bends, fire hydrants, tees and stub-outs shall be constructed in accordance with the City of Winston-Salem thrust block detail drawings. Polyethylene shall be placed over all fittings before the concrete is poured. All nuts and bolts shall be clear of concrete so that the joint will be accessible. Plywood shall be used as forms for blocking. Concrete is to be poured only against stable undisturbed soil and should be allowed to set prior to any backfilling. Thrust blocks should be allowed to cure two days prior

to pressure testing the water main. Higher strength concrete may be required when it is necessary to pressure test prior to the end of the two day curing time.

Page 15-5; Section 1510 Water Lines: The Contractor’s attention is directed to this section for the installation of 3” PVC Sleeve.

Measurement and Payment:

Payment for installation of 3” PVC sleeve shall be per linear foot and paid for under the contract price for “3” PVC Sleeve”. Such price and payments will be full compensation for all labor, materials (SDR 13.5), excavation, shoring, backfilling, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work. The installation of 3” PVC sleeve will be measured and paid for under the contract item “3” PVC Sleeve”.

Pay Item:

3” PVC Sleeve

Pay Unit

LF

Page 15-5; Section 1510 Water Lines: The Contractor’s attention is directed to this section for the installation of Concrete Cradle.

Measurement and Payment:

Payment for installation of Concrete Cradle shall be per each and paid for under the contract price for “Concrete Cradle”. Such price and payments will be full compensation for all labor, materials, excavation, shoring, backfilling, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work. The installation of the Concrete Cradle will be measured and paid for under the contract item “Concrete Cradle”.

Pay Item:

Concrete Cradle

Pay Unit

Each

Page 15-8; Section 1515 Utility Controls; sub-article 1515-3(B) Meters:

Add the following paragraph:

For relocated meters (with change to horizontal location):

The Contractor shall install a new meter box, angle valves, yoke, tee and ball valve as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall expose a portion of the water line from the dwelling or business to determine the material and have proper fittings for reconnection to the new meter box. At the approval of the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove the existing meter and install it in the new yoke. The Contractor shall reconnect the property side water line from the existing meter box to the new meter box. This reconnection shall be directed by the Engineer and performed in a timely manner so that the property is without water for a minimal amount of time. The Contractor shall remove and dispose of the existing meter box and yoke and backfill as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Page 15-8; Section 1515 Utility Controls; Article 1515-3 Construction Methods:

Add the following:

(H) Tapping Sleeves

Tapping sleeves and valves shall be used for "wet" taps into existing water mains as indicated on the Engineer's drawings. The Contractor shall verify the type of material, size, etc., of the existing main prior to ordering the sleeve. For taps on larger mains (24" and above), a saddle may be used in lieu of a sleeve, but only if the tap is less than or equal to half the size of the line to be tapped. All tapping sleeves and valves shall be water tested before the tap is made. Test pressure shall be 200 psi for 15 minutes without any drop in pressure. All tapping sleeves and valves shall be installed level. The Engineer must be present during the entire tapping and testing process.

Page 15-9; Section 1515 Utility Controls: The Contractor’s attention is directed to this section for the installation of Water Meter.

Measurement and Payment:

Payment for installation of Water Meter shall be per each meter where the size is unknown and not designated per plan. Contractor shall field verify existing size and replace with like size. Water Meter shall be paid for under the contract price for “Water Meter”. Such price and payments will be full compensation for all labor, materials, excavation, shoring, backfilling, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work. The installation of the Water Meter will be measured and paid for under the contract item “Water Meter”.

Pay Item:

Water Meter

Pay Unit

Each

Page 15-9; Section 1515 Utility Controls: The Contractor’s attention is directed to this section for the installation of Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor.

Measurement and Payment:

Payment for installation of Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor shall be per each backflow preventor where the size is unknown and not designated per plan. Contractor shall field verify existing size and relocate. Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor shall be paid for under the contract price for “Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor”. Such price and payments will be full compensation for all labor, materials, excavation, shoring, backfilling, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work. The installation of the Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor will be measured and paid for under the contract item “Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor”.

Pay Item:

Relocate DCV Backflow Preventor

Pay Unit

Each

Page 15-10; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-article 1520-2, Materials:

Delete the following:

Use screw type plastic or brass cleanouts.

Replace with the following:

Cleanouts shall be constructed of cast iron soil pipe with brass plug.

Page 15-10; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-article 1520-2 Materials:

add the following sentences:

- (1) Ductile iron pipe for sanitary sewer will be lined with 40 mils of a Ceramic Epoxy lining. All bells and spigots for sanitary sewer pipe must be lined with a minimum of 8 mils of Ceramic Epoxy. The exterior of all pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating.
- (2) Pipe joints will be single rubber gasket push-on type or mechanical joint type unless otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the Engineer's drawings. Rubber gasket joints shall conform to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111). Pipe design laying condition will be Type 2, flat-bottom trench with backfill lightly consolidated to centerline of pipe.
- (3) Pipe for sanitary sewer shall be minimum thickness Class 50. Any deviations in class shall be otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the Engineer's drawings. If for any reason the Engineer finds any or all ductile iron pipe unacceptable, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining acceptable pipe. The Engineer's acceptance or rejection of all pipe will be final.

Page 15-11; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-article 1520-3 Construction Method:

Delete third paragraph in its entirety. No PVC pipe is allowed on this project.

Page 15-11; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-article 1520-3 Construction Methods:

Add the following to the third sentence of the fifth paragraph:

“or within fenced areas”

Page 15-11; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-article 1520-3 Construction Methods:

Delete the seventh paragraph in its entirety.

Replace with the following:

The standard fall through manhole is 1” (0.08’) including 6” connections into a manhole.

Page 15-11; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-Article 1520-3 Construction Methods:
Add the following:

Sewer connections shall be installed as shown on the appropriate City of Winston-Salem detail drawing. Wyes or taps will not be allowed within 5 feet of a manhole. Only one bend will be allowed for connecting the sewer connection to the sewer main. If more than one bend is needed (Ex: bored sewer connection), the road shall be open cut and the connection installed properly. Sewer connections shall be a maximum of 75 feet from the sewer main to the cleanout. Cleanouts shall be installed between property corners of the lot for which the connection is intended. Connections into manholes will require a flexible sleeve at the manhole. If approved by the Engineer, four-inch (4") connections will be allowed to spill into deep manholes. For connections which spill, the 4" pipe shall protrude a minimum of 4" and a maximum of 6" beyond the inside wall of the manhole. Connections into manholes must be at least 6" from the nearest manhole step. Six-inch (6") connections must connect into a manhole.

When installing new sewer connections intended to replace existing ones, the new sewer connection shall be of like size to the existing. Reconnection of the old connection to the new shall be performed by a qualified utility contractor or by a licensed plumbing contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for all permits and inspections required for the reconnection.

Page 15-11; Section 1520 Sanitary Sewer; Sub-article 1520-3 Construction Methods
(A) Gravity Sanitary Sewer (2) Testing:

Delete in its entirety and replace with the following:

A low-pressure air test shall be performed by the Contractor after the pipeline is completely backfilled and before being placed into service. The Engineer must be present during the entire testing process. Any work done without their supervision will not be accepted.

(a) Low Pressure Air Testing Requirements:

The Contractor shall use an approved pressure gauge and perform the test in accordance with ASTM C-828. Each section of pipeline (including connections) between manholes will be tested by plugging the upstream manhole and the downstream manhole. By using mirrors, lights, etc., the Contractor must show the Engineer that the 2 plugs are at the proper location and that the line is clear between the plugs. Air is added to the line until the pressure is between 3.0 psi and 4.0 psi. If the pressure drops more than 1.0 psi during the time shown on the chart below, the line is presumed to have failed the test. An obvious leak in any section will be corrected even if the section passes testing. The Contractor will be responsible for the complete removal of all plugs.

Air test time shall be as follows:

Minimum Air Test Time

Main Size	Time (minutes per 100 feet of pipe)
8"	1.5
10"	1.8
12"	2.1
15"	2.4
18"	2.7
21"	3.3
24"	3.9
27"	4.5
30"	5.1

(b) Video Inspection:

As a final measure required for acceptance, the Contractor shall clean and televise all sanitary sewer mains prior to requesting final inspection. The Contractor shall televise the entire sewer main and all service connections using standardized NASSCO (PACP, MACP, & LACP) practices, unless otherwise specified below. The process shall begin at the upstream manhole for each segment, and proceed to the downstream manhole for that same segment. Connections shall be televised from the cleanout to the main. Video inspection may occur only after Record Drawings are accepted and approved by the City of Winston-Salem. Prior to beginning the process, a 24 hour notice must be given by the Contractor to the Engineer. Prior to video inspection in paved areas, structures must be raised to final grade and 2" of asphalt must be in place. The City will not accept video that is more than 180 days old unless approved by the Engineer.

The cameras used for inspection shall be ones specifically designed and constructed for sanitary sewer pipeline inspection. Lighting for the cameras shall be suitable to provide a clear color picture of the entire periphery of the pipe. The cameras used for mains must be able to pan, tilt and zoom in order to allow for 360 degree viewing. The television system shall be equipped to indicate the camera travel distance in feet by display on the video viewing screen. All television equipment (camera, monitor, etc.) must be capable of producing picture quality which is satisfactory to the Engineer.

Within 2 hours of the video inspection, the Contractor shall clean the sewer mains and service connections with a high velocity water jet. All debris shall be collected in the downstream manhole and removed by the Contractor. Debris shall not be released into the existing sewer system. During the entire video process, the distance counter must be set at zero at each upstream manhole for each segment (set the counter at zero at the ground for each service connection). The Contractor will be required to pan and tilt at each manhole and at each service connection. The interior of each manhole must be marked with the manhole station (or manhole number) with paint or some other legible identifier (6" - 12" high letters or numbers). Each cleanout stack must be marked with the house number or the lot number. For mains, the Contractor will also be required to pan, tilt and zoom at all

couplings, at all dates for Protecto 401 lined ductile iron pipe, and when any potential problems or abnormalities are noticed or suspected. Travel speed for the camera will be 15 - 30 feet per minute. The following video screen data will be required:

- Project name and project number
- Date of inspection
- Travel distance and time
- Station of start and end manholes
- Depth of start and end manholes
- Size of main
- Type of pipe

All above data shall be shown at the start and end manholes of each segment. While the camera is moving through the main and service connections, distance shall be the only data shown on the screen (top left or top right of screen).

For mains, a stream of water approximately 1" in width must be flowing during the entire video process. For service connections, a minimum of 5 gallons of water must be introduced into each cleanout stack just prior to the video process. In all cases, the flow must be shown on the bottom of the video screen.

Two copies of the entire video inspection along with a properly formatted PACP standard exchange database shall be submitted to the Engineer on a data disc (DVD or flash drive). A "properly formatted PACP standard exchange database" includes properly PACP coded defects (NASSCO version 6.x), proper media paths to associated video files, and all asset IDs used in the inspection must match what the submitted record drawings indicate for each asset. The video file shall be formatted to MPEG-4 (MP4) with software compatible and readable by the City of Winston-Salem. The City of Winston-Salem shall not be responsible for purchasing additional software necessary to view the video file. Each inspection (manhole to manhole or cleanout to main) shall be separated into its own chapter or file. In the event of a main inspection, the chapter or file shall be named to indicate the upstream manhole station or number and then the downstream manhole station or number (e.g. MH1-MH2). In the event of a service connection inspection, the chapter or file shall be named to indicate the house number or lot number associated with the inspection. All file naming should match the identification numbers (manhole station or number, house number, or lot number) shown on the Record Drawings. The submitted video must have the ability to be viewed using fast forward and rewind.

Any video that does not clearly show the pipe and service connections will be rejected. In the event that repairs are made, the segment receiving the repairs shall be flushed and televised again. The Engineer must oversee the entire cleaning and televising process. Final approval of the video inspection will only be after the Engineer has reviewed the video in the office (videos will not be field approved).

No direct payment will be made for cleaning and video inspection, as such work will be incidental to the installation of the pipe and/or service connections.

Page 15-14; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-article 1525-2 Materials

First paragraph, delete third sentence in its entirety.

Replace with the following:

Flexible manhole connectors shall conform to ASTM C923.

Page 15-14; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-article 1525-2 Materials, Line 10:

add the following:

Connectors shall be manufactured by:

Owner Preference

Press-Seal Gasket Corporation

Hamilton Kent,

NPC Inc.

*or approved equal.

Page 15-14; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-article 1525-2 Materials

Add the following paragraphs:

Manhole Rings and Covers (Type 1):

- (1) Type 1 manhole rings and covers will be made of cast iron and will conform to ASTM A48, Class 35B. In addition, all manhole rings and covers shall be designed to support an H-20 wheel load. All castings will conform to the shape and dimensions shown on the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for “Manhole Ring and Cover (Type 1)” and will be free from holes, cracks or any other defects. Rings and covers will have machined seats so that the cover will not rattle. Rings will weigh a minimum of 190 pounds and covers a minimum of 120 pounds. The name of the manufacturer and the part number shall be cast permanently on the ring and the cover. Castings that do not meet specifications shall be rejected.

Owner Preference:

East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. (Product No. 41384110 & 41384072)

U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing Corp. (Ring - Part No. 669; Cover - Part No. KL)

* or approved equal

Manhole Rings and Covers (Type 2):

- (1) Type 2 manhole rings and covers shall meet all specifications for Type 1 rings and covers and shall conform to the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for “Manhole Ring and Cover (Type 2)”.

Owner Preference:

East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. (Product No. 41385072)

U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing Corp. (Ring - Part No. 669-2WS; Cover - Part No. KL-2WS)

* or approved equal

Manhole Rings and Covers (Type 3):

- (1) Type 3 manhole rings and covers shall meet all specifications for Type 1 rings and covers, except that rings will weigh a minimum of 136 pounds and covers a minimum of 120 pounds. All rings and covers shall conform to the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for “Manhole Ring and Cover (Type 3)”.

Owner Preference:

East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. (Product No. 42384041W01)

U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing Corp. (Ring - Part No. 571WS; Cover - Part No. KKWS)

* or approved equal

MANHOLE STEPS:

- (1) All manhole steps shall conform to current OSHA standards and ASTM C478. The approved step shall conform to the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for “Polypropylene Manhole Step”. All other steps must be approved by the Engineer prior to being installed.

Page 15-7; Section 1515 Utility Controls; Sub-article 1515-2 Materials

Add the following paragraphs:

Valve Boxes:

- (1) Cast iron valve boxes will conform to ASTM A48, Class 30B. All boxes will conform to the shape and dimensions shown on the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for “Cast Iron Valve Box” and will be free from holes, cracks, or any other defects. All castings will be thoroughly coated with an asphaltic varnish. The name of the manufacturer shall be permanently cast on each piece. Valve boxes that do not meet specifications shall be rejected. Cast iron valve boxes furnished under these specifications shall be manufactured by one of the following:

Owner Preference:

Sigma Corp.

SIP Industries

DSI International

Star Pipe Products

*or approved equal

Page 15-14; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-article 1525-3 Construction Methods:
 Second paragraph, first sentence, delete the following:
 “resilient”

Replace with the following:
 “flexible”

Delete the second and third sentences in their entirety.

Page 15-14; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-article 1525-3 Construction Methods:
 Fifth paragraph, fourth sentence, delete the following:
 “recommended but not required”

Replace with the following:
 “required”

Page 15-15; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-Article 1525-3 (D) Testing:
 Replace with the following:

Each manhole constructed by the Contractor shall be vacuum tested by the Contractor after assembly of the manhole. Prior to testing, and as directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall clean out each manhole without foreign material being discharged into the existing sanitary sewer system. The test shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM C-1244. The test shall be performed after all grade rings and rings and covers have been installed. After the testing equipment is in place, a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury shall be drawn on the manhole. The time for the vacuum to drop to 9 inches of mercury must be greater than the minimum time listed below:

Minimum Vacuum Test Time (Seconds)

Manhole Depth	Diameter of Manhole		
	4'	5'	6'
0 - 10'	60 sec.	75 sec.	90 sec.
10 - 5'	75 sec.	90 sec.	105 sec.
15 - 25'	90 sec.	105 sec.	120 sec.
25 - 30'	105 sec.	120 sec.	135 sec.

The Engineer shall be present during the entire testing process. Any subsequent repairs to manholes which fail the vacuum test must be made on the inside and outside of each manhole. The Contractor will be responsible for the complete removal of all plugs.

No direct payment will be made for vacuum testing of manholes, as such work will be incidental

to the installation of the manhole.

Page 15-16; Section 1530 Abandon or Remove Utilities Sub-Article 1530-3 Construction Methods:

Add the following paragraphs:

(A) Abandoning Pipe

When abandoning water mains up to a main that is to remain in service, any valve or tee associated with the main to be abandoned shall be removed. A sleeve and any necessary piping shall be installed to reconnect the water main to remain in service. All other main line valves on abandoned water mains that are plugged and left in place shall be abandoned by removing the valve box. Hydrants connected to abandoned mains that are plugged and left in place shall also be abandoned by removing the hydrant and valve box. The work covered in this paragraph shall be considered incidental to the abandonment.

(E) Abandoning Sewer Connections

Sewer connections shall be abandoned by removing the cleanout stack (if one exists) and plugging the lateral at the base of the stack. If no cleanout exists, the Contractor shall plug the lateral at the right-of-way line.

Page 15-17; Section 1530 Abandon or Remove Utilities Sub-Article 1530-3 Construction Methods, (C) Remove Water Meter:

Replace the first sentence with the following:

Remove water meter by closing the corporation cock at the main and removing the lateral including the angle valve, setter and meter box.

Page 15-17; Section 1530 Abandon or Remove Utilities Sub-Article 1530-3 Construction Methods, (D) Remove Fire Hydrant:

Replace the first paragraph with the following:

The work performed to remove a hydrant from a main to be left in service shall include removing the hydrant, valve box and hydrant tee. A sleeve and any necessary piping shall be installed to reconnect the water main to be left in service.

Replace the second paragraph with the following:

Removed hydrants shall be provided to the City.

Page 15-17; Section 1530 Abandon or Remove Utilities Sub-Article 1530-4 Measurement and Payment: The Contractor's attention is directed to this section for the removal of utility pipe.

Measurement and Payment:

Payment for removal of utility pipe shall be per linear foot and paid for under the contract price for "Remove ___" Utility Pipe". Such price and payments will be full compensation for all labor, materials, excavation, shoring, backfilling, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work. Removal of utility pipe will be measured and paid for under the contract item "Remove ___" Utility Pipe".

Pay Item:

Remove ___" Utility Pipe

Pay Unit

LF

Page 15-17; Section 1540 Encasement; Sub-Article 1035-15 (d) Carrier Pipe Installation

Add the following paragraphs:

Casing Spacers:

- (1) Casing spacers shall be made of Type 304 stainless steel (including risers and hardware). Each shell shall be PVC lined and shall have bolted flanges. Casing spacer runners shall be constructed of ultra-high molecular weight polymer (minimum 1 ½" wide) with a friction coefficient of not more than .12. Risers shall be 10 gauge. Risers and runners for top and bottom shells shall be of equal height. With approval of the Engineer, unequal height risers and runners may be used to obtain proper grade for sanitary sewer mains. Casing spacers must be designed to ensure that only the runners of the spacer are in contact with the steel encasement pipe. The bell of the carrier pipe will not be allowed to be in contact with the encasement. Approved casing spacers are as follows:

Owner Preference:

Cascade Waterworks Manufacturing Company

Advance Products and Systems, Inc.

BWM Company

Black Widow by Spider Manufacturing, Inc.

* or approved equal

Page 15-18; Section 1540 Encasement; Sub-article 1540-3 Construction Methods; (D) Carrier Pipe Installation lines 21-23:

Replace with the following:

Carrier pipe installed through encasement shall be ductile iron flexible restrained joint pipe. Casing spacers are required and shall be placed at 10-foot intervals within the encasement. One spacer shall be placed not more than 2 feet from each end of the encasement. Only the runners of the casing spacer shall be in contact with the encasement. The bell of the carrier pipe will not be allowed to be in contact with the encasement. The Engineer must be present to observe the entire installation of the carrier pipe.

Page 15-20; Section 1550 Trenchless Installation of Utilities; Sub-article 1550-4 (A) Bore and Jack:

Add the following paragraphs after line 44:

As the boring operation progresses each new section of encasement pipe shall be butt welded to the previously installed section. In the event that an obstruction is encountered during the dry boring operation, the auger is to be withdrawn, the excess pipe cut off and capped, and the pipe abandoned by completely filling the void with Portland cement grout as described above.

Encasement pipe installed either trenchless or by open-cut shall be installed prior to laying the carrier pipe within 50 feet of either end of the encasement. The Contractor is responsible for using the methods and equipment needed to attain the alignment, grade and elevation shown on the Engineer's drawings. Any deviations shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense.

Additional attempts may be required at alternate locations as directed by the Engineer. The option to install the encasement by open cutting shall not be permitted unless approved by the Engineer and, when applicable, the North Carolina Department of Transportation. If approved, open-cut encasement shall be installed per Section 1505 for excavation, trenching, pipe laying and backfill.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

**General**

The following utility companies have facilities that will be in conflict with the construction of this project:

- A) Duke Energy – Power (Trans) (NIC)
- B) Duke Energy – Power (Dist)
- C) PNG Natural Gas – Natural Gas (Trans) (NIC)
- D) PNG Natural Gas – Natural Gas (Dist)
- E) AT&T Communications – Telecommunications (Legacy) Relocated By Encroachment from Division)
- F) AT&T Communications – Telecommunications (Dist)
- G) BrightSpeed Telecommunications – Telecommunications
- H) SEGRA – Communications
- I) MCI/Verizon Communications – Communications
- J) Spectrum - CATV

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted prior to the date of availability, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owners. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-8 of the 2024 Standard Specifications.

Utilities Requiring Adjustment:

Utility relocations are shown on the Utilities by Others Plans.

- A) Duke Energy – Power (Trans)
 - 1) Duke Energy (Trans) Is not in conflict with the R-2577A project.
 - 2) Contact person for Duke Energy (Trans) is Taylor Bennett, at (336) 590-5044, taylor.bennett@duke-energy.com.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

B) Duke Energy – Power (Dist)

- 1) Duke Energy (Dist) will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 3 July 31, 2024 (End of the project to Darrow Road)
 - Phase 2 December 15, 2024 (Darrow Road to Old Belews Creek Road)
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (Old Belews Creek Road to the beginning of the project)
- 2) Contact person for Duke Energy (Dist) is Patrick Sizemore, at (336) 917-2522, Patrick.Sizemore@duke-energy.com

C) PNG Natural Gas – Natural Gas (Trans)

- 1) PNG natural gas (Dist) is not in conflict with the project however, a temporary encroachment will have to be given by PHG (trans) for construction vehicles to cross and work within their easement. Attachments to the PSPs include, an Encroachment Agreement for PNG and the GC as well as a Guideline document for proper land usage within the PNG easement(s).
 - Location of the transmission crossings are as follows. ~ -L- Sta 185+20 and ~ -L- Sta 169+50
- 2) Contact person for PNG natural gas is Jim Kalish, at (704) 572-7985, Jim.kalish@duke-energy.com

D) PNG Natural Gas – Natural Gas (Dist)

- 3) PNG natural gas (Dist) will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 3 July 31, 2024 (End of the project to Darrow Road)
 - Phase 2 December 15, 2024 (Darrow Road to Old Belews Creek Road)
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (Old Belews Creek Road to the beginning of the project)
- 2) Contact person for PNG natural gas is Eric Oakley, at (336) 362-2958, Eric.Oakley@duke-energy.com

E) AT&T Communications – Telecommunications (Legacy)

- 1) AT&T (Legacy) has been relocated already under encroachment for the project by Division as of February 2020.
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (At Old Greensboro Road)
- 2) Contact person for AT&T (Legacy) is Steve Pennell, at (704) 890-1850, sp9123@att.com

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

F) AT&T Telecommunications – Telecommunications

- 1) AT&T (Dist) will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 2 December 15, 2024 (William Tucker Road west of the interstate Old Belews Creek Road.
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (Old Belews Creek Road to the beginning of the project)
- 2) Contact person for AT&T (Dist) is Kevin Kimrey, at (336) 379-5914, kk1587@att.com

G) BrightSpeed Telecommunications – Telecommunications

- 1) BrightSpeed will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 3 July 31, 2024 (End of the project to Darrow Road)
 - Bright Speed is in part of Phase 2 December 15, 2024 (Darrow Road to Esther Ln east of interstate)
- 2) Contact person for BrightSpeed Telecommunications is Tim Hylton, at (276) 692-5081, Timmie.hylton2@brightspeed.com

H) SEGRA Communications – Telecommunications

- 1) SEGRA Communications will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (Old Belews Creek Road to the beginning of the project)
- 2) Contact person for SEGRA Communications is Jeff Helms, at (336) 660-9508, Jeffrey.Helms@segra.com

I) MCI/Verizon – Communications

- 1) MCI/Verizon Communications will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 3 July 31, 2024 (End of the project to Darrow Road)
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (Old Belews Creek Road to the beginning of the project)
- 2) Contact person for MCI/Verizon is Leon Jones, at (336) 451-0526, leon.jones@verizon.com

J) Spectrum – CATV

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

- 1) Spectrum will be moved, and the contractor will be able to begin construction phases at the following dates of availability.
 - Phase 3 July 31, 2024 (End of the project to Darrow Road)
 - Phase 2 December 15, 2024 (Darrow Road to Old Belews Creek Road)
 - Phase 1 June 30, 2025 (Old Belews Creek Road to the beginning of the project)
- 2) Contact person for Spectrum is David Hardy, at (336) 451-6818, David.Hardy1@charter.com

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others



Guidelines for Proper Land Use within Pipeline Easements

Pipeline Safety

Piedmont Natural Gas and the Duke Energy Natural Gas Business Unit (collectively, the "NGBU") provide natural gas to more than 1.6 million customers in North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, and Ohio. It is our responsibility to provide safe and reliable energy to the communities we serve. This requires us to transport natural gas through a network of pipelines that are located near or on property belonging to individuals, businesses, and municipalities, among others.

Managing land use activities is a challenge for all stakeholders. Improper land use activities can contribute to the occurrence of a natural gas pipeline incident or serious injury. In fact, the greatest risk to the safety of the NGBU's natural gas pipelines is from "third party damage", which occurs when work by someone other than a natural gas operator damages a pipeline, often as a result of failing to take proper precautions and communicating with the NGBU. Impermissible encroachments into the right of way can also inhibit the NGBU from safely operating and maintaining the pipelines. The NGBU takes safety seriously, which includes protecting people, property, and the environment.

While safety is the top priority, the NGBU understands that utility operators, municipalities, and citizens may need to encroach into our easements with roads, utilities, or other uses in order to continue to grow our communities and economies. The encroachment permitting process is intended to facilitate safe encroachment into our easement, where appropriate, in a way that allows the NGBU to continue to provide safe and reliable energy to the communities it serves.

Encroachment Permitting Process

The encroachment permitting process is necessary to ensure the continued safe operation of the NGBU's pipeline facilities and that all parties have appropriate and complete information. The owner of the proposed encroaching facilities (the "Project Owner") must submit the project plan to the NGBU for review and authorization, unless the NGBU waives this requirement in its sole election. If appropriate, the NGBU will issue an encroachment permit (a "Permit"). A fully executed Permit, including the use of and adherence to other safety steps which the NGBU may require, is required before any work may begin.

To initiate the permitting process, the Project Owner must either:

- contact a local Piedmont representative, or
- call the Customer Contact Center at 1-800-752-7504 for Piedmont or 1-800-544-6900 for Duke Energy, or
- submit an encroachment request and plans via email at LandTransmissionROW@duke-energy.com. Preliminary information regarding what details the NGBU may require in order to assess a specific project may also be requested via this email address.

Prior to actual construction, the Project Owner must:

- obtain a fully executed Permit,
- provide timely notice (minimum of three business days, or as otherwise specified in the Permit) of the work to the local NGBU Resource Center,

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**Utilities by Others**

1. *have the Permit on site during construction,*
2. *have a NGBU representative present if any excavation activities will occur, and*
3. *fully complete any pre-construction conditions specified in the Permit.*

As required by law, ALWAYS contact 811 (OneCall) to obtain information regarding the location of existing facilities in the construction area. For Piedmont customers, more information can be found on Piedmont's website, Piedmontng.com, under About Piedmont/Public Awareness and Safety/Safety Information/Right-of-Way. For Duke Energy customers, more information can be found on Duke's website, Duke-energy.com, under Safety and Preparedness/Natural Gas Safety.

Intention and Use of the Guidelines

These guidelines are intended to increase the awareness of the NGBU's requirements and encourage early communication among key stakeholders when considering changes to land use within existing easements. These guidelines are only intended as general guidance in determining whether the proposed land use may be acceptable or not. The application of these rules may vary based on site-specific conditions, NGBU operation and maintenance procedures, and evolving safety regulations. These guidelines do not cover all possible situations and are subject to change at any time and without notice. The NGBU reserves all rights conveyed to it by the easement agreements applicable to the subject property.

Compliance with these guidelines does not excuse a stakeholder from contacting the NGBU for determination of acceptable land uses within the easements pursuant to the above-described permitting process. If permitted, the encroachments may be subject to additional terms and conditions determined by the NGBU which are not addressed in these guidelines, and the cost of protecting or relocating the pipeline as the NGBU deems necessary will be the responsibility of the Project Owner. Compliance with these guidelines and approval of any plans by the NGBU does not mean that the requirements of any governmental entity or agency or applicable laws and regulations have been satisfied.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

Guidelines for Proper Land Use within Pipeline Easements

Use/Activity	Acceptable Use or Activity?	Additional Restrictions or Comments
<p>Structures, Objects, and Facilities of a Permanent Nature: Buildings, manufactured/mobile homes, marinas, satellite systems, swimming pools (and associated equipment and decking), graves, billboards, dumpsters, signs, wells, deer stands, septic systems or tanks (whether above or below ground), public airport runways, transformers, telephone/cable pedestals (and associated equipment), permanent canopies, concrete slabs, vaults, patios, porches, carports, fire hydrants, wells, gas/service stations, dumps/landfills, athletic stadiums, tennis courts, mini golf courses, auto or junk yards, and rifle ranges.</p>	<p align="center">No</p>	<p>These installations are considered by NGBU to be permanent or substantially permanent in nature and interfere with NGBU’s access to and maintenance of the pipeline.</p>
<p>Other Personal or Economic Uses:</p> <p>-Blasting, burning of trash or other materials, open fame cooking, flooding, leach fields.</p> <p>-Geologic and geophysical testing, hiking and horseback riding trails, greenways, parks and recreation areas, play equipment (without embedded footings or foundations), erosion control installations.</p> <p>-Model planes, drones, and ATVs.</p>	<p align="center">No</p> <p align="center">Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p align="center">Yes, but with restrictions</p>	<p>These activities are not permitted on the right of way and can pose a danger to NGBU’s facilities.</p> <p>Expect these activities and uses to be subject to case-specific conditions upon review by NGBU, and compliance with other sections of these guidelines shall be required as applicable.</p> <p>General ATV travel is acceptable, but heavy traffic (i.e. racing) that results in heavy rutting may create unsafe conditions and is not authorized.</p>
<p>Subdivisions and Mobile Home Parks:</p>	<p align="center">Yes, with written approval and subject to conditions.</p>	<p>Project Owner must work with NGBU regarding lot configuration, fences, roads and utilities to determine the best and safest long-term solution for the community and the NGBU facilities. Project Owner shall be responsible for submitting and recording approved subdivision plans and conveying the right of way restriction information to future homeowners.</p>

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

Guidelines for Proper Land Use within Pipeline Easements

Use/Activity	Acceptable Use or Activity?	Additional Restrictions or Comments
<p>Agriculture:</p> <p>-Crops.</p> <p>-Orchards, vineyards, tree farms, nurseries.</p> <p>-Livestock grazing.</p>	<p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p>No</p> <p>Generally, yes.</p>	<p>The growing of crops cannot involve installation of permanent structures or an increase or decrease in cover over pipelines. Underground and overhead irrigation systems must be reviewed and approved for compatibility.</p> <p>Orchards, vineyards, tree farms, and nurseries are not permitted.</p> <p>Use of the easement areas for livestock grazing is generally permissible, but the installation of fencing and structures will be subject to these guidelines and other site-specific requirements.</p>
<p>Storage of Materials:</p>	<p>No</p>	<p>Storage or stockpiles of any type, including without limitation: debris, flammable material, building material, wrecked or disabled vehicles, and all other objects (whether above or below ground) which, in NGBU’s opinion interferes with the easement rights, are not allowed within the right-of-way.</p>

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

Use/Activity	Acceptable Use or Activity?	Additional Restrictions or Comments
Utilities:	Generally, yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions	<p>Sewer lines, water lines, and other utility lines (whether underground or overhead) shall not parallel the centerline of the right of way, but may cross, from one side to the other. NGBU will require the crossing to occur as close to 90 degrees as possible, maintaining of adequate coverage, and may require other conditions be met (i.e. excavation limitations, installation methods, depth, casing, material types, etc.)</p> <p>NGBU will require at least 24 inches of separation between the utility and pipeline (additional separation may be required on a case-by-case basis).</p> <p>Manholes, water valves, water meters, and backflow preventers are not permitted.</p> <p>Attachments to NGBU’s structures are prohibited.</p>

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**Utilities by Others****Guidelines for Proper Land Use within Pipeline Easements**

Use/Activity	Acceptable Use or Activity?	Additional Restrictions or Comments
<p>Water and Drainage Features:</p> <p>-Lakes, ponds, retention or detention facilities, and dams.</p> <p>-Canals, ditches, and culverts.</p> <p>-Other drainage features.</p>	<p>No</p> <p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p>Case-by-case assessment</p>	<p>These facilities create an access and maintenance barrier and are not permitted.</p> <p>Canals/ditches may be approved if adequate cover over the pipeline remains and access for operation and maintenance is retained. Culverts may be approved with proper separation if they extend the full width of the easement (no outfall within the easement).</p> <p>Any drainage feature that allows water to pond, causes erosion, directs storm water toward the right of way, or limits access to or around NGBU facilities is prohibited.</p>
<p>Landscaping:</p> <p>-Shrubs, flowers, and grasses.</p> <p>-Trees.</p> <p>-Underground Sprinkler and Irrigation Systems.</p>	<p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p>No</p> <p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p>	<p>NGBU does not object to low growing shrubs, flowers, grasses (not to exceed 4 feet at maturity), provided NGBU's access to the easement is not unreasonably hindered in NGBU's opinion. Vegetation that is not in compliance is subject to removal without notice.</p> <p>Trees are not allowed within the easement.</p> <p>Crossings of pipeline must be kept to a minimum. Sprinkler heads must be set outside the right of way with due consideration given to cathodic protection interference.</p>

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others



Use/Activity	Acceptable Use or Activity?	Additional Restrictions or Comments
<p>Fencing:</p>	<p>Yes, with prior approval and subject to conditions.</p>	<p>Expect NGBU to require compliance with case-specific conditions, including without limitation:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Posts must be installed greater than 3 feet from located gas line. 2. Fences shall not parallel the centerline within the rights of way. 3. The cross from one side to the other of the right of way is as near a 90-degree angle as possible. 4. A 12-foot-wide gate at each crossing of the right of way shall be installed by the property owner. 5. Locks must be approved to maintain access. 6. In general, no masonry or brick fences are allowed.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

Guidelines for Proper Land Use within Pipeline Easements

Use/Activity	Acceptable Use or Activity?	Additional Restrictions or Comments
<p>Parking Lots, Roads, and Vehicular Crossings:</p> <p>-Streets, roads, driveways and private airstrips.</p> <p>-Parking Lots.</p> <p>-Roundabouts, cul-de-sacs, and intersections.</p> <p>-Heavy Equipment Crossings.</p>	<p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p>No</p> <p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p>	<p>These installations shall not parallel the centerline within the right of way, but may cross, from one side to the other at as close to 90 degrees as possible.</p> <p>Any parking lot access areas, entrances, or exits shall cross (from one side to the other) the right of way at as close to 90 degrees as possible. Parking lot entrances/exits cannot create an intersection within the right of way.</p> <p>These installations are not permitted due to increased traffic and surface area.</p> <p>NGBU supervision is required while work is in progress, and 3 working days' notice is required prior to performing any work.</p> <p>NOTE: In all cases in this Use/Activity section, NGBU will require conditions related to surface materials, surface permeability, pipeline cover, and wheel load maximums.</p>
<p>Surface Changes:</p> <p>-Grading (cuts and fills).</p> <p>-Retaining Walls.</p>	<p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p> <p>Yes, with prior written approval and subject to conditions</p>	<p>The graded slope cannot exceed 4:1, access to NGBU's gas lines cannot become unreasonable in NGBU's opinion, and existing and minimum coverage must be maintained. Storage or stockpiling of dirt or any other material is prohibited. Sedimentation control, including re-vegetation, is required per state regulations.</p> <p>Design of retaining walls must be reviewed and approved by NGBU.</p>

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

 	<p>Encroachment Permit Application WORKSHEET</p>
<p>Office Use Only</p>	<p>PERMIT NUMBER: EN2024-</p>

PROJECT OWNER INFORMATION

SECTION 1	Project Owner:	(applicant/developer)		
	Property Owner:	(Name on deed)		
	Encroaching Applicant Business Address:			
	Contact Person:			
	Phone:		Email:	
	Contractor: (if applicable)			
	Contractor Contact:			
	Phone:		Email:	
	Project No:			
	Provided <i>Guidelines Determining Land Use within Pipeline Easement</i> to Project Owner?			
Permanent or Temporary Encroachment:		Permanent		

ENCROACHMENT REQUEST

	Qty./Size	Type	Material Specifications
SECTION 2	N/A	Fence/Gate	N/A
	N/A	Road	N/A
	N/A	Sidewalk(s)	N/A
	N/A	Electric	N/A
	N/A	Sewer	N/A
	N/A	TeleCom	N/A
	N/A	Water	N/A
	N/A	Other	N/A

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

ENCROACHMENT LOCATION



Line Number(s):			
Street No and Name:			
Nearest Intersection:			
City, State:			
County:			
Resource Center:			
RC Contact:	Jerry Bentley	Phone:	336-442-0297
Email Address:	Jerry.bentley@duke-energy.com		

Transmission or Distribution:	Transmission	Transmission	
Single or Multiple Pipelines:	Line 1	Line 2	Line 3
PNG Document Number: (from GSA Lite)			
GPS Coordinate:			
Easement Width:			
Atlas Page:			
Alignment Sheet Page:			
Alignment Sheet Tract Number:			
Name of Grantor on Easement:			
Alignment Sheet Station Number:			
Year Installed:			
Pipeline Depth:			

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

Soil Type (i.e., sandy, clay, muddy, rock):			
Steel or Plastic:			
Pipeline Diameter:			
Wall Thickness:			
Pipeline Grade (i.e., grade B, X-42, etc.):			
Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure:			
Maximum calculated axle weight: (from OM-PR-9500)			
Class Location:			

Note: Please contact your engineering representative should you have any questions regarding pipe specifications.

Equipment Load WORKSHEET	 
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AXLE DRIVEN EQUIPMENT -

SECTION 4	Equipment Make/Model 1:	
	Maximum Wheel Load per axle:	
	Equipment Make/Model 2:	
	Maximum Wheel Load per axle:	
	Equipment Make/Model 3:	
	Maximum Wheel Load per axle:	
	Equipment Make/Model 4:	
	Maximum Wheel Load per axle:	
	Equipment Make/Model 5:	
	Maximum Wheel Load per axle:	

TRACK DRIVEN EQUIPMENT

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Utilities by Others

Equipment Make/Model 1:	
Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight:	
Track (Shoe/Pad) Width:	
Track Length: (on ground)	
Track Gauge: (distance between tracks, center to center)	
Equipment Make/Model 2:	
Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight:	
Track (Shoe/Pad) Width:	
Track Length: (on ground)	
Track Gauge: (distance between tracks, center to center)	
Equipment Make/Model 3:	
Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight:	
Track (Shoe/Pad) Width:	
Track Length: (on ground)	
Track Gauge: (distance between tracks, center to center)	
Equipment Make/Model 4:	
Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight:	
Track (Shoe/Pad) Width:	
Track Length: (on ground)	
Track Gauge: (distance between tracks, center to center)	

Make sure to include plan and profile drawings when you submit worksheet

NOTES:

STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:

(4-30-2019)

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective April 1, 2019 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(West)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

Shoulder and Median Areas

August 1 - June 1		May 1 - September 1	
20#	Kentucky Bluegrass	20#	Kentucky Bluegrass
75#	Hard Fescue	75#	Hard Fescue
25#	Rye Grain	10#	German or Browntop Millet
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone

Areas Beyond the Mowing Pattern, Waste and Borrow Areas:

August 1 - June 1		May 1 - September 1	
100#	Tall Fescue	100#	Tall Fescue
15#	Kentucky Bluegrass	15#	Kentucky Bluegrass
30#	Hard Fescue	30#	Hard Fescue
25#	Rye Grain	10#	German or Browntop Millet
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone

Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

06 Dust	Escalade	Justice	Serengeti
2 nd Millennium	Essential	Kalahari	Shelby
3 rd Millennium	Evergreen 2	Kitty Hawk 2000	Sheridan
Apache III	Falcon IV	Legitimate	Signia
Avenger	Falcon NG	Lexington	Silver Hawk
Barlexas	Falcon V	LSD	Sliverstar
Barlexas II	Faith	Magellan	Shenandoah Elite
Bar Fa	Fat Cat	Matador	Sidewinder
Barrera	Festnova	Millennium SRP	Skyline
Barrington	Fidelity	Monet	Solara
Barrobusto	Finelawn Elite	Mustang 4	Southern Choice II
Barvado	Finelawn Xpress	Ninja 2	Speedway
Biltmore	Finesse II	Ol' Glory	Spyder LS
Bingo	Firebird	Olympic Gold	Sunset Gold
Bizem	Firecracker LS	Padre	Taccoa
Blackwatch	Firenza	Patagonia	Tanzania
Blade Runner II	Five Point	Pedigree	Trio
Bonsai	Focus	Picasso	Tahoe II
Braveheart	Forte	Piedmont	Talladega
Bravo	Garrison	Plantation	Tarheel
Bullseye	Gazelle II	Proseeds 5301	Terrano
Cannavaro	Gold Medallion	Prospect	Titan ltd
Catalyst	Grande 3	Pure Gold	Titanium LS
Cayenne	Greenbrooks	Quest	Tracer
Cessane Rz	Greenkeeper	Raptor II	Traverse SRP
Chipper	Gremlin	Rebel Exeda	Tulsa Time
Cochise IV	Greystone	Rebel Sentry	Turbo
Constitution	Guardian 21	Rebel IV	Turbo RZ
Corgi	Guardian 41	Regiment II	Tuxedo RZ
Corona	Hemi	Regenerate	Ultimate
Coyote	Honky Tonk	Rendition	Venture
Darlington	Hot Rod	Rhambler 2 SRP	Umbrella
Davinci	Hunter	Rembrandt	Van Gogh
Desire	Inferno	Reunion	Watchdog
Dominion	Innovator	Riverside	Wolfpack II
Dynamic	Integrity	RNP	Xtremegreen
Dynasty	Jaguar 3	Rocket	
Endeavor	Jamboree	Scorpion	

Approved Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars:

4-Season	Blue Velvet	Gladstone	Quantum Leap
Alexa II	Blueberry	Granite	Rambo
America	Boomerang	Hampton	Rhapsody
Apollo	Brilliant	Harmonie	Rhythm
Arcadia	Cabernet	Impact	Rita
Aries	Champagne	Jefferson	Royce
Armada	Champlain	Juliet	Rubicon
Arrow	Chicago II	Jump Start	Rugby II
Arrowhead	Corsair	Keeneland	Shiraz
Aura	Courtyard	Langara	Showcase
Avid	Delight	Liberator	Skye
Award	Diva	Madison	Solar Eclipse
Awesome	Dynamo	Mercury	Sonoma
Bandera	Eagleton	Midnight	Sorbonne
Barduke	Emblem	Midnight II	Starburst
Barnique	Empire	Moon Shadow	Sudden Impact
Baroness	Envicta	Moonlight SLT	Total Eclipse
Barrister	Everest	Mystere	Touche
Barvette HGT	Everglade	Nu Destiny	Tsunami
Bedazzled	Excursion	NuChicago	Unique
Belissimo	Freedom II	NuGlade	Valor
Bewitched	Freedom III	Odyssey	Voyager II
Beyond	Front Page	Perfection	Washington
Blacksburg II	Futurity	Pinot	Zinfandel
Blackstone	Gaelic	Princeton 105	
Blue Note	Ginney II	Prosperity	

Approved Hard Fescue Cultivars:

Aurora II	Eureka II	Oxford	Scaldis II
Aurora Gold	Firefly	Reliant II	Spartan II
Berkshire	Granite	Reliant IV	Stonehenge
Bighorn GT	Heron	Rescue 911	
Chariot	Nordic	Rhino	

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper add 20# Sericea Lespedeza January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding And Mulching**(West)**

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed on the disturbed areas of wetlands and riparian areas, and adjacent to Stream Relocation and/or trout stream construction within a 50 foot zone on both sides of the stream or depression, measured from top of stream bank or center of depression. The stream bank of the stream relocation shall be seeded by a method that does not alter the typical cross section of the stream bank. Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall also be performed in the permanent soil reinforcement mat section of preformed scour holes, and in other areas as directed.

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

August 1 - June 1

18#	Creeping Red Fescue
8#	Big Bluestem
6#	Indiangrass
4#	Switchgrass
35#	Rye Grain
500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone

May 1 – September 1

18#	Creeping Red Fescue
8#	Big Bluestem
6#	Indiangrass
4#	Switchgrass
25#	German or Browntop Millet
500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone

Approved Creeping Red Fescue Cultivars:

Aberdeen

Boreal

Epic

Cindy Lou

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

Measurement and Payment

Native Grass *Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

TEMPORARY SEEDING:

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. German Millet, or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and rye grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:

Fertilizer used for topdressing shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, and the rate of application may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

MOWING:

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be six inches.

LAWN TYPE APPEARANCE:

All areas adjacent to lawns must be hand finished as directed to give a lawn type appearance. Remove all trash, debris, and stones $\frac{3}{4}$ " and larger in diameter or other obstructions that could interfere with providing a smooth lawn type appearance. These areas shall be reseeded to match their original vegetative conditions, unless directed otherwise by the Field Operations Engineer.

MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation within project limits to the maximum extent practicable. Vegetation along stream banks and adjacent to other jurisdictional resources outside the construction limits shall only be removed upon approval of Engineer. No additional payment will be made for this minimization work.

CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

(3-19-19) (rev. 04-27-20)

Description

The requirements set forth shall be adhered to in order to meet the applicable materials handling requirements of the NCG010000 permit. Structural controls installed to manage construction materials stored or used on site shall be shown on the E&SC Plan. Requirements for handling materials on construction sites shall be as follows:

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and Flocculants

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and flocculants shall be stored in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures designed to protect adjacent surface waters. PAMS or other flocculants used shall be selected from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants. The concentration of PAMS and other flocculants used shall not exceed those specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants is available at:

https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Water+Quality/Environmental+Sciences/ATU/PAM8_30_18.pdf

Equipment Fluids

Fuels, lubricants, coolants, and hydraulic fluids, and other petroleum products shall be handled and disposed of in a manner so as not to enter surface or ground waters and in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations. Equipment used on the site must be operated and maintained properly to prevent discharge of fluids. Equipment, vehicle, and other wash waters shall not be discharged into E&SC basins or other E&SC devices. Alternative controls should be provided such that there is no discharge of soaps, solvents, or detergents.

Waste Materials

Construction materials and land clearing waste shall be disposed of in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 130A, Article 9 - Solid Waste Management, and rules governing the disposal of solid waste (15A NCAC 13B). Areas dedicated for managing construction material and land clearing waste shall be at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. Paint and other liquid construction material waste shall not be dumped into storm drains. Paint and other liquid construction waste washouts should be located at least 50 away from storm drain inlets unless there is no alternative. Other options are to install lined washouts or use portable, removable bags or bins. Hazardous or toxic waste shall be managed in accordance with the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and NC Hazardous Waste Rules at 15A NCAC, Subchapter 13A. Litter and sanitary waste shall be managed in a manner to prevent it from entering jurisdictional waters and shall be disposed of offsite.

Herbicide, Pesticide, and Rodenticides

Herbicide, pesticide, and rodenticides shall be stored and applied in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, North Carolina Pesticide Law of 1971 and labeling restrictions.

Concrete Materials

Concrete materials onsite, including excess concrete, must be controlled and managed to avoid contact with surface waters, wetlands or buffers. No concrete or cement slurry shall be discharged from the site. (Note that discharges from onsite concrete plants require coverage under a separate NPDES permit – NCG140000.) Concrete wash water shall be managed in accordance with the *Concrete Washout Structure* provision. Concrete slurry shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with *NCDOT DGS and HOS DCAR Distribution of Class A Residuals Statewide* (Permit No. WQ0035749). Any hardened concrete residue will be disposed of, or recycled on site, in accordance with state solid waste regulations.

Earthen Material Stock Piles

Earthen material stock piles shall be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available.

Measurement and Payment

Conditions set within the *Construction Materials Management* provision are incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:

(2-16-11) (Rev. 3-17-22)

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/Contract%20Reclamation%20Procedures.pdf>

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

TEMPORARY DIVERSION:

This work consists of installation, maintenance, and cleanout of *Temporary Diversions* in accordance with Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*. The quantity of excavation for installation and cleanout will be measured and paid for as *Silt Excavation* in accordance with Article 1630-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

TEMPORARY EARTH BERMS:**Description**

This work consists of installing, maintaining, and removing any and all material required for the construction of temporary earth berms. The temporary earth berms shall be used to direct the flow of water to specific erosion control device(s), or to direct water flowing from offsite around/away from specific area(s) of construction.

Construction Methods

The Contractor shall install the temporary earth berms in accordance with the details in the plans and at locations indicated in the plans, and as directed. Upon installation, the earth berms shall be immediately stabilized as provided in Section 1620 of the *Standard Specifications*. Other stabilization methods may be utilized with prior approval from the Engineer.

Upon completion of the project, the temporary earth berms shall be removed. The earth material can be utilized in the filling of silt ditches and detention devices, or graded to match the existing contours and permanently seeded and mulched.

Measurement and Payment

The installation of the temporary earth berms will be paid for as *Borrow Excavation* as provided in Section 230 of the *Standard Specifications* or included in the lump sum price for grading.

Stabilization of the temporary earth berms will be paid for as *Temporary Seeding* as provided in Section 1620 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this section including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of the temporary earth berms.

SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:**Description**

Safety Fence shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Materials

(A) Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end, and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length, and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb/ft of length.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

Construction Methods

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

(A) Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. Posts shall be installed a minimum of 2 ft. into the ground. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Additional flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(5) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

Safety Fence will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Safety Fence

Pay Unit

Linear Foot

PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT:

Description

This work consists of furnishing and placing *Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat*, of the type specified, over previously prepared areas as directed.

Materials

The product shall be a permanent erosion control reinforcement mat and shall be constructed of synthetic or a combination of coconut and synthetic fibers evenly distributed throughout the mat between a bottom UV stabilized netting and a heavy duty UV stabilized top net. The matting shall be stitched together with UV stabilized polypropylene thread to form a permanent three-dimensional structure. The mat shall have the following minimum physical properties:

Property	Test Method	Value	Unit
Light Penetration	ASTM D6567	9	%
Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.40	in
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D6566	0.55	lb/sy
Tensile Strength	ASTM D6818	385	lb/ft
Elongation (Maximum)	ASTM D6818	49	%
Resiliency	ASTM D1777	>70	%
UV Stability *	ASTM D4355	≥80	%
Porosity (Permanent Net)	ECTC Guidelines	≥85	%
Maximum Permissible Shear Stress (Vegetated)	Performance Bench Test	≥8.0	lb/ft ²
Maximum Allowable Velocity (Vegetated)	Performance Bench Test	≥16.0	ft/s

*ASTM D1682 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1000 hours of exposure.

Submit a certification (Type 1, 2, or 3) from the manufacturer showing:

- (A) the chemical and physical properties of the mat used, and
- (B) conformance of the mat with this specification.

Construction Methods

Matting shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1631-3(B) of the *Standard Specifications*.

All areas to be protected with the mat shall be brought to final grade and seeded in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*. The surface of the soil shall be smooth, firm, stable and free of rocks, clods, roots or other obstructions that would prevent the mat from lying in direct contact with the soil surface. Areas where the mat is to be placed will not need to be mulched.

Measurement and Payment

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat is installed and accepted. Overlaps will not be included in the measurement, and will be considered as incidental to the work. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the mat, including overlaps, and for all required maintenance.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat	Square Yard

CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL:**Description**

This work consists of providing a *Culvert Diversion Channel* to detour the existing stream around the culvert construction site at locations shown on the plans. Work includes constructing the diversion channel, disposing of excess materials, providing and placing geotextile liner, maintaining the diversion area in an acceptable condition, removing geotextile liner, backfilling diversion channel area with suitable material, and providing proper drainage when diversion channel area is abandoned.

Materials

Refer to Division 10

Item	Section
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4a	1056

Construction Methods

Grade channel according to the plans with channel surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Utilize suitable material and provide disposal area for unsuitable material.

Line channel with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury top of slope geotextile edge in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp

securely. Make vertical overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile.

Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a *u* shape with a length of not less than 6" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically.

Measurement and Payment

Culvert Diversion Channel will be measured and paid for as the actual number of cubic yards excavated, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the diversion channel as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this section including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of *Culvert Diversion Channel*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Culvert Diversion Channel	Cubic Yard

IMPERVIOUS DIKE:

(9-9-11)(Rev. 11-15-22)

Description

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining, pumping and removing an *Impervious Dike* for the purpose of diverting normal stream flow around the construction site. The Contractor shall construct an impervious dike in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The impervious dike shall not permit seepage of water into the construction site or contribute to siltation of the stream. The impervious dike shall be constructed of an acceptable material in the locations noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

Acceptable materials shall include but not be limited to sheet piles, sandbags, and/or the placement of an acceptable size stone lined with polypropylene or other impervious geotextile.

Earth material shall not be used to construct an impervious dike when it is in direct contact with the stream unless vegetation can be established before contact with the stream takes place.

Construction Methods

Where impervious dikes are shown on the plans and used to dewater or lower the water elevation, construct in accordance with Article 410-4 and 410-5.

Measurement and Payment

Impervious Dike will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of impervious dike(s) constructed, measured in place from end to end of each separate installation that has been completed and accepted by the Engineer. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work including but not limited to furnishing materials, construction, maintenance, pumping and removal of the impervious dike.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Impervious Dike	Linear Foot

TEMPORARY PIPE FOR CULVERT CONSTRUCTION:**Description**

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing any and all temporary pipe used on this project in conjunction with the culvert construction.

Construction Methods

The Contractor shall install temporary pipe in locations shown on the plans in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The temporary pipe shall provide a passageway for the stream through the work-site. The minimum size requirements will be as stated on the erosion control plans.

Measurement and Payment

__" Temporary Pipe will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot of temporary pipe approved by the Engineer and measured in place from end to end. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section including but not limited to furnishing all materials required for installation, construction, maintenance, and removal of temporary pipe.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
<i>__" Temporary Pipe</i>	Linear Foot

CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE:

(8-17-23)

Description

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete wash water.

Materials

Item	Section
Temporary Silt Fence	1605

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil thick geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

Construction Methods

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment.

Post a sign with the words "Concrete Washout" in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel. Install safety fence as directed for visibility to construction traffic.

[Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.](#)

[The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements.](#) (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

Maintenance and Removal

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

Measurement and Payment

Concrete Washout Structure will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details or commercially available devices are approved, then those devices will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

Temporary Silt Fence will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Safety Fence shall be measured and paid for as provided elsewhere in this contract.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Concrete Washout Structure	Each

LITTER REMOVAL (PROJECT LIMITS):

(07-19-22)

Description

This work consists of the pickup, removal, and disposal of litter from roadsides within the construction project.

Construction Methods

Provide labor, equipment and materials necessary for the pickup and removal of litter from non-construction sources and the disposal of same into state approved landfills. The Contractor shall abide by all ordinances, laws and regulations regarding disposal of litter and recycling of eligible materials. Wastes generated from construction activities shall be managed as provided elsewhere in the contract. Litter items may consist of any item not considered normal to the right-of-way, including but not limited to, varied sizes of bottles, cans, paper, tires, tire pieces, lumber, vehicle parts, building supplies, metals, household furnishings, cardboard, plastics, ladders, brush and other items not considered normal to the right of way. Litter removal shall be performed in designated areas (i) monthly; (ii) within 14 days prior to Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day and Veteran's Day, and as directed by the Engineer. Litter removal shall also be performed in mowing areas within five days prior to any mowing operations. Designated areas shall include all areas within the right of way throughout the project limits., This includes all interchange ramps, mowing areas as well as non-mowing areas, paved shoulders and other areas as directed by the Engineer. Designated areas may be omitted for litter removal by the Engineer due to safety concerns.

The Contractor shall provide adequate personnel and materials to collect and remove litter on all areas of the right-of-way or controlled access within the limits of construction. Mechanical removal, including the use of sweeper/vacuum trucks, is allowed for removal of litter from paved surfaces. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating and utilizing approved local landfills and recycling facilities. Refer to Section 105-27 of the *Standard Specifications* for potential hazardous materials. All collected litter shall be containerized immediately and kept off the traveled portions of the roadway, shoulders, and rights-of-way (including paved shoulders) during that day's collection process. All collected litter that is small enough to be placed in a bag shall be bagged immediately. All collected litter that is too large for a bag shall be placed into a vehicle. Extended storage or stockpiling of collected litter and recyclables will not be permitted.

The Contractor's personnel shall dispose of any litter, in a landfill approved by North Carolina Division of Waste Management. The Contractor will not be allowed to use NCDOT accounts at the landfills/recycling centers nor be allowed to dispose of the litter in NCDOT trash containers on any NCDOT property.

The Contractor shall report online the number of bags of litter and any recycling on the NCDOT Litter Management Website on the date of the pickup at the following website:

<https://apps.ncdot.gov/LM>

An access code ('Pickup Key') for the online reporting portal may be obtained via emailing the Roadside Environmental Unit Litter Management Section at ncdot.clr@ncdot.gov. The Contractor shall request access to the litter removal reporting website prior to starting initial litter collection operations.

Measurement and Payment

The quantity of litter removal to be performed will be affected by the actual conditions that occur during construction of the project. The quantity of litter removal may be increased, decreased, or eliminated entirely as directed by the Engineer. Such variations in quantity will not be considered as alterations in the details of construction or a change in the character of the work.

Manual Litter Removal will be measured and paid for as the actual number of man hours each worker spends picking up litter. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all non-mechanical work covered by *Litter Removal*, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, transport, reporting, and incidentals necessary to accomplish the work.

Mechanical Litter Removal will be measured and paid for by the actual number of shoulder miles of accepted litter collection. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all *Litter Removal* work utilizing sweeper/vacuum trucks or other similar specialized litter removal equipment, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to accomplish the work.

Litter Disposal will be measured and paid for by the actual number of tons of litter collected and properly disposed of at a state approved landfill. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all fees, labor, transport, and incidentals necessary to dispose of collected litter associated with *Litter Removal*.

All traffic control necessary to provide a safe work area for *Litter Removal* shall be paid for as specified elsewhere in the contract.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Manual Litter Removal	MHR
Mechanical Litter Removal	SMI
Litter Disposal	TON

FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION

(1-1-24)

Description

Install, maintain, and remove Fabric Insert Inlet Protection, of the type specified, in inlet structures (catch basins, drop inlets, etc.) in areas where asphalt or concrete may prevent the proper installation of a Rock Inlet Sediment Traps Type C, or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

Provide a fabric inlet protection device composed of a fitted woven polypropylene geotextile double sewn with nylon thread suspended sack. The Fabric Insert Inlet Protection shall be manufactured to fit the opening of the catch basin or drop inlet or shall have a deflector to direct runoff from the curb opening into the fabric sack. The Fabric Insert Inlet Protection shall have a rigid frame or support system to support the loaded weight of the product. The product shall have lifting loops for removing the device from the basin and will have dump straps attached at the bottom to facilitate the emptying of the device. The Fabric Insert Inlet Protection shall have an overflow system to allow stormwater to enter the inlet structure and avoid ponding on the roadway when the device reaches capacity.

The fitted filter assembly shall have the following physical properties:

Type 1 (High Flow):

Physical	Test Method	English
Grab Tensile	ASTM D-4632	255 x 275 lbs
Minimum Puncture Strength	ASTM D-4833	125 lbs
Mullen Burst	ASTM D-3786	420 PSI
Minimum UV Resistance	ASTM D-4355	70 %.
Flow Rate	ASTM D-4491	200 gal/min/ft ²
Apparent Opening	ASTM D-4751	20 US Sieve
Permittivity	ASTM D-4491	1.5 sec ⁻¹

Type 2 (Low Flow):

Physical	Test Method	English
Grab Tensile	ASTM D-4632	315 x 300 lbs
Grab Elongation	ASTM D-4632	15 x 15 %
Minimum Puncture Strength	ASTM D-4833	125 lbs
Mullen Burst	ASTM D-3786	650 PSI
Minimum UV Resistance	ASTM D-4355	70 %.
Flow Rate	ASTM D-4491	40 gal/min/ft ²
Apparent Opening	ASTM D-4751	40 US Sieve
Permittivity	ASTM D-4491	0.55 sec ⁻¹

Construction Methods

Strictly adhere to the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations. Maintenance shall include regular daily inspections and after each qualifying rain event. The Fabric Insert Inlet Protection shall be emptied, cleaned and placed back into the basin when it reaches 50% capacity or as directed by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

Fabric Insert Inlet Protection, Type __ will be measured and paid in units of each of the type specified, complete in place and accepted. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection, Type __* in accordance with this specification and for all required maintenance.

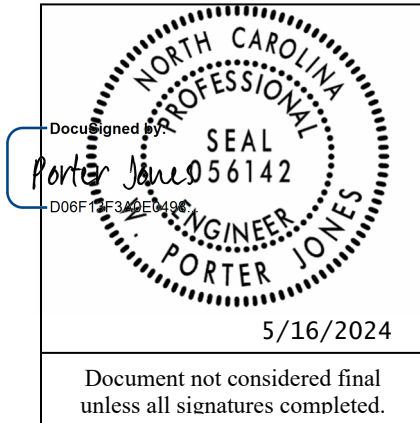
Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Cleanout will be measured and paid in units of each for the maintenance of the device, cleanout and disposal of accumulated sediments.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Fabric Insert Inlet Protection, Type ____	Each
Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Cleanout	Each

Signals and Intelligent Transportation Systems
Project Special Provisions
(Version 24.0)

Prepared By: WPJ
16-May-24



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1. SIGNAL HEADS

1.1. MATERIALS

A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 12-inch signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.

Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, wire outlet bodies, wire entrance fitting brackets and end caps when supplied as components of messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 13538) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware, rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments, messenger cable hanger components or balance adjuster components.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

Where required, provide polycarbonate signal heads and visors that comply with the provisions pertaining to the aluminum signal heads listed on the QPL with the following exceptions:

Fabricate signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide UV stabilized polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of 0.1 ± 0.01 inches that is highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip 13538). Ensure the color is incorporated into the plastic material before molding the signal head housings and end caps. Ensure the plastic formulation provides the following physical properties in the assembly (tests may be performed on separately molded specimens):

Test	Required	Method
Specific Gravity	1.17 minimum	ASTM D 792
Flammability	Self-extinguishing	ASTM D 635
Tensile Strength, yield, PSI	8500 minimum	ASTM D 638
Izod impact strength, ft-lb/in [notched, 1/8 inch]	12 minimum	ASTM D 256

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a 1 ¼-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and 1 ½-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For pedestal mounting, provide a post-top slipfitter mounting assembly that matches the positive locking device on the signal head with serrations integrally cast into the slipfitter. Provide stainless steel hardware, screws, washers, etc. Provide a minimum of six 3/8 X 3/4-inch long square head bolts for attachment to pedestal. Provide a center post for multi-way slipfitters.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

1. Sample submittal,
2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:
 - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
 - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement
 - Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications –Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.

(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,
4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and
5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

Ensure LED traffic signal modules meet the performance requirements for the minimum period of 15 years, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 15 years after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

B. Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12-inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate messenger cable hanger components, wire outlet bodies and balance adjuster components from stainless steel or malleable iron galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153 (Class A) or ASTM A123. Provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, hex-head bolts and associated nuts, clevis pins, cotter pins, U-bolt clamps and nuts from stainless steel.

For mast-arm mounting, provide rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the mast arms and to provide a means for vertically adjusting the vehicle signal heads to proper alignment. Fabricate the mounting assemblies from aluminum, and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide stainless steel cable attachment assemblies to secure the brackets to the mast arms. Ensure all fastening hardware and fasteners are fabricated from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 15 years and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2024 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting

Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement” dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red circular	17	11
12-inch green circular	15	15

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less for the 12-inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer’s model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2024 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer’s certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the ITE “Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement” dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red arrow	12	9
12-inch green arrow	11	11

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 12 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

3. LED U-Turn Arrow Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch left u-turn arrow signal modules.

Modules are not required to be listed on the ITS and Signals Qualified Products List. Provide manufacturer’s certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE “Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement” dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that have minimum maintained luminous intensity values that are not less than 16% of the values calculated using the method described in section 4.1 of the VTCSH Circular Supplement.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red u-turn arrow	17	11
12-inch green u-turn arrow	15	15

For yellow u-turn arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to ensure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of ±1% to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

C. Louvers:

Material, equipment, and hardware furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department’s QPL by the date of installation.

Provide louvers made from sheet aluminum. Paint the louvers alkyd urea black synthetic baked enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, “Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black.”

Ensure that the louvers have a 0-degree horizontal viewing angle. Provide a minimum of 5 vanes.

1.2. CONSTRUCTION METHOD

A. Modify Existing Vehicle Signal Head:

Modify existing vehicle signal heads as shown in the plans.

1.3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Modify Existing Vehicle Signal Head will be measured and paid as the actual number of existing vehicle heads modified and accepted.

Payment will be made under:

Modify Existing Vehicle Signal HeadEach

2. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS

2.1. MATERIALS – DEPARTMENT FURNISHED TYPE 2070 CONTROLLERS

Install 2070 controller furnished by the Department in a contractor supplied 170 cabinet that meets the material requirements of this Project Special Provision.

The Department will provide controller at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing the controller.

2.2. MATERIALS – TYPE 2070LX CONTROLLERS

Furnish model 2070LX controller units that conform to CALTRANS *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* (TEES) (dated March 12, 2009, plus Errata 1 dated January 21, 2010 and Errata 2 dated December 5, 2014) except as required herein.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070LX controllers with Linux kernel 2.6.18 or higher and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

- MODEL 2070-1C, CPU Module, Single Board, with 8Mb Datakey (blue in color)
- MODEL 2070-2E+, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
 - Note: Configure the Field I/O Module to disable both the External WDT Shunt/Toggle Switch and SP3 (SP3 active indicator is “off”)
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP

Provide a Board Support Package (BSP) to the state and to any specified applications software manufacturer when requested by the state to facilitate the porting of application software.

2.3. MATERIALS – GENERAL CABINETS

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR	
Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at 185° F	150 VAC (RMS) 200 VDC
Maximum Peak 8x20µs Current at 185° F	6500 A
Maximum Energy Rating at 185° F	80 J
Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at 77° F	212-268 V
Max. Clamping Voltage 8x20µs, 100A at 77° F	395 V
Typical Capacitance (1 MHz) at 77° F	1600 pF

Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10A at 120V. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an 8x20 microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395V at 20,000A with a nominal series inductance of 200µh. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

Frequency (Hz)	Minimum Insertion Loss (dB)
60	0
10,000	30
50,000	55
100,000	50
500,000	50
2,000,000	60
5,000,000	40
10,000,000	20
20,000,000	25

2.4. MATERIALS – TYPE 170E CABINETS

A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, *Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification* (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1) DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

B. Type 170 E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of -40° F to +185° F. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs).....20,000A

Occurrences (8x20µs waveform).....	10 minimum @ 20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage.....	395VAC
Operating Current.....	15 amps
Response Time.....	< 5 nanoseconds

Provide a loop surge suppressor for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (6 times, 8x20µs)	
(Differential Mode).....	400A
(Common Mode).....	1,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform).....	500 min @ 200A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	
(Differential Mode @400A).....	35V
(Common Mode @1,000A).....	35V
Response Time.....	< 5 nanoseconds
Maximum Capacitance.....	35 pF

Provide a data communications surge suppressor for each communications line entering or leaving the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs).....	10,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform).....	100 min @ 2,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage.....	Rated for equipment protected
Response Time.....	< 1 nanosecond
Maximum Capacitance.....	1,500 pF
Maximum Series Resistance.....	15Ω

Provide a DC signal surge suppressor for each DC input channel in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs).....	10,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform).....	100 @ 2,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage.....	30V
Response Time.....	< 1 nanosecond

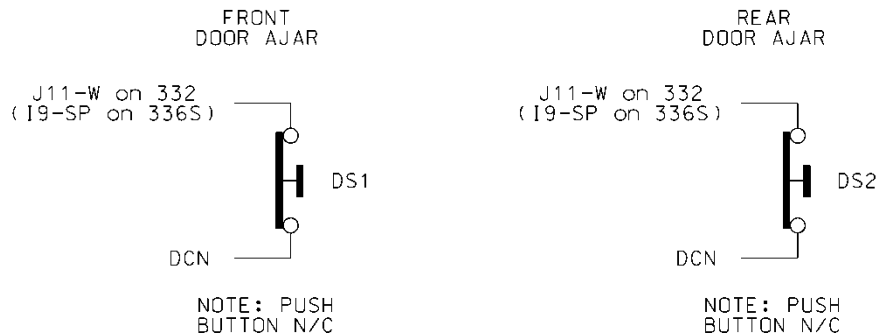
Provide a 120 VAC signal surge suppressor for each AC+ interconnect signal input. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs).....	20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage.....	350VAC
Response Time.....	< 200 nanoseconds
Discharge Voltage.....	<200 Volts @ 1,000A
Insulation Resistance.....	≥100 MΩ

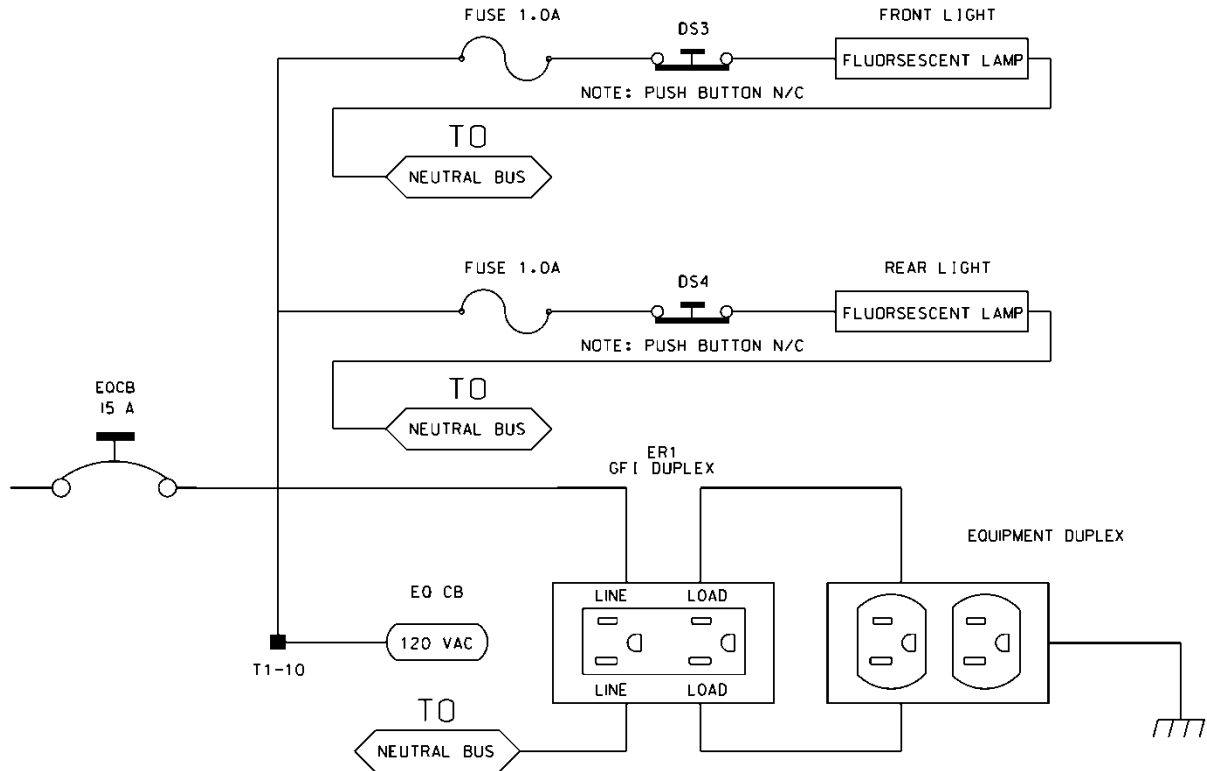
Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of 15 A / 125 VAC, 60 Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.



Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician’s ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).



Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a 1/4-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

332 Cabinet	
Detector Call Switches	Terminals
Phase 1	I1-W
Phase 2	I4-W
Phase 3	I5-W
Phase 4	I8-W
Phase 5	J1-W
Phase 6	J4-W
Phase 7	J5-W
Phase 8	J8-W

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins 13, 16, R, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P3, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels 11, 12, 17, and 18, the red inputs for channels 17 and 18, and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

PIN	P1		P2		P3	
	FUNCTION	CONN TO	FUNCTION	CONN TO	FUNCTION	CONN TO
1	CH-9G	CMU-13	OLA-GRN	A123	2P-YEL	114
2	CH-9Y	CMU-16	OLA-YEL	A122	4P-YEL	105
3	CH-10G	CMU-R	OLB-GRN	A126	6P-YEL	120
4	CH-10Y	CMU-U	OLB-YEL	A125	8P-YEL	111

Do not provide the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) or red interface ribbon cable as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Provide a P20 connector that mates with and is compatible with the red interface connector mounted on the front of the conflict monitor. Ensure that the P20 connector and the red interface connector on the conflict monitor are center polarized to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Wire the P20 connector to the output file and auxiliary output file using 22 AWG stranded wires. Ensure the length of these wires is a minimum of 42 inches in length. Provide a durable braided sleeve around the wires to organize and protect the wires.

Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Provide a wire for special function 1. Terminate the unused wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

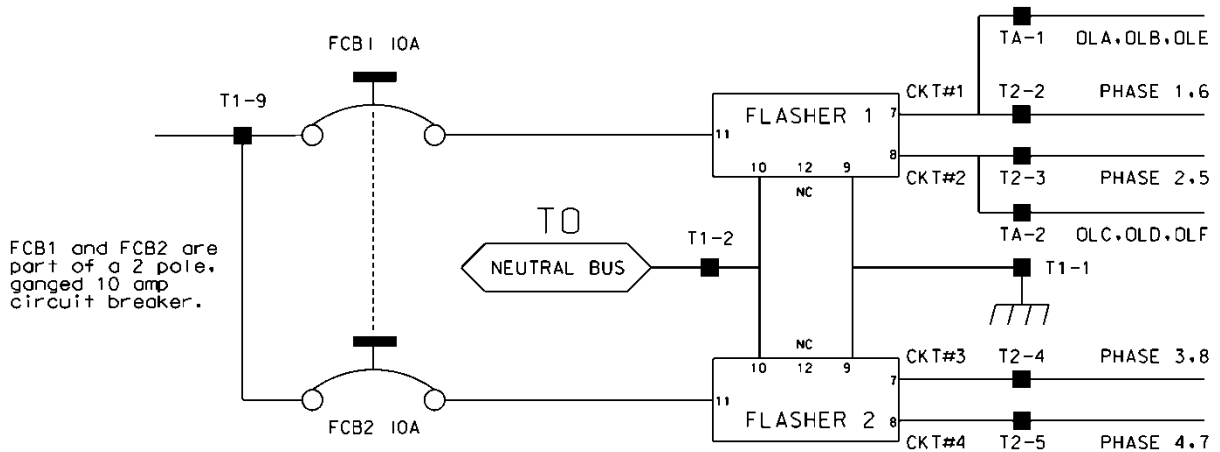
P20 Connector					
PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO	PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO
1	Channel 15 Red	119	2	Channel 16 Red	110
3	Channel 14 Red	104	4	Chassis GND	01-9
5	Channel 13 Red	113	6	N/C	
7	Channel 12 Red	AUX 101	8	Spec Function 1	
9	Channel 10 Red	AUX 124	10	Channel 11 Red	AUX 114
11	Channel 9 Red	AUX 121	12	Channel 8 Red	107
13	Channel 7 Red	122	14	Channel 6 Red	134
15	Channel 5 Red	131	16	Channel 4 Red	101
17	Channel 3 Red	116	18	Channel 2 Red	128
19	Channel 1 Red	125	20	Red Enable	01-14

Ensure the controller unit outputs to the auxiliary output file are pre-wired to the C5 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

Do not wire pin 12 of the load switch sockets.

In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.



Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS	
POSITION	FUNCTION
1	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 (OLE)
2	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 (OLF)
3	Flash Transfer Relay Coils
4	AC -
5	Power Circuit 5
6	Power Circuit 5
7	Equipment Ground Bus
8	NC

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR VALUES	
VALUE (ohms)	WATTAGE
1.5K – 1.9 K	25W (min)
2.0K – 3.0K	10W (min)

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

Provide Corbin #2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin #2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with #8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D & E for upper or J & K for lower).

Provide a minimum 14 x 16 inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of

cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009, with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)
- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 1350 +/- 150 ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 850 +/- 150 ms (210 mode).

Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.0 +/- 0.1 s (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.5 +/- 0.1 s (210 mode).

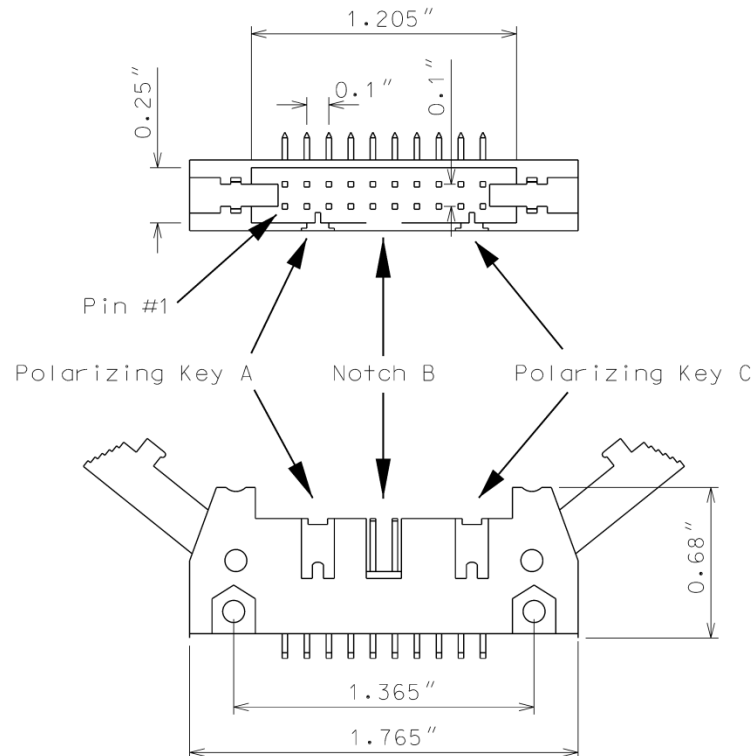
Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is 98 +/- 2 Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is 103 +/- 2 Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to 400 +/- 50ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is 92 +/- 2 Vrms, the AC line restore voltage

threshold is 98 +/- 2 Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to 80 +/- 17 ms (210 mode).

Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin #EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, center polarized, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062" thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10" and pitch is 0.10". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is 0.24". Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating 30μ" thick.



Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

Pin #	Function	Pin #	Function
1	Channel 15 Red	2	Channel 16 Red
3	Channel 14 Red	4	Chassis Ground
5	Channel 13 Red	6	Special Function 2
7	Channel 12 Red	8	Special Function 1
9	Channel 10 Red	10	Channel 11 Red
11	Channel 9 Red	12	Channel 8 Red
13	Channel 7 Red	14	Channel 6 Red
15	Channel 5 Red	16	Channel 4 Red
17	Channel 3 Red	18	Channel 2 Red
19	Channel 1 Red	20	Red Enable

Ensure that removal of the P20 cable connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms. A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less than 250 ms. A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms.

Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an “on” condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an “off” condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an “on” condition;
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an “off” condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS’ 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and

will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

1. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** A condition in which no “on” voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less than 700 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:
 - a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are “on” at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms), and
 - b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
 - c) Pin #EE (output relay common) is not active
2. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with ± 0.1 -second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an “on” signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds (± 0.1 second) following the detection of an “on” signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as “on” at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 200 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
4. **Configuration Settings Change:** The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card

indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.

Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of 2 Hz ± 20% with a 50% duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the “drop-out” level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the “restore” level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above the “restore” level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 16 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of 4 Hz ± 20% with a 50% duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the “restore” level. If the watchdog input has not made 5 transitions between the True and False state within 10 ± 0.5 seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel pair for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Flash Rate Detection, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

FYA mode

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 9 Red	Channel 10 Red	Channel 11 Red	Channel 12 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Yellow	Channel 10 Yellow	Channel 11 Yellow	Channel 12 Yellow
Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Green	Channel 10 Green	Channel 11 Green	Channel 12 Green
Green Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green

If a FYA channel pair is enabled for FYA operation, the conflict monitor will monitor the FYA logical channel pair for the additional following conditions:

1. **Conflict:** Channel conflicts are detected based on the permissive programming jumpers on the program card. This operation remains unchanged from normal operation except for the solid Yellow arrow (FYA clearance) signal.

2. **Yellow Change Interval Conflict:** During the Yellow change interval of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active. These conflicting channels shall be determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). During the Yellow change interval of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active as determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow).
3. **Flash Rate Detection:** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor for the absence of a valid flash rate for the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period greater than 1600 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor triggers and puts the intersection into flash. If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period less than 1400 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor does not trigger. Ensure the conflict monitor will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input. Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Flash Rate Detection function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Flash Rate Detection function is enabled. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Flash Rate Detection function is disabled.
4. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a red failure if there is an absence of voltage on all four of the inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA).
5. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a dual indication if two or more inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA) are “on” at the same time.
6. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor the solid Yellow arrow for a clearance fault when terminating both the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) interval and the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) interval.

Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence log is not greater than 50 ms.

For conflict monitors used within an Ethernet communications system, provide a conflict monitor with an Ethernet 10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 port for data communication access to the monitor by a local notebook computer and remotely via a workstation or notebook computer device connected to the signal system local area network. The Ethernet port shall be electrically isolated from the conflict monitor's electronics and shall provide a minimum of 1500 Vrms isolation. Integrate monitor with Ethernet network in cabinet. Provide software to retrieve the time and date from a network server in order to synchronize the on-board times between the conflict monitor and the controller. Furnish and install the following Windows based, graphic user interface software on

workstations and notebook computers where the signal system client software is installed: 1) software to view and retrieve all event log information, 2) software that will search and display a list of conflict monitor IP addresses and IDs on the network, and 3) software to change the conflict monitor's network parameters such as IP address and subnet mask.

For non-Ethernet connected monitors, provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070 controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070). Furnish and connect a serial cable from the conflict monitor's DB-9 connector to Comm Port 1 of the 2070 controller. Ensure conflict monitor communicates with the controller. Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout		
Pin Number	Function	I/O
1	DCD	O
2	TX Data	O
3	RX Data	I
4	DTR	I
5	Ground	-
6	DSR	O
7	CTS	I
8	RTS	O
9	NC	-

MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR

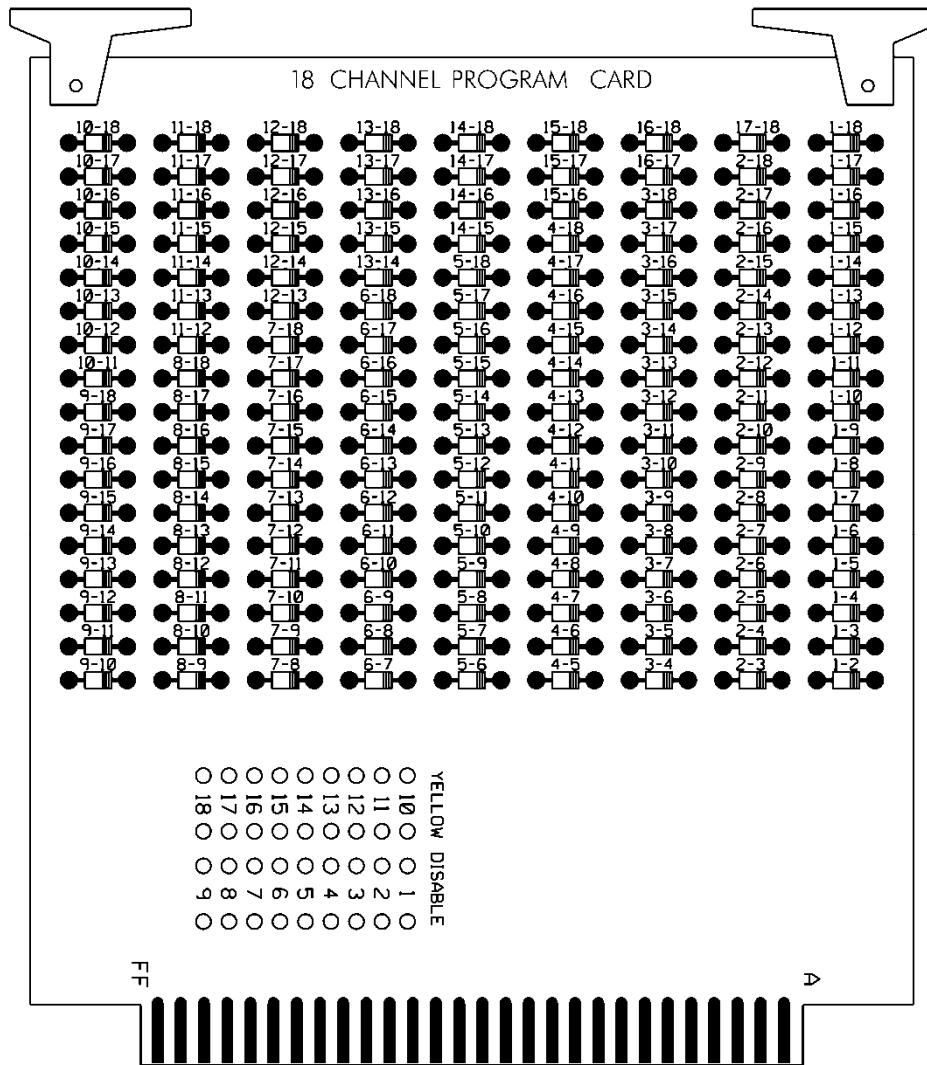
Pin #	Function (Back Side)	Pin #	Function (Component Side)
1	Channel 2 Green	A	Channel 2 Yellow
2	Channel 13 Green	B	Channel 6 Green
3	Channel 6 Yellow	C	Channel 15 Green
4	Channel 4 Green	D	Channel 4 Yellow
5	Channel 14 Green	E	Channel 8 Green
6	Channel 8 Yellow	F	Channel 16 Green
7	Channel 5 Green	H	Channel 5 Yellow
8	Channel 13 Yellow	J	Channel 1 Green
9	Channel 1 Yellow	K	Channel 15 Yellow
10	Channel 7 Green	L	Channel 7 Yellow
11	Channel 14 Yellow	M	Channel 3 Green
12	Channel 3 Yellow	N	Channel 16 Yellow
13	Channel 9 Green	P	Channel 17 Yellow
14	Channel 17 Green	R	Channel 10 Green
15	Channel 11 Yellow	S	Channel 11 Green
16	Channel 9 Yellow	T	Channel 18 Yellow
17	Channel 18 Green	U	Channel 10 Yellow
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18	Channel 12 Yellow	V	Channel 12 Green
19	Channel 17 Red	W	Channel 18 Red
20	Chassis Ground	X	Not Assigned
21	AC-	Y	DC Common
22	Watchdog Timer	Z	External Test Reset
23	+24VDC	AA	+24VDC
24	Tied to Pin 25	BB	Stop Time (Output)
25	Tied to Pin 24	CC	Not Assigned
26	Not Assigned	DD	Not Assigned
27	Relay Output, Side #3, N.O.	EE	Relay Output, Side #2, Common
28	Relay Output, Side #1, N.C.	FF	AC+

-- Slotted for keying between Pins 17/U and 18/V

CONFLICT PROGRAM CARD PIN ASSIGNMENTS

Pin #	Function (Back Side)	Pin #	Function (Component Side)
1	Channel 2 Green	A	Channel 1 Green
2	Channel 3 Green	B	Channel 2 Green
3	Channel 4 Green	C	Channel 3 Green
4	Channel 5 Green	D	Channel 4 Green
5	Channel 6 Green	E	Channel 5 Green
6	Channel 7 Green	F	Channel 6 Green
7	Channel 8 Green	H	Channel 7 Green
8	Channel 9 Green	J	Channel 8 Green
9	Channel 10 Green	K	Channel 9 Green
10	Channel 11 Green	L	Channel 10 Green
11	Channel 12 Green	M	Channel 11 Green
12	Channel 13 Green	N	Channel 12 Green
13	Channel 14 Green	P	Channel 13 Green
14	Channel 15 Green	R	Channel 14 Green
15	Channel 16 Green	S	Channel 15 Green
16	N/C	T	PC AJAR
17	Channel 1 Yellow	U	Channel 9 Yellow
18	Channel 2 Yellow	V	Channel 10 Yellow
19	Channel 3 Yellow	W	Channel 11 Yellow
20	Channel 4 Yellow	X	Channel 12 Yellow
21	Channel 5 Yellow	Y	Channel 13 Yellow
22	Channel 6 Yellow	Z	Channel 14 Yellow
23	Channel 7 Yellow	AA	Channel 15 Yellow
24	Channel 8 Yellow	BB	Channel 16 Yellow
--		--	
25	Channel 17 Green	CC	Channel 17 Yellow
26	Channel 18 Green	DD	Channel 18 Yellow
27	Channel 16 Green	EE	PC AJAR (Program Card)
28	Yellow Inhibit Common	FF	Channel 17 Green

-- Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC



2.5. MATERIALS – TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, “General Requirements,” and Chapter 5 Section 2, “Model 222 & 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements,” of the CALTRANS “Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications” dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

2.6. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of Department Supplied 2070 Controllers installed and accepted.

Actual number of each type of Cabinets Without Controllers furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of 2070LX Controllers furnished, installed into existing cabinets, and accepted. No measurement will be made of conflict monitors or malfunction detection units as these will be incidental to furnishing and installing controllers.

Payment will be made under:

Department Supplied 2070 ControllerEach

Cabinet Without Controller (Type 170E)Each

2070LX Controller.....Each

3. VIDEO IMAGING LOOP EMULATOR DETECTOR SYSTEMS FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATION

3.1. DESCRIPTION

Design, furnish, provide training, and install video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware for temporary traffic signals in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all loop emulator detection equipment will remain the property of the contractor.

3.2. MATERIALS

A. General:

Material and equipment furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department’s QPL by the date of installation except miscellaneous hardware such as cables and mounting hardware do not need to be pre-approved.

Used equipment will be acceptable provided the following conditions have been met:

- Equipment is listed on the current QPL.
- Equipment is in good working condition.
- Equipment is to remain the property of the contractor.

Ensure that software is licensed for use by the Department and by any other agency responsible for maintaining or operating the loop emulation system. Provide the Department with a license to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

Design and furnish video imaging loop emulator detection systems that detect vehicles at signalized intersections by processing video images and providing detection outputs to the signal controller in real time (within 112 milliseconds of vehicle arrival).

Furnish all required camera sensor units, loop emulator processor units, hardware and software packages, cabling, poles, mast arms, harnesses, camera mounting assemblies, surge protection panels, grounding systems, messenger cable and all necessary hardware. Furnish systems that allow the display of detection zones superimposed on an image of the roadway on a Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen. Ensure detection zones can be defined and data entered using a simple keyboard or mouse and monitor, or using a laptop PC with software.

Provide design drawings showing design details and camera sensor unit locations for review and acceptance before installation. Provide mounting height and location requirements for camera sensor units on the design based on site survey. Design video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware. Indicate all necessary poles, spans, mast arms, luminaire arms, cables, camera mounting assemblies and hardware to achieve the required detection zones where Department owned poles are not adequate to locate the camera sensor units. Do not design for the installation of poles in medians.

Obtain the Engineer’s approval before furnishing video imaging loop emulator detection systems. The contractor is responsible for the final design of video imaging loop emulator detection systems. Review and acceptance of the designs by the Department does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility to provide fully functional systems and to ensure that the required detection zones can be provided.

Provide the ability to program each detection call (input to the controller) with the following functions:

- Full Time Delay – Delay timer is active continuously,
- Normal Delay – Delay timer is inhibited when assigned phase is green (except when used with TS 2 and 170/2070L controllers),
- Extend – Call is extended for this amount of time after vehicle leaves detection area,
- Delay Call/Extend Call – This feature uses a combination of full time delay and extend time on the same detection call. Ensure operation is as follows: Vehicle calls are received after the delay timer times out. When a call is detected, it is held until the detection area is empty and the programmed extend time expires. If another vehicle enters the detection area before the extend timer times out, the call is held and the extend time is reset. When the extend timer times out, the delay timer has to expire before another vehicle call can be received.

Provide the ability to program each detection zone as one of the following functions:

- Presence detector,
- Directional presence detector,
- Pulse detector,
- Directional pulse detector.

Ensure previously defined detector zones and configurations can be edited.

Provide each individual system with all the necessary equipment to focus and zoom the camera lenses without the need to enter the camera enclosure.

Provide systems that allow for the placement of at least 8 detection zones within the combined field of view of a single camera sensor unit. Provide a minimum of 8 detection outputs per camera.

Provide detection zones that can be overlapped. Ensure systems reliably detect vehicles when the horizontal distance from the camera sensor unit to the detection zone area is less than ten times the mounting height of the sensor. Ensure systems detect vehicles in multiple travel lanes.

Ensure systems can detect vehicle presence within a 98 to 102 percent accuracy (up to 2 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 2 percent of false detection) for clear, dry, daylight conditions, a 96 to 105 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 5 percent false detection) for dawn and dusk conditions, and a 96 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed) for night and adverse conditions (fog, snow, rain, etc.) using standard sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion.

Repair and replace all failed components within 72 hours.

The Department may conduct field-testing to ensure the accuracy of completed video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

B. Loop Emulator System:

Furnish loop emulator systems that receive and simultaneously process information from camera sensor units, and provides detector outputs to signal controllers.

Ensure systems provide the following:

- Operate in a typical roadside environment and meet the environmental specifications and are fully compatible with NEMA TS 1, NEMA TS 2, or Type 170/2070L controllers and cabinets,

- provide a “fail-safe” mode whereby failure of one or more of the camera sensor units or power failure of the loop emulator system will cause constant calls to be placed on the affected vehicle detection outputs to the signal controller,
- provide compensation for minor camera movement of up to 2 percent of the field of view at 400 feet without falsely detecting vehicles,
- process the video at a minimum rate of 30 times per second,
- provide separate wired connectors inside the controller cabinet for video recording each camera,
- provide remote video monitoring with a minimum refresh rate at 1 frame per second over a standard dial-up telephone line,
- provide remote video detection monitoring.

Furnish camera sensor units that comply with the following:

- have an output signal conforming to EIA RS-170 standard,
- have a nominal output impedance of 75 ohms,
- be immune to bright light sources, or have built in circuitry or protective devices to prevent damage to the sensor when pointed directly at strong light sources,
- be housed in a light colored environmental enclosure that is water proof and dust tight, and that conforms to NEMA-4 specifications or better,
- simultaneously monitor at least five travel lanes when placed at the proper mounting location with a zoom lens,
- have a sunshield attached to the environmental enclosure to minimize solar heating,
- meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions,
- have a heater attached to the viewing window of the environmental enclosure to prevent ice and condensation in cold weather.

Where coaxial video cables and other cables are required between the camera sensor and other components located in the controller cabinet, furnish surge protection in the controller cabinet.

If furnishing coaxial communications cable comply with the following, as recommended by the approved loop emulator manufacturer:

- Number 20 AWG, solid bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor to the signal controller cabinet.
- Number 22 AWG, stranded bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor unit to the junction box, and within the signal controller cabinet.

Furnish power cable appropriately sized to meet the power requirements of the sensors. At a minimum, provide three conductor 120 VAC field power cable.

As determined during the site survey, furnish sensor junction boxes with nominal 6 x 10 x 6 inches dimensions at each sensor location. Provide terminal blocks and tie points for coaxial cable.

C. Video Imaging Loop Emulator System Support:

Furnish video imaging loop emulator systems with either a simple keyboard or a mouse with monitor and appropriate software, or with system software for use on department-owned laptop PCs. Ensure the system is Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible.

Provide Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible personal computer software, if needed, to provide remote video and video detection monitoring.

Ensure systems allow the user to edit previously defined detector configurations. When a vehicle is within a detection zone, provide for a change in color or intensity of the detection zone perimeter or other appropriate display changes on the Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen.

Provide cabling and interconnection hardware with 6-foot minimum length interconnection cable to interface with the system.

Provide all associated equipment manuals and documentation.

3.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Arrange and conduct site surveys with the system manufacturer's representative and Department personnel to determine proper camera sensor unit selection and placement. Provide the Department at least 3 working days notice before conducting site surveys. Upon completion of the site surveys the Department will provide revised plans reflecting the findings of the site survey.

Before beginning work at locations requiring video imaging loop emulator detection systems, furnish system software. Upon activation of detection zones, provide detector configuration files. Ensure that up-to-date detection configuration files are furnished for various detection zone configurations that may be required for construction phasing.

Place into operation loop emulator detection systems. Configure loop emulator detection systems to achieve required detection in designated zones. Have a certified manufacturer's representative on site to supervise and assist with installation, set up, and testing of the system.

Install the necessary processing and communications equipment in the signal controller cabinet. Make all necessary modifications to install equipment, cabling harnesses, and camera sensor interface panels with surge suppression.

Perform modifications to camera sensor unit gain, sensitivity, and iris limits necessary to complete the installation.

Do not install camera sensor units on signal poles unless approved by the Engineer.

Install the necessary cables from each sensor to the signal controller cabinet along signal cabling routes. Install surge protection and terminate all cable conductors.

Reconfigure detection zones as necessary according to the plans for construction phases.

Provide at least 8 hours of training on the set up, operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the loop emulator detection system to a maximum of ten Department personnel. Arrange for training to be conducted by the manufacturer's representative at an approved site within the Division responsible for administration of the project. Thirty days before conducting training submit a detailed course curriculum, draft manuals and materials, and resumes. Obtain approval of the submittal before conducting the training. At least one week before beginning training, provide three sets of complete documentation necessary to maintain and operate the system. Do not perform training until installation of loop emulator detection systems is complete.

3.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of site surveys, arranged, conducted, and accepted.

Actual number of luminaire arms for temporary video systems furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of cameras without internal loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of external loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

No measurement will be made of video imaging loop emulator system support or training, repositioning, power and video cables, and trenching as these items will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

Payment will be made under:

Site Survey	Each
Luminaire Arm for Temporary Video System.....	Each
Camera without Internal Loop Emulator Processing Unit.....	Each
External Loop Emulator Processing Unit	Each

4. METAL POLE SUPPORTS

4.1. METAL POLES

A. General:

Furnish and install metal poles, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware. Work covered under this special provision includes requirements for design, fabrication, and installation of standard and custom/site-specific designed metal pole supports and associated foundations.

Comply with applicable sections of the *2024 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES*, hereinafter referred to as the *Standard Specifications*. Provide designs of completed assemblies with hardware equaling or exceeding *AASHTO LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals* 1st Edition, 2015 (hereinafter called 1st Edition AASHTO), including the latest interim specifications. Provide assemblies with a round or near-round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or a multi-sided cross section with no less than six sides. The sides may be straight, convex, or concave.

For bid purposes, pole heights shown on plans are estimated from available data. Prior to furnishing metal poles, use field measurements and adjusted cross-sections to determine whether pole heights will meet required clearances. If pole heights do not meet required clearances, the Contractor should immediately notify the Engineer of the required revised pole heights.

Standard Drawings for Metal Poles are available that supplement these project special provisions. The drawings are located on the Department’s website:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx>

Comply with article 1098-1(B) of the *Standard Specifications* for submittal requirements. Furnish shop drawings for approval. Provide copies of detailed shop drawings for each type of structure as summarized below. Ensure shop drawings include material specifications for each component. Ensure shop drawings identify welds by type and size on the detail drawing only, not in table format. **Do not release structures for fabrication until shop drawings have been approved by NCDOT.** Ensure shop drawings contain an itemized bill of materials for all structural components and associated connecting hardware.

Comply with article 1098-1(A) of the *Standard Specifications* for Qualified Products List (QPL) submittals. All shop drawings must include project location description, signal or asset inventory number(s) and project number or work order number.

Summary of information required for metal pole review submittal:

Item	Electronic Submittal	Comments / Special Instructions
Sealed, Approved Signal or ITS Plan/Loading Diagram	1 set	All structure design information needs to reflect the latest approved Signal or ITS plans
Custom Pole Shop Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project.
Standard Strain Pole Shop Drawings (from the QPL)	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project.
Structure Calculations	1 set	Not required for Standard QPL Poles
Standard Strain Pole Foundation Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Submit a completed Standard Foundation Selection form for each pole using foundation table on Metal Pole Drawing M8.
Custom Foundation Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project. If QPL Poles are used, include the corresponding QPL pole shop drawings with this submittal.
Foundation Calculations	1 set	Submit copies of LPILE input, output, and pile tip deflection graph per Section titled Drilled Pier Foundations for Metal Poles of this specification for each foundation. Not required for Standard Strain Poles (from the QPL)
Soil Boring Logs and Report	1 set	Report shall include a location plan and a soil classification report including soil capacity, water level, hammer efficiency, soil bearing pressure, soil density, etc. for each pole.

NOTE – All shop drawings and custom foundation design drawings must be sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. All geotechnical information must be sealed by either a Professional Engineer or Geologist licensed in the state of North Carolina. Include a title block and revision block on the shop drawings and foundation drawings showing the NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s).

Shop drawings and foundation drawings may be submitted together or separately for approval. However, shop drawings must be approved before foundations can be reviewed. Foundation designs will be returned without review if the associated shop drawing has not been approved. Boring reports shall include the following: Engineer's summary, boring location maps, soil classification per AASHTO Classification System, hammer efficiency, and Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review. The Reviewer has the right to request additional analysis and copies of the calculations to expedite the approval process.

B. Materials:

Fabricate metal pole from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 572 Gr 55 or ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. For structural steel shapes, plates, and bars use, as a minimum, ASTM A572 Gr 50, AASHTO M270 Gr 50, ASTM A709 Gr 50, or an approved equivalent. Provide pole shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multi-sided tubular cross-section with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil. For anchor base fabrication, conform to the applicable bolt pattern and orientation as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for shafts, to continuously weld pole shafts along their entire length. Finish the longitudinal seam weld flush with the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the pole base. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 1st Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*. No field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel poles and all assembly components in accordance with section 1076-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design structural assemblies with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Galvanize hardware in accordance with section 1076-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure threaded material is brushed and retapped as necessary after galvanizing. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing in accordance with section 1076-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure all hardware is galvanized steel or stainless steel. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the Designer/Fabricator specifies connecting hardware and/or materials that prevent a dissimilar metal corrosive reaction.

Ensure each anchor rod is 2-inch minimum diameter and 60-inch length. Provide 10-inch minimum thread projection at the top of the rod, and 8-inch minimum at the bottom of the rod. Use anchor rod assembly and drilled pier foundation materials complying with SP09_R005, hereinafter referred to as *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles*.

Ensure anchor bolt hole diameters are 1/4-inch larger than the anchor bolt diameters in the base plate.

Provide a circular anchor bolt lock plate securing the anchor bolts at the embedded end with two (2) washers and two (2) nuts. Provide a base plate template matching the bolt circle diameter of the anchor bolt lock plate. Construct plates and templates from 1/4-inch minimum thick steel with a minimum width of 4 inches. Hot-dip galvanizing is not required for both plates.

Provide four (4) heavy hex nuts and four (4) flat washers for each anchor bolt. For nuts, use AASHTO M291 grade 2H, DH, or DH3 or equivalent material. For flat washers, use AASHTO

M293 or equivalent material. Ensure anchor bolts have required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

For each pole, provide a grounding lug with a ½-inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut that will accommodate #4 AWG ground wire. Ensure the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

Provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the top of each pole. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the pole with a sturdy stainless-steel chain that is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of the pole-top opening when cap is removed.

Where required by the plans, furnish couplings 42 inches above bottom of the pole base for mounting of pedestrian pushbuttons. Provide mounting points consisting of 1½-inch internally threaded half-couplings complying with the NEC, mounted within the poles. Ensure that couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required hot-dip galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug in each mounting point. Ensure the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed slot that will accommodate a ½ “drive standard socket wrench.

Metal poles may be erected and fully loaded after concrete has attained a minimum allowable compressive strength of 3,000 psi.

Connect poles to grounding electrodes and bond them to the electrical service grounding electrodes.

When field drilling is necessary for wire or cable entrances into the pole, comply with the following requirements:

- Do not drill holes within 2 inches of any welds.
- Do not drill any holes larger than 3 inches in diameter without checking with the ITS & Signals Structure Engineers.
- Avoid drilling multiple holes along the same cross section of tube shafts.
- Install rubber grommets in all field drilled holes that wire, or cable will directly enter unless holes are drilled for installation of weather heads or couplings.
- Treat the inside of the drilled holes and repair all galvanized surfaces in accordance with Section 1076-7 of the latest edition of the *Standard Specification prior to installing grommets, caps, or plugs*.
- Cap or plug any existing field drilled holes that are no longer used with rubber, aluminum, or stainless-steel hole plugs.

When street lighting is installed on metal signal structures, isolate the conductors feeding the luminaires inside the pole shaft using liquid tight flexible metal conduit (Type LFMC), liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (Type LFNC), high density polyethylene conduit (Type HDPE), or approved equivalent. All conductors supplying power for luminaires must run through an external disconnect prior to entrance into the structure. In accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) Article 230.2(E), provide identification of the electrical source provider for the luminaire feeder circuit with contact information on a permanent label located in the pole hand hole near the feeder circuit raceway.

Install a ¼-inch thick plate for a concrete foundation tag to include the following information: concrete grade, depth, diameter, and reinforcement sizes of the installed foundation. Install galvanized wire mesh to cover gap between the base plate and top of foundation for debris and pest control. Refer to standard drawing M7 for further details.

Immediately notify the Engineer of any structural deficiency that becomes apparent in any assembly, or member of any assembly, because of the design requirements imposed by these specifications, the plans, or the typical drawings.

C. Design:

Unless otherwise specified, design all metal pole support structures using the following 1st Edition AASHTO specifications:

- Use 700-Year MRI and 10-Year MRI wind pressure maps developed from 3-second gust speeds, as provided in Section 3.8.
- Ensure metal pole support structures include natural wind gust loading and truck-induced gust loading for fatigue design, as provided in Sections 11.7.1.2 and 11.7.1.3, respectively. Designs need not consider periodic galloping forces.
- Assume 11.2 mph natural wind gust speed in North Carolina. For natural wind fatigue stress calculations, utilize a drag coefficient (C_d) based on the yearly mean wind velocity of 11.2 mph.
- When selecting Fatigue Importance Factors, utilize Fatigue Importance Category II, as provided for in Table 11.6-1, unless otherwise specified.
- Calculate all forces using applicable equations from Section 5. The Maximum allowable force ratio for all metal pole support designs is 0.9.
- Conform to Sections 10.4.2 and 11.8 for deflection requirements. For CCTV support structures, ensure maximum deflection at top of pole does not exceed 2.0 percent of pole height.
- Assume the combined minimum weight of a messenger cable bundle (including messenger cable, signal cable and detector lead-in cables) is 1.3 lbs/ft. Assume the combined minimum diameter of the cable bundle is 1.3 inches.
- All CCTV poles shall meet the compact section limits per section 5.7.2 along with Table 5.7.2-1. Minimum thickness of CCTV pole shafts shall be ¼-inch.
- All CCTV poles shall use full-penetration groove weld tube-to-transverse plate connection with backing ring. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M9 for details. Fillet-welded tube-to-transverse-plate connections are not permitted.

Unless otherwise specified by special loading criteria, the following computed surface area for ice load on signal heads shall be used:

- 3-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 26.0 ft²
- 4-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 32.0 ft²
- 5-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 42.0 ft²

Design a base plate for each pole. The minimum base plate thickness for all poles is determined by the following criteria:

Case 1 Circular or rectangular solid base plate with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/3 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$, where

M = bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one (1) anchor bolt

P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

D_1 = horizontal distance between the anchor bolt center and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the bolt circle radius and the outside radius of the upright

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the bolt circle radius. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

Case 2 Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two (2) lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/3 of the upright diameter.

The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is $M = P \times D_2$,

where P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

D_2 = horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt nut

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt top nut and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

If the base plate thickness calculated for Case 2 is less than Case 1, use the thickness calculated for Case 1.

The following additional requirements apply concerning pole base plates.

- Ensure that whichever case governs as defined above, the anchor bolt diameter is set to match the base plate thickness. If the minimum diameter required for the anchor bolt exceeds the thickness required for the base plate, set the base plate thickness equal to the required bolt diameter.
- For all metal poles, use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the pole upright component to the base. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 or M4.

The Professional Engineer is wholly responsible for the design of all poles. Review and acceptance of these designs by the Department does not relieve the said Professional Engineer of his or her responsibility.

D. Strain Poles:

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M3 for fabrication details.

Provide two (2) messenger cable (span wire) clamps and associated hardware for attachment of messenger cable. Ensure diameter of the clamp is appropriate to its location on the pole and is appropriately designed for adjustment from 1'-6" below the top, down to 6'-6" below the top of the pole. Do not attach more than one (1) support cable to a messenger cable clamp.

Provide a minimum of three (3) 2-inch holes equipped with an associated coupling and weatherhead on the messenger cable load side of the pole to accommodate passage of signal cables from inside the pole. Provide galvanized threaded plugs for all unused couplings at pole entrance points. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 for fabrication details.

Provide designs with a 6" x 12" hand hole with reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole encompassing the hand hole and containing a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two (2) terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole base.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M3.

Provide grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer’s installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer’s recommended “rake.” Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

E. Mast Arm Poles:

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 through M5 for fabrication details.

Fabricate metal arm shaft from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. Provide arm shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multi-sided tubular cross-section with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil, eliminating circumferential weld splices.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for arm shafts, to continuously weld arm shafts along their entire length. The longitudinal seam weld shall be finished flush to the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure arm shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the arm flange plate. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 1st Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*, except no field welding on any part of the arm shaft will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel arm shafts and all assembly components per section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design arm shafts with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Provide hot-dip galvanizing on steel arm shafts that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-123, AASHTO M111, or an approved equivalent. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the following *Standard Specifications* article:

Repair of Galvanizing.....Article 1076-7

Ensure metal arm shafts permit cables to be installed inside arm shafts. For holes in arm shafts used to accommodate cables, provide full-circumference grommets. Wire access holes for arm flange plates should be deburred, non-grommeted, and oversized to fit around 4-inch diameter grommeted wire access holes for shaft flange plates.

Provide a minimum of four (4) 1-1/2” diameter high strength bolts for connection between arm plate and pole plate. Increase number of bolts to a minimum of six (6) 1-1/2” diameter high strength bolts when arm lengths are greater than 50’-0” long.

Provide designs with a 6" x 12" hand hole with reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole encompassing the hand hole and containing a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two (2) terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole base.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M4.

Provide a removable end cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the end of each mast arm. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to arm with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of arm end opening when cap is removed.

Provide pole flange plates and associated gussets and fittings for attachment of required mast arms. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a cable passage hole in pole to allow passage of cables from pole to arm. Provide a grommeted 4-inch diameter cable passage hole on the shaft side of the connection to allow passage of cables from pole to arm.

Furnish all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets.

Provide two (2) extra bolts for each arm.

Provide arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the pole shaft.

Provide hardware that is galvanized steel, stainless steel, or corrosive-resistant aluminum.

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

Install horizontal-type arms with a manufactured rise preventing arm from deflecting below arm attachment height.

Ensure maximum angular rotation of the top of mast arm pole does not exceed 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40'). Ensure allowable mast arm deflection does not exceed that allowed per 1st Edition AASHTO. For all load combination limit states specified under Section 3 of 1st Edition AASHTO, restrict tip of fully loaded arm from going below arm attachment point with the pole.

F. CCTV Poles:

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2, M3 and M9 for fabrication details.

Furnish hand hole covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole shaft.

Furnish and install the required Air Terminal & Lightning Protection System as described in the "Air Terminal & Lightning Protection System" Project Special Provisions and as referenced in the following Typical Details:

- CCTV Camera Installation for Metal Pole with Aerial Electrical Service
- CCTV Camera Installation for Metal Pole with Underground Electrical Service

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2, M3 and M9.

Provide a 2-inch hole equipped with an associated coupling and weather head approximately 5 feet below top of pole to accommodate passage of CCTV cables from inside pole to CCTV camera.

Provide a 2-inch hole equipped with an associated coupling and conduit fittings/bodies approximately 18 inches above base of pole to accommodate passage of CCTV cables from CCTV cabinet to inside of pole. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 for fabrication details.

Install CCTV metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 0.5 degrees of vertical. Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

Comply with the following requirements for CCTV Pole Anchor Bolts and Base

Plates:

- Poles up to 40'-0" in length, provide a minimum of four (4) 2-inch diameter anchor bolts, and a minimum 2-inch-thick circular base plate. Provide anchor bolts of Grade 55 ksi, and base plate of Grade 50 ksi.
- Poles greater than 40'-0" and up to 100'-0" in length, provide a minimum of eight (8) 2-inch diameter anchor bolts, and a minimum 2-inch-thick circular base plate. Provide anchor bolts of Grade 55 ksi, and base plate of Grade 50 ksi.

Obtain the Structural Engineer's approval for deviations from these requirements, prior to shop drawing(s) submission.

4.2. DRILLED PIER FOUNDATIONS FOR METAL POLES

Analysis procedures and formulas shall be based on AASHTO 1st Edition, latest ACI-318 code and the *Drilled Shafts: Construction Procedures and Design Methods* FHWA-NHI-10-016 manual. Design methods based on engineering publications or research papers must have prior approval from NCDOT. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject any method used for the analysis.

Ensure deflection at top of foundation does not exceed 1 inch for worst-case (Service Limit State) lateral load.

Use LPILE Plus V6.0 or later for lateral analysis. Submit inputs, results and corresponding graphs with the design calculations.

Calculate skin friction using the α -method for cohesive soils and the β -method for cohesion-less soils (**Broms method will not be accepted**). Detailed descriptions of the " α " and " β " methods can be found in *FHWA-NHI-10-016*.

Omit first 2.5 feet for cohesive soils when calculating skin friction.

Assume a hammer efficiency of 0.70 unless value is provided.

All CCTV pole drilled shafts shall be a minimum of 4'-0" diameter. Refer to Standard Drawing Nos. M7 and M8.

Design custom foundations to carry maximum capacity of each metal pole. For standard case strain poles with custom design, use actual shear, axial and moment reactions from the Standard Strain Pole Foundation Selection Table shown on Standard Drawing No. M8.

When poor soil conditions are encountered, which could create an excessively large foundation design, consideration may be given to allow an exemption to the maximum capacity design. The Contractor must gain approval from the Engineer before reducing a foundation's capacity. On

projects where poor soil is known to be present, the Contractor should have foundation designs approved before releasing poles for fabrication.

Have the Contractor notify the Engineer if the proposed foundation is to be installed on a slope other than 8H: 1V or flatter.

A. Description:

Furnish and install foundations for NCDOT metal poles with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Metal Pole Standards have been developed and implemented by NCDOT for use at signalized intersections in North Carolina. If the plans call for a standard strain pole, then a standard foundation may be selected from the plans. However, the Contractor is not required to use a standard foundation. If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard site-specific foundation for a standard strain pole or if the plans call for a non-standard site-specific pole, design the foundation to conform to the applicable provisions in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standard Drawings and Section B4 (Non-Standard Foundation Design) below. If non-standard site-specific foundations are designed for standard QPL approved strain poles, the foundation designer must use the design moment specified by load case on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M8. Failure to conform to this requirement will be grounds for rejection of the design.

If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard foundation for a standard strain pole and the soil test results indicate a standard foundation is feasible for the site, the Contractor will be paid the cost of the standard foundation. Any additional cost associated with a non-standard site-specific foundation including additional materials, labor and equipment will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation. All costs for the non-standard foundation design will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation.

B. Soil Test and Foundation Determination:

1. General:

Drilled piers are reinforced concrete sections, cast-in-place against in situ, undisturbed material. Drilled piers are of straight shaft type and vertical.

2. Soil Test:

Perform a soil test at each proposed metal pole location. Complete all required fill placement and excavation at each pole location to finished grade before drilling each boring. Soil tests performed that are not in compliance with this requirement may be rejected and will not be paid. Drill one boring to a depth of 26 feet within a 25-foot radius of each proposed foundation.

Perform standard penetration tests (SPT) in accordance with ASTM D 1586 at depths of 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 and 26 feet. Discontinue the boring if one of the following occurs:

- A total of 100 blows have been applied in any two consecutive 6-inch intervals.
- A total of 50 blows have been applied with < 3-inch penetration.

Describe each pole location along the project corridor in a manner that is easily discernible to both the Contractor's Designer and NCDOT Reviewers. If the pole is at an intersection, label the boring the "Intersection of (Route or SR #), (Street Name) and (Route or SR #), (Street Name), _____ County, Signal or Asset Inventory No. _____". Label borings with "B- N, S, E, W, NE, NW, SE or SW" corresponding to the quadrant location within the intersection.

If the pole location is located between intersections, provide a coordinate location and offset, or milepost number and offset. Pole numbers should be made available to the Drill Contractor. Include pole numbers in the boring label if they are available. If they are not available, ensure the boring

labels can be cross-referenced to corresponding pole numbers. For each boring, submit a legible (hand-written or typed) boring log signed and sealed by a licensed Geologist or Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Include on each boring the SPT blow counts and N-values at each depth, depth of the boring, hammer efficiency, depth of water table and a general description of the soil types encountered using the AASHTO Classification System.

Borings that cannot be easily correlated to their specific pole location will be returned to the Contractor for clarification; or if approved by the Engineer, the foundation may be designed using the worst-case soil condition obtained as part of this project.

3. Standard Foundation Determination:

Use the following method for determining the Design N-value:

$$N_{AVG} = \frac{N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth}}{Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values}$$

$$Y = (N_{@1'})^2 + (N_{@2.5'})^2 + \dots + (N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth})^2$$

$$Z = N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth}$$

$$N_{STD\ DEV} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{(Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values \times Y) - Z^2}{(Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values) \times (Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values - 1)} \right)}$$

Design N-value equals lesser of the following two conditions:

$$N_{AVG} - (N_{STD\ DEV} \times 0.45)$$

OR

$$Average\ of\ First\ Four\ (4)\ N\ values = \frac{N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + N_{@5'} + N_{@7.5'}}{4}$$

Note: If less than four (4) N-values are obtained because of criteria listed in Section 2 above, use average of N-values collected for second condition. Do not include the N-value at the deepest boring depth for above calculations if the boring is discontinued at or before the required boring depth because of criteria listed in Section 2 above. Use N-value of zero (0) for weight of hammer or weight of rod. If N-value is greater than fifty (50), reduce N-value to fifty (50) for calculations.

If standard NCDOT strain poles are shown on the plans and the Contractor chooses to use standard foundations, determine a drilled pier length, "L," for each signal pole from the Standard Strain Pole Foundations Chart (sheet M8) based on the Design N-value and the predominant soil type. For each standard pole location, submit a completed "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" signed by the Contractor's representative. Signature on form is for verification purposes only. Include the Design N-value calculation and resulting drilled pier length, "L," on each form.

If non-standard site-specific poles are shown on the plans, submit completed boring logs collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) along with pole loading diagrams from the plans to the Contractor-selected pole Fabricator to assist in the pole and foundation design.

If one of the following occurs, the Standard Foundations Chart shown on the plans may not be used and a non-standard foundation may be required. In such case, contact the Engineer.

- The Design N-value is less than four (4).
- The drilled pier length, “L”, determined from the Standard Foundations Chart, is greater than the depth of the corresponding boring.

In the case where a standard foundation cannot be used, the Department will be responsible for the additional cost of the non-standard foundation.

Foundation designs are based on level ground around the traffic signal pole. If the slope around the edge of the drilled pier is steeper than 8:1 (H:V) or the proposed foundation will be less than 10 feet from the top of an embankment slope, the Contractor is responsible for providing slope information to the foundation Designer and to the Engineer so it can be considered in the design.

The “Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form” may be found at:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx>

If assistance is needed, contact the Engineer.

4. Non-Standard Foundation Design:

Design non-standard foundations based upon site-specific soil test information collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test). Design drilled piers for side resistance in accordance with Section 10.8 of the *2014 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 7th Edition*. Use computer software LPILE version-6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Use computer software gINT V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide a drilled pier foundation for each pole with a length and diameter resulting in horizontal lateral movement less than 1 inch at top of the pier, and horizontal rotational movement less than 1 inch at the edge of pier. Contact the Engineer for pole loading diagrams of standard poles used for non-standard foundation designs. Submit non-standard foundation designs including drawings, calculations, and soil boring logs to the Engineer for review and approval before construction.

C. Drilled Pier Construction:

Construct drilled pier foundation and Install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* Standard Special Provision SP09-R005 located at:

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Specifications/Pages/2024-Specifications-and-Special-Provisions.aspx>

4.3. POLE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Attach an identification tag to each pole shaft section as shown on Metal Pole Standard Sheet M2 “Typical Fabrication Details for All Metal Poles.”

4.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of metal strain signal poles (without regard to height or load capacity) furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of metal poles with single mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of designs for mast arms with metal poles furnished and accepted.

Actual number of CCTV Metal Poles furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of soil tests with SPT borings drilled furnished and accepted.

Actual volume of concrete poured in cubic yards of drilled pier foundation furnished, installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for foundation designs prepared with metal pole designs, as these will be considered incidental to designing Traffic Signal , CCTV support structures.

Payment will be made under:

Metal Strain Signal Pole	Each
Metal Pole with Single Mast Arm	Each
Mast Arm with Metal Pole Design	Each
CCTV Metal Pole	Each
Soil Test	Each
Drilled Pier Foundation.....	Cubic Yard

5. ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH

Furnish and install a managed Ethernet edge switch as specified below that is fully compatible, interoperable, and completely interchangeable and functional within the existing City, Division, or Statewide traffic signal system communications network.

5.1. DESCRIPTION

A. Ethernet Edge Switch:

Furnish and install a hardened, field Ethernet edge switch (hereafter “edge switch”) for the traffic signal controller or ITS device as specified below. Ensure that the edge switch provides wire-speed, fast Ethernet connectivity at transmission rates of 1000 megabits per second from each remote traffic signal controller or ITS device location to the routing switches.

Contact the City or NCDIT to arrange for the programming of the new Field Ethernet Switches with the necessary network configuration data, including but not limited to, the IP Address, Default Gateway, Subnet Mask and VLAN ID information. Provide a minimum ten (10) working days notice to allow the City or NCDIT to program the new devices.

B. Network Management:

Ensure that the edge switch is fully compatible with the existing City, Division, or Statewide Network Management Software.

5.2. MATERIALS

A. General:

Ensure that the edge switch is fully compatible and interoperable with the trunk Ethernet network interface and that the edge switch supports half and full duplex Ethernet communications.

Furnish an edge switch that provide 99.999% error-free operation, and that complies with the Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA) Ethernet data communication requirements using single-mode fiber-optic transmission medium and copper transmission medium. Ensure that the edge switch has a

minimum mean time between failures (MTBF) of 10 years, or 87,600 hours, as calculated using the Bellcore/Telcordia SR-332 standard for reliability prediction.

B. Compatibility Acceptance

The Engineer has the authority to require the Contractor to submit a sample Field Ethernet Switch and SFP along with all supporting documentation, software and testing procedures to allow a compatibility acceptance test be performed prior to approving the proposed Field Ethernet Switch and Field Ethernet Transceiver for deployment. **The Compatibility Acceptance testing will ensure that the proposed device is 100% compatible and interoperable with the existing City, Division, or Statewide Signal System network, monitoring software and Traffic Operations Center network hardware.** Allow fifteen (15) working days for the Compatibility Acceptance Testing to be performed

C. Standards:

Ensure that the edge switch complies with all applicable IEEE networking standards for Ethernet communications, including but not limited to:

- IEEE 802.1D standard for media access control (MAC) bridges used with the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP);
- IEEE 802.1Q standard for port-based virtual local area networks (VLANs);
- IEEE 802.1P standard for Quality of Service (QoS);
- IEEE 802.1w standard for MAC bridges used with the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP);
- IEEE 802.1s standard for MAC bridges used with the Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol;
- IEEE 802.1x standard for port based network access control, including RADIUS;
- IEEE 802.3 standard for local area network (LAN) and metropolitan area network (MAN) access and physical layer specifications;
- IEEE 802.3u supplement standard regarding 100 Base TX/100 Base FX;
- IEEE 802.3x standard regarding flow control with full duplex operation; and
- IFC 2236 regarding IGMP v2 compliance.
- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
- IEEE 802.3ad Ethernet Link Aggregation
- IEEE 802.3i for 10BASE-T (10 Mbit/s over Fiber-Optic)
- IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BASE-T (1Gbit/s over Ethernet)
- IEEE 802.3z for 1000BASE-X (1 Gbit/s Ethernet over Fiber-Optic)

D. Functional:

Ensure that the edge switch supports all Layer 2 management features and certain Layer 3 features related to multicast data transmission and routing. These features shall include, but not be limited to:

- An STP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1D standard.
- An RSTP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1w standard.
- An Ethernet edge switch that is a port-based VLAN and supports VLAN tagging that meets or exceeds specifications as published in the IEEE 802.1Q standard, and has a minimum 4-kilobit VLAN address table (254 simultaneous).

- A forwarding/filtering rate that is a minimum of 14,880 packets per second for 10 megabits per second and 148,800 packets per second for 100 megabits per second.
- A minimum 4-kilobit MAC address table.
- Support of Traffic Class Expediting and Dynamic Multicast Filtering.
- Support of, at a minimum, snooping of Version 2 & 3 of the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP).
- Support of remote and local setup and management via telnet or secure Web-based GUI and command line interfaces.
- Support of the Simple Network Management Protocol version 3 (SNMPv3). Verify that the Ethernet edge switch can be accessed using the resident EIA-232 management port, a telecommunication network, or the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP).
- Port security through controlling access by the users. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch has the capability to generate an alarm and shut down ports when an unauthorized user accesses the network.
- Support of remote monitoring (RMON-1 & RMON-2) of the Ethernet agent.
- Support of the TFTP and SNTP. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch supports port mirroring for troubleshooting purposes when combined with a network analyzer.

E. Physical Features:

Ports: Provide 10/100/1000 Mbps auto-negotiating ports (RJ-45) copper Fast Ethernet ports for all edge switches. Provide auto-negotiation circuitry that will automatically negotiate the highest possible data rate and duplex operation possible with attached devices supporting the IEEE 802.3 Clause 28 auto-negotiation standard.

Optical Ports: Ensure that all fiber-optic link ports operate at 1310 or 1550 nanometers in single mode. Provide Type LC connectors for the optical ports, as specified in the Plans or by the Engineer. Do not use mechanical transfer registered jack (MTRJ) type connectors.

Provide an edge switch having a minimum of two optical 100/1000 Base X ports capable of transmitting data at 100/1000 megabits per second. Ensure that each optical port consists of a pair of fibers; one fiber will transmit (TX) data and one fiber will receive (RX) data. Ensure that the optical ports have an optical power budget of at least 15 dB. Provide small form-factor pluggable modules (SFPs) with a maximum range that meets or exceeds the distance requirement as indicated on the Plans.

Copper Ports: Provide an edge switch that includes a minimum of four copper ports. Provide Type RJ-45 copper ports and that auto-negotiate speed (i.e., 10/100/1000 Base) and duplex (i.e., full or half). Ensure that all 10/100/1000 Base TX ports meet the specifications detailed in this section and are compliant with the IEEE 802.3 standard pinouts. Ensure that all Category 6 unshielded twisted pair/shielded twisted pair network cables are compliant with the EIA/TIA-568-B standard.

Port Security: Ensure that the edge switch supports/complies with the following (remotely) minimum requirements:

- Ability to configure static MAC addresses access;
- Ability to disable automatic address learning per ports; know hereafter as Secure Port. Secure Ports only forward; and

- Trap and alarm upon any unauthorized MAC address and shutdown for programmable duration. Port shutdown requires administrator to manually reset the port before communications are allowed.

F. Management Capabilities:

Ensure that the edge switch supports all Layer 2 management features and certain Layer 3 features related to multicast data transmission and routing. These features shall include, but not be limited to:

- An STP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1 D standards;
- An RSTP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1w standard;
- An Ethernet edge switch that is a port-based VLAN and supports VLAN tagging that meets or exceeds specifications as published in the IEEE 802.1Q standard, and has a minimum 4-kilobit VLAN address table (254 simultaneous);
- A forwarding/filtering rate that is a minimum of 14,880 packets per second for 10 megabits per second, 148,800 packets per second for 100 megabits per second and 1,488,000 packets per second for 1000 megabits per second;
- A minimum 4-kilobit MAC address table;
- Support of Traffic Class Expediting and Dynamic Multicast Filtering.
- Support of, at a minimum, snooping of Version 2 & 3 of the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP);
- Support of remote and local setup and management via telnet or secure Web-based GUI and command line interfaces; and
- Support of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Verify that the Ethernet edge switch can be accessed using the resident EIA-232 management port, a telecommunication network, or the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP).

Network Capabilities: Provide an edge switch that supports/complies with the following minimum requirements:

- Provide full implementation of IGMPv2 snooping (RFC 2236);
- Provide full implementation of SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, and/or SNMPv3;
- Provide support for the following RMON–I groups, at a minimum:
 - Part 1: Statistics
 - Part 2: History
 - Part 3: Alarm
 - Part 9: Event
- Provide support for the following RMON–2 groups, at a minimum:
 - Part 13: Address Map
 - Part 16: Layer Host
 - Part 17: Layer Matrix
 - Part 18: User History
- Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch;
- Meet the IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN) standard per port for up to four VLANs;
- Meet the IEEE 802.3ad (Port Trunking) standard for a minimum of two groups of four ports;
- Password manageable;
- Telnet/CLI;

- HTTP (Embedded Web Server) with Secure Sockets Layer (SSL); and
- Full implementation of RFC 783 (TFTP) to allow remote firmware upgrades.

Network Security: Provide an edge switch that supports/complies with the following (remotely) minimum network security requirements:

- Multi-level user passwords;
- RADIUS centralized password management (IEEE 802.1X);
- SNMPv3 encrypted authentication and access security;
- Port security through controlling access by the users: ensure that the Ethernet edge switch has the capability to generate an alarm and shut down ports when an unauthorized user accesses the network;
- Support of remote monitoring (RMON-1&2) of the Ethernet agent; and
- Support of the TFTP and SNTP. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch supports port mirroring for troubleshooting purposes when combined with a network analyzer.

G. Electrical Specifications:

Ensure that the edge switch operates and power is supplied with 115 volts of alternating current (VAC). Ensure that the edge switch has a minimum operating input of 110 VAC and a maximum operating input of 130 VAC. Ensure that if the device requires operating voltages other than 120 VAC, supply the required voltage converter. Ensure that the maximum power consumption does not exceed 50 watts. Ensure that the edge switch has diagnostic light emitting diodes (LEDs), including link, TX, RX, speed (for Category 6 ports only), and power LEDs.

H. Environmental Specifications:

Ensure that the edge switch performs all of the required functions during and after being subjected to an ambient operating temperature range of -30 degrees to 165 degrees Fahrenheit as defined in the environmental requirements section of the NEMA TS 2 standard, with a noncondensing humidity of 0 to 95%.

Provide certification that the device has successfully completed environmental testing as defined in the environmental requirements section of the NEMA TS 2 standard. Provide certification that the device meets the vibration and shock resistance requirements of Sections 2.1.9 and 2.1.10, respectively, of the NEMA TS 2 standard. Ensure that the edge switch is protected from rain, dust, corrosive elements, and typical conditions found in a roadside environment.

The edge switch shall meet or exceed the following environmental standards:

- IEEE 1613 (electric utility substations)
- IEC 61850-3 (electric utility substations)
- IEEE 61800-3 (variable speed drive systems)
- IEC 61000-6-2 (generic industrial)
- EMF – FCC Part 15 CISPR (EN5502) Class A

I. Ethernet Patch Cable:

Furnish a factory pre-terminated/pre-connectorized Ethernet patch cable with each edge switch. Furnish Ethernet patch cables meeting the following physical requirements:

- Five (5)-foot length
- Category 6 or better

- Factory-installed RJ-45 connectors on both ends
- Molded anti-snag hoods over connectors
- Gold plated connectors
- Copper-clad aluminum is **NOT** allowed.

Furnish Fast Ethernet patch cords meeting the following minimum performance requirements:

- TIA/EIA-568-B-5, Additional Transmission Performance Specifications for 4-pair 100 Ω Enhanced Category 6 Cabling
- Frequency Range: 1-100 MHz
- Near-End Crosstalk (NEXT): 30.1 dB
- Power-sum NEXT: 27.1 dB
- Attenuation to Crosstalk Ratio (ACR): 6.1 dB
- Power-sum ACR: 3.1 dB
- Return Loss: 10dB
- Propagation Delay: 548 nsec

5.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. General:

Ensure that the edge switch is UL listed.

Verify that network/field/data patch cords meet all ANSI/EIA/TIA requirements for Category 6 four-pair unshielded twisted pair cabling with stranded conductors and RJ45 connectors.

Contact the City, Division, or NCDIT a minimum of 10 working days prior to installation to allow for the programming of the edge switch.

B. Edge Switch:

Mount the edge switch inside each field cabinet by securely fastening the edge switch to the upper end of the right rear vertical rail of the equipment rack using manufacturer-recommended or Engineer-approved attachment methods, attachment hardware and fasteners.

Ensure that the edge switch is mounted securely in the cabinet and is fully accessible by field technicians without blocking access to other equipment. Verify that fiber-optic jumpers consist of a length of cable that has connectors on both ends, primarily used for interconnecting termination or patching facilities and/or equipment.

5.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Ethernet edge switch will be measured and paid as the actual number of Ethernet edge switches furnished, installed, and accepted.

No separate measurement will be made for Ethernet patch cable, small form factor pluggable modules (SFPs), power cord, mounting hardware, nuts, bolts, brackets, or edge switch programming as these will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing the edge switch.

Payment will be made under:

Ethernet Edge Switch.....Each

6. DIGITAL CCTV CAMERA ASSEMBLY

6.1. DESCRIPTION

Furnish and install a Digital CCTV Camera Assembly as described in these Project Special Provisions. All new CCTV cameras shall be fully compatible with the video management software currently in use by the Region and the Statewide Traffic Operations Center (STOC). Provide a Pelco Spectra Enhanced low light 30X minimum zoom, Axis Dome Network Camera low light 30X minimum zoom or an approved equivalent that meets the requirements of these Project Special Provisions.

6.2. MATERIALS

A. General

Furnish and install new CCTV camera assembly at the locations shown on the Plans and as approved by the Engineer. Each assembly consists of the following:

- One dome CCTV color digital signal processing camera unit with zoom lens, filter, control circuit, and accessories in a single enclosed unit
- A NEMA-rated enclosure constructed of aluminum with a clear acrylic dome or approved equal Camera Unit housing.
- Motorized pan, tilt, and zoom
- Built-in video encoder capable of H.264/MPEG-4 compression for video-over IP transmission
- Pole-mount camera attachment assembly
- A lightning arrestor installed in-line between the CCTV camera and the equipment cabinet components.
- All necessary cable, connectors and incidental hardware to make a complete and operable system.

B. Camera and Lens

1. Cameras

Furnish a new CCTV camera that utilizes charged-coupled device (CCD) technology or Complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor (CMOS) technology. The camera must meet the following minimum requirements:

- Video Resolution: Minimum 1920x1080 (HDTV 1080p)
- Aspect Ratio: 16:9
- Overexposure protection: The camera shall have built-in circuitry or a protection device to prevent any damage to the camera when pointed at strong light sources, including the sun
- Low light condition imaging
- Wide Dynamic Range (WDR) operation
- Electronic Image Stabilization (EIS)
- Automatic focus with manual override

2. Zoom Lens

Furnish each camera with a motorized zoom lens that is a high-performance integrated dome system or approved equivalent with automatic iris control with manual override and neutral density spot filter. Furnish lenses that meet the following optical specifications:

- 30X minimum optical zoom, and 12X minimum digital zoom
- Preset positioning: minimum of 128 presets

The lens must be capable of both automatic and remote manual control iris and focus override operation. The lens must be equipped for remote control of zoom and focus, including automatic movement to any of the preset zoom and focus positions. Mechanical or electrical means must be provided to protect the motors from overrunning in extreme positions. The operating voltages of the lens must be compatible with the outputs of the camera control.

3. Communication Standards:

The CCTV camera shall support the appropriate NTCIP 1205 communication protocol (version 1.08 or higher), ONVIF Profile G protocol, or approved equal.

4. Networking Standards:

- Network Connection: Minimum 10/100 Mbps auto-negotiate
- Frame Rate: 30 to 60 fps
- Data Rate: scalable
- Built-in Web Server
- Unicast & multicast support
- Two simultaneous video streams (Dual H.264 and MJPEG):
 - Video 1: H.264 (Main Profile, at minimum)
 - Video 2: H.264 or MJPEG
- Supported Protocols: DNS, IGMPv2, NTP, RTSP, RTP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, HTTP, IPv4, IPv6
- 130 db Wide Dynamic Range (WDR)

The video camera shall allow for the simultaneous encoding and transmission of the two digital video streams, one in H.264 format (high-resolution) and one in H.264 or MJPEG format (low-resolution).

Initially use UDP/IP for video transport and TCP/IP for camera control transport unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

The 10/100BaseTX port shall support half-duplex or full-duplex and provide auto negotiation and shall be initially configured for full-duplex.

The camera unit shall be remotely manageable using standard network applications via web browser interface administration. Telnet or SNMP monitors shall be provided.

C. Camera Housing

Furnish new dome style enclosure for the CCTV assembly. Equip each housing with mounting assembly for attachment to the CCTV camera pole. The enclosures must be equipped with a sunshield and be fabricated from corrosion resistant aluminum and finished in a neutral color of weather resistant enamel. The enclosure must meet or exceed NEMA 4X ratings. The viewing area

of the enclosure must be tempered glass. The pendant must meet NEMA Type 4X, IP66 rating and use 1-1/2-inch NPT thread. The sustained operating temperature must be -50 to 60C (-58 to 144F), condensing temperature 10 to 100% Relative Humidity (RH).

D. Pan and Tilt Unit

Equip each new dome style assembly with a pan and tilt unit. The pan and tilt unit must be integral to the high-performance integrated dome system. The pan and tilt unit must be rated for outdoor operation, provide dynamic braking for instantaneous stopping, prevent drift, and have minimum backlash. The pan and tilt units must meet or exceed the following specifications:

- Pan: continuous 360 Degrees rotation
- Tilt: up/down +2 to -90 degrees minimum
- Motors: Two-phase induction type, continuous duty, instantaneous reversing
- Preset Positioning: minimum of 128 presets
- Low latency for improved Pan and Tilt Control
- FCC, Class A; UL/cUL Listed

E. Video Ethernet Encoder

Furnish cameras with a built-in digital video Ethernet encoder to allow video-over-IP transmission. The encoder units must be built into the camera housing and require no additional equipment to transmit encoded video over IP networks.

Encoders must have the following minimum features:

- Network Interface: Ethernet 10/100Base-TX (RJ-45 connector)
- Protocols: IPv4, Ipv6, HTTP, UpnP, DNS, NTP, RTP, RTSP, TCP, UDP, IGMP, and DHCP
- Security: SSL, SSH, 802.1x, HTTPS encryption with password-controlled browser interface
- Video Streams: Minimum 2 simultaneous streams, user configurable
- Compression: H.264 (MPEG-4 Part 10/AVC)
- Resolution Scalable: NTSC-compatible 320x176 to 1920x1080 (HDTV 1080p)
- Aspect Ratio: 16:9
- Frame Rate: 1-30 FPS programmable (full motion)
- Bandwidth: 30 kbps – 6 Mbps, configurable depending on resolution
- Edge Storage: SD/SDHC/SDXC slot supporting up to 64GB memory card

F. Control Receiver/Driver

Provide each new camera unit with a control receiver/driver that is integral to the CCTV dome assembly. The control receiver/driver will receive serial asynchronous data initiated from a camera control unit, decode the command data, perform error checking, and drive the pan/tilt unit, camera controls, and motorized lens. As a minimum, the control receiver/drivers must provide the following functions:

- Zoom in/out
- Automatic focus with manual override
- Tilt up/down
- Automatic iris with manual override

- Pan right/left
- Minimum 128 preset positions for pan, tilt, and zoom, 16 Preset Tours, 256 Dome Presets
- Up to 32 Window Blanks.

In addition, each control receiver/driver must accept status information from the pan/tilt unit and motorized lens for preset positioning of those components. The control receiver/driver will relay pan, tilt, zoom, and focus positions from the field to the remote camera control unit. The control receiver/driver must accept “goto” preset commands from the camera control unit, decode the command data, perform error checking, and drive the pan/tilt and motorized zoom lens to the correct preset position. The preset commands from the camera control unit will consist of unique values for the desired pan, tilt, zoom, and focus positions.

G. Electrical

The camera assembly shall support Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) in compliance with IEEE 802.3. Provide any external power injector that is required for PoE with each CCTV assembly.

H. CCTV Camera Attachment to Pole

Furnish and install an attachment assembly for the CCTV camera unit. Use stainless steel banding approved by the Engineer.

Furnish CCTV attachments that allow for the removal and replacement of the CCTV enclosure as well as providing a weatherproof, weather tight, seal that does not allow moisture to enter the enclosure.

Furnish a CCTV Camera Attachment Assembly that can withstand wind loading at the maximum wind speed and gust factor called for in these Special Provisions and can support a minimum camera unit dead load of 45 pounds (20.4 kg).

I. Riser

Furnish material meeting the requirements of Section 1091-3 and 1098-5 of the 2024 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures. Furnish a 1” riser with weatherhead for instances where the riser is only carrying an Ethernet cable. For installations where fiber optic cable is routed to the cabinet through a 2” riser with heat shrink tubing the Contractor may elect to install the Ethernet cable in the same riser with the fiber cable.

J. Data line Surge Suppression

Furnish data line surge protection devices (SPD) shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- UL497B
- Service Voltage: < 60 V
- Protection Modes: L-G (All), L-L (All)
- Response Time: <5 nanoseconds
- Port Type: Shielded RJ-45 IN/Out
- Clamping Level: 75 V
- Surge Current Rating: 20 kA/Pair
- Power Handling: 144 Watts
- Data Rate: up to 10 GbE
- Operating Temperature: -40° F to + 158° F

- Standards Compliance: Cat-5e, EIA/TIA 568A and EIA/TIA 568B
- Warranty: Minimum of 5-year limited warranty

The data line surge protector shall be designed to operate with Power Over Ethernet (POE) devices. The SPD shall be designed such that when used with shielded cabling, a separate earth ground is not required. It shall be compatible with Cat-5e, Cat 6, and Cat-6A cabling.

Protect the electrical and Ethernet cables from the CCTV unit entering the equipment cabinet with surge protection. Provide an integrated unit that accepts unprotected electrical and Ethernet connections and outputs protected electrical and Ethernet connections.

K. POE Injector

Furnish POE Injectors meeting the following minimum performance requirements and that is compatible with the CCTV Camera and Ethernet Switch provided for the project.

- Working temp/humidity: 14° F to 131° F/maximum 90%, non-condensing
- Connectors: Shielded RJ-45, EIA 568A and EIA 568B
- Input Power: 100 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz
- Pass Through Data Rates: 10/100/1000 Mbps
- Regulatory: IEEE 802.3at (POE)
- Number of Ports: 1 In and 1 Out
- Safety Approvals: UL Listed

Ensure the POE Injector is designed for Plug-and-Play installation, requiring no configurations and supports automatic detection and protection of non-standard Ethernet Terminal configurations.

6.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. General

Obtain approval of the camera locations and orientation from the Engineer prior to installing the CCTV camera assembly.

Mount CCTV camera units at a height to adequately see traffic in all directions and as approved by the Engineer. The maximum attachment height is 45 feet above ground level unless specified elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.

Mount the CCTV camera units such that a minimum 5 feet of clearance is maintained between the camera and the top of the pole to ensure adequate lightning protection is provided by the air terminal.

Mount CCTV cameras on the side of poles nearest intended field of view. Avoid occluding the view with the pole.

Install the data line surge protection device and POE Injector in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Install the riser in accordance with Section 1722 of the 2024 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures. Install the Ethernet cable in the riser from the field cabinet to the CCTV camera.

B. Electrical and Mechanical Requirements

Install an “Air Terminal and Lightning Protections System” in accordance with the Air Terminal and Lightning Protection System Project Special Provisions for the CCTV Camera Assembly. Ground all equipment as called for in the Standard Specifications, these Special Provisions, and the Plans. **Do not install lightning protection when installing a CCTV camera assembly on a signal pole.**

Install surge protectors on all ungrounded conductors entering the CCTV enclosure.

C. General Test Procedure

Test the CCTV Camera and its components in a series of functional tests and ensure the results of each test meet the specified requirements. These tests should not damage the equipment. The Engineer will reject equipment that fails to fulfill the requirements of any test. Resubmit rejected equipment after correcting non-conformities and re-testing; completely document all diagnoses and corrective actions. Modify all equipment furnished under this contract, without additional cost to the Department, to incorporate all design changes necessary to pass the required tests.

Provide 4 copies of all test procedures and requirements to the Engineer for review and approval at least 30 days prior to the testing start date.

Only use approved procedures for the tests. Include the following in the test procedures:

- A step-by-step outline of the test sequence that demonstrates the testing of every function of the equipment or system tested
- A description of the expected nominal operation, output, and test results, and the pass / fail criteria
- An estimate of the test duration and a proposed test schedule
- A data form to record all data and quantitative results obtained during the test
- A description of any special equipment, setup, manpower, or conditions required by the test

Provide all necessary test equipment and technical support. Use test equipment calibrated to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standards. Provide calibration documentation upon request.

Conform to these testing requirements and the requirements of these specifications. It is the Contractor’s responsibility to ensure the system functions properly even after the Engineer accepts the CCTV test results.

Provide 4 copies of the quantitative test results and data forms containing all data taken, highlighting any non-conforming results and remedies taken, to the Engineer for approval. An authorized representative of the manufacturer must sign the test results and data forms.

D. Compatibility Tests

1. CCTV System

Compatibility Tests are applicable to CCTV cameras that the Contractor wishes to furnish but are of a different manufacturer or model series than the existing units installed in the Region. If required, the Compatibility Test shall be completed and accepted by the Engineer prior to approval of the material submittal.

The Compatibility Test shall be performed in a laboratory environment at a facility chosen by the Engineer based on the type of unit being tested. Provide notice to the Engineer with the material submitted that a Compatibility Test is requested. The notice shall include a detailed test plan that will show compatibility with existing equipment. The notice shall be given a minimum of 15 calendar days prior to the beginning of the Compatibility Test.

The Contractor shall provide, install, and integrate a full-functioning unit to be tested. The Department will provide access to existing equipment to facilitate these testing procedures. The Engineer will determine if the Compatibility Test was acceptable for each proposed device. To prove compatibility the Contractor is responsible for configuring the proposed equipment at the applicable Traffic Operations Center (TOC) with the accompaniment of an approved TOC employee.

E. Operational Field Test (On-Site Commissioning)

1. CCTV System

Final CCTV locations must be field verified and approved by the Engineer. Perform the following local operational field tests at the camera assembly field site in accordance with the test plans and in the presence of the Engineer. The Contractor is responsible for providing a laptop for camera control and positioning during the test. After completing the installation of the camera assemblies, including the camera hardware, power supply, and connecting cables, the contractor shall:

F. Local Field Testing

Furnish all equipment and labor necessary to test the installed camera and perform the following tests before any connections are made.

- Verify that physical construction has been completed.
- Inspect the quality and tightness of ground and surge protector connections.
- Check the power supply voltages and outputs, check connection of devices to power source.
- Verify installation of specified cables and connection between the camera, PTZ, camera control receiver, and control cabinet.
- Make sure cabinet wiring is neat and labeled properly; check wiring for any wear and tear; check for exposed or loose wires.
- Perform the CCTV assembly manufacturer's initial power-on test in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- Set the camera control address.
- Exercise the pan, tilt, zoom, and focus operations along with preset positioning, and power on/off functions.
- Demonstrate the pan, tilt and zoom speeds and movement operation meet all applicable standards, specifications, and requirements.
- Define, test and/or change presets.
- Ensure camera field of view is adjusted properly and there are no objects obstructing the view.
- Ensure camera lens is dust-free.
- Ensure risers are bonded and conduits entering cabinets are sealed properly.
- Lightning arrestor bonded correctly.

G. Central Operations Testing

- Interconnect the CCTV Camera’s communication interface device with one of the following methods as depicted on the plans:
 - communication network’s assigned Ethernet switch and assigned fiber-optic trunk cable and verify a transmit/receive LED is functioning and that the CCTV camera is fully operational at the TOC.

OR

- to the DOT furnished cellular modem and verify a transmit/receive LED is functioning and that the CCTV camera is fully operational at the TOC.
- Exercise the pan, tilt, zoom, and focus operations along with preset positioning, and power on/off functions.
- Demonstrate the pan, tilt and zoom speeds and movement operation meet all applicable standards, specifications, and requirements.
- Define, test and/or change presets.

Approval of Operational Field Test results does not relieve the Contractor to conform to the requirements in these Project Special Provisions. If the CCTV system does not pass these tests, document a correction or substitute a new unit as approved by the Engineer. Re-test the system until it passes all requirements.

6.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Digital CCTV Camera Assembly will be measured and paid as the actual number of digital CCTV assemblies furnished, installed, integrated, and accepted. No separate measurement will be made for electrical cabling, connectors, CCTV camera attachment assemblies, conduit, condulets, risers, grounding equipment, surge protectors, PoE Injectors, PoE Cable, Air Terminal and Lightning Protection System, compatibility testing, operational testing or any other equipment or labor required to install the digital CCTV assembly.

Payment will be made under:

Digital CCTV Camera AssemblyEach

7. CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT CABINET

7.1. DESCRIPTION

For standalone CCTV Camera installations, furnish pole mounted cabinets and all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications to house CCTV control and transmission equipment.

7.2. MATERIALS

A. CCTV Cabinet

Furnish Type 336S style or equivalent pole-mounted cabinet meeting the following minimum requirements:

- Single doors on both front and rear of cabinet;
- Grounding bus bar;
- 19-inch rack system for mounting of all devices in the cabinet;
- Pull-out shelf drawer for laptop and maintenance use;
- Maintenance access connections;
- LED lighting;
- Ventilation fans;
- 120VAC power supply;
- 120VAC ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI)-protected duplex outlets for tools;
- 120VAC surge-protected duplex outlets for equipment.
- Lightning and surge protection on incoming and outgoing electrical lines (power and data);
- UPS with sufficient capacity to hold hub's electrical load for 4 hours.
- Managed Ethernet Edge switch if called for in the plans (paid separately);
- Fiber-optic interconnect centers if called for in the plans (paid separately)

Furnish terminal blocks for power for cabinet CCTV and communications devices as needed to accommodate the number of devices in the cabinet.

Furnish all conduits, shelving, mounting adapters, and other equipment as necessary to route cabling, mount equipment and terminate conduit in the equipment cabinet.

B. Shelf Drawer

Provide a pull out, hinged-top drawer, having sliding tracks, with lockout and quick disconnect feature, such as a Vent-Rak Retractable Writing Shelf, #D-4090-13 or equivalent in the equipment cabinet. Furnish a pullout drawer that extends a minimum of 14 inches that is capable of being lifted to gain access to the interior of the drawer. Minimum interior dimensions of the drawer are to be 1 inch high, 13 inches deep, and 16 inches wide. Provide drawers capable of supporting a 40-pound device or component when fully extended.

C. Cabinet Light

Each cabinet must include two (2) LED lighting fixtures (one front, one back) mounted horizontally inside the top portion of the cabinet. The fixtures must include a cool white lamp and must be operated by normal power factor UL-listed ballast. A door-actuated switch must be installed to turn on the applicable cabinet light when the front door or back door is opened. The lights must be mounted not to interfere with the upper door stay.

D. Surge Protection for System Equipment

Each cabinet must be provided with devices to protect the CCTV and communications equipment from electrical surges and over voltages as described below.

1. Main AC Power Input

Each cabinet must be provided with a hybrid-type, power line surge protection device mounted inside the power distribution assembly. The protector must be installed between the applied line voltage and earth ground. The surge protector must be capable of reducing the effect of lighting transient voltages applied to the AC line. The protector must be mounted inside the Power Distribution Assembly housing facing the rear of the cabinet. The protector must include the following features and functions:

- Maximum AC line voltage: 140 VAC.
- Twenty pulses of peak current, each of which must rise in 8 microseconds and fall in 20 microseconds to ½ the peak: 20000 Amperes.
- The protector must be provided with the following terminals:
 - Main Line (AC Line first stage terminal).
 - Main Neutral (AC Neutral input terminal).
 - Equipment Line Out (AC line second state output terminal, 19 amps).
 - Equipment Neutral Out (Neutral terminal to protected equipment).
 - GND (Earth connection).
- The Main AC line in and the Equipment Line out terminals must be separated by a 200 Microhenry (minimum) inductor rated to handle 10 AMP AC Service.
- The first stage clamp must be between Main Line and Ground terminals.
- The second stage clamp must be between Equipment Line Out and Equipment Neutral.
- The protector for the first and second stage clamp must have an MOV or similar solid state device rated at 20 KA and must be of a completely solid-state design (i.e., no gas discharge tubes allowed).
- The Main Neutral and Equipment Neutral Out must be connected together internally and must have an MOV similar solid-state device or gas discharge tube rated at 20 KA between Main Neutral and Ground terminals.
- Peak Clamp Voltage: 350 volts at 20 KA. (Voltage measured between Equipment Line Out and Equipment Neutral Out terminals. Current applied between Main Line and Ground Terminals with Ground and Main Neutral terminals externally tied together).
- Voltage must never exceed 350 volts.
- The Protector must be epoxy-encapsulated in a flame-retardant material.
- Continuous service current: 10 Amps at 120 VAC RMS.
- The Equipment Line Out must provide power to cabinet CCTV and communications equipment.

2. Ground Bus

Provide a neutral bus that is not connected to the earth ground or the logic ground anywhere within the cabinet. Ensure that the earth ground bus and the neutral ground bus each have ten compression type terminals, each of which can accommodate wires ranging from number 14 through number 4 AWG.

3. Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)

Furnish UPS with external temperature monitoring that will shut off when running on battery power and the maximum operating temperature for the ethernet switch is reached.

Install UPS with RJ-45 ethernet network monitoring ports that can be disabled via the UPS software/firmware.

Contractor is responsible for supplying a UPS and batteries that can adequately power the cabinet load plus an additional 20% for a **minimum** of 4 hours. Contractor shall request the power requirements for any department supplied equipment prior to submitting UPS for approval. Allow eight (8) weeks for the department to supply equipment power requirements. Provide to the Engineer for Approval, a submittal package with Engineering Calculations consisting of, as a minimum, schematic drawing, technical data sheets, and supporting documentation. Ensure the documentation demonstrates, in theory, that the battery(ies) will provide for continuous operation for a minimum of four (4) consecutive hours with no additional charging.

Furnish and install one rack mounted UPS in each new cabinet that meet the following **minimum** specifications:

Output

Nominal Output Voltage	120V
Output Voltage Distortion	Less than 5% at full load
Output Frequency (sync to mains)	57 - 63 Hz for 60 Hz nominal
Crest Factor	up to 5:1
Waveform Type	Sine wave
Output Connections	(4) NEMA 5-15R

Input

Nominal Input Voltage	120V
Input Frequency	50/60 Hz +/- 3 Hz (auto sensing)
Input Connections	NEMA 5-15P
Input voltage range for main operations	82 - 144V
Input voltage adjustable range for mains operation	75 -154 V

Battery Type

Maintenance-free sealed Lead-Acid battery with suspended electrolyte, leak-proof.

Typical recharge time	2 hours
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Communications & Management

Interface Port(s)	DB-9 RS-232, USB,RJ-45 Ethernet
Control panel	LED status display with load and battery bar-graphs

Surge Protection and Filtering

Surge energy rating	480 Joules
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Environmental

8.2 MATERIALS

A. General

Reference the following Typical Details where applicable:

- CCTV Camera Installation for Metal Pole with Aerial Electrical Service
- CCTV Camera Installation for Wood Pole with Underground Electrical Service

B. Metal Pole

Furnish a UL Listed Class II, stainless steel minimum 48" long by ½" diameter air terminal with a tapered tip with a rounded point on one end. No threading is required on the opposing end.

Furnish an air terminal rod clamp manufactured out of 304 stainless steel. Ensure the air terminal rod clamp has two horizontal support arms that are 2" wide by 3/16" thick and design to offset the air terminal approximately 8" away from the metal pole. Ensure the support arms at the point where the air terminal is to be installed has an internal crease to secure the air terminal along with four (4) bolts to provide the clamping action between the two support arms. Provide two (2) stainless steel banding clamps to secure the air terminal rod clamp's base plate to the metal pole.

C. Copper Lightning Conductor and Ground Rods

Furnish a Class II rated copper lightning conductor which consists of 28 strands (minimum) of 15 AWG copper wires to form a rope-lay bare copper lightning conductor. Furnish 5/8" diameter, 10-foot-long copper-clad steel ground rods with a 10-mil thick copper cladding to serve as an integral part of the 4-point grounding system. Furnish irreversible mechanical clamps to secure the 28-strand lightning conductor, #4 AWG bare copper ground wires and grounding electrodes together to complete the grounding system.

8.3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Metal Pole

Install two (2) stainless steel air terminal rod clamps to the side of the metal pole structure starting at 6" below the top of the pole with the second air terminal clamp 12" from the top of the pole (approximately 6" of separation between the 2 clamps). Secure each air terminal rod clamp to the pole structure with two (2) stainless steel banding clamps. Install the air terminal between the horizontal support arms on each air terminal rod clamp and tighten the bolts to provide a secure connection.

B. Copper Lightning Conductor and Ground Rods

Install the 4-point grounding system by installing a central grounding electrode that is surrounded by a minimum of three (3) additional grounding electrodes spaced approximately 20 feet away from the central grounding electrode and approximately 120 degrees apart. Interconnect each grounding electrode using a #4 AWG bare copper conductor back to the central grounding electrode using irreversible mechanical crimps. Additionally, using an irreversible mechanical crimp, connect the bare copper lightning conductor to the central grounding electrode. Install each grounding electrode and its corresponding #4 AWG bare copper grounding wire and 28 strand copper lightning conductor such that the wires are 24" below grade. Install marker tape 12" below grade and above all grounding conductors.

In instances where right-of-way does not allow for ground rod spacing as required above, reference the 2024 Roadway Standard Drawings - Section 1700.02 "Electrical Service Grounding" for "Limited Shoulder" or "Restricted Space" installation alternatives.

Prior to connecting the lightning protection system to an electrical service, perform a grounding electrode test on the lightning protection system to obtain a maximum of 20 ohms or less. Install

additional grounding electrodes as need to obtain the 20 ohms or less requirement. The grounding electrode resistance test shall be verified or witnessed by the Engineer or the Engineer’s designated representative.

Follow test equipment’s procedures for measuring grounding electrode resistance. When using clamp-type ground resistance meters, readings of less than one ohm typically indicate a ground loop. Rework bonding and grounding circuits as necessary to remove ground loop circuits and retest. If a ground loop cannot be identified and removed to allow the proper use of a clamp-type ground resistance meter, use the three-point test method. Submit a completed inductive Loop & Grounding Test Form available on the Department’s website.

8.4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

No measurement will be made for furnishing and installing the “Air Terminal and Lightning Protection System” as this will be considered incidental to “CCTV Metal Pole” installations.

9. DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN (DMS)

9.1. DESCRIPTION

To ensure compatibility with the existing DMS Control Software deployed in the State, furnish NTCIP compliant DMS that are fully compatible with the current control software in use by the Department. (also referred to hereinafter as the “Control Software”). Contact the engineer to inquire about the current version being used.

Furnish and install DMS compliant with UL standards 48, 50 and 879.

Furnish, install, test, integrate and make fully operational the new DMS at locations shown in the Project Plans.

Furnish operating Dynamic Message Signs, not limited to, the following types. Dimensions represent DMS sizes commonly used by the Department, other size DMS may be specified in the project plans.

DMS Naming Convention	
Type	Color
Type 1 – Front Access	A – Amber – 66mm
Type 2 – Walk-in	C – Full Color – 20mm
Type 3 – Embedded	
Type 4 – Lane Control	

- **DMS Type 1A** – Front Access Amber 66mm – 27 pixels high by 60 pixels wide
 - 3 lines, 10 characters per line, using 18” high characters.
- **DMS Type 1C** – Front Access Full Color 20mm – 96 pixels high by 208 pixels wide
 - 3 lines, 11 characters per line, using 18” high characters.
- **DMS Type 2A** – Walk-in Amber 66mm – 27 pixels high by 90 pixels wide

- 3 lines, 15 characters per line, using 18” high characters.
- **DMS Type 2C** – Walk-in Full Color 20mm – 96 pixels high by 288 pixels wide
 - 3 lines, 15 characters per line, using 18” high characters.
- **DMS Type 3A** – Embedded Front Access Tri-color 66mm – 7 pixels high by 35 pixels wide
 - 1 line, 7 characters per line, using 18” high characters.
- **DMS Type 3C** – Embedded Front Access Full Color 20mm – 24 pixels high by 160 pixels wide
 - 1 line, 8 characters per line, using 18” high characters.
- **DMS Type 4C** – Lane Control Sign Full Color 20mm – 48- or 64-pixels square
 - 48 pixels high by 48 pixels wide
 - 1 line, 2 characters per line using 18” high characters
 - 64 pixels high x 64 pixel wide
 - 2 lines, 3 characters per line using 18” high characters

Use only UL listed and approved electronic and electrical components in the DMS system.

Use only approved DMS models listed on the NCDOT Qualified Products List (QPL) at the time of construction. NCDOT Qualified Products List can be accessed via official website at <https://apps.ncdot.gov/products/qpl/>

9.2.MATERIALS

A. Environmental and Operating Requirements

Construct the DMS and DMS controller cabinet so the equipment within is protected against moisture, dust, corrosion, and vandalism. Design and construct the DMS unit for continuous usage of at least 20 years. Design the DMS system to comply with the requirements of Section 2.1 (Environmental and Operating Standards) of NEMA TS 4-2016.

B. Viewing Requirements for all DMS

Each line of text should be clearly visible and legible to a person with 20/20 corrected vision from a distance of 900 feet in advance of the DMS at an eye height of 3.5 feet along the axis.

Any line must display equally spaced and equally sized alphanumeric individual characters. Each character must be at least 18 inches in height (unless otherwise noted in the plans) and composed from a luminous dot matrix.

C. Housing Requirements for all DMS

Construct the external skin of the sign housing out of aluminum alloy 5052 H32 that is a minimum of 1/8 inches thick for all walk-in DMS and 0.090-inch-thick for all front access or

embedded DMS. Ensure the interior structure is constructed of aluminum. Ensure that exterior seams and joints, except the finish coated face pieces, are continuously welded using an inert gas welding method. Ensure that no internal frame connections or external skin attachments rely upon adhesive bonding. Ensure the sign housing meets the requirements of Section 3 of NEMA TS 4-2016.

Ensure that all drain holes and other openings in the sign housing are screened to prevent the entrance of insects. Ensure that the top of the housing includes multiple steel lifting eyebolts or equivalent hoisting points. Ensure hoist points are positioned such that the sign remains level when lifted. Ensure that the hoist points and sign frame allow the sign to be shipped, handled, and installed without damage. Ensure all external assembly and mounting hardware, including but not limited to; nuts, bolts, screws, and locking washers are corrosion resistant galvanized steel and are sealed against water intrusion. Ensure all exterior housing surfaces, excluding the sign face, and all interior housing surfaces are a natural aluminum mill finish. Ensure signs are fabricated, welded, and inspected in accordance with the requirements of the current ANSI/AWS Structural Welding Code-Aluminum. Do not place a manufacturer name, logo, or other information on the front face of the DMS or shield. Do not paint the stainless-steel bolts on the Z-bar assemblies used for mounting the enclosure.

D. Housing Requirements for Walk-in type DMS

Ensure the sign housing meets the requirements of Section 3.2.8 of NEMA TS 4-2016. Stitch weld the exterior housing panel material to the internal structural members to form a unitized structure. Ensure that exterior mounting assemblies are fabricated from aluminum alloy 6061-T6 extrusions a minimum of 3/16 inches thick. Ensure housing access is provided through an access door at each end of the sign enclosure that meets the requirements of NEMA TS 4-2016, Section 3.2.8.1. Ensure the access doors include a keyed tumbler lock and a door handle with a hasp for a padlock. Ensure the doors include a closed-cell neoprene gasket and stainless-steel hinges. Install one appropriately sized fire extinguisher within 12 inches of each maintenance door. Ensure the sign housing meets the requirements of NEMA TS 4-2016, Section 3.2.8.3 for service lighting. All service lighting should be LED, incandescent and fluorescent lamps are not permitted. Ensure that the sign housing includes LED emergency lighting that automatically illuminates the interior when the door is open in the event of a power outage. Emergency lighting must be capable of operation without power for at least 90 minutes. Ensure the sign housing meets the requirements of NEMA TS 4-2016, Section 3.2.9 for convenience outlets.

E. Housing Face Requirements for all DMS

Ensure the sign face meets the requirements of NEMA TS 4-2016, Section 3.1.3. Protect the DMS face with contiguous, weather-tight, removable panels. The DMS front face shall be constructed with multiple rigid panels, each of which supports and protects a full-height section of the LED display matrix. The panels shall be fabricated using aluminum sheeting on the exterior and polycarbonate sheeting on the interior of the panel. These panels must be a polycarbonate material that is ultraviolet protected and have an antireflection coating. Prime and coat the front side of the aluminum mask, which faces the viewing motorists, with automotive-grade semi-gloss black acrylic enamel paint or an approved equivalent. Guarantee all painted surfaces provide a minimum outdoor service life of 20 years. Design the panels so they will not warp nor reduce the legibility of the characters. Differential expansion of the DMS housing and the front panel must not cause damage to any DMS component or allow openings for moisture or dust. Glare from sunlight, roadway

lighting, commercial lighting, or vehicle headlights must not reduce the legibility or visibility of the DMS. Install the panels so that a maintenance person can easily remove or open them for cleaning.

F. Housing Face Requirements for Walk-in type DMS

No exposed fasteners are allowed on the housing face. Ensure that display modules can be easily and rapidly removed from within the sign without disturbing adjacent display modules.

G. Sign Housing Ventilation System for all DMS

Install a minimum of one (1) temperature sensor that is mounted near the top of the DMS interior. The sensor(s) will measure the temperature of the air in the enclosure over a minimum range of -40°F to +176°F. Ensure the DMS controller will continuously monitor the internal temperature sensor output and report to the DMS control software upon request.

Design the DMS with systems for enclosure ventilation, face panel fog and frost prevention, and safe over-temperature shutdown.

Design the DMS ventilation system to be thermostatically controlled and to keep the internal DMS air temperature lower than +140°F, when the outdoor ambient temperature is +115°F or less.

The ventilation system will consist of two or more air intake ports located near the bottom of the DMS rear wall. Cover each intake port with a filter that removes airborne particles measuring 500 microns in diameter and larger. Mount one or more ventilation fans at each intake port. These fans will positively pressure the DMS enclosure.

Design the ventilation fans and air filters to be removable and replaceable from inside the DMS housing. To ease serviceability, mount the ventilation fans no more than four (4) feet from the floor of the DMS enclosure. Position ventilation fans so they do not prevent removal of an LED pixel board or driver board.

Provide each ventilation fan with a sensor to monitor its rotational speed, measured in revolutions per minute and report this speed to the sign controller upon request.

The ventilation system will move air across the rear of the LED modules in a manner such that heat is dissipated from the LED's. Design the airflow system to move air from the bottom of the enclosure towards the top to work with natural convection to move heat away from the modules.

Install each exhaust port near the top of the rear DMS wall. Provide one exhaust port for each air intake port. Screen all exhaust port openings to prevent the entrance of insects and small animals.

Cover each air intake and exhaust port with an aluminum hood attached to the rear wall of the DMS. Thoroughly seal all intakes and exhaust hoods to prevent water from entering the DMS. Provide a thermostat near the top of the DMS interior to control the activation of the ventilation system.

The DMS shall automatically shut down the LED modules to prevent damaging the LEDs if the measured internal enclosure air temperature exceeds a maximum threshold temperature. The threshold temperature shall be configurable and shall have a default factory setting of 140°F. The DMS provide an output to the controller to notify the Control Software when the DMS shuts down due to high temperature.

H. Sign Housing Ventilation System for Walk-in DMS

Ensure the sign includes a fail-safe ventilation subsystem that includes a snap disk thermostat that is independent of the sign controller. Preset the thermostat at 140°F. If the sign housing's interior reaches 140°F, the thermostat must override the normal ventilation system, bypassing the

sign controller and turning on all fans. The fans must remain on until the internal sign housing temperature falls below 115°F.

I. Sign Housing Photoelectric sensors

Install three photoelectric sensors with ½ inch minimum diameter photosensitive lens inside the DMS enclosure. Use sensors that will operate normally despite continual exposure to direct sunlight. Place the sensors so they are accessible and field adjustable. Point one sensor north or bottom of the sign. Place the other two, one on the back wall and one on the front wall of the sign enclosure. Alternate designs may be accepted, provided the sensor assemblies that are accessible and serviceable from inside the sign enclosure.

Provide controls so that the Engineer can field adjust the following:

- The light level emitted by the pixels in each Light Level Mode,
- The ambient light level at which each Light Level Mode is activated.

J. Display Modules

Manufacture each display module with a standard number of pixels which can be easily removed. Assemble the modules onto the DMS assemblies contiguously to form a continuous matrix to display the required number of lines, characters, and character height.

Design display modules that are interchangeable, self-addressable, and replaceable without using special tools. Provide plug-in type power and communication cables to connect to a display module. Ensure that the sign has a full matrix display area as defined in NEMA TS 4-2016, Section 1.6.

Design each module to display:

- All upper- and lower-case letters,
- All punctuation marks,
- All numerals 0 to 9,
- Special user-created characters or images.

Display upper-case letters and numerals over the complete height of the module. Optimize the LED grouping and mounting angle within a pixel for maximum readability.

Furnish two (2) spare display modules per each DMS installed for emergency restoration.

K. Discrete LEDs

Provide discrete LEDs with a nominal viewing cone of 30 degrees with a half-power angle of 15 degrees measured from the longitudinal axis of the LED. Make certain, the viewing cone tolerances are as specified in the LED manufacturer's product specifications and do not exceed +/- 3 degrees half-power viewing angle of 30 degrees.

Provide LEDs that are untinted, non-diffused, high output solid state lamps utilizing AlInGaP technology for Red and InGaN technology for Green and Blue. No substitutions will be allowed. Provide LEDs that emit a full color.

Provide LEDs with a MTBF (Mean Time Before Failure) of at least 100,000 hours of permanent use at an operating point of 140° F or below at a specific forward current of 20mA. Discrete LED

failure is defined as the point at which the LED's luminous intensity has degraded to 50% or less of its original level.

Obtain the LEDs used in the display from a single LED manufacturer. Obtain them from batches sorted for luminous output, where the highest luminosity LED is not more than fifty percent more luminous than the lowest luminosity LED when the LEDs are driven at the same forward current. Do not use more than two successive and overlapping batches in the LED display.

Individually mount the LEDs on circuit boards that are at least 1/16" thick FR-4 fiberglass, flat black printed circuit board in a manner that promotes cooling. Protect all exposed metal on both sides of the LED pixel board (except the power connector) from water and humidity exposure by a thorough application of acrylic conformal coating. Design the boards so bench level repairs to individual pixels, including discrete LED replacement and conformal coating repair is possible.

Operate the LED display at a low internal DC voltage not to exceed 24 Volts.

Design the LED display operating range to be -20° F to $+140^{\circ}$ F at 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

Supply the LED manufacturer's technical specification sheet with the material submittals.

L. LED Power Supplies

Power the LED Display by means of multiple regulated switching DC power supplies that operate from 120 volts AC input power and have an output of 24 volts DC or less. Wire the power supplies in a redundant parallel configuration that uses multiple power supplies per display. Provide the power supplies with current sharing capability that allows equal amounts of current to their portion of the LED display. Provide power supplies rated such that if one supply fails the remaining supplies will be able to operate their portion of the display under full load conditions (i.e. all pixels on at maximum brightness) and at a temperature of 140° F.

Provide power supplies to operate within a minimum input voltage range of $+90$ to $+135$ volts AC and within a temperature range of -22° F to 140° F. Power supply output at 140° F must not deteriorate to less than 65% of its specified output at 70° F. Provide power supplies that are overload protected by means of circuit breakers, that have an efficiency rating of at least 75%, a power factor rating of at least .95, and are UL listed. Provide all power supplies from the same manufacturer and with the same model number for each Type of DMS. Design the power driver circuitry to minimize power consumption.

Design the field controller to monitor the operational status (normal or failed) of each individual power supply and be able to display this information on the Client Computer screen graphically. Color code power supply status, red for failed and green for normal. Provide power supply monitoring circuitry to detect power failure in the DMS and to automatically report this fault to the Control Software. This requirement is in addition to reporting power failure at the controller cabinet.

M. LED Pixels

A pixel is defined as the smallest programmable portion of a display module that consists of a cluster of closely spaced discrete LEDs. Design each pixel with either 66mm or 20mm spacing depending on the type of DMS called for in the plans.

Construct the pixels with strings of LEDs. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to determine the number of LEDs in each string to produce the candela requirement as stated herein.

Use continuous current to drive the LEDs at the maximum brightness level. Design the light levels to be adjustable for each DMS / controller so the Engineer may set levels to match the luminance requirements at each installation site.

Ensure each pixel produces a luminous intensity of 40 Cd when driven with an LED drive current of 20 mA per string.

Power the LEDs in each pixel in strings. Use a redundant design so that the failure of an LED in one string does not affect the operation of any other string within the pixel and does not lower the luminous intensity of the pixel more than 25% of the 40Cd requirement. Provide the sign controller with the ability to detect the failure of any LED string and identify which LED string has failed.

N. DMS Mini Controller

For Walk-In and Front Access DMS Types only, furnish and install a mini controller inside the DMS that is interconnected with the main controller using a fiber-optic cable. The mini controller will enable a technician to perform all functions available from the main controller. Provide the mini controller with a Display and keypad interface. Size the display screen to allow preview of an entire one-page message on one screen. Provide a 4 X 4 keypad.

O. DMS Enclosure Structure Mounting

Mount the DMS enclosure and interconnect system securely to the supporting structures. Design the DMS enclosure supports and structure to allow full access to the DMS enclosure inspection door. Mount the DMS enclosure according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Furnish and install U-bolt connections of hanger beams to truss chords with a double nut at each end of the U-bolt. Bring the double nuts tight against each other by the use of two wrenches.

Submit plans for the DMS enclosure, structure, mounting description and calculations to the Engineer for approval. Have such calculations and drawings approved by a Professional Engineer registered in the state of North Carolina, and bear his signature, seal, and date of acceptance.

Provide removable lifting eyes or the equivalent on the DMS enclosure rated for its total weight to facilitate handling and mounting the DMS enclosure.

Design the DMS structure to conform to the applicable requirements of Section 906 of the *2024 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures* and the section titled "DMS Pedestal Structure" of these Project Special Provisions.

P. DMS / DMS Controller Interconnect

Furnish and install all necessary cabling, conduit, and terminal blocks to connect the DMS and the DMS controller located in the equipment cabinet. Use approved manufacturer's specifications and the Project Plans for cable and conduit types and sizes. Use fiber-optic cable to interconnect sign and controller. Install fiber-optic interconnect centers in the sign enclosure and cabinet to securely install and terminate the fiber-optic cable. Submit material submittal cut sheets for the interconnect center.

Q. DMS Controller and DMS Cabinet

Furnish and install one DMS controller with accessories per DMS in a protective cabinet. Controlling multiple DMS with one controller is allowed when multiple DMS are mounted on the

same structure. Mount the controller cabinet on the Sign support structure. Install cabinet so that the height from the ground to the middle of the cabinet is 4 feet. Ensure a minimum of 24" x 36" level concrete working surface under each cabinet that provides maintenance technicians with a safe working environment.

Provide the DMS controller as a software-oriented microprocessor and with resident software stored in non-volatile memory. The Control Software, controller and communications must comply with the NTCIP Standards identified in these Project Special Provisions. Provide sufficient non-volatile memory to allow storage of at least 500 multi-page messages and a test pattern program.

For DMS Type 4C installations provide a single controller that can control up to eight (8) signs simultaneously.

Furnish the controller cabinet with, but not limited to, the following:

- Power supply and distribution assemblies,
- Power line filtering hybrid surge protectors,
- Radio Interference Suppressor,
- Communications surge protection devices,
- Industrial-Grade UPS system and local disconnect,
- Microprocessor based controller,
- Display driver and control system (unless integral to the DMS),
- RJ45 Ethernet interface port,
- Local user interface,
- Interior lighting and duplex receptacle,
- Adjustable shelves as required for components,
- Temperature control system,
- All interconnect harnesses, connectors, and terminal blocks,
- All necessary installation and mounting hardware.

Furnish the DMS controller and associated equipment completely housed in a Caltrans 336S cabinet made from 5052 H32 sheet aluminum at least 1/8" thick. Use natural aluminum cabinets. Perform all welding of aluminum and aluminum alloys in accordance with the latest edition of AWS D1.2, Structural Welding Code – Aluminum. Continuously weld the seams using Gas Metal Arc Welding (GMAW).

Slant the cabinet roof away from the front of the cabinet to prevent water from collecting on it.

Do not place a manufacturer name, logo, or other information on the faces of the controller cabinet

Provide cabinets capable of housing the components and sized to fit space requirement. Design the cabinet layout for ease of maintenance and operation, with all components easily accessible. Submit a cabinet layout plan for approval by the Engineer.

Locate louvered vents with filters in the cabinet to direct airflow over the controller and auxiliary equipment, and in a manner that prevents rain from entering the cabinet. Fit the inside of the cabinet,

directly behind the vents, with a replaceable, standard size, commercially available air filter of sufficient size to cover the entire vented area.

Provide a torsionally rigid door with a continuous stainless-steel hinge on the side that permits complete access to the cabinet interior. Provide a gasket as a permanent and weather resistant seal at the cabinet door and at the edges of the fan / exhaust openings. Use a non-absorbent gasket material that will maintain its resiliency after long term exposure to the outdoor environment. Construct the doors so that they fit firmly and evenly against the gasket material when closed. Provide the cabinet door with louvered vents and air filters near the bottom as described in the paragraph above.

The cabinet shall contain a full-height standard EIA 19-inch rack. The rack shall be secured within the cabinet by mounts at the top and bottom.

The rack shall contain a minimum of one (1) pullout drawer. The drawer shall be suitable for storing manuals and small tools. The drawer shall be able to latch in the out position to function as a laptop/utility shelf.

Provide a convenient location on the inside of the door to store the cabinet wiring diagrams and other related cabinet drawings. Provide a Corbin #2 main door lock made of non-ferrous or stainless-steel material. Key all locks on the project alike and provide 1 key per lock to the Engineer. In addition, design the handle to permit padlocking.

Provide the interior of the cabinet with ample space for housing the controller and all associated equipment and wiring. Provide ample space in the bottom of the cabinet for the entrance and exit of all power, communications, and grounding conductors and conduit.

Arrange the equipment to permit easy installation of the cabling through the conduit so that they will not interfere with the operation, inspection, or maintenance of the unit. Provide adjustable metal shelves, brackets, or other support for the controller unit and auxiliary equipment. Leave a 3-inch minimum clearance from the bottom of the cabinet to all equipment, terminals, and bus bars.

Provide power supply monitoring circuitry to detect power failure and to automatically report the occurrence to the Control Software.

Install two LED light strips with shields, one in the top of the cabinet and the other under the bottom shelf. Design both lights to automatically turn on when the cabinet door is opened and turn off when the door closes.

Mount and wire a 120V (+10%) GFCI duplex receptacle of the 3-wire grounding type in the cabinet in a location that presents no electrical hazard when used by service personnel for the operation of power tools and work lights.

No cabinet resident equipment may utilize the GFCI receptacle. Furnish one spare non-GFCI duplex receptacle for future equipment.

Mount a bug-proof and weatherproof thermostatically controlled fan and safety shield in the top of the cabinet. Size the fan to provide at least for two air exchanges per minute. Fuse the fan at 125% of the capacity of the motor. The magnetic field of the fan motor must not affect the performance of the control equipment. Use a fan thermostat that is manually adjustable to turn on between 80° F and 160° F with a differential of not more than 10° F between automatic turn on and turn off. Mount it in an easily accessible location, but not within 6 Inches of the fan.

Install additional fans and/or heaters as needed to maintain the temperature inside the cabinet within the operating temperature range of the equipment within the cabinet as recommended by equipment manufacturer(s).

1. Wiring

The requirements stated herein apply wherever electrical wiring is needed for any DMS system assemblies and subassemblies such as controller cabinet, DMS enclosure, electrical panel boards etc.

Neatly arrange and secure the wiring inside the cabinet. Where cable wires are clamped to the walls of the control cabinet, provide clamps made of nylon, metal, plastic with rubber or neoprene protectors, or similar. Lace and jacket all harnesses or tie them with nylon tie wraps spaced at 6 inches maximum to prevent separation of the individual conductors.

Individually and uniquely label all conductors. Ensure all conductor labels are clearly visible without moving the conductor. Connect all terminal conductors to the terminal strip in right angles. Remove excess conductor before termination of the conductor. Mold the conductor in such a fashion as to retain its relative position to the terminal strip if removed from the strip. Do not run a conductor across a work surface with the exception of connecting to that work surface. No conductor bundles can be support by fasteners that support work surfaces. Install all connectors, devices and conductors in accordance to manufactures guidelines. Comply with the latest NEC guideline in effect during installation. No conductor or conductor bundle may hang loose or create a snag hazard. Protect all conductors from damage. Ensure all solder joints are completed using industry accepted practices and will not fail due to vibration or movement. Protect lamps and control boards from damage.

No splicing will be allowed for feeder conductors and communication cables from the equipment cabinet to the DMS enclosure.

Insulate all conductors and live terminals so they are not hazardous to maintenance personnel.

Route and bundle all wiring containing line voltage AC and / or shield it from all low voltage control circuits. Install safety covers to prevent accidental contact with all live AC terminals located inside the cabinet.

Use industry standard, keyed type connectors with a retaining feature for connections to the controller.

Label all equipment and equipment controls clearly.

Supply each cabinet with one complete set of wiring diagrams that identify the color-coding or wire tagging used in all connections. Furnish a water-resistant packet adequate for storing wiring diagrams, operating instructions, and maintenance manuals with each cabinet.

2. Power Supply and Circuit Protection

Design the DMS and controller for use on a system with a line voltage of 120V + 10% at a frequency of 60 Hz \pm 3 Hz. Under normal operation, do not allow the voltage drop between no load and full load of the DMS and its controller to exceed 3% of the nominal voltage.

Blackout, brownout, line noise, chronic over-voltage, sag, spike, surge, and transient effects are considered typical AC voltage defects. Protect the DMS system equipment so that these defects do not damage the DMS equipment or interrupt their operation. Equip all cabinets with devices to protect the equipment in the cabinet from damage due to lightning and external circuit power and current surges.

3. Circuit Breakers

Protect the DMS controller, accessories, and cabinet utilities with thermal magnetic circuit breakers. Provide the controller cabinet with a main circuit breaker sized according to the NEC. Use appropriately sized branch circuit breakers to protect the controller, sign display and accessories and for servicing DMS equipment and cabinet utilities.

Provide a subpanel in the sign enclosure with a main and branch circuit breakers sized appropriately per NEC.

Provide a detailed plan for power distribution within the cabinet and the sign. Label all breaker and conductor with size and loads. Have the plans signed and sealed by a NC registered PE and submit the plans for review and approval.

4. Surge Suppressor

Install and clearly label filtering hybrid power line surge protectors on the load side of the branch circuit breakers in a manner that permits easy servicing. Ground and electrically bond the surge protector to the cabinet within 2 inches.

Provide power line surge protector that meets the following requirements:

Peak surge current occurrences	20 minimum
Peak surge current for an 8 x 20 microsecond waveshape	50,000 Amperes
Energy Absorption	> 500 Joules
Clamp voltage	240 Volts
Response time	<1 nanosecond
Minimum current for filtered output	15 Amperes for 120VAC*
Temperature range	-40°F to +158°F

*Capable of handling the continuous current to the equipment

5. Transients and Emissions

DMS and DMS controller will be designed in such a way to meet the latest NEMA TS-4 for Transients and Emissions.

6. Transient Protection

The RS232 and Ethernet communication ports in the DMS sign controller shall be protected with surge protection between each signal line and ground. This surge protection shall be integrated internally within the controller.

7. Lightning Arrester

Protect the system with an UL approved lightning arrester installed at the main service disconnect that meets the following requirements:

Type of design	Silicon Oxide Varistor
Voltage	120/240 Single phase, 3 wires

Maximum current	100,000 Amps
Maximum energy	3000 Joules per pole
Maximum number of surges	Unlimited
Response time one milliamp test	5 nanoseconds
Response time to clamp 10,000 amps	10 nanoseconds
Response time to clamp 50,000 amps	25 nanoseconds
Leak current at double the rated voltage	None
Ground Wire	Separate

8. Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)

Furnish UPS with external temperature monitoring that will shut off when running on battery power and the maximum operating temperature for the ethernet switch is reached.

Install UPS with RJ-45 ethernet network monitoring ports that can be disabled via the UPS software/firmware.

Contractor is responsible for supplying a UPS and batteries that can adequately power the cabinet load plus an additional 20% for a **minimum** of 4 hours. Contractor shall request the power requirements for any department supplied equipment prior to submitting UPS for approval. Allow eight (8) weeks for the department to supply equipment power requirements. Provide to the Engineer for Approval, a submittal package with Engineering Calculations consisting of, as a minimum, schematic drawing, technical data sheets, and supporting documentation. Ensure the documentation demonstrates, in theory, that the battery(ies) will provide for continuous operation for a minimum of four (4) consecutive hours with no additional charging.

Furnish and install one rack mounted UPS in each new cabinet that meet the following **minimum** specifications:

Output

Nominal Output Voltage	120V
Output Voltage Distortion	Less than 5% at full load
Output Frequency (sync to mains)	57 - 63 Hz for 60 Hz nominal
Crest Factor	up to 5:1
Waveform Type	Sine wave
Output Connections	(4) NEMA 5-15R

Input

Nominal Input Voltage	120V
Input Frequency	50/60 Hz +/- 3 Hz (auto sensing)
Input Connections	NEMA 5-15P
Input voltage range for main operations	82 - 144V

Input voltage adjustable range for mains operation 75 -154 V

Battery Type

Maintenance-free sealed Lead-Acid battery with suspended electrolyte, leak-proof.

Typical recharge time 2 hours

Communications & Management

Interface Port(s) DB-9 RS-232, USB,RJ-45 Ethernet

Control panel LED status display with load and battery bar-graphs

Surge Protection and Filtering

Surge energy rating 480 Joules

Environmental

Operating Environment -32 - 165 °F

Operating Relative Humidity 0 - 95%

Conformance

Regulatory Approvals FCC Part 15 Class A, UL 1778

9. Controller Communications Interface

Provide the controller with the following interface ports:

- An EIA/TIA-232E port for remote communication using NTCIP,
- An 10/100 Ethernet port for remote communication using NTCIP,
- An EIA/TIA-232E port for onsite access using a laptop,
- An EIA/TIA-232E auxiliary port for communication with a field device such as a UPS,
- Fiber-optic ports for communication with the sign,

10. Controller Local User Interface

Provide the controller with a Local User Interface (LUI) for at least the following functions:

- On / Off Switch: controls power to the controller,
- Control Mode Switch: for setting the controller operation mode to either remote or local mode,
- Display and Keypad: Allow user to navigate through the controller menu for configuration (display, communications parameter, etc.) running diagnostics, viewing peripherals status, message creation, message preview, message activation, etc. Furnish a display with a minimum size of 240x64 dots with LED back light.

Protected access to the LUI with an alphanumeric and PIN passwords. Allow the user to select a preferred method of password protection. Default and hardcoded passwords are not allowed.

11. Controller Address

Assign each DMS controller a unique address. Preface all commands from the Control Software with a particular DMS controller address. The DMS controller compares its address with the address transmitted; if the addresses match, then the controller processes the accompanying data.

12. Controller Functions

Design the DMS controller to continuously control and monitor the DMS independent of the Control Software. Design the controller to display a message on the sign sent by the Control Software, a message stored in the sign controller memory, or a message created on site by an operator using the controller keypad.

Provide the DMS controller with a watchdog timer to detect controller failures and to reset the microprocessor, and with a battery backed up clock to maintain an accurate time and date reference. Set the clock through an external command from the Control Software or the Local User Interface.

13. DMS Controller Memory

Furnish each DMS controller with non-volatile memory. Use the non-volatile memory to store and reprogram at least one test pattern sequence and 500 messages containing a minimum of two pages of 45 characters per page. The Control Software can upload messages into and download messages from each controller's non-volatile memory remotely.

Messages uploaded and stored in the controller's non-volatile memory may be erased and edited using the Control Software and the controller. New messages may be uploaded to and stored in the controller's non-volatile memory using the Control Software and the controller.

R. Equipment List

Provide a general description of all equipment and all information necessary to describe the basic use or function of the major system components. Include a general "block diagram" presentation. Include tabular charts listing auxiliary equipment, if any is required. Include the nomenclature, physical and electrical characteristics, and functions of the auxiliary equipment unless such information is contained in an associated manual; in this case include a reference to the location of the information.

Include a table itemizing the estimated average and maximum power consumption for each major piece of equipment.

S. Physical Description

Provide a detailed physical description of size, weight, center of gravity, special mounting requirements, electrical connections, and all other pertinent information necessary for proper installation and operation of the equipment.

T. Parts List

Submit a parts list that contains all information needed to describe the characteristics of the individual parts, as required for identification to the Engineer. Include a list of all equipment within a group and a list of all assemblies, sub-assemblies, and replacement parts of all units. Arrange this data in a table, in alpha numerical order of the schematic reference symbols, which gives the associated description, manufacture's name, and part number, as well as alternate manufacturers and part numbers. Provide a table of contents or other appropriate grouping to identify major components, assemblies, etc.

U. Character Set Submittal

Submit an engineering drawing of the DMS character set including at a minimum, 26 upper case and lower case letters, 10 numerals, 9 punctuation marks (. , ! ? - ' " ; :) 12 special characters (# & * + / () [] < > @) and arrows at 0, 45, 90, 135, 180, 225, 270, and 315 degrees.

V. Wiring Diagrams

Submit a wiring diagram for each DMS and each controller cabinet, as well as interconnection wiring diagrams for the system as a whole to the Engineer.

W. Routine of Operation

Describe the operational routine, from necessary preparations for placing the equipment into operation to securing the equipment after operation. Show appropriate illustrations with the sequence of operations presented in tabular form wherever applicable. Include in this section a total list of the test instruments, aids and tools required to perform necessary measurements and measurement techniques for each component, as well as set up, test, and calibration procedures.

X. Maintenance Procedures

Specify and submit the recommended preventative maintenance procedures and checks at pre-operation, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, annual, and "as required" periods to assure equipment operates reliably to the Engineer. List specifications (including tolerances) for all electrical, mechanical, and other applicable measurements and / or adjustments.

Y. Repair Procedures

Include in this section all data and step by step procedures necessary to isolate and repair failures or malfunctions, assuming the maintenance technicians are capable of analytical reasoning using the information provided in the sections titled "Wiring Diagrams", "Routine of Operation" and "Maintenance Procedures"

Describe accuracy, limits, and tolerances for all electrical, physical, or other applicable measurements. Include instructions for disassembly, overhaul, and reassembly, with shop specifications and performance requirements.

Give detailed instructions only where failure to follow special procedures would result in damage to equipment, improper operation, danger to operating or maintenance personnel, etc. Include such instructions and specifications only for maintenance that specialized technicians and engineers in a modern electromechanical shop would perform. Describe special test set up, component fabrication, and the use of special tools, jigs, and test equipment.

Z. Warranty

Ensure that the DMS system and equipment has a manufacturer's warranty covering all defects and failures for a minimum of five (5) years from the date of final acceptance by the Engineer. This warranty will cover all parts, labor, shipping, and any other costs associated with the repair of the DMS.

9.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Description

This article establishes practices and procedures and gives minimum standards and requirements for the installation of DMS systems, auxiliary equipment and the construction of related structures.

Provide electrical equipment described in this specification that conforms to the standards of NEMA, UL, or Electronic Industries Association (EIA), wherever applicable. Provide connections between DMS equipment and DMS sign housing and electric utilities that conform to NEC standards.

Provide stainless steel screws, nuts, and locking washers in all external locations. Do not use self-tapping screws unless specifically approved by the Engineer. Use parts made of corrosion resistant materials, such as plastic, stainless steel, brass, or aluminum. Use construction materials that resist fungus growth and moisture deterioration. Separate dissimilar metals by an inert dielectric material.

B. Layout

The Regional ITS engineer or Division Traffic Engineer will establish the actual location of each DMS assembly. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure proper elevation, offset, and orientation of all DMS assemblies. The location of service poles as well as conduit lengths shown in the Project Plans, are approximate based on available project data. Make actual field measurements to place conduit and equipment at the required location.

C. Construction Submittal

When the work is complete, submit "as built" plans, inventory sheets, and any other data required by the Engineer to show the details of actual construction and installation and any modifications made during installation.

The "as built" plans will show: the DMS, controller, and service pole locations; DMS enclosure and controller cabinet wiring layouts; Wiring Diagrams, Parts list; coordinates of the DMS and devices; and wire and conduit routing. Show horizontal and vertical locations of all underground conduits and cables dimensioned from fixed objects.

Include detailed drawings that identify the routing of all conductors in the system by cable type, color code, and function. Clearly label all equipment in the DMS system, controller cabinet, and DMS enclosure.

D. Conduit

Install the conduit system in accordance with Section 1715 of the *Standard Specifications* and NEC requirements for an approved watertight raceway.

Make bends in the conduit so as not to damage it or change its internal diameter. Install watertight and continuous conduit with as few couplings as standard lengths permit.

Clean conduit before, during, and after installation. Install conduit in such a manner that temperature changes will not cause elongation or contraction that might damage the system.

Attach the conduit system to and install along the structural components of the Sign structure assemblies with beam clamps or stainless-steel strapping or inside the structure if there is available space. Install strapping according to the strapping manufacturer's recommendations and according to NEC requirements. Do not use welding or drilling to fasten conduit to structural components. Space the fasteners at no more than 4 feet for conduit 1.5 inches and larger or 6 feet for conduit smaller than 1.25 inches. Place fasteners no more than 3 feet from the center of bends, fittings, boxes, switches, and devices.

Flexible conduit will only be allowed when the conduits transition from the horizontal structure segment to the horizontal truss segment and from the horizontal truss segment to the rear entrance of the DMS when installing the DMS communications and feeder cables. The maximum length of flexible conduit allowed at each transition will be 5 feet.

Do not exceed the appropriate fill ratio on all cable installed in conduit as specified in the NEC.

E. Wiring Methods (Power)

Do not pull permanent wire through a conduit system until the system is complete and has been cleaned.

Color-code all conductors per the NEC. Use approved marking tape, paint, sleeves or continuous colored conductors for No.8 AWG and larger. Do not mark a white conductor in a cable assembly any other color.

Do not splice underground circuits unless specifically noted in the Project Plans.

F. Equipment and Cabinet Mounting

Mount equipment securely at the locations shown in the Project Plans, in conformance with the dimensions shown. Install fasteners as recommended by the manufacturer and space them evenly. Use all mounting holes and attachment points for attaching DMS enclosures and controller cabinets to the structures.

Drill holes for expansion anchors of the size recommended by the manufacturer of the anchors and thoroughly clean them of all debris.

Provide cabinets with all strapping hardware and any other necessary mounting hardware in accordance with these Project Special Provisions and the Project Plans.

Seal all unused conduit installed in cabinets at both ends to prevent water and dirt from entering the conduit and cabinet with approved sealing material.

Install a ground bushing attached inside the cabinet on all metal conduits entering the cabinet. Connect these ground bushings to the cabinet ground bus.

Install a level concrete technician pad measuring a minimum 4 inches thick, 36 inches wide and 36 inches long at the front door of the DMS equipment cabinet as shown on the Typical Details sheet within the Project Plans.

G. Work Site Clean-Up

Clean the site of all debris, excess excavation, waste packing material, wire, etc. Clean and clear the work site at the end of each workday. Do not throw waste material in storm drains or sewers.

9.4. GENERAL TEST PROCEDURE

Test the DMS and its components in a series of functional tests and ensure the results of each test meet the specified requirements in the presence of the Engineer. These tests should not damage the equipment. The Engineer will reject equipment that fails to fulfill the requirements of any test. Resubmit rejected equipment after correcting non-conformities and re-testing; completely document all diagnoses and corrective actions. Modify all equipment furnished under this contract, without additional cost to the Department, to incorporate all design changes necessary to pass the required tests.

Provide electronic copies of all test procedures and requirements to the Engineer for review and approval at least 30 days prior to the testing start date.

Only use approved procedures for the tests. Include the following in the test procedures:

- A step-by-step outline of the test sequence that demonstrates the testing of every function of the equipment or system tested
- A description of the expected nominal operation, output, and test results, and the pass / fail criteria
- An estimate of the test duration and a proposed test schedule
- A data form to record all data and quantitative results obtained during the test
- A description of any special equipment, setup, manpower, or conditions required by the test

Provide all necessary test equipment and technical support. Use test equipment calibrated to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standards. Provide calibration documentation upon request.

Conform to these testing requirements and the requirements of these specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure the system functions properly even after the Engineer accepts the CCTV test results.

Provide electronic copies of the quantitative test results and data forms containing all data taken, highlighting any non-conforming results and remedies taken, to the Engineer for approval. An authorized representative of the manufacturer must sign the test results and data forms.

9.5. COMPATIBILITY TESTS

Compatibility Tests are applicable to DMS that the Contractor wishes to furnish but are of a different manufacturer or model series than the existing units installed in the Region. If required, the Compatibility Test shall be completed and accepted by the Engineer prior to approval of the material submittal.

The Compatibility Test shall be performed in a laboratory environment at a facility chosen by the Engineer based on the type of unit being tested. Provide notice to the Engineer with the material submitted that a Compatibility Test is requested. The notice shall include a detailed test plan that will show compatibility with existing equipment. The notice shall be given a minimum of 15 calendar days prior to the beginning of the Compatibility Test.

The Contractor shall provide, install, and integrate a full-functioning unit to be tested. The Department will provide access to existing equipment to facilitate these testing procedures. The Engineer will determine if the Compatibility Test was acceptable for each proposed device. To prove compatibility the Contractor is responsible for configuring the proposed equipment at the applicable Traffic Operations Center (TOC) with the accompaniment of an approved TOC employee.

9.6. OPERATIONAL FIELD TEST (ON-SITE COMMISSIONING)

Final DMS locations must be field verified and approved by the Engineer. Perform the following local operational field tests at the DMS assembly field site in accordance with the test plans in the presence of the ITS Design Unit and a representative of the DMS manufacturer. The Contractor is responsible for providing a laptop for camera control and positioning during the test. After completing the installation of the camera assemblies, including the camera hardware, power supply, and connecting cables, the contractor shall:

A. Local Field Testing

Furnish all equipment and labor necessary to test the installed camera and perform the following tests before any connections are made.

- Verify that physical construction has been completed.
- Inspect the quality and tightness of ground and surge protector connections.
- Check the power supply voltages and outputs, check connection of devices to power source.
- Verify installation of specified cables and connection between the DMS and control cabinet,
- Make sure cabinet wiring is neat and labeled properly; check wiring for any wear and tear; check for exposed or loose wires.
- Perform the DMS assembly manufacturer's initial power-on test in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- Set the DMS control address.

B. Central Operations Testing

- Interconnect the DMS’s communication interface device with one of the following methods as depicted on the plans:
 - communication network’s assigned Ethernet switch and assigned fiber-optic trunk cable and verify a transmit/receive LED is functioning and that the DMS is fully operational at the TOC.

AND/OR

- to the DOT furnished cellular modem and verify a transmit/receive LED is functioning and that the DMS is fully operational at the TOC.
- Review DMS date and time and DMS controller information.
- Run DMS diagnostics and review results.
- Run DMS pixel test and review results.
- Run test message.
- Run test schedule.
- Program burn-in scenario.

Approval of Operational Field Test results does not relieve the Contractor to conform to the requirements in these Project Special Provisions. If the DMS system does not pass these tests, document a correction or substitute a new unit as approved by the Engineer. Re-test the system until it passes all requirements.

9.7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Dynamic Message Sign (Type 2C) will be measured and paid as the actual type and number of DMS furnished, installed, and accepted. Each DMS consists of a LED Dynamic Message Sign, spare display modules, warranty, strapping hardware, controller, UPS, controller cabinet, concrete technician pad, conduit, fittings, couplings, sweeps, conduit bodies, wire, flexible conduit, feeder conductors and communications cable between the controller cabinet and the DMS enclosure, connectors, circuit protection equipment, photo-electric sensors, tools, materials, all related testing, cost of labor, cost of transportation, incidentals, and all other equipment necessary to furnish and install the DMS system.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Dynamic Message Sign (Type 2C).....	Each

10. NTCIP REQUIREMENTS

This section defines the NTCIP requirements for the DMSs covered by these Project Special Provisions and Project Plans.

10.1. References

A. Standards

This specification references several standards through their NTCIP designated names. The following list provides the full reference to the current version of each of these standards.

Implement the most recent version of the standard including any and all Approved or Recommended Amendments to these standards for each NTCIP Component covered by these project specifications. Refer to the NTCIP library at www.ntcip.org for information on the current status of NTCIP standards.

Abbreviated Number	Title
NTCIP 1201	<i>Global Object (GO) Definitions</i>
NTCIP 1203	<i>Object Definitions for Dynamic Message Signs</i>
NTCIP 2101	<i>SP-PMPP/232 Subnet Profile for PMPP over RS-232</i>
NTCIP 2104	<i>SP-Ethernet Subnet Profile for Ethernet</i>
NTCIP 2201	<i>TP-Null Transport Profile</i>
NTCIP 2202	<i>Internet Transport Profile (TCP/IP and UDP/IP)</i>
NTCIP 2301	<i>AP for Simple Transportation Management Framework</i>

B. Features

Each DMS shall be required to support the following optional features, conformance groups and all functional requirements and objects that apply herein.

Feature	Reference
Time Management	NTCIP 1201 v3
Timebase Event Schedule	NTCIP 1201 v3
PMPP	NTCIP 1201 v3
Determine Sign Display Capabilities	NTCIP 1203 v03
Manage Fonts	NTCIP 1203 v03
Manage Graphics	NTCIP 1203 v03
Schedule Messages for Display	NTCIP 1203 v03

Change Message Display Based on and Internal Event	NTCIP 1203 v03
Control External Devices	NTCIP 1203 v03
Monitor Sign Environment	NTCIP 1203 v03
Monitor Door Status	NTCIP 1203 v03
Monitor Controller Software Operations	NTCIP 1203 v03
Monitor Automatic Blanking of Sign	NTCIP 1203 v03
Report	NTCIP 1103 v03

C. Objects

The following table represents objects that are considered optional in the NTCIP standards but are required by this specification. It also indicated modified objects value ranges for certain objects. Each DMS shall provide the full, standard object range support (FSORS) of all the objects required by these specifications unless otherwise stated below.

Object	Reference	Requirement
moduleTable	NTCIP 1201 – 2.2.3	Shall contain at least one row with moduleType equal to 3 (software) The moduleMake specifies the name of the manufacturer, the moduleModel specifies the manufacturer's name of the component and the moduleVersion indicates the model version number of the component.
maxTimeBaseScheduleEntries	NTCIP 1201 – 2.4.3.1.	Shall be at least 28
maxDayPlans	NTCIP 1201 – 2.4.4.1	Shall be at least 20
maxDayPlanEvents	NTCIP 1201 – 2.4.4.2	Shall be at least 12
maxGroupAddresses	NTCIP 1201 – 2.7.1	Shall be at least 1
maxEventLogConfigs	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.4	Shall be at least 50
eventConfigMode	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.5.3	The DMS shall support the following Event Configurations: onChange, greaterThanValue, smallerThanValue
eventConfigLogOID	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.5.7	FSORS
eventConfigAction	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.5.8	FSORS
maxEventLogSize	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.6	Shall be at least 20
maxEventClasses	NCTIP 1103 – A.7.2	Shall be at least 16
eventClassDescription	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.3.4	FSORS
communityNamesMax	NTCIP 1103 – A.7.8	Shall be at least 3
numFonts	NTCIP 1203 – 5.4.1	Shall be at least 12

maxFontCharacters	NTCIP 1203 – 5.4.3	Shall be at least 255
defaultFlashOn	NTCIP 1203 – 5.5.3	The DMS shall support flash “on” times ranging from 0.1 to 9.9 seconds in 0.1 second increments
defaultFlashOnActive	NTCIP 1203 – 5.5.4	The DMS shall support flash “on” times ranging from 0.1 to 9.9 seconds in 0.1 second increments
defaultFlashOff	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.5	The DMS shall support flash “off” times ranging from 0.1 to 9.9 seconds in 0.1 second increments
defaultFlassOffActive	NTCIP 1203 – 5.5.6	The DMS shall support flash “off” times ranging from 0.1 to 9.9 seconds in 0.1 second increments
defaultBackgroundColor	NTCIP 1203 – 5.5.2	The DMS shall support the black background color
defaultForegroundColor	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.2	The DMS shall support the amber foreground color
defaultJustificationLine	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.9	The DMS shall support the following forms of line justification: left, center, and right
defaultJustificationPage	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.11	The DMS shall support the following forms of page justification: top, middle, and bottom
defaultPageOnTime	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.13	The DMS shall support page “on” times ranging from 0.1 to 25.5 seconds in 0.1 second increments
defaultPageOffTime	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.15	The DMS shall support page “off” times ranging from 0.0 to 25.5 seconds in 0.1 second increments
defaultCharacterSet	NTCIP 1203 - 5.5.21	The DMS shall support the eight bit character set
dmsMaxChangeableMsg	NTCIP 1203 - 5.6.3	Shall be at least 100.
dmsMessageMultiString	NTCIP 1203 - 5.6.8.3	The DMS shall support any valid MULTI string containing any subset of those MULTI tags listed in Table 3 (below)
dmsControlMode	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.1	Shall support at least the following modes: local, central, and centralOverride
dmsSWReset	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.2	FSORS

dmsMessageTimeRemaining	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.4	FSORS
dmsShortPowerRecoveryMessage	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.8	FSORS
dmsLongPowerRecoveryMessage	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.9	FSORS
dmsShortPowerLossTime	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.14	FSORS
dmsResetMessage	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.11	FSORS
dmsCommunicationsLossMessage	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.12	FSORS
dmsTimeCommLoss	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.13	FSORS
dmsEndDurationMessage	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.15	FSORS
dmsMultiOtherErrorDescription	NTCIP 1203 - 5.7.20	If the vendor implements any vendor-specific MULTI tags, the DMS shall provide meaningful error messages within this object whenever one of these tags generates an error
dmsIllumControl	NTCIP 1203 - 5.8.1	The DMS shall support the following illumination control modes: Photocell, and Manual
dmsIllumNumBrightLevels	NTCIP 1203 - 5.8.4	Shall be at least 100
dmsIllumLightOutputStatus	NTCIP 1203 - 5.8.9	FSORS
numActionTableEntries	NTCIP 1203 - 5.9.1	Shall be at least 200
watcdogFailureCount	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.1.5	FSORS
dmsStatDoorOpen	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.1.6	FSORS
fanFailures	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.2.3.1	FSORS
fanTestActivation	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.2.3.2	FSORS
tempMinCtrlCabinet	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.4.1	FSORS
tempMaxCtrlCabinet	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.4.2	FSORS
tempMinSignHousing	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.4.5	FSORS
tempMaxSignHousing	NTCIP 1203 - 5.11.4.6	FSORS

D. MULTI Tags

Each DMS shall support the following message formatting MULTI tags. The manufacturer may choose to support additional standard or manufacturer specific MULTI tags.

Code	Feature
f1	field 1 - time (12hr)
f2	field 2 - time (24hr)
f8	field 8 - day of month

Code	Feature
f9	field 9 – month
f10	field 10 - 2 digit year
f11	field 11 - 4 digit year
fl (and /fl)	flashing text on a line by line basis with flash rates controllable in 0.5 second increments.
fo	Font
jl2	Justification – line – left
jl3	Justification – line – center
jl4	Justification – line – right
jl5	Justification – line – full
jp2	Justification – page – top
jp3	Justification – page – middle
jp4	Justification – page – bottom
mv	moving text
nl	new line
np	new page, up to 2 instances in a message (i.e., up to 3 pages/frames in a message counting first page)
pt	page times controllable in 0.5 second increments.

E. Documentation

Supply software with full documentation, including a USB flash drive containing ASCII versions of the following MIB files in Abstract Syntax Notation 1 (ASN.1) format:

- The relevant version of each official standard MIB Module referenced by the device functionality.
- If the device does not support the full range of any given object within a Standard MIB Module, a manufacturer specific version of the official Standard MIB Module with the supported range indicated in ASN.1 format in the SYNTAX and/or DESCRIPTION fields of the associated OBJECT TYPE macro. Name this file identical to the standard MIB Module, except that it will have the extension ".man".
- A MIB Module in ASN.1 format containing any and all manufacturer-specific objects supported by the device with accurate and meaningful DESCRIPTION fields and supported ranges indicated in the SYNTAX field of the OBJECT-TYPE macros.
- A MIB containing any other objects supported by the device.

Allow the use of any and all of this documentation by any party authorized by the Department for systems integration purposes at any time initially or in the future, regardless of what parties are involved in the systems integration effort.

F. NTCIP Acceptance Testing

Test the NTCIP requirements outlined above by a third party testing firm. Submit to the Engineer for approval a portfolio of the selected firm. Include the name, address, and a history of the selected firm in performing NTCIP testing along with references. Also provide a contact person's name and phone number. Submit detailed NTCIP testing plans and procedures, including a list of hardware and software, to the Engineer for review and approval 10 days in advance of a scheduled testing date. Develop test documents based on the NTCIP requirements of these Project Special Provisions.

The acceptance test will use the NTCIP Exerciser, and/or other authorized testing tools and will follow the guidelines established in the ENTERPRISE Test Procedures. Conduct the test in North Carolina on the installed system in the presence of the Engineer. Document and certify the results of the test by the firm conducting the test and submit the Engineer for review and approval. In case of failures, remedy the problem and have the firm retest in North Carolina. Continue process until all failures are resolved. The Department reserves the right to enhance these tests as deemed appropriate to ensure device compliance.

10.2. Measurement and Payment

There will be no direct payment for the work covered by this section.

Payment for this work will be covered in the applicable sections of these Project Special Provisions at the contract unit price for “Dynamic Message Sign ()” and will be full compensation for all work listed above.

11. DMS PEDESTAL STRUCTURE

11.1. DESCRIPTION

This section includes all design, fabrication, furnishing, and erection of the DMS pedestal structure, platforms, walkways, ladders for access to the DMS inspection doors, and attachment of the DMS enclosures to the structure in accordance with the requirements of these Project Special Provisions and the Project Plans. Fabricate the supporting DMS assemblies from tubular steel. Furnish pedestal type DMS assemblies as shown in the Project Plans.

Provide pedestal DMS structures with a minimum clearance from the high point of the road to the bottom of the DMS enclosure of 25 feet for Walk-In DMS.

Design the new DMS assemblies (including footings), DMS mounting assemblies, maintenance platforms, and access ladders and submit shop drawings for approval. Assume a maximum deadload of 5400 pounds for all designs. A Professional Engineer that is registered in the state of North Carolina will prepare such computations and drawings. These must bear his signature, seal, and date of acceptance.

The provisions of Section 900 of the *Standard Specifications* apply to all work covered by this section.

The Standard Provisions SP09R005 and SP09R007 found at the link below apply to all work covered by this section.

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Specifications/Pages/2024-Specifications-and-Special-Provisions.aspx>

It is the Contractor’s responsibility to verify DMS S-dimension elevation drawings for the DMS locations and provide them with the DMS shop drawings for the Engineer’s approval.

11.2. MATERIALS

Use materials that meet the requirements of:

- Section 906 of the *2024 Standard Specification for Roads and Structures*.
- Standard Provision SP09R005 *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles*.
- Standard Provision SP09R007 *Overhead and Dynamic Message Sign Foundations*.

11.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. General

Construct DMS structures and assemblies in accordance with the requirements of:

- Section 906 of the *2024 Standard Specification for Roads and Structures*.
- Standard Provision SP09R005 *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles*.
- Standard Provision SP09R007 *Overhead and Dynamic Message Sign Foundations*.

B. DMS Maintenance Platform (Walkway)

Provide a maintenance platform (walkway), a minimum of three feet wide with open skid resistant surface and safety railing on the DMS assemblies for access to one of the DMS inspection doors as shown on the plans. Provide platforms with fixed safety railings along both sides from the beginning of the platform to the inspection door. No gap is allowed between walkway and inspection door or along any part of the safety rails.

Ensure the design, fabrication and installation of the access platforms on new DMS structures complies with the following:

- A. The top of the platform grading surface is vertically aligned with the bottom of the DMS door,
- B. The DMS door will open 90-degrees from its closed position without any obstruction from the platform or safety handrails,
- C. The platform is rigidly and directly connected to the walkway brackets and there is no uneven surface between sections,
- D. Install a 4" x 4" safety angle parallel to and along both sides of the platform and extend it the entire length of the platform. Design the safety angle to withstand loading equivalent to the platform,
- E. Ensure the platform design allows full access to the DMS enclosure inspection door with no interference or obstructions.

C. DMS Access Ladder

Provide a fixed ladder, of the same material as the pedestal structures, leading to and ending at the access platform. Equip the ladder with a security cover (ladder guard) and lock to prohibit access by unauthorized persons. Furnish the lock to operate with a Corbin #2 key and furnish two keys per lock. Design the rungs on 12-inch center to center typical spacing. Start the first ladder rung no more than 18 inches above the landing pad. Attach the security cover approximately 6 feet above the finished ground. Design the ladder and security cover as a permanent part of the DMS assembly and include complete design details in the DMS assembly shop drawings. Fabricate the ladder and cover to meet all OSHA requirements and applicable state and local codes, including but not limited to providing a ladder cage.

Furnish and install a level concrete pad a minimum of 4 inches deep, 24 inches wide, and 36 inches long to service as a landing pad for accessing the ladder. Design the landing pad to be directly below

the bottom rung. Access to the ladder shall not be obstructed by the DMS foundation. Provide pre-formed or cast-in place concrete pads.

11.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

DMS Pedestal Structure will be measured and paid as the actual number of dynamic message sign pedestal structure assemblies furnished, installed, and accepted. Payment includes all design, fabrication, construction, transportation, and attachment of the complete relocated dynamic message sign assemblies, supporting structure, hardware, access platform, direct tension indicators, preparing and furnishing shop drawings, additional documentation, incidentals, and all other equipment and features necessary to furnish the system described above.

DMS Access Ladder will be measured and paid as the actual number of DMS access ladders, platform, walkway furnished, installed and accepted. Payment includes design, fabrication, transportation, attachment to the DMS assembly as described above, lock with two keys each, and concrete pad.

Overhead Footings will be measured and paid in cubic yards and will be full compensation for all materials and labor required in *Overhead and Dynamic Message Sign Foundations (SP09 R007) and Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles (PS09 R005)* referred in the link above. Payment will be made according to PS09 R007

The contract unit price for Overhead Footings will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations, supplying and placing concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct sign foundations. Subsurface investigations required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *2024 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
DMS Pedestal Structure	Each
DMS Access Ladder	Each

12. ELECTRICAL SERVICE FOR ITS DEVICES

12.1. DESCRIPTION

Install new electrical service equipment as shown in the plans. Installation of all new electrical service pedestals, poles, and meter base/disconnect combination panels shall be the first item of work on this project to expedite the power service connections. Comply with the National Electrical Code (NEC), the National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), the Standard Specifications, the Project Special Provisions, and all local ordinances. All work involving electrical service shall be coordinated with the appropriate utility company and the Engineer.

Obtain the maximum available ground fault current from the utility company. Print this information on a durable label and adhere to the dead front of the disconnect.

12.2.MATERIAL

A. Meter Base/Disconnect Combination Panel

Furnish and install new meter base/disconnect combination panels as shown in the Plans. Provide meter base/disconnect combination panels that have a minimum 125A main service disconnect and a minimum of eight (8) additional spaces. Furnish a single pole 15A circuit breaker at CCTV locations. Furnish a double pole 50A circuit breakers at single DMS locations. Furnish a double pole 100A circuit breakers at dual DMS locations. Furnish each with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating in a lockable NEMA 3R enclosure. Ensure meter base/ disconnect combination panel is listed as meeting UL Standard UL-67 and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment. Ensure circuit breakers are listed as meeting UL-489. Place barriers so that no uninsulated, ungrounded service busbar or service terminal is exposed to inadvertent contact by persons or maintenance equipment while servicing load terminations. Fabricate enclosure from galvanized steel and electrostatically apply dry powder paint finish, light gray in color, to yield a minimum thickness of 2.4 mils. All exterior surfaces must be powder coated steel. Provide ground bus and neutral bus with a minimum of four terminals and a minimum wire capacity range of number 8 through number 3/0 AWG.

Furnish NEMA Type 3R combinational panels rated 100 Ampere minimum for overhead services and 200 Ampere minimum for underground services that meet the requirements of the local utility. Provide meter base with sockets' ampere rating based on sockets being wired with a minimum of 167 degrees F insulated wire. Furnish 4 terminal, 600 volt, single phase, 3-wire meter bases that comply with the following:

- Line, Load, and Neutral Terminals accept 4/0 AWG and smaller Copper/Aluminum wire
- With or without horn bypass
- Made of galvanized steel
- Listed as meeting UL Standard US-414
- Overhead or underground service entrance specified.

Furnish 1.5” watertight hub for threaded rigid conduit with meter base.

At the main service disconnect, furnish and install UL-approved lightning arrestors that meet the following requirements:

Type of design	Silicon Oxide Varistor
Voltage	120/240 Single Phase, 3 wire
Maximum current	100,000 amps
Maximum energy	3000 joules per pole
Maximum number of surges	Unlimited
Response time one milliamp test	5 nanoseconds
Response time to clamp 10,000 amps	10 nanoseconds
Response time to clamp 50,000 amps	25 nanoseconds

Leak current at double the rated voltage	None
Ground wire	Separate

B. 3-Wire Copper Service Entrance Conductors

Furnish 3-wire stranded copper service entrance conductors with THWN rating. Provide conductors with black, red, and white insulation that are intended for power circuits at 600 Volts or less and comply with the following:

- Listed as meeting UL Standard UL-83
- Meets ASTM B-3 and B-8 or B-787 standards.

See the Plans for wire sizes and quantities.

C. 3-Wire Copper Feeder Conductors

Furnish 3-wire stranded copper feeder conductors with THWN rating for supplying power to ITS field equipment cabinets. Provide conductors with black or red, white, and green insulation that are intended for power circuits at 600 Volts or less and comply with the following:

- Listed as meeting UL Standard UL-83
- Meets ASTM B-3 and B-8 or B-787 standards.

See the Plans for wire sizes and quantities.

D. 4-Wire Copper Feeder Conductors

Furnish 4-wire stranded copper feeder conductors with THWN rating for supplying power to DMS field equipment cabinets. Provide conductors with black, red, white, and green insulation that are intended for power circuits at 600 Volts or less and comply with the following:

- Listed as meeting UL Standard UL-83
- Meets ASTM B-3 and B-8 or B-787 standards.

See the Plans for wire sizes and quantities.

E. Grounding System

Furnish 5/8"x10' copper clad steel grounding electrodes (ground rods), #4 AWG solid bare copper conductors. Comply with the NEC, Standard Specifications, these Project Special Provisions, and the Plans.

12.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. General

Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility company to de-energize the existing service temporarily prior to starting any modifications.

Permanently label cables at all access points using nylon tags labeled with permanent ink. Ensure each cable has a unique identifier. Label cables immediately upon installation. Use component name and labeling scheme approved by the Engineer.

B. Meter Base/Disconnect Combination Panel

Install meter base/disconnect combination panels with lightning arrestors as called for in the Plans. At all new DMS locations, route the feeder conductors from the meter base/disconnect to the DMS equipment cabinet in conduit. At all new CCTV locations, route the feeder conductors from the meter base/disconnect to the CCTV equipment cabinet in conduit. Provide rigid galvanized conduit for above ground and PVC for below ground installations.

C. 3-Wire Copper Service Entrance Conductors

At locations shown in the Plans, furnish and install 3-wire THWN stranded copper service entrance conductors in 1.25 inch rigid galvanized risers as shown in the plans. Install a waterproof hub on top of the electrical service disconnect for riser entrance/exit. Size the conductors as specified in the Plans. Comply with the Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings and all applicable electrical codes.

D. 4-Wire Copper Feeder Conductors

At locations shown in the Plans, install 4-wire THWN stranded copper feeder conductors to supply 240/120 VAC to the DMS field equipment cabinets. Size the conductors as specified in the Plans. Comply with the Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings and all applicable electrical codes.

E. 3-Wire Copper Feeder Conductors

At locations shown in the Plans, install 3-wire THWN stranded copper feeder conductors to supply 120 VAC to the CCTV field equipment cabinets. Size the conductors as specified in the Plans. Comply with the Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings and all applicable electrical codes.

F. Grounding System

Install ground rods as indicated in the Plans. Connect the #4 AWG grounding conductor to ground rods using an irreversible mechanical crimping method. Test the system to ensure a ground resistance of 20-ohms or less is achieved. Drive additional ground rods as necessary or as directed by the Engineer to achieve the proper ground resistance.

12.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Meter base/disconnect combination panel will be measured and paid as the actual number of complete and functional meter base/disconnect combination panel service locations furnished, installed and accepted. Breakers, lightning arrestors, exposed vertical conduit runs to the cabinet, and any remaining hardware, fittings, and conduit bodies to connect the electrical service to the cabinet will be considered incidental to meter base/disconnect combination panels.

3-Wire copper service entrance conductors will be incidental to furnish and installing the meter base/disconnect combination panel. All other required feeder conductors will be paid for separately.

4-Wire copper feeder conductors will be measured and paid as the actual linear feet of 4-wire THWN stranded copper feeder conductors furnished, installed and accepted. Payment is for all four conductors. Measurement will be for the actual linear footage of combined conductors after all

terminations are complete. No separate payment will be made for each individual conductor. No separate payment will be made for different wire sizes. No payment will be made for excess wire in the cabinets.

3-Wire copper feeder conductors will be measured and paid as the actual linear feet of 3-wire THWN stranded copper feeder conductors furnished, installed and accepted. Payment is for all three conductors. Measurement will be for the actual linear footage of combined conductors after all terminations are complete. No separate payment will be made for each individual conductor. No separate payment will be made for different wire sizes. No payment will be made for excess wire in the cabinets.

5/8" X 10' grounding electrode (ground rod) will be measured and paid as the actual number of 5/8" copper clad steel ground rods furnished, installed and accepted. No separate payment will be made for irreversible mechanical crimping tool as this will be considered incidental to the installation of the ground rod.

#4 solid bare grounding conductor will be measured and paid as the actual linear feet of #4 AWG solid bare copper grounding conductor furnished, installed and accepted. Measurement will be along the approximate centerline from the base of the electrical service disconnect to the last grounding electrode.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Meter Base/Disconnect Combination Panel	Each
3-Wire Copper Service Entrance Conductors.....	Linear Foot
4-Wire Copper Feeder Conductors	Linear Foot
3-Wire Copper Feeder Conductors	Linear Foot
5/8" X 10' Grounding Electrode.....	Each
#4 Solid Bare Grounding Conductor	Linear Foot

13. OBSERVATION PERIOD FOR ITS DEVICES

13.1. 30-DAY OBSERVATION PERIOD

The 30-Day Observation Period shall be considered part of work to be completed by the project completion date.

Upon successful completion of all project work the 30-day Observation Period may commence. Examples of project work includes but is not limited to:

- Installation of all project devices and communications infrastructure.
- Field Acceptance Testing of all devices.
- Central System Testing of all devices and network communications.
- Correction of all deficiencies and punch list items. (including minor construction items)

This observation consists of a 30-day period of normal, day-to-day operations of the field equipment in operation with new or existing central equipment without any failures. The purpose of

this period is to ensure that all components of the system function in accordance with the Plans and these Project Special Provisions.

Respond to system or component failures (or reported failures) that occur during the 30-day Observation Period within twenty-four (24) hours. Correct any failures within forty-eight (48) hours (includes time of notification). Any failure that affects a major system component as defined below for more than forty-eight (48) hours will suspend the timing of the 30-day Observation Period beginning at the time when the Contractor is was notified that the failure occurred. After the cause of such failures has been corrected, timing of the 30-day Observation Period will resume. System or component failures that necessitate a redesign of any component or a failure in any of the major system components exceeding a total of three (3) occurrences will terminate the 30-day Observation Period for that system. The 30-day Observation Period will be restarted from day zero when the redesigned components have been installed and/or the failures corrected. The major system components are:

- CCTV Cameras and Central Operations
- Dynamic Message Sign (DMS) and Central equipment/Operations
- Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
- Communications infrastructure (examples: Fiber, Radios, Ethernet Switches, Core Switches, etc.)
- Any other ITS Devices not named above (examples: DSRC radios, Radar and Out-of-Street Detection, etc.)

13.2. FINAL ACCEPTANCE

Final system acceptance is defined as the time when all work and materials described in the Plans and these Project Special Provisions have been furnished and completely installed by the Contractor; all parts of the work have been approved and accepted by the Engineer; and successful completion of the 30-day observation period.

The completed System will be ready for final acceptance upon the satisfactory completion of all acceptance tests as detailed in their respective Section of the Project Special provisions; the rectification of all punch-list discrepancies; and the submittal of all project documentation including as-built plans.

13.3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

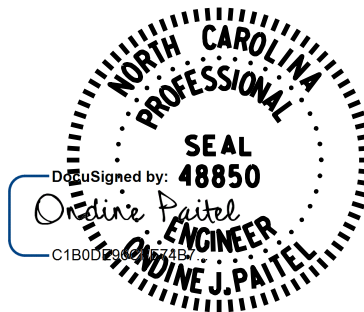
There will be no payment for this item of work as it is incidental to the project as a whole and to the item of work in which it is associated.

Project Special Provisions

Structure

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12/19/2023

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**STRUCTURE****THERMAL SPRAYED COATINGS (METALLIZATION)****(12-1-2017)****DESCRIPTION**

Apply a thermal sprayed coating (TSC) and sealer to metal surfaces in accordance with the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program and as specified herein when called for on the plans or by other Special Provisions. Use only Arc Sprayed application methods to apply TSC. The Engineer must approve other methods of application.

The Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program is available on the Materials and Tests Unit website.

QUALIFICATIONS

Only use NCDOT approved TSC Contractors meeting the requirements outlined in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

MATERIALS

Use only materials meeting the requirements of Section 7 of the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

SURFACE PREPARATION AND TSC APPLICATION

Surface preparation of TSC surfaces shall meet the requirements of Section 8 of the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program. Apply TSC with the alloy to the thickness specified on the plans or as required by Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

INSPECTION AND TESTING

The TSC Contractor must conduct inspections and tests listed in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

REPAIRS

Perform all shop repairs in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

Repairs associated with field welding shall be made by removing the existing metallizing by blast or power tool cleaning. Affected areas shall be addressed as follows:

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- For Marine Environments, incorporate a minimum surface preparation in accordance with SSPC SP-11 (Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal) and require an approved epoxy mastic coating applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Apply a minimum of two (2) coats at a rate of 5-7 (WFT) per coat to the affected area.
- For Non-Marine Environments, incorporate a minimum surface preparation in accordance with SSPC SP-11 (Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal) and require an approved organic zinc-rich coating applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Apply a minimum of two (2) coats at a rate of 5-7 (WFT) per coat to the affected area.
 1. Minor localized areas less than or equal to 0.1 ft² with exposed substrate shall be repaired as outlined above for marine and non-marine environments.
 2. Large localized areas greater than 0.1 ft² with exposed substrate shall require the Contractor to submit a detailed repair procedure to the Engineer for review and approval.
- Repair methods for areas where the substrate has not been exposed shall be mutually agreed upon between the Contractor and TSC Contractor as approved by the Engineer.

TWELVE MONTH OBSERVATION PERIOD

All TSC materials applied under the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program shall be evaluated twelve (12) months after project acceptance for defective materials and workmanship.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

The contract price bid for the metal component to which the TSC is applied will be full compensation for the thermal sprayed coating.

EXPANSION JOINT SEALS

(9-30-11)

1.0 GENERAL

The work covered by this Special Provision consists of furnishing and installing the expansion joint seals as shown on the contract drawings. All materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary for the proper installation of the expansion joint seals are included.

2.0 MATERIAL

Provide expansion joint seals capable of accommodating a total movement measured parallel to the centerline of the roadway as shown on plans.

Provide an elastomeric component for each expansion joint seal that is a continuous unit for the entire length of the joint. Do not field splice the elastomeric component. Only vulcanized

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shop splicing of the elastomeric component is permitted. The minimum length of an elastomeric component before shop splicing is 20 feet. However, one piece shorter than 20 feet is permitted. Provide an elastomeric component that is clearly shop marked to indicate the top side and joint location of the elastomeric component. On skewed bridges, or under unsymmetrical conditions, clearly mark the left side of the elastomeric component. Left is defined as being on the left when facing in the direction of increasing station. Inspect the seals upon receipt to ensure that the marks are clearly visible upon installation.

Make sure the convolution of the gland does not project above the top of the hold-down plates when the joint opening is in the most compressed condition. Use either elastic polychloroprene (neoprene) or ethyl propylene diene monomer (EPDM) for the elastomer that meets the following minimum properties:

	ASTM TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENTS
Hardness, Durometer - Shore A	D2240	60 ± 5, Neoprene (upward corrugated shape - fabric reinforced) 75 ± 5, EPDM and Neoprene (upward non-corrugated shape) 80 ± 5, EPDM (upward corrugated shape-fabric reinforced)
Tensile Strength	D412	2000 psi (min.)
Elongation at Break	D412	250% (min.)
Width of Gland in Relaxed Condition	N/A	10" ± 0.25"

Thickness of Upturned portion of gland	N/A	0.25" non-corrugated shape, -0.032" to +0.032"
Thickness of Upturned portion of gland	N/A	0.1875" corrugated shape, -0.032" to +0.032"
Thickness of Flat portion of gland	N/A	0.1563", -0.032" to +0.032"

For fabric reinforced glands, submit one unreinforced sample per lot number, up to 500 feet of Expansion Joint Seal, to the Engineer for testing.

Only field splice hold-down plates at crown points, at abrupt changes in the deck slab cross slope, and on lane lines. Splicing within travel lanes is not permitted and splicing on edge

lines is not required. Field splice hold-down plates between the edge line and gutter upturn and where necessary for proper installation and alignment is permitted. Show all splice locations on the working drawings for approval. For the location of lane markings at the expansion joint seal, see the Structure plans. At the splice locations, locate the hold-down bolts 3 inches from the end of the hold-down plate. At splice locations where changes in deck slab cross slope occur, cut the ends of hold-down plates parallel to the bridge centerline for skews less than 80° and greater than 100°.

Do not use welded shop splices in hold-down plates.

3.0 SHOP DRAWINGS

Submit nine sets of working drawings to the Engineer for review, comments and acceptance. Show complete details drawn to scale and include:

- The proposed template details including the makeup of the template
- The proposed method of holding the base angle assembly in place while concrete is cast around it
- The proposed procedure to correct for the effects of beam movement and rotation when setting width of joint opening
- The proposed chronology of installation including the sequence and direction of the concrete casting
- The details of cross connectors between base angles, such as steel bars with slots bolted to angles, to maintain evenness between the adjacent base angles while accommodating movement that occurs when concrete is cast. Indicate when bolts are loosened to allow movement.
- The proposed method for removing the hold-down plate
- A section detail through the joint showing horizontal offset dimensions of the base angles from the centerline joint. This detail is required when the vertical face of the joint opening is not perpendicular to the roadway surface (e.g. when the roadway grade is significant).

Have someone other than the one who prepares the drawing check all detailed drawings and include the signatures of both the drafter and checker on each sheet of the drawings. The Engineer returns unchecked drawings to the Contractor. Provide all completed drawings well in advance of the scheduled installation time for the expansion joint seal.

4.0 INSTALLATION

Provide supports for the base angle assembly at a maximum spacing of 9 feet. Place supports near field splices of base angles to ensure that field splices are straight and even. Provide base angles with ½" diameter weep holes at 12 inch centers to allow bleeding of trapped air and/or water. Do not obstruct the weep holes with falsework. Make the bottom of the trough parallel to grade and the sides parallel to the sides of the expansion joint seal.

For damaged areas, depressions, spalls, cracks, or irregularities of curbs or decks adjacent to the expansion joint, submit a proposed method of repair and repair material specifications for approval.

If the Engineer deems any aspects of the expansion joint seals unacceptable, make necessary corrections.

5.0 INSPECTION

When concrete is cast, use a non-aluminum, 10 foot, true to line straight edge to check and grade the top of the slab on each side of the joint to ensure smooth transition between spans.

Watertight Integrity Test

- Upon completion of an expansion joint seal, perform a water test on the top surface to detect any leakage. Cover the roadway section of the joint from curb to curb, or barrier rail to barrier rail, with water, either ponded or flowing, not less than 1 inch above the roadway surface at all points. Block sidewalk sections and secure an unnozzled water hose delivering approximately 1 gallon of water per minute to the inside face of the bridge railing, trained in a downward position about 6 inches above the sidewalks, such that there is continuous flow of water across the sidewalk and down the curb face of the joint.
- Maintain the ponding or flowing of water on the roadway and continuous flow across sidewalks and curbs for a period of 5 hours. At the conclusion of the test, the underside of the joint is closely examined for leakage. The expansion joint seal is considered watertight if no obvious wetness is visible on the Engineer's finger after touching a number of underdeck areas. Damp concrete that does not impart wetness to the finger is not a sign of leakage.
- If the joint system leaks, locate the place(s) of leakage and take any repair measures necessary to stop the leakage at no additional cost to the Department. Use repair measures recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer prior to beginning corrective work.
- If measures to eliminate leakage are taken, perform a subsequent water integrity test subject to the same conditions as the original test. Subsequent tests carry the same responsibility as the original test and are performed at no extra cost to the Department.

6.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Basis of payment for all expansion joint seals will be at the lump sum contract price for "Expansion Joint Seals" which price and payment will be full compensation for furnishing all material, including any steel accessory plates for sidewalks, medians and rails, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary for installing the expansion joint seal in place and including all materials, labor, tools and incidentals for performing the original watertight integrity test.

FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK**(11-30-23)****GENERAL**

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the *Standard Specifications* or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**(A) Working Drawings**

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

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If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

Member Type (PCG)	Member Depth, (inches)	Max. Overhang Width, (inches)	Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches)	Max. Screenshot Wheel Weight, (lbs.)	Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches)
II	36	39	14	2000	26
III	45	42	14	2000	35
IV	54	45	14	2000	44
MBT	63	51	12	2000	50
MBT	72	55	12	1700	48

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab. For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, 1'-2 1/2" from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For link slabs, the top of girders directly beneath the link slab shall be free of overhang falsework attachments or other hardware. Submit calculations and working drawings for overhang falsework in the link slab region.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type

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and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than $\frac{3}{4}$ ".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the current edition of *AASHTO Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

(1) Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values

Height Zone feet above ground	Pressure, lb/ft ² for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph				
	70	80	90	100	110
0 to 30	15	20	25	30	35
30 to 50	20	25	30	35	40
50 to 100	25	30	35	40	45
over 100	30	35	40	45	50

(2) Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

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Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the *Standard Specifications* and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent surface damage.

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Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)
Alamance	70	Franklin	70	Pamlico	100
Alexander	70	Gaston	70	Pasquotank	100
Alleghany	70	Gates	90	Pender	100
Anson	70	Graham	80	Perquimans	100
Ashe	70	Granville	70	Person	70
Avery	70	Greene	80	Pitt	90
Beaufort	100	Guilford	70	Polk	80
Bertie	90	Halifax	80	Randolph	70
Bladen	90	Harnett	70	Richmond	70
Brunswick	100	Haywood	80	Robeson	80
Buncombe	80	Henderson	80	Rockingham	70
Burke	70	Hertford	90	Rowan	70
Cabarrus	70	Hoke	70	Rutherford	70
Caldwell	70	Hyde	110	Sampson	90
Camden	100	Iredell	70	Scotland	70
Carteret	110	Jackson	80	Stanley	70
Caswell	70	Johnston	80	Stokes	70
Catawba	70	Jones	100	Surry	70
Cherokee	80	Lee	70	Swain	80
Chatham	70	Lenoir	90	Transylvania	80
Chowan	90	Lincoln	70	Tyrell	100
Clay	80	Macon	80	Union	70
Cleveland	70	Madison	80	Vance	70
Columbus	90	Martin	90	Wake	70
Craven	100	McDowell	70	Warren	70
Cumberland	80	Mecklenburg	70	Washington	100
Currituck	100	Mitchell	70	Watauga	70
Dare	110	Montgomery	70	Wayne	80
Davidson	70	Moore	70	Wilkes	70
Davie	70	Nash	80	Wilson	80
Duplin	90	New Hanover	100	Yadkin	70
Durham	70	Northampton	80	Yancey	70

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Edgecombe	80	Onslow	100		
Forsyth	70	Orange	70		

(B) Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications* apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

(A) Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

(B) Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified, *Falsework and Formwork* will not be directly measured.

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS**(11-30-23)****GENERAL**

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this Special Provision. For this Special Provision, “submittals” refers to only those listed in this Special Provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Engineer. Either the

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Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Engineer, Structures Management Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

To facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structures Management Unit, use the following addresses:

Via Email: SMU-wdr@ncdot.gov (do not cc SMU Working Drawings staff)

Via US mail:

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.
State Structures Engineer
North Carolina Department
of Transportation
Structures Management Unit
1581 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1581

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

Via other delivery service:

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.
State Structures Engineer
North Carolina Department
of Transportation
Structures Management Unit
1000 Birch Ridge Drive
Raleigh, NC 27610

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office addresses:

Via Email: EastGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

Via US mail:

Mr. Thomas Santee, P. E.
Assistant State Geotechnical
Engineer – Eastern Region
North Carolina Department

Via other delivery service:

Mr. Thomas Santee, P. E.
Assistant State Geotechnical
Engineer – Eastern Region
North Carolina Department

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of Transportation
Geotechnical Engineering Unit
Eastern Regional Office
1570 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1570

of Transportation
Geotechnical Engineering Unit
Eastern Regional Office
3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100
Garner, NC 27529

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office addresses:

Via Email: WestGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

Via US mail or other delivery service:

Mr. Eric Williams, P. E.
Assistant State Geotechnical
Engineer – Western Region
North Carolina Department
of Transportation
Geotechnical Engineering Unit
Western Regional Office
5253 Z Max Boulevard
Harrisburg, NC 28075

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structures Management Unit can be viewed from the Unit’s website, via the “[Drawing Submittal Status](#)” link. The status of the review of geotechnical-related submittals sent to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit can be viewed from the Unit’s website, via the “[Geotechnical Construction Submittals](#)” link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact: James Bolden (919) 707 – 6408
jlbolden@ncdot.gov

Secondary Structures Contacts: Emmanuel Omile (919) 707 – 6451
eomile@ncdot.gov

Madonna Rorie (919) 707 – 6508
mrorie@ncdot.gov

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

Thomas Santee (919) 920-8901
tgsantee@ncdot.gov

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Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):

Eric Williams (704) 455 – 8902

ewilliams3@ncdot.gov

SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Engineer. At the same time, submit a copy of the same complete submittal directly to the Structures Management Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit as specified in the tables below.

The first table below covers “Structure Submittals.” The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structures Management Unit. The second table in this section covers “Geotechnical Submittals.” The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS

Submittal	Submittal Required by Structures Management Unit?	Submittal Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit?	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹
Arch Culvert Falsework	Y	N	Plan Note, SN Sheet & “Falsework and Formwork”
Box Culvert Falsework ⁷	Y	N	Plan Note, SN Sheet & “Falsework and Formwork”
Cofferdams	Y	Y	Article 410-4
Foam Joint Seals ⁶	Y	N	“Foam Joint Seals”
Expansion Joint Seals (hold down plate type with base angle)	Y	N	“Expansion Joint Seals”

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Expansion Joint Seals (modular)	Y	N	“Modular Expansion Joint Seals”
Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals)	Y	N	“Strip Seal Expansion Joints”
Falsework & Forms ² (substructure)	Y	N	Article 420-3 & “Falsework and Formwork”
Falsework & Forms (superstructure)	Y	N	Article 420-3 & “Falsework and Formwork”
Girder Erection over Railroad	Y	N	Railroad Provisions
Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure	Y	N	“Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure at Station ____”
Metal Bridge Railing	Y	N	Plan Note
Metal Stay-in-Place Forms	Y	N	Article 420-3
Metalwork for Elastomeric Bearings ^{4,5}	Y	N	Article 1072-8
Miscellaneous Metalwork ^{4,5}	Y	N	Article 1072-8
Disc Bearings ⁴	Y	N	“Disc Bearings”
Overhead and Digital Message Signs (DMS) (metalwork and foundations)	Y	N	Applicable Provisions
Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.)	Y	N	Article 420-20
Prestressed Concrete Box Beam (detensioning sequences) ³	Y	N	Article 1078-11
Precast Concrete Box Culverts	Y	N	“Optional Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert at Station ____”
Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) ³	Y	N	Article 1078-11
Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels	Y	N	Article 420-3

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Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and detensioning sequences)	Y	N	Articles 1078-8 and 1078- 11
Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad	Y	N	Railroad Provisions
<hr/>			
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to prestressed deck panels)	Y	N	Article 420-3
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to modular expansion joint seals)	Y	N	“Modular Expansion Joint Seals”
Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)	Y	N	Article 1077-2 & “Sound Barrier Wall”
Sound Barrier Wall Steel Fabrication Plans ⁵	Y	N	Article 1072-8 & “Sound Barrier Wall”
Structural Steel ⁴	Y	N	Article 1072-8
Temporary Detour Structures	Y	Y	Article 400-3 & “Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station _____”
TFE Expansion Bearings ⁴	Y	N	Article 1072-8

FOOTNOTES

1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structures Management Unit.
5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the *Standard Specifications* are not required for these items.
6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.

7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18” or greater.

GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS

Submittal	Submittals Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Submittals Required by Structures Management Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹
Drilled Pier Construction Plans ²	Y	N	Subarticle 411-3(A)
Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) Reports ²	Y	N	Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)
Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms ^{2,3}	Y	N	Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)
Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) Reports ²	Y	N	Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)
Retaining Walls ⁴	Y; drawings and calculations	Y; drawings	Applicable Provisions
Temporary Shoring ⁴	Y; drawings and calculations	Y; drawings	“Temporary Shoring” & “Temporary Soil Nail Walls”

FOOTNOTES

- References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email), US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.

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3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from:
<https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/ConstManRefDocs/PILE%20DRIVING%20EQUIPMENT%20DATA%20FORM.pdf>

See second page of form for submittal instructions.

4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

CRANE SAFETY

(6-20-19)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. **Competent Person:** Provide the name and qualifications of the “Competent Person” responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. **Riggers:** Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. **Crane Inspections:** Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. **Certifications:** Crane operators shall be certified by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO) or the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. In addition, crane operators shall have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of crane operator(s) and include current certification for each type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

GROUT FOR STRUCTURES**(12-1-17)****1.0 DESCRIPTION**

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISION

(10-18-95) (Rev. 9-19-23)

Z-1

PERMITS

The Contractor's attention is directed to the following permits, which have been issued to the Department of Transportation by the authority granting the permit.

<u>PERMIT</u>	<u>AUTHORITY GRANTING THE PERMIT</u>
Dredge and Fill and/or Work in Navigable Waters (404)	U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
Water Quality (401)	Division of Environmental Management, DEQ State of North Carolina

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable permit conditions during construction of this project.

Agents of the permitting authority will periodically inspect the project for adherence to the permits.

The Contractor's attention is also directed to Articles 107-10 and 107-13 of the *Standard Specifications* and the following:

Should the Contractor propose to utilize construction methods (such as temporary structures or fill in waters and/or wetlands for haul roads, work platforms, cofferdams, etc.) not specifically identified in the permit (individual, general, or nationwide) authorizing the project it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the Engineer to determine what, if any, additional permit action is required. The Contractor shall also be responsible for initiating the request for the authorization of such construction method by the permitting agency. The request shall be submitted through the Engineer. The Contractor shall not utilize the construction method until it is approved by the permitting agency. The request normally takes approximately 60 days to process; however, no extensions of time or additional compensation will be granted for delays resulting from the Contractor's request for approval of construction methods not specifically identified in the permit.

Where construction moratoriums are contained in a permit condition which restricts the Contractor's activities to certain times of the year, those moratoriums will apply only to the portions of the work taking place in the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones, provided that activities outside those areas is done in such a manner as to not affect the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WILMINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
69 DARLINGTON AVENUE
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28403-1343

November 17, 2023

Regulatory Division

Action ID. SAW-2018-02113, NCDOT R-2577 ABC Forsyth & Guilford Counties

North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT)
Attn: Matt Jones, P.E.
Division 9 Project Development Engineer
375 Silas Creek Parkway
Winston-Salem, NC 27127

Dear Mr. Jones:

In accordance with the written request of January 27, 2023, and the ensuing administrative record, enclosed is a permit to place fill material elevate vertical grade and widen existing US 158 (Reidsville Road) to a multi-lane, median divided facility. This proposed three phase roadway widening project will include a total of 1.74 acres of permanent wetland impacts and 8,022 linear feet of permanent stream impact.

Specifically, for Phase A, this phase of the project will include 0.06 acre of permanent impacts to wetlands and 1,633 linear feet of permanent impacts to streams. For Phase B (based upon preliminary design), this phase of the project will include 2,210 linear feet of stream impacts and 0.32-acre wetland impacts. For Phase C (based upon preliminary design), this phase of the project will include 4,179 linear feet of stream impacts and 1.36-acre wetland impacts.

Any deviation in the authorized work will likely require modification of this permit. If any change in the authorized work is necessary, you should promptly submit revised plans to the Corps showing the proposed changes. You may not undertake the proposed changes until the Corps notifies you that your permit has been modified.

Carefully read your permit. The general and special conditions are important. Your failure to comply with these conditions could result in a violation of Federal law. Certain significant general conditions require that:

- a. You must complete construction before **December 31, 2028**.
- b. You must notify this office in advance as to when you intend to commence and complete work.
- c. You must allow representatives from this office to make periodic visits to your

worksite as deemed necessary to assure compliance with permit plans and conditions.

You should address all questions regarding this authorization to Stephen A. Brumagin at the Charlotte Regulatory Field Office, telephone (704) 798-6471, or via email at stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil .

FOR THE CHIEF, REGULATORY DIVISION

 2023.11.17
07:07:43 -05'00'

Monte K. Matthews
WRDA/Transportation Permitting
Wilmington District Enclosures:

Enclosures

Electronic Copies Furnished (with enclosures):

Chief, Source Data Unit
NOAA/National Ocean Service
1315 East-west Highway, Room 7316
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282

Electronic Copies Furnished with Special Conditions and Plans:

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Asheville Ecological Services Field Office
160 Zillicoa Street
Asheville, North Carolina 28801

Mr. Todd Bowers
Wetlands and Marine Regulatory Section
Water Protection Division – Region IV
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
61 Forsyth St. SW
Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8931

North Carolina, Division of Water Resources
Department of Environmental Quality
1617 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT

Permittee: North Carolina Department of Transportation, Division 9, Attn: Matt Jones, P.E.

Permit No. **SAW-2018-02113, NCDOT STIP R-2577 ABC**
Issuing Office **CESAW-RG-D**

NOTE: The term "you" and its derivatives, as used in this permit, means the permittee or any future transferee. The term "this office" refers to the appropriate district or division office of the Corps of Engineers having jurisdiction over the permitted activity or the appropriate official of that office acting under the authority of the commanding officer.

You are authorized to perform work in accordance with the terms and conditions specified below.

Project Description: To place fill material to elevate vertical grade and widen existing 18.8 mile long section of US 158 (Reidsville Road) in Forsyth and Guilford Counties to a multi-lane, median divided facility. This proposed three phase roadway widening project will include a total of 1.74 acres of permanent wetland impacts and 8,022 linear feet of permanent stream impact.

Specifically, for Phase A, this phase of the project will include 0.06 acre of permanent impacts to wetlands and 1,632 linear feet of permanent impacts to streams. For Phase B (based upon preliminary design), this phase of the project will include 2,210 linear feet of stream impacts and 0.32-acre wetland impacts. For Phase C (based upon preliminary design), this phase of the project will include 4,179 linear feet of stream impacts and 1.36-acre wetland impacts.

THIS IS A PHASED PERMIT AUTHORIZATION: This permit only authorizes work on Sections R-2577 A of the STIP R-2577 project. The permittee is authorized to impact regulated waters along R-2577 A as follows: permanent discharge of fill material into 1496 linear feet of streams and 0.06 acres of wetlands. The permittee is also authorized to temporarily impact 136 linear feet of streams during construction. Construction on the remaining sections of STIP R-2577 (B & C) shall not commence until final designs have been completed for these sections; the permittee has minimized impacts to waters and wetlands to the maximum extent practicable, and; any modifications to the plans, and the compensatory mitigation plans, have been approved by the US Army Corps of Engineers (the Corps).

Project Location: The NCDOT R-2577 ABC project is located along existing US 158 (Reidsville Road) for distance of approximately 18.8 miles from a location starting near the US 158 intersection with Old Greensboro Road in Forsyth County near Winston-Salem to a new proposed interchange of US 158 with US 220/I-73 in Guilford County near Stokesdale, North Carolina.

Permit Conditions:

General Conditions:

1. The time limit for completing the work authorized ends on **December 31, 2028.** If you find that you need more time to complete the authorized activity, submit your request for a time extension to this office for consideration at least one month before the above date is reached.
2. You must maintain the activity authorized by this permit in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this permit. You are not relieved of this requirement if you abandon the permitted activity, although you may make a good faith transfer to a third party in compliance with General Condition 4 below. Should you wish to cease to maintain the authorized

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activity, or should you desire to abandon it without a good faith transfer, you must obtain a modification of this permit from this office, which may require restoration of the area.

3. If you discover any previously unknown historic or archeological remains while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found. We will initiate the Federal and state coordination required to determine if the remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

4. If you sell the property associated with this permit, you must obtain the signature of the new owner in the space provided and forward a copy of the permit to this office to validate the transfer of this authorization.

5. If a conditioned water quality certification has been issued for your project, you must comply with the conditions specified in the certification as special conditions to this permit. For your convenience, a copy of the certification is attached if it contains such conditions.

6. You must allow representatives from this office to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of your permit.

Special Conditions:

SEE ATTACHED SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Further Information:

1. Congressional Authorities: You have been authorized to undertake the activity described above pursuant to:

() Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403).

(X) Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344).

() Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1413).

2. Limits of this authorization.

a. This permit does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, state, or local authorizations required by law.

b. This permit does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

c. This permit does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

d. This permit does not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

3. Limits of Federal Liability. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:

a. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes.

b. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the United States in the public interest.

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c. Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit.

d. Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.

e. Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

4. Reliance on Applicant's Data: The determination of this office that issuance of this permit is not contrary to the public interest was made in reliance on the information you provided.

5. Reevaluation of Permit Decision. This office may reevaluate its decision on this permit at any time the circumstances warrant. Circumstances that could require a reevaluation include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. You fail to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

b. The information provided by you in support of your permit application proves to have been false, incomplete, or inaccurate (See 4 above).

c. Significant new information surfaces which this office did not consider in reaching the original public interest decision.

Such a reevaluation may result in a determination that it is appropriate to use the suspension, modification, and revocation procedures contained in 33 CFR 325.7 or enforcement procedures such as those contained in 33 CFR 326.4 and 326.5. The referenced enforcement procedures provide for the issuance of an administrative order requiring you to comply with the terms and conditions of your permit and for the initiation of legal action where appropriate. You will be required to pay for any corrective measures ordered by this office, and if you fail to comply with such directive, this office may in certain situations (such as those specified in 33 CFR 209.170) accomplish the corrective measures by contract or otherwise and bill you for the cost.

6. Extensions. General condition 1 establishes a time limit for the completion of the activity authorized by this permit. Unless there are circumstances requiring either a prompt completion of the authorized activity or a reevaluation of the public interest decision, the Corps will normally give favorable consideration to a request for an extension of this time limit.

Your signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

DocuSigned by:

0B45D6C71F00459...

11/16/2023

(PERMITTEE) NCDOT, ATTN: MR. MATT JONES, P.E.

(DATE)

This permit becomes effective when the Federal official, designated to act for the Secretary of the Army, has signed below.



2023.11.17 07:20:27

-05'00'

FOR/

(DISTRICT COMMANDER) BRAD A. MORGAN, COLONEL

(DATE)

When the structures or work authorized by this permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this permit will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.

(TRANSFEREE)

(DATE)

Special Conditions
R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

Special Condition 1: Work Limits: All work authorized by this permit shall be performed in strict compliance with the attached permit plans as provided in the February 3, 2023, permit application, which are a part of this permit. The Permittee shall ensure that the construction design plans for this project do not deviate from the permit plans attached to this authorization. Any modification to the attached permit plans must be approved by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) prior to any active construction in waters or wetlands.

Special Condition 2: Permit Distribution: The Permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this permit. A copy of this permit, including all conditions and drawings shall be available at the project site during construction and maintenance of this project.

Special Condition 3: Preconstruction Meeting: The Permittee shall conduct an onsite preconstruction meeting between its representatives, the contractor's representatives, and the appropriate U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Project Manager prior to undertaking any work within jurisdictional waters and wetlands to ensure that there is a mutual understanding of all terms and conditions contained within the Department of the Army permit. The Permittee shall schedule the preconstruction meeting for a time frame when the Corps and NCDWR Project Managers can attend. The Permittee shall invite the Corps and NCDWR Project Managers a minimum of thirty (30) days in advance of the scheduled meeting to provide those individuals with ample opportunity to schedule and participate in the required meeting. The thirty (30) day requirement can be waived with the concurrence of the Corps.

Special Condition 4: Notification of Construction Commencement and Completion: The Permittee shall notify the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in writing prior to beginning the work authorized by this permit and again upon completion of the work authorized by this permit.

Special Condition 5: Reporting Address: All reports, documentation, and correspondence required by the conditions of this permit shall be submitted to the following: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District, Charlotte Regulatory Field Office, Attn: Stephen Brumagin 8340 University Executive Park Drive, Charlotte, North Carolina 28262, or stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil. The Permittee shall reference the following permit number, SAW-2018-00393, on all submittals.

Special Condition 6: Permit Revocation: The Permittee, upon receipt of a notice of revocation of this permit or upon its expiration before completion of the work will, without expense to the United States and in such time and manner as the Secretary of the Army

Special Conditions
R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

or his authorized representative may direct, restore the water or wetland to its pre-project condition.

Special Condition 7: Reporting Violations: Violation of these permit conditions or violation of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act shall be reported to the Corps in writing and by telephone at: 704-798-6471 within 24 hours of the Permittee's discovery of the violation.

Special Condition 8: Clean Fill: The Permittee shall use only clean fill material for this project. The fill material shall be free from items such as trash, construction debris, metal and plastic products, and concrete block with exposed reinforcement bars. Soils used for fill shall not be contaminated with any toxic substance in concentrations governed by Section 307 of the Clean Water Act. Unless otherwise authorized by this permit, all fill material placed in waters or wetlands shall be generated from an upland source.

Special Condition 9: Endangered Species Act: The Permittee shall implement all necessary measures to ensure the authorized activity does not kill, injure, capture, harass, or otherwise harm any federally listed threatened or endangered species. While accomplishing the authorized work, if the Permittee discovers or observes an injured or dead threatened or endangered species, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District Charlotte Field Office, Attn: Stephen A. Brumagin at (704) 798-6471, or stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil will be immediately notified to initiate the required Federal coordination.

Special Condition 10: Endangered Species Act: The Wilmington District, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), and the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) have conducted Section 7(a)(2) consultation for the Tricolored bat (TCB) for this project. The result of this consultation is a Conference Opinion (CO) letter from the USFWS dated October 30, 2023, that includes conservation measures to minimize all adverse effects specifically for the Tricolored bat. These conservation measures include:

1. Tree clearing will not take place from April 1 – October 15, effective with the federal listing of the tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*).
2. Tree clearing will be minimized to the maximum extent possible and limits will be clearly marked for the contractor.
3. NCDOT will ensure that tree removal is limited to that specified in project plans and ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field. Clearing limits follow the most recent version of the NCDOT Manual for Construction Layout and are typically marked by placing blue and white striped flagging on 36-inch stakes or trees.
4. On the A section, NCDOT commits to planting native, fast-growing, containerized trees at the following locations: -L- Sta. 139+50 to -L- Sta. 144+00+/- LT and -L- Sta. 147+50 +/- to -L- Sta. 151+00 LT (plan sheet 15) and -L- Sta. 164+00+/- to -L- Sta. 166+60+/- (plan sheet 16). If native trees are

Special Conditions
R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

- already established at any of the locations, then no planting will occur. Plan sheets UO-13 (Figure 1), UO-14 (Figure 2), and UO-15 (Figure 3) with planting locations highlighted in yellow are included for reference in Appendix A.
5. NCDOT will install riparian plantings utilizing native, fast-growing containerized trees for the riparian areas in the B and C sections, where feasible. These riparian areas include but are not limited to Belews Creek and Troublesome Creek. These areas will be reviewed at Merger points CP4B and CP4C for each section.
 - a. Note: Riparian plantings cannot be done in easements (utility, drainage, and construction).
 - b. At the bridge sites, NCDOT cannot commit to planting riparian trees or shrubs for the entire width of the right of way beginning at a station 3 feet beyond the beginning and ending extremity of the structure. If excess property outside of normal maintenance limits is available at bridge locations, riparian plantings will be installed where feasible.
 6. NCDOT will use downcast lighting for all permanent lighting. Any existing lights that are impacted by the project and relocated will be replaced with downcast lights.
 7. NCDOT will use shoulder/median mounted LED light fixtures with Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG) ratings not to exceed 3-0-3. High mast lighting will have BUG ratings not to exceed 5-0-5.
 8. With the exception of high mast lights, NCDOT will use the shortest poles possible that still meet highway requirements and safety parameters while limiting excess lighting within the project area.
 9. NCDOT will provide the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) the opportunity to review and comment on the lighting plans prior to finalization of the plans for the B and C projects. Portions of lighting plans in proximity to riparian corridors will be called out as priority sections for Service review.
 10. Lighting used for nighttime construction will be limited to what is necessary to maintain safety standards. Temporary lighting will only direct light towards active work areas except in instances necessitating balloon lighting.
 11. No blasting will occur at night.
 12. Blast monitoring will occur per NCDOT standard specifications for all blasting in the project area.
 13. Blast mats or soil cover will be used over all blast sites, which minimizes noise, air blasts, and debris. In general, NCDOT blasting activities are not strong enough to cause trees to fall or glass to break.
 14. Blasting and pile driving will not occur until the trees within the project clearing limits that are immediately adjacent to the blasting site or pile driving site have been removed.
 15. Prior to modifying the Individual permit for final design of the B and C sections, NCDOT will update the protected species surveys for each section at the time of final design in accordance with the current NCDOT Protected Species Protocols.

Special Conditions
R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

Special Condition 11: Sediment and Erosion Control:

1) During the clearing phase of the project, heavy equipment shall not be operated in surface waters or stream channels. Temporary stream crossings will be used to access the opposite sides of stream channels. All temporary diversion channels and stream crossings will be constructed of non-erodible materials. Grubbing of riparian vegetation will not occur until immediately before construction begins on a given segment of stream channel.

2) No fill or excavation impacts for the purposes of sedimentation and erosion control shall occur within jurisdictional waters, including wetlands, unless the impacts are included on the plan drawings and specifically authorized by this permit. This includes, but is not limited to, sediment control fences and other barriers intended to catch sediment losses.

3) The Permittee shall remove all sediment and erosion control measures placed in waters and/or wetlands, and shall restore natural grades on those areas, prior to project completion.

4) The Permittee shall use appropriate sediment and erosion control practices which equal or exceed those outlined in the most recent version of the "North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual" to ensure compliance with the appropriate turbidity water quality standard. Erosion and sediment control practices shall be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices to ensure compliance with the appropriate turbidity water quality standards. This shall include, but is not limited to, the immediate installation of silt fencing or similar appropriate devices around all areas subject to soil disturbance or the movement of earthen fill, and the immediate stabilization of all disturbed areas. Additionally, the project shall remain in full compliance with all aspects of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973 (North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 113A Article 4). Adequate sedimentation and erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to any ground disturbing activities to minimize impacts to downstream aquatic resources. These measures shall be inspected and maintained regularly, especially following rainfall events. All fill material shall be adequately stabilized at the earliest practicable date to prevent sediment from entering adjacent waters or wetlands.

Special Condition 12: Temporary Fills: Within thirty (30) days of the date of completing the authorized work, the Permittee shall remove all temporary fills in waters of the United States and restore the affected areas to pre-construction contours and elevations. The affected areas shall be re-vegetated with native, non-invasive vegetation as necessary to minimize erosion and ensure site stability.

Special Condition 13: Borrow and Waste: To ensure that all borrow, and waste activities occur on high ground and do not result in the degradation of adjacent waters and wetlands, except as authorized by this permit, the Permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to identify all areas to be used as borrow and/or waste sites

Special Conditions R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

associated with this project. The Permittee shall provide the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers with appropriate maps indicating the locations of proposed borrow and/or waste sites as soon as such information is available. The Permittee shall submit to the Corps site-specific information needed to ensure that borrow and/or waste sites comply with all applicable Federal requirements, to include compliance with the Endangered Species Act and the National Historic Preservation Act, such as surveys or correspondence with agencies (e.g., the USFWS, the NC-HPO, etc.). The required information shall also include the location of all aquatic features, if any, out to a distance of 400 feet beyond the nearest boundary of the site. The Permittee shall not approve any borrow and/or waste sites before receiving written confirmation from the Corps that the proposed site meets all Federal requirements, whether or not waters of the U.S., including wetlands, are located in the proposed borrow and/or waste site. All delineations of aquatic sites on borrow and/or waste sites shall be verified by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and shown on the approved reclamation plans. The Permittee shall ensure that all borrow and/or waste sites comply with **Special Condition 14** of this permit. Additionally, the Permittee shall produce and maintain documentation of all borrow and waste sites associated with this project. This documentation will include data regarding soils, vegetation, hydrology, any delineation(s) of aquatic sites, and any jurisdictional determinations made by the Corps to clearly demonstrate compliance with **Special Condition 14**. All information will be available to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers upon request. The Permittee shall require its contractors to complete and execute reclamation plans for each borrow and/or waste site and provide written documentation that the reclamation plans have been implemented and all work is completed. This documentation will be provided to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers within 30 days of the completion of the reclamation work.

Special Condition 14: Except as authorized by this permit or any U.S. Army Corps of Engineers approved modification to this permit, no excavation, fill, or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, within waters or wetlands, or shall any activities take place that cause the degradation of waters or wetlands. There shall be no excavation from, waste disposal into, or degradation of, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification of this permit, including appropriate compensatory mitigation. This prohibition applies to all borrow and waste activities connected with this project. In addition, except as specified in the plans attached to this permit, no excavation, fill or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, in such a manner as to impair normal flows and circulation patterns within, into, or out of waters or wetlands or to reduce the reach of waters or wetlands.

Special Condition 15: Culverts:

1) Unless otherwise requested in the application and depicted on the approved permit plans, culverts greater than 48 inches in diameter shall be buried at least one foot below the bed of the stream. Culverts 48 inches in diameter and less shall be buried or placed on the stream bed as practicable and appropriate to maintain aquatic passage, and every effort shall be made to maintain existing channel slope. The bottom

Special Conditions R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

of the culvert shall be placed at a depth below the natural stream bottom to provide for passage during drought or low flow conditions. Culverts shall be designed and constructed in a manner that minimizes destabilization and head cutting.

2) Measures shall be included in the culvert construction/installation that will promote the safe passage of fish and other aquatic organisms. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a culvert or pipe shall not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed opening shall be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. Spring flow should be determined from gauge data, if available. In the absence of such data, bank full flow can be used as a comparable level.

3) The Permittee shall implement all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure that equipment, structures, fill pads, work, and operations associated with this project do not adversely affect upstream and/or downstream reaches. Adverse effects include, but are not limited to, channel instability, flooding, and/or stream bank erosion. The Permittee shall routinely monitor for these effects, cease all work when detected, take initial corrective measures to correct actively eroding areas, and notify this office immediately. Permanent corrective measures may require additional authorization by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

4) Culverts placed within wetlands must be installed in a manner that does not restrict the flows and circulation patterns of waters of the United States. Culverts placed across wetland fills purely for the purposes of equalizing surface water shall not be buried, but the culverts must be of adequate size and/or number to ensure unrestricted transmission of water.

Special Condition 16: Historic Properties: The Permittee shall implement all necessary measures to ensure the authorized activity avoids or mitigates an adverse effect upon eligible for listing historic properties, Edgewood Baptist Church, and Bel Air Drive-In Theatre within the R-2577 A project. The initial findings were dated July 9, 2013, and were amended on September 22, 2015. Then on June 12, 2018, these findings were superseded with an updated Concurrence Form for Assessment of Effects for the NCDOT R-2577 A project. Finally, in a supplemental concurrence form signed November 30, 2022, NCDOT and SHPO agreed that this minimization alternative constitutes no adverse effect to the Edgewood Baptist Church if the specified commitments are met. These commitments include the following;

Edgewood Baptist Church

- Incorporate best-fit widening with a reduced median (23 feet instead of 30 feet) and a retaining wall in front of the church to minimize impacts to both the church and the residences located across from the church; will not require relocations of residences across from the church but will result in the loss of some parking spaces in front of the church and will require the

Special Conditions R-2577ABC, SAW-2018-02113

church sign (two if needed) to be relocated.

- Include safety treatments along retaining wall in front (southeast of) church building.
- The rear (northwest side) of the retaining wall facing the church building will be finished with a brick veneer matching the church facade in bond and color. The barrier with moment slab will receive a warm, neutral stain to complement the brick veneer.
- The one-foot-tall fence will be black in color and conform.
- A seven-foot-wide grassed planting strip is also included in the design.
- The structure will not compromise any contributing element of the historic property.
- The driveway on Churchland Drive will be relocated further from the Reidsville Road intersection per request of the church. New location is at similar grade to existing.
- Temporary construction easement will be shifted northwest, and existing driveway removed (see attached aerial in the supplemental concurrence form).
- Driveway relocation will not impact any contributing element of the historic property.

Bel Air Drive-In Theater

- Minimizes ROW acquisition to the drive-in; preservation of access; no impacts to components; maintains 2:1 side slopes along the parcel.

Special Condition 17: Mitigation: In order to compensate for impacts associated with this permit, mitigation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions outlined on the most recent version of the attached Compensatory Mitigation Responsibility Transfer Form. The requirements of this form, including any special conditions listed on this form, are hereby incorporated as special conditions of this permit.

Special Condition 18: Phased Construction: This permit only authorizes work on Section A of TIP R-2577. Construction on Sections B and C of TIP 2577 shall not commence until: (a) final design has been completed for those sections and submitted to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps); (b) the Permittee has minimized impacts to waters and wetlands to the maximum extent practicable and the Corps concurs with this assessment through standard Merger 4B and 4C meetings; (c) any modification to the plans have been approved by the Corps in writing; and (d) a final compensatory mitigation plan has been submitted by the Permittee and approved by the Corps

ROY COOPER
Governor
ELIZABETH S. BISER
Secretary
RICHARD E. ROGERS, JR.
Director



March 28, 2023

Ms. Amy Euliss
NCDOT, Division 9 PDEA Engineer
375 Silas Creek Parkway
Winston Salem, NC 27127

Subject: 401 Water Quality Certification Pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS for proposed widening of US 158 from the 4-lane roadway north of I-40 in Forsyth County to US 220 in Guilford County (TIP No. R-2577ABC); NCDWR Project No. 20210452; WQC No. WQ005776.

Dear Ms. Euliss:

Attached hereto is a copy of Certification No. 005776 issued to NCDOT dated March 28, 2023.

This approval is for the purpose and design described in your application dated February 17, 2023. The plans and specifications for this project are incorporated by reference as part of this Water Quality Certification. If you change your project, you must notify the Division and you may be required to submit a new application package with the appropriate fee. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and is responsible for complying with all conditions. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(d)(2)]. This Certification does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain all other required Federal, State, or Local approvals before proceeding with the project, including those required by, but not limited to, Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge, Water Supply Watershed, and Trout Buffer regulations.

This letter completes the review of the Division under section 401 of the Clean Water Act and 15A NCAC 02H .0500. Please contact Dave Wanucha at 336-403-5655 or <mailto:wanucha@ncdenr.gov> if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,
DocuSigned by:
Amy Chapman
Richard E. Rogers Jr., Director
Division of Water Resources

Electronic copy only distribution:
Steve Brumagin US Army Corps of Engineers
Rebekah Reid, US Fish and Wildlife Service
David McHenry, NC Wildlife Resources Commission
Beth Harmon, NC DMS
Amanetta Somerville, USEPA

File Copy



Individual 401 Water Quality Certification Pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

THIS CERTIFICATION is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401 Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Regulations in 15 NCAC 2H .0500. This certification authorizes NCDOT to impact 1,632 linear feet of jurisdictional streams and 0.06 acres of wetlands in Forsyth County related to Section A of R-2577. Preliminary impacts for future Sections B and C are provided in Table 3 below. The project shall be constructed pursuant to your application dated February 17, 2023. The authorized impacts are as described below:

Table 1. Stream Impacts in the Yadkin Pee Dee and Roanoke River Basin - R-2577A (linear feet).

Site	Perennial Stream					Intermittent Stream				Impacts Requiring Mitigation
	Permanent				Temporary	Permanent			Temporary	
	Bank Stabilization	Fill	Culvert	Armoring	Fill	Bank Stabilization	Culvert	Armoring	Fill	
1A	-	-	-	25	22	-	-	-	-	-
1B	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1C	-	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1D	-	-	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1E	-	-	-	24	22	-	-	-	-	-
2A	13	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-
2B	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-
2C	-	-	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2D	-	-	86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2E	-	-	-	15	26	-	-	-	-	-
3A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	9	-
3B	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-
3C	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-
3D	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-
4A	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4B	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5A	-	331	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	331
6A	-	-	-	24	6	-	-	-	-	-
6B	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6C	-	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6D	-	-	-	31	10	-	-	-	-	-
7A*	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	-	-	-
7B*	16	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	231	389	410	139	127	63	235	29	9	331

*Roanoke River Basin.

Total Stream Impacts for Project: 1,632 linear feet



Table 2. Wetland Impacts (acres) in the Yadkin River Basin - R-2577A (riverine).

Site	Fill	Temporary Fill	Excavation	Mechanized Clearing	Hand Clearing	Impacts Requiring Mitigation
5B	0.02	-	<0.01	0.02	-	-
5C	0.02	-	-	-	-	-
Total	0.04	-	<0.01	0.02	-	-

Total Wetland Impact for Project: 0.06 acres.

Table 3. Summary of preliminary impacts for future sections of R-2577.

Section	Streams (linear feet)	Wetlands (acres)
B	2,210	0.32
C	4,179	1.36
Totals	6,389	1.68

Note: Mitigation for Sections B and C will be determined following final design and subsequent permit modification(s).

This approval is valid solely for the purpose and design described in your application (unless modified below). Should your project change, you must notify the NCDWR and submit a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter and is thereby responsible for complying with all the conditions. If total wetland fills for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre, or of total impacts to streams (now or in the future) exceed 300 linear feet, compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h) (6) and (7). For this approval to remain valid, you must adhere to the conditions listed in the attached certification(s) and any additional conditions listed below.

Condition(s) of Certification:

Project Specific Conditions

1. All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted per approved BMP measures from the most current version of NCDOT Construction and Maintenance Activities manual. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
2. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507 (c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
3. Compensatory mitigation for 331 linear feet of impact to streams and is required. We understand that you have chosen to perform compensatory mitigation for impacts to streams through a combination of public and private mitigation service providers. North Carolina Division of Mitigation Service (DMS) (formerly NCEEP), and that the DMS has agreed to implement the mitigation for a portion of the project. The DMS has indicated in a letter dated January 23, 2023 that they will assume responsibility for satisfying the federal Clean Water Act compensatory mitigation requirements for the above-referenced project, in accordance with the DMS Mitigation Banking Instrument signed July 28, 2010. Brushy Mountain mitigation site sponsored by Restoration Systems provides additional credits as does NCDOT's Little Peters Creek mitigation site as explained in the application.
4. When final design plans are completed for R-2577 Sections B and C, a modification to the 401 Water Quality Certification shall be submitted with five copies and fees to the NC Division of Water Resources. Final designs shall reflect all appropriate avoidance, minimization, and mitigation for impacts to wetlands, streams, and other surface waters, and Jordan Lake Riparian Buffers. No construction activities that impact any wetlands, streams, surface waters, or buffers located in R-2577 Sections B and C shall begin until after the permittee applies for and receives a written modification of the 401 Water Quality Certification including a Jordan Lake Riparian Buffer Authorization (if applicable) from the NC Division of Water Resources.



5. Design and placement of pipes/culverts shall be installed in such a manner that the original stream profiles are not significantly altered. The pipes/culverts shall be designed and installed, per the plans, and to prevent upstream and downstream instability. Pipe installations at Permit Sites 1, 2, 3, 6 and 7 do not require burial as explained in the application. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]

General Conditions

1. If concrete is used during construction, a dry work area shall be maintained to prevent direct contact between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life and fish kills. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
2. The dimension, pattern and profile of the stream above and below the crossing shall not be modified. Disturbed floodplains and streams shall be restored to natural geomorphic conditions. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
3. The use of rip-rap above the Normal High Water Mark shall be minimized. Any rip-rap placed for stream stabilization shall be placed in stream channels in such a manner that it does not impede aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
4. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
5. No rock, sand or other materials shall be dredged from the stream channel except where authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
6. Discharging hydroseed mixtures and washing out hydroseeders and other equipment in or adjacent to surface waters is prohibited. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
7. The permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If the NCDWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, the NCDWR may reevaluate and modify this certification. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
8. All fill slopes located in jurisdictional wetlands shall be placed at slopes no flatter than 3:1, unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
9. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall be maintained on the construction site at all times. In addition, the Water Quality Certification, and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
10. The outside buffer, wetland or water boundary located within the construction corridor approved by this authorization shall be clearly marked by highly visible fencing prior to any land disturbing activities. Impacts to areas within the fencing are prohibited unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0501 and .0502]
11. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.
12. The Permittee shall report any violations of this certification to the Division of Water Resources within 24 hours of discovery. [15A NCAC 02B.0506(b)(2)]



13. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste sites), the Division Engineer (or appointee) shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify the NCDWR when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed. [15A NCAC 02H.0502(f)]
14. Native riparian vegetation must be reestablished in the riparian areas within the construction limits of the project by the end of the growing season following completion of construction. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
15. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
16. Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface water standards [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]:
 - a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual*.
 - b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
 - c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*.
 - d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
17. Where placement of sediment and erosion control devices in wetlands and/or waters is unavoidable, they shall be removed, and the natural grade restored upon completion of the project. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]

This approval and its conditions are final and binding unless contested [G.S. 143-215.5]. Please be aware that impacting waters without first applying for and securing the issuance of a 401 Water Quality Certification violates Title 15A of the North Carolina Administrative Code (NCAC) 2H .0500. Title 15A NCAC 2H .0500 requires certifications pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act whenever construction or operation of facilities will result in a discharge into navigable waters, including wetlands, as described in 33 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 323. It also states any person desiring issuance of the State certification or coverage under a general certification required by Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act shall file with the Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality. Pursuant to G.S. 143-215.6A, these violations and any future violations are subject to a civil penalty assessment of up to a maximum of \$25,000.00 per day for each violation.

This Certification can be contested as provided in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes by filing a Petition for a Contested Case Hearing (Petition) with the North Carolina Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) within sixty (60) calendar days. Requirements for filing a Petition are set forth in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes and Title 26 of the North Carolina Administrative Code. Additional information regarding requirements for filing a Petition and Petition forms may be accessed at <http://www.ncdoah/> or by calling the OAH Clerk's Office at (919) 431-3000.



DocuSign Envelope ID: 734C96CE-8F76-4B2E-B4A6-D6840E4C30BB

A party filing a Petition must serve a copy of the Petition on:

William F. Lane, General Counsel
Department of Environmental Quality
1601 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1601

If the party filing the Petition is not the permittee, then the party must also serve the recipient of the Certification in accordance with N.C.G.S 150B-23(a).

This the 28th March 2023

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

DocuSigned by:
Amy Chapman
9C9886312DCD474...

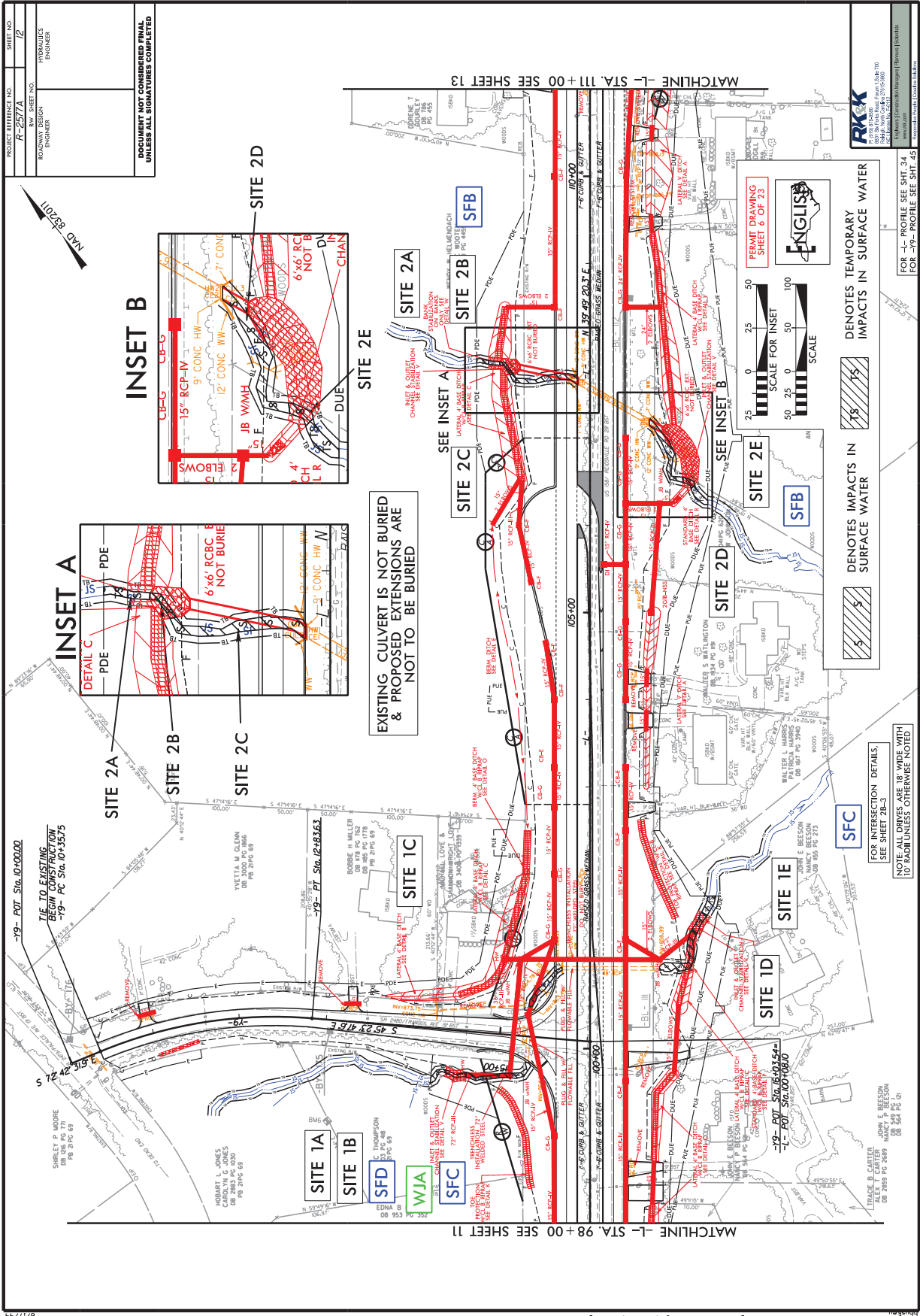
Richard E. Rogers Jr., Director

WQC No. 005776



North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality | Division of Water Resources
512 North Salisbury Street | 1617 Mail Service Center | Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617
919.707.9000

Revised 7/18/2023



**FOR -L- PROFILE SEE SHT. 24,
FOR -Y- PROFILE SEE SHT. 44**

**FOR INTERSECTION DETAILS,
SEE SHEET 2B-3**

**NOTE: ALL DRIVES ARE 18' WIDE WITH
10' RADIUS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED**

LEGEND:
 [Diagonal Hatching] DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER
 [Horizontal Hatching] DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

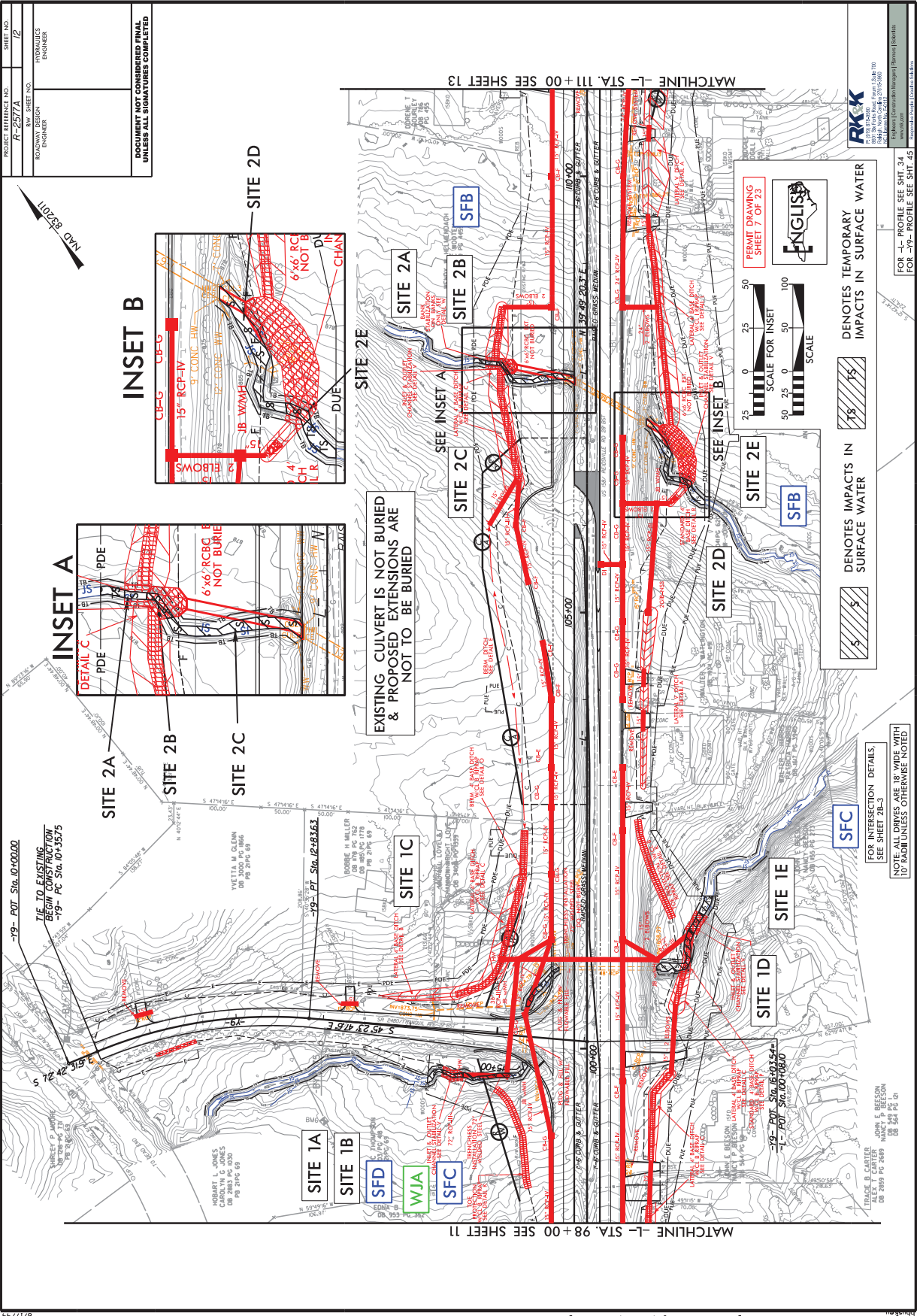
SCALE FOR INSET: 0, 25, 50, 75, 100
SCALE: 0, 25, 50, 75, 100

PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 6 OF 23

ENGLISH

RAYMOND BOWEN ENGINEERS
 2001 W. 10th Street, Suite 100
 Lincoln, NE 68502
 Phone: (402) 441-2200
 Fax: (402) 441-2201
 Email: rbowen@rbowen.com

Revised 7/18/2023



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	R-2577A	SHEET NO.	12
ROW	ROW	ROW	ROW
DESIGNER	DESIGNER	DESIGNER	DESIGNER
DATE	DATE	DATE	DATE
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED			



FOR -L- PROFILE SEE SHT. 24
 FOR -Y- PROFILE SEE SHT. 45

FOR INTERSECTION DETAILS, SEE SHEET 2B-3

NOTE: ALL DRIVES ARE 18' WIDE WITH 10' RADIUS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

FOR -L- PROFILE SEE SHT. 24
 FOR -Y- PROFILE SEE SHT. 45

PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 7 OF 23

SCALE FOR INSET

SCALE

ENGLISH

Denotes Impacts in Surface Water

Denotes Temporary Impacts in Surface Water

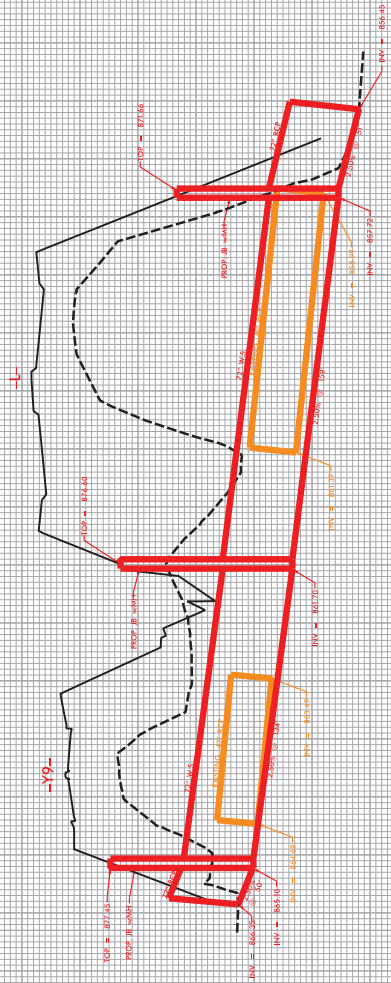
Matchlines: MATCHLINE -L- STA. 98+00 SEE SHEET 11, MATCHLINE -L- STA. 111+00 SEE SHEET 13

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-257A	SHEET NO.
ROCK ENGINEERING REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER	1

PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 8 OF 23



SITE 1 -L- STA. 101+02



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION 72" WELDED STEEL
(length = 394')



250 200 150 100 50 0 50 100 150 200 250

890

880

870

860

850

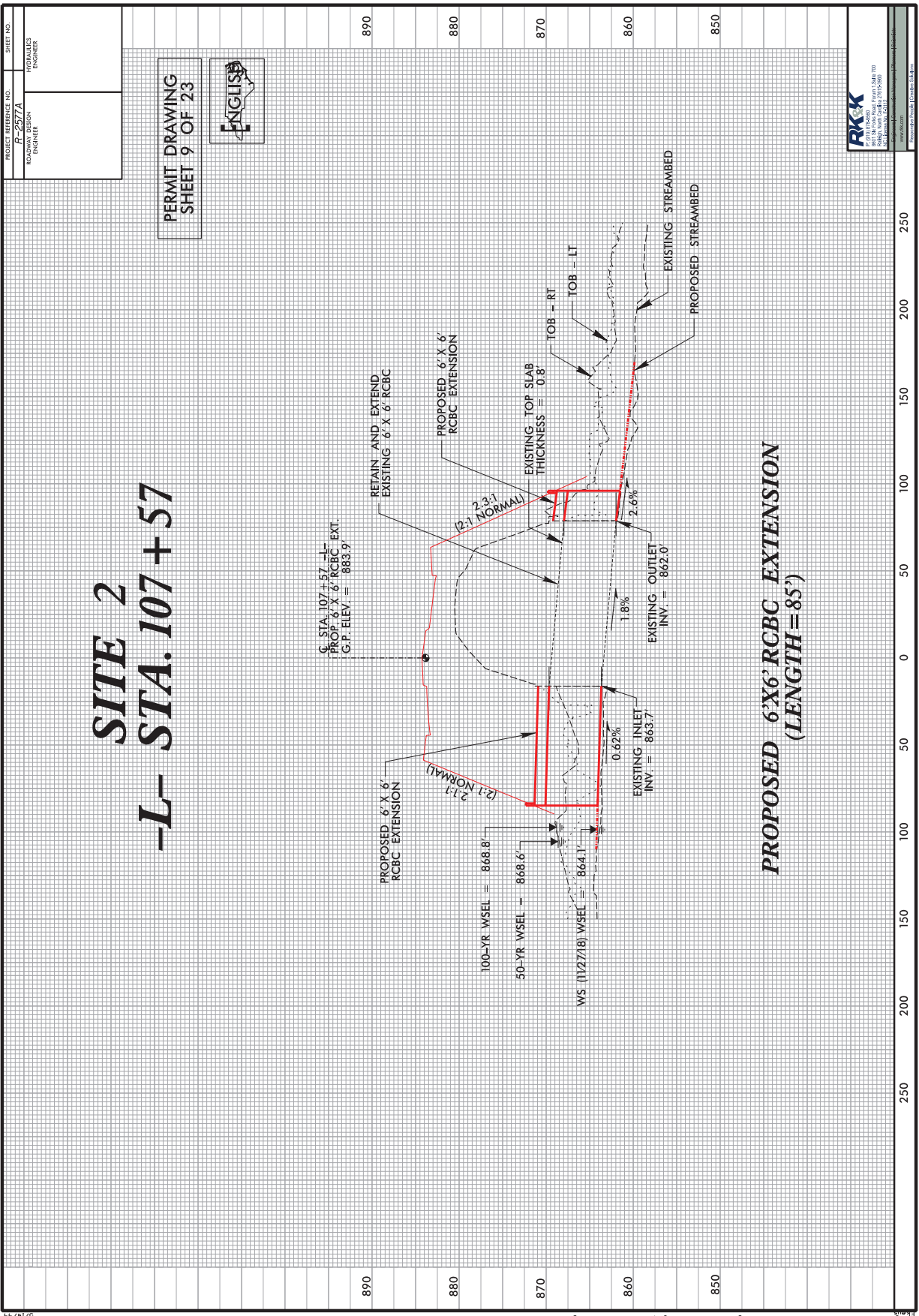
890

880

870

860

850



SITE 2
-L- STA. 107+57

PROPOSED 6'X6' RCBC EXTENSION
(LENGTH=85')

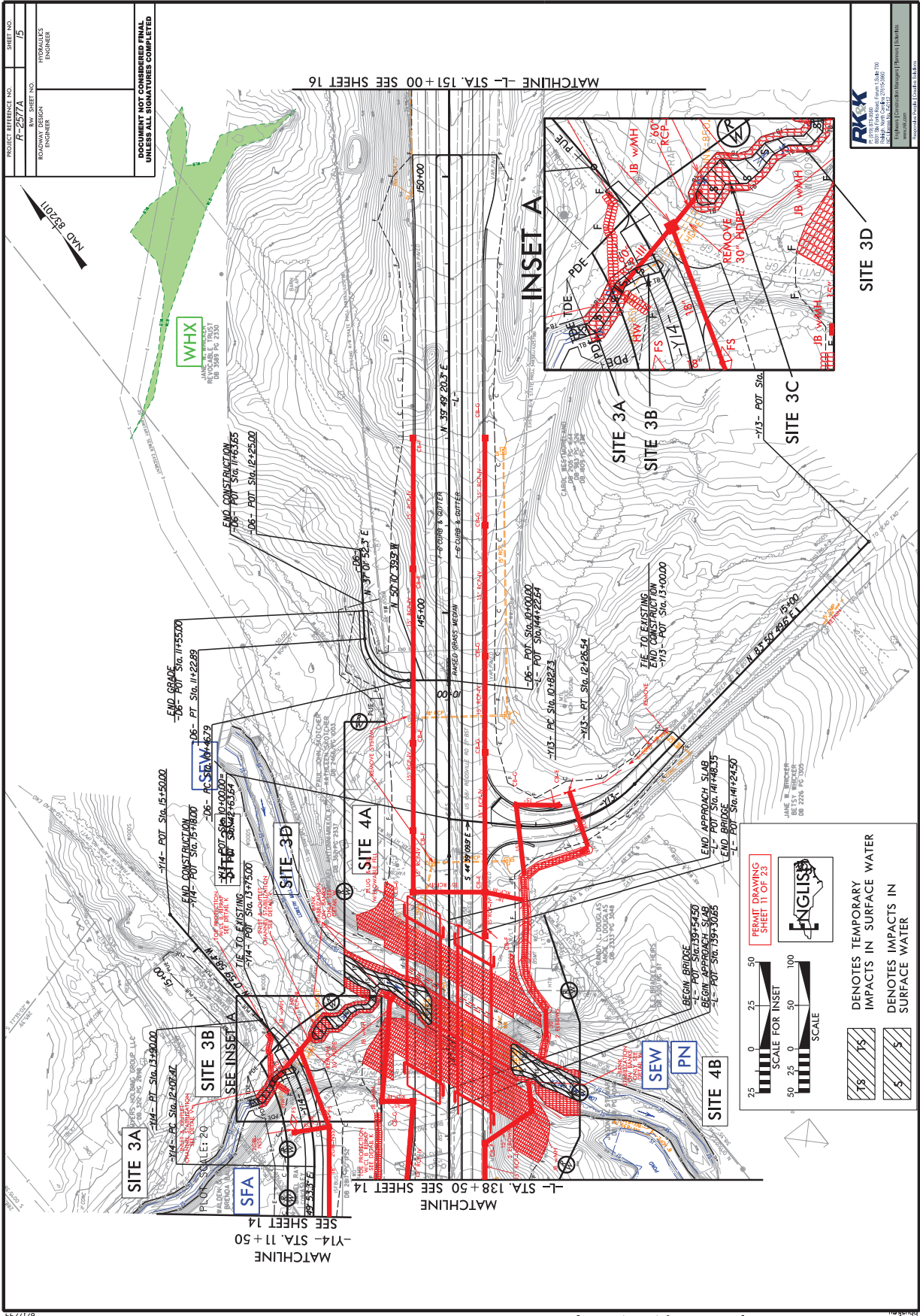
PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 9 OF 23



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-257A	SHEET NO.
DESIGNED BY [Name]	DATE
CHECKED BY [Name]	SCALE
APPROVED BY [Name]	PROJECT NO.



Revised 7/18/2023

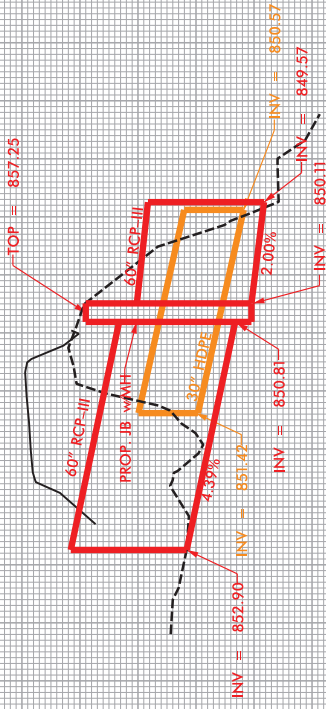


PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2577A	SHEET NO.
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER	PROJECT NO.

PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 12 OF 23



SITE 3 -Y14- STA. 13+25



**PROPOSED 60" RCP-III
(TOTAL LENGTH = 75')**

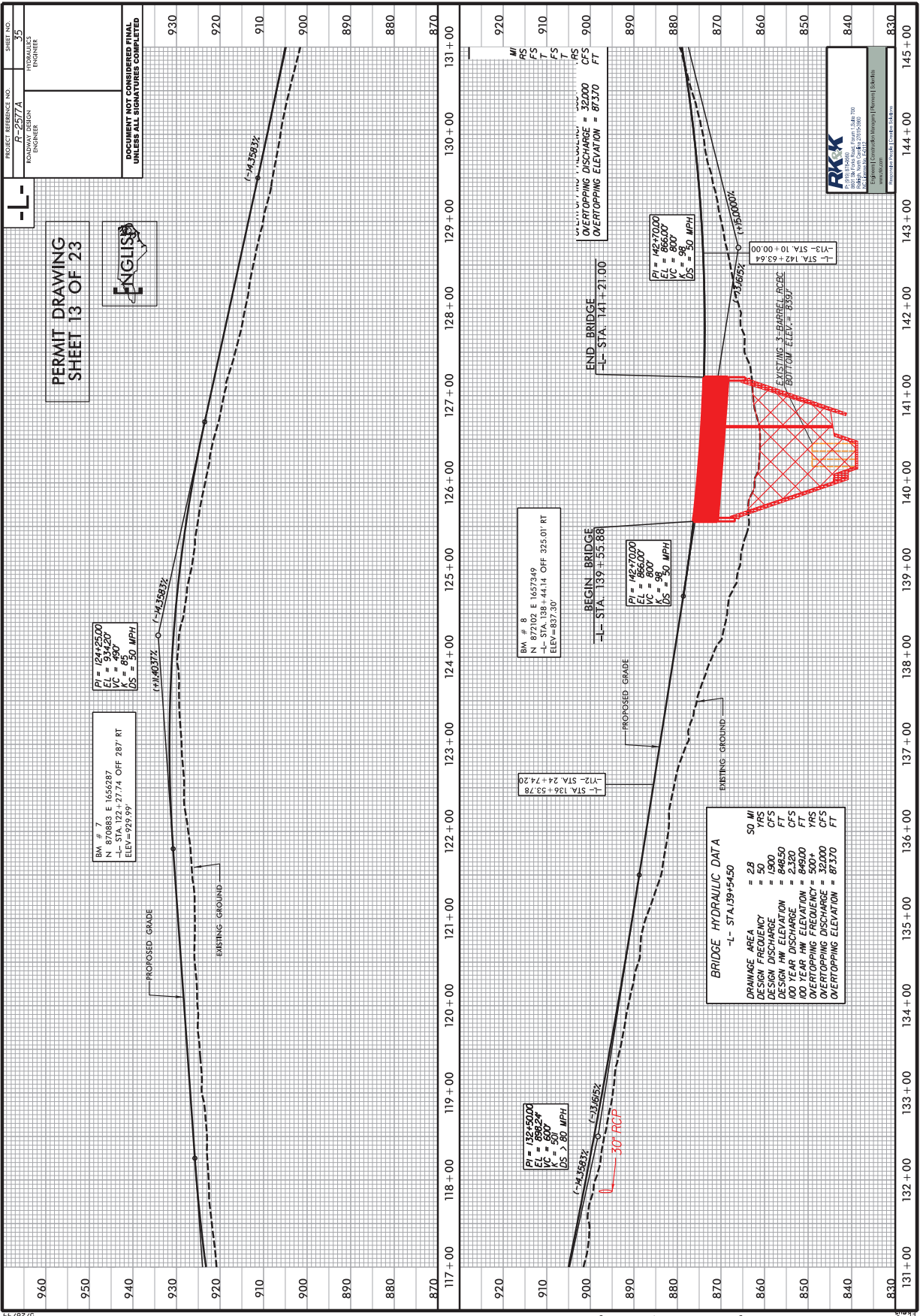


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850

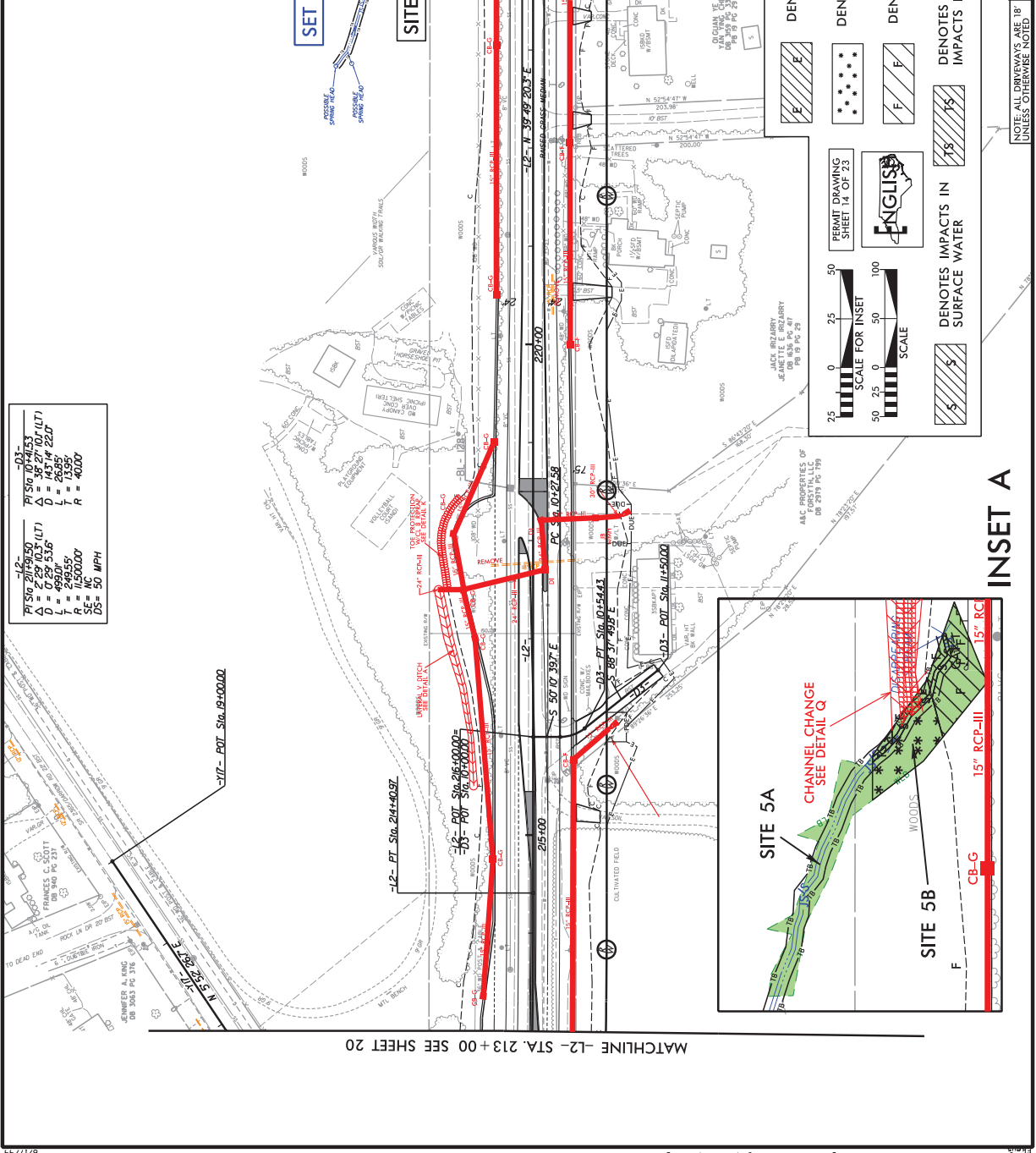
840



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	R-2577A	SHEET NO.	21
DESIGNER	RODMAN ENGINEERING	DATE	10/17/17
CHECKED BY	PROJ. MANAGER	DATE	10/17/17
APPROVED BY	ENGINEER	DATE	10/17/17

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

PT STA	211+59.30	PT STA	214+53.3
Δ	2° 29' 10.3" (LT)	Δ	38° 27' 10.1" (LT)
D	0' 29' 5.36"	D	143' 14' 22.0"
T	248.95'	T	13.95'
R	11,500.00'	R	40.00'
SE	MG		
DS	350 MPH		



	DENOTES EXCAVATION IN WETLAND
	DENOTES MECHANIZED CLEARING
	DENOTES FILL IN WETLAND
	DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER
	DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

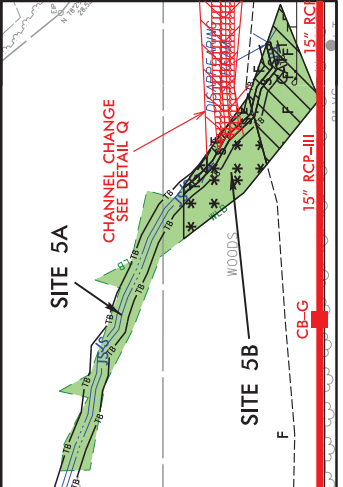
PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 14 OF 23

SCALE FOR INSET: 0, 25, 50, 100

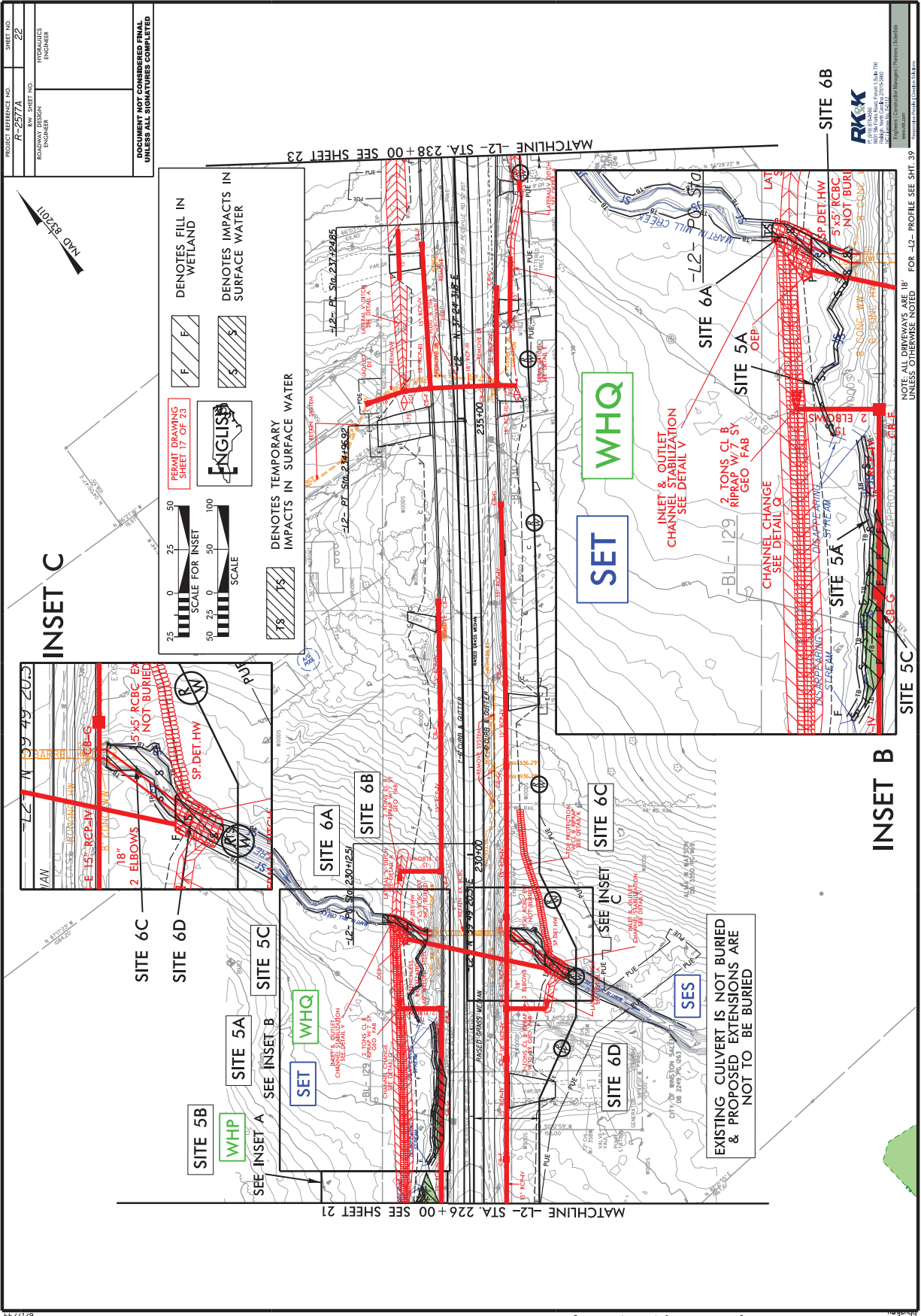
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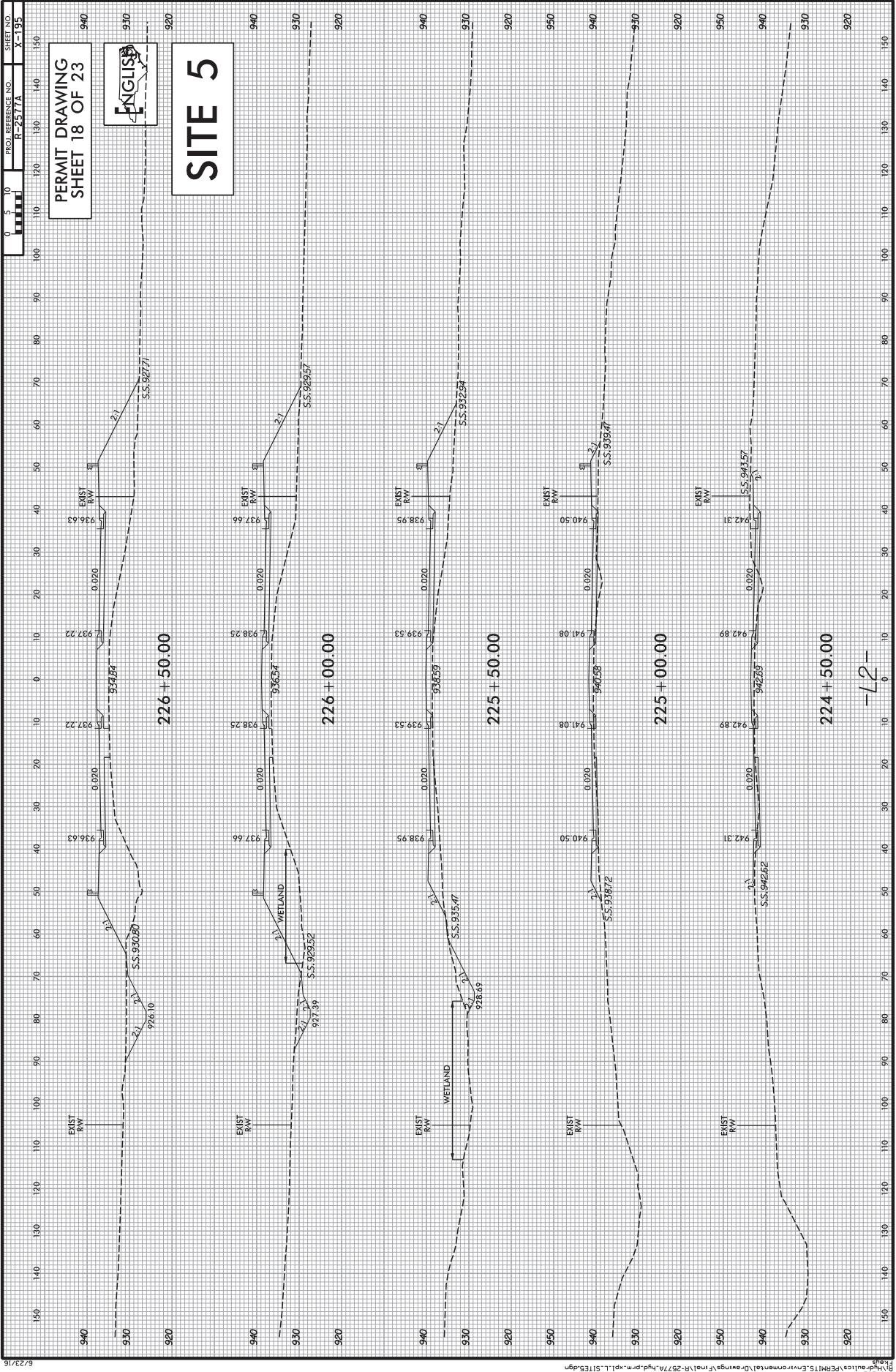
ENGLISH

NOTE: ALL DRIVEWAYS ARE 18" FOR -12- PROFILE SEE SHTS. 38-39 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED



INSET A





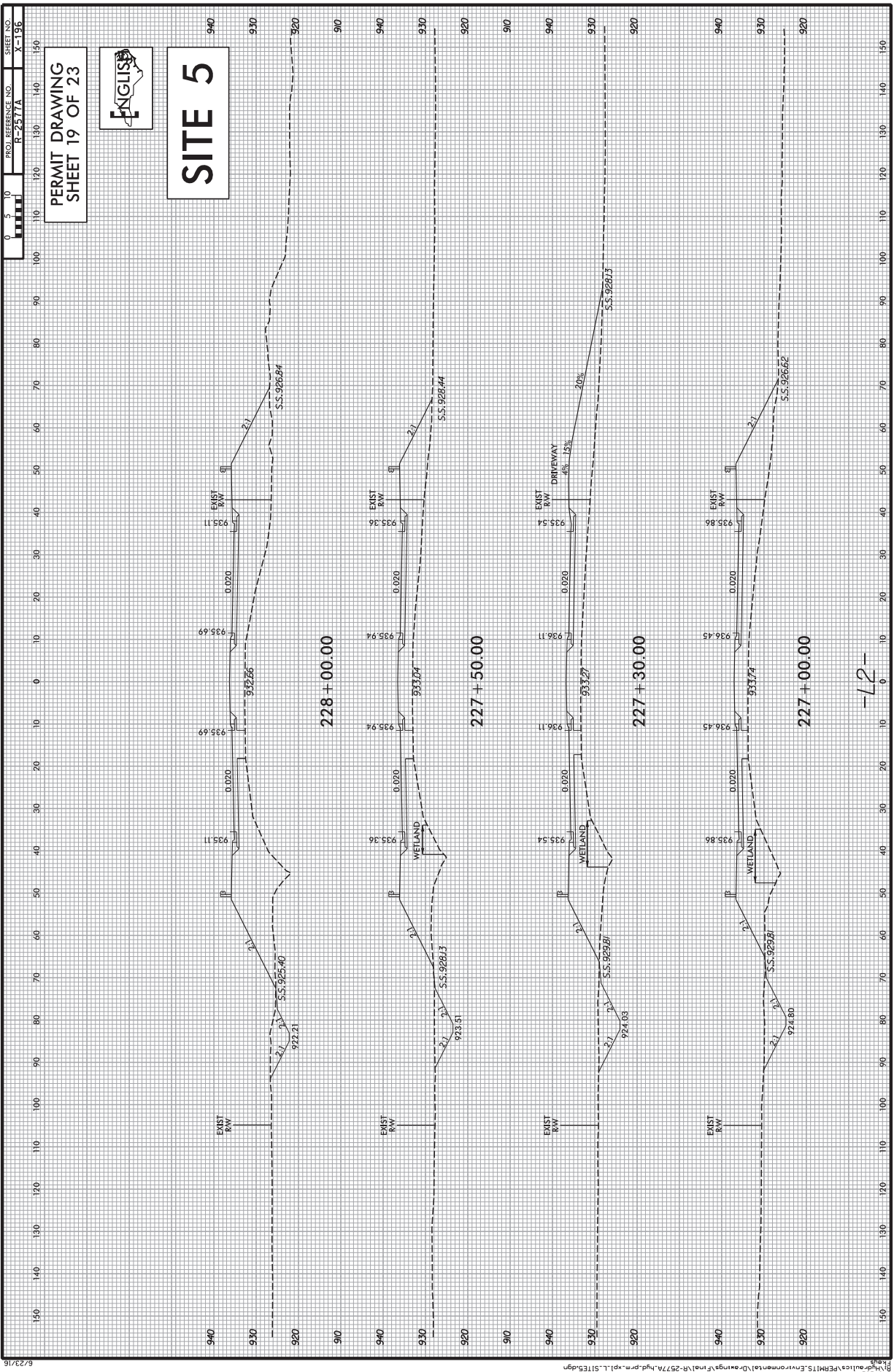
-12-

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. R-2577A
SHEET NO. X-196

PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 19 OF 23



SITE 5



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2577A
 ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER
 SHEET NO. 20 OF 23

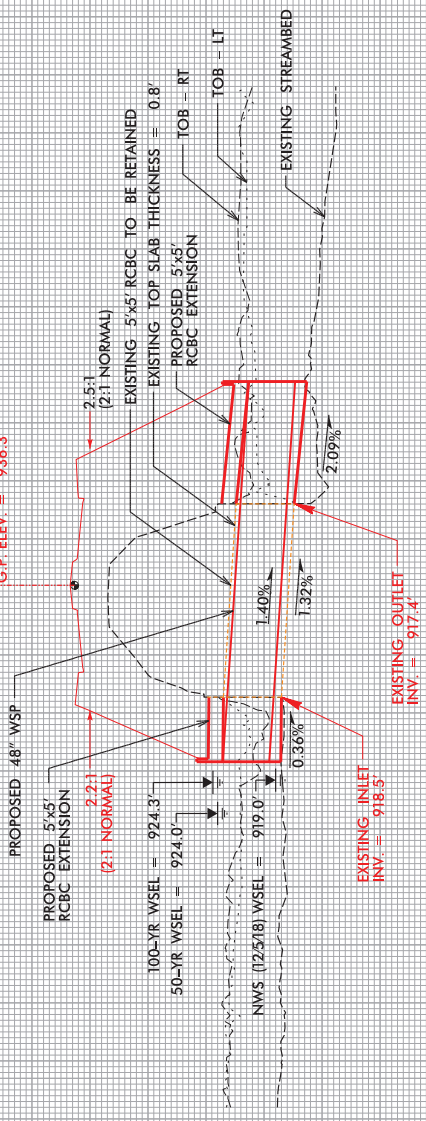
PERMIT DRAWING
 SHEET 20 OF 23



PLANS PREPARED BY:
RK&K
 SUMMEL, KLEPPER & KAHN, LP
 RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27609-2962
 NC LICENSE NO. E-0112 • (919) 978-2562

SITE 6
-L- STA. 229+09

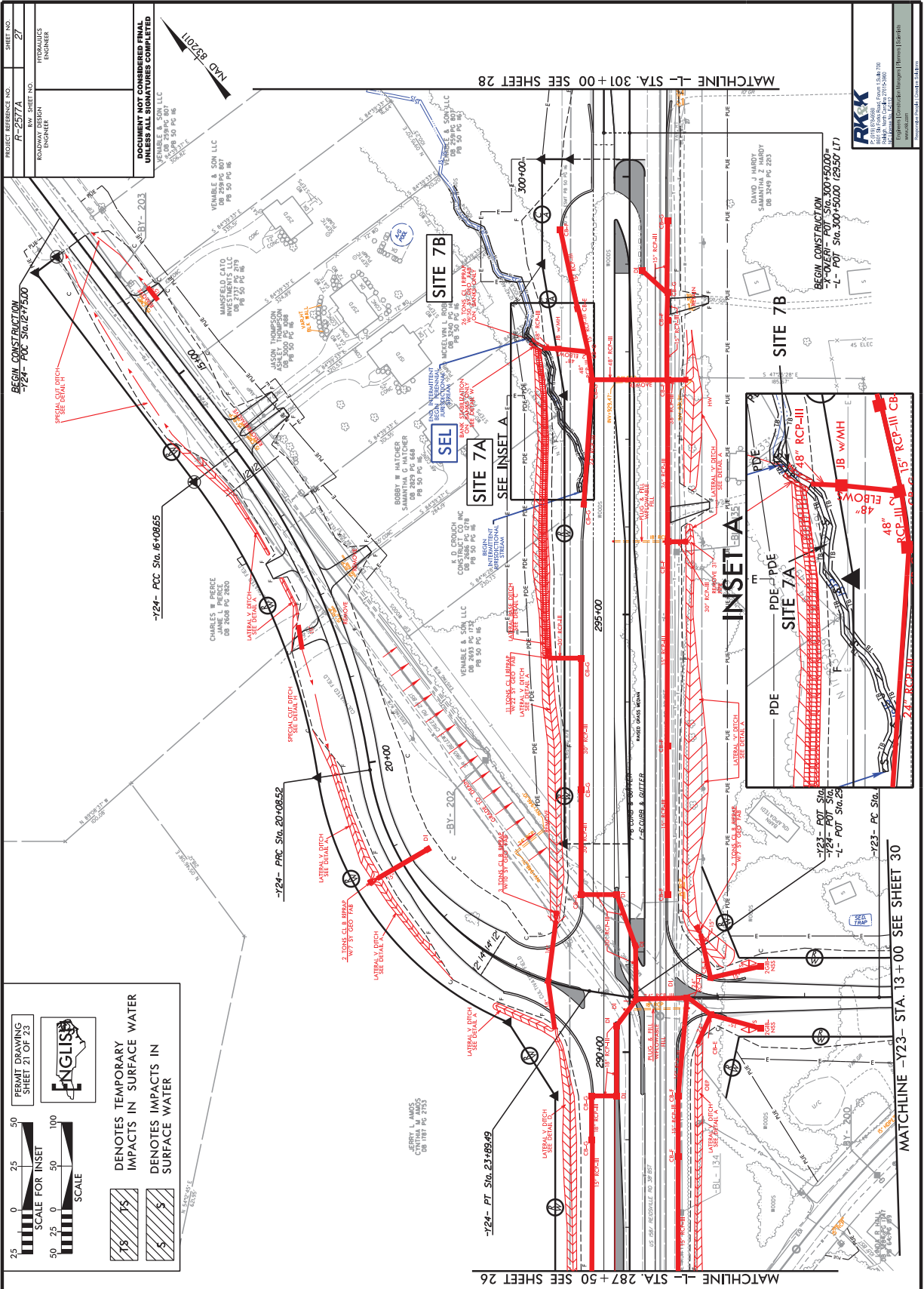
6. STA. 229+09 = 12. RETAIN AND EXTEND EXISTING 5'x5' RCBC SUPPLEMENT W/48" WSP G.P. ELEV. = 936.3'



PROPOSED 5'X 5' RCBC EXTENSION
 (LENGTH = 65')
PROPOSED 48" WS
 (LENGTH = 142')

940
 930
 920
 910

250 200 150 100 50 0 50 100 150 200 250



PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 21 OF 23

SCALE FOR INSET
0 25 50 100

SCALE
0 25 50 100

DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	R-2577A
RAW SHEET NO.	27
DESIGNER	PROVALDES ENGINEER
DATE	NOVEMBER 2011

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

ARKK

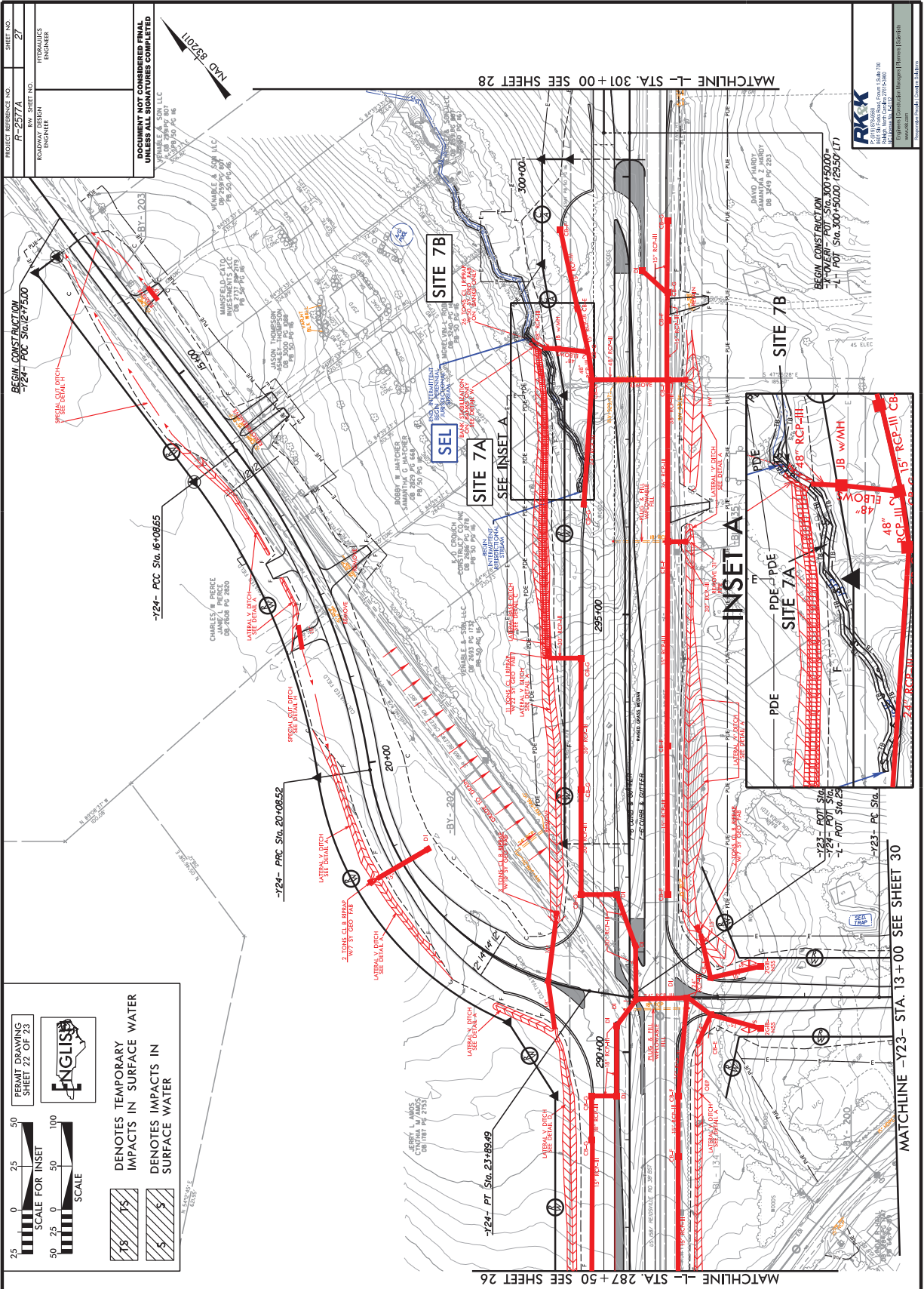
Professional Engineer
Civil/Environmental/Plumbing/Health

10000 E. 1st Ave., Suite 300, Denver, CO 80231
Tel: 303.733.8800
Fax: 303.733.8801
www.arkk.com

MATCHLINE -L- STA. 287+50 SEE SHEET 26

MATCHLINE -L- STA. 301+00 SEE SHEET 28

MATCHLINE -Y23- STA. 13+00 SEE SHEET 30



PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 22 OF 23

SCALE FOR INSET
0 25 50 100

SCALE
0 25 50 100

DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2577A	SHEET NO. 27
RAW SHEET NO.	PROVAULTS ENGINEER
PROVAULTS ENGINEER	PROVAULTS ENGINEER

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

AKK

AKK CONSULTANTS
1000 West 10th Street, Suite 100
Anchorage, Alaska 99501
Tel: 907.562.1000
Fax: 907.562.1001
www.akk.com

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
ROADWAY ITEMS						
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0003	0001000000-E	200	CLEARING & GRUBBING .. ACRE(S)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0004	0008000000-E	200	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUBBING	3 ACR		
0005	0015000000-N	205	SEALING ABANDONED WELLS	14 EA		
0006	0022000000-E	225	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	153,120 CY		
0007	0036000000-E	225	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	12,900 CY		
0008	0106000000-E	230	BORROW EXCAVATION	147,990 CY		
0009	0134000000-E	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	18,330 CY		
0010	0141000000-E	240	BERM DITCH CONSTRUCTION	4,300 LF		
0011	0156000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	19,050 SY		
0012	0163000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	48,230 SY		
0013	0177000000-E	250	BREAKING OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	3,035 SY		
0014	0185000000-E	250	BREAKING OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	7,905 SY		
0015	0194000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL, CLASS III	1,700 CY		
0016	0195000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	3,700 CY		
0017	0196000000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION	6,200 SY		

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0018	0199000000-E	SP	TEMPORARY SHORING	3,377 SF		
0019	0248000000-N	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM TYPE 1 BRIDGE APPROACH FILL, STA 140+39.50 -L- LT	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0020	0248000000-N	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM TYPE 1 BRIDGE APPROACH FILL, STA 140+39.50 -L- RT	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0021	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	100 TON		
0022	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	6,020 TON		
0023	0321000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	18,910 SY		
0024	0342000000-E	310	*** SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	16 LF		
0025	0343000000-E	310	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	2,608 LF		
0026	0344000000-E	310	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	1,076 LF		
0027	0345000000-E	310	24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	56 LF		
0028	0366000000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	5,976 LF		
0029	0372000000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	11,612 LF		
0030	0378000000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	2,888 LF		
0031	0384000000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	1,484 LF		
0032	0390000000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	792 LF		
0033	0396000000-E	310	42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	300 LF		
0034	0402000000-E	310	48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	132 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0035	0414000000-E	310	60" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	76 LF		
0036	0426000000-E	310	72" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	104 LF		
0037	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	23,696 LF		
0038	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	1,272 LF		
0039	0448400000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	940 LF		
0040	0448500000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	688 LF		
0041	0448600000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	472 LF		
0042	0576000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (36", 0.079")	76 LF		
0043	0576000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (42", 0.109")	132 LF		
0044	0576000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (48", 0.109")	32 LF		
0045	0582000000-E	310	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	920 LF		
0046	0588000000-E	310	18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	832 LF		
0047	0594000000-E	310	24" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	88 LF		
0048	0600000000-E	310	30" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.079" THICK	100 LF		
0049	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (15", 0.064")	42 EA		
0050	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (18", 0.064")	26 EA		
0051	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (24", 0.064")	4 EA		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0052	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (30", 0.079")	6 EA		
0053	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (36", 0.079")	2 EA		
0054	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (42", 0.109")	2 EA		
0055	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (48", 0.109")	2 EA		
0056	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	96 LF		
0057	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (30", 0.500")	108 LF		
0058	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (48", 0.625")	82 LF		
0059	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (72", 1.000")	148 LF		
0060	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	96 LF		
0061	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (30", 0.500")	108 LF		
0062	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (48", 0.625")	82 LF		
0063	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (72", 1.000")	148 LF		
0064	0995000000-E	340	PIPE REMOVAL	7,698 LF		
0065	1011000000-N	500	FINE GRADING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0066	1099500000-E	505	SHALLOW UNDERCUT	3,400 CY		
0067	1099700000-E	505	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION	6,600 TON		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0068	1112000000-E	505	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABILIZATION	10,200 SY		
0069	1220000000-E	545	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	4,610 TON		
0070	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **** DEPTH (1-1/2")	510 SY		
0071	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **** DEPTH (2-1/2")	1,660 SY		
0072	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **** DEPTH (4")	11,360 SY		
0073	1330000000-E	607	INCIDENTAL MILLING	3,670 SY		
0074	1491000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	85,820 TON		
0075	1503000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	50,990 TON		
0076	1519000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	6,030 TON		
0077	1523000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	39,180 TON		
0078	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	9,015 TON		
0079	1693000000-E	654	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	1,290 TON		
0080	2000000000-N	806	RIGHT-OF-WAY MARKERS	231 EA		
0081	2022000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	1,311 CY		
0082	2026000000-E	815	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS	3,900 SY		
0083	2036000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	655 CY		
0084	2044000000-E	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	3,900 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0085	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	8 EA		
0086	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	48 LF		
0087	2209000000-E	838	ENDWALLS	17.9 CY		
0088	2220000000-E	838	REINFORCED ENDWALLS	13.4 CY		
0089	2275000000-E	SP	FLOWABLE FILL	170 CY		
0090	2286000000-N	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	566 EA		
0091	2297000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	28.6 CY		
0092	2308000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	427.4 LF		
0093	2352000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE, STD 840.**** (840.16)	75 EA		
0094	2366000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	48 EA		
0095	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	32 EA		
0096	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	189 EA		
0097	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	201 EA		
0098	2396000000-N	840	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	23 EA		
0099	2440000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR CATCH BASIN	1 EA		
0100	2451000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	55 EA		
0101	2535000000-E	846	*** X *** CONCRETE CURB (8" X 18")	860 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0102	2542000000-E	846	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	36,700 LF		
0103	2549000000-E	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	56,040 LF		
0104	2591000000-E	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	550 SY		
0105	2605000000-N	848	CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	4 EA		
0106	2612000000-E	848	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	4,934 SY		
0107	2619000000-E	850	4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	140 SY		
0108	2655000000-E	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)	11,430 SY		
0109	2800000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS	3 EA		
0110	2830000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES	27 EA		
0111	2845000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES	22 EA		
0112	3001000000-N	SP	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	2 EA		
0113	3030000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	10,375 LF		
0114	3045000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	1,287.5 LF		
0115	3105000000-N	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SECTIONS	2 EA		
0116	3150000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	10 EA		
0117	3195000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE AT-1	8 EA		
0118	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	21 EA		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0119	3287000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	22 EA		
0120	3288000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-2	4 EA		
0121	3317000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	9 EA		
0122	3345000000-E	864	REMOVE & RESET EXISTING GUARDRAIL	130 LF		
0123	3360000000-E	863	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	1,240 LF		
0124	3380000000-E	862	TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	850 LF		
0125	3389150000-N	862	TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE ***** (TL-3)	8 EA		
0126	3389160000-N	862	TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	5 EA		
0127	3539000000-E	866	METAL LINE POSTS FOR *** CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")	58 EA		
0128	3545000000-E	866	METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR *** CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")	10 EA		
0129	3575000000-E	SP	GENERIC FENCING ITEM VINYL COATED CHAIN LINK FENCE, 96" FABRIC WITH BROWN PRIVACY SLATS	677 LF		
0130	3628000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS I	1,160 TON		
0131	3635000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS II	380 TON		
0132	3649000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS B	4,880 TON		
0133	3656000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	23,655 SY		
0134	3659000000-N	873	PREFORMED SCOUR HOLES WITH LEVEL SPREADER APRON	1 EA		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0135	4072000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	3,221 LF		
0136	4096000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D	2 EA		
0137	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	158 EA		
0138	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	41 EA		
0139	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVERHEAD) (A)	1 EA		
0140	4116100000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)	5 EA		
0141	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	126 EA		
0142	4192000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL	5 EA		
0143	4234000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B (OVERHEAD)	2 EA		
0144	4400000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	3,168 SF		
0145	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	625 SF		
0146	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	423 SF		
0147	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	2 EA		
0148	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	4 EA		
0149	4430000000-N	1130	DRUMS	1,076 EA		
0150	4435000000-N	1135	CONES	50 EA		
0151	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	1,144 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0152	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	720 DAY		
0153	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	4 EA		
0154	4470000000-N	1160	REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	1 EA		
0155	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	1,580 LF		
0156	4500000000-E	1170	REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	430 LF		
0157	4510000000-N	1190	LAW ENFORCEMENT	96 HR		
0158	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	2,081 EA		
0159	4685000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS)	40,107 LF		
0160	4688000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 90 MILS)	96,124 LF		
0161	4695000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS)	133 LF		
0162	4700000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS)	16,218 LF		
0163	4709000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS)	1,452 LF		
0164	4720000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)	27 EA		
0165	4725000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	215 EA		
0166	4726110000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	5 EA		
0167	4775000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (II)	1,375 LF		
0168	4775000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (IV)	1,308 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0169	4785000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12") (IV)	320 LF		
0170	4810000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	128,603 LF		
0171	4815000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	475,311 LF		
0172	4820000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	104 LF		
0173	4825000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	63,237 LF		
0174	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	5,006 LF		
0175	4840000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER	60 EA		
0176	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	423 EA		
0177	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	9,274 LF		
0178	4855000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	57,373 LF		
0179	4865000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	2,103 LF		
0180	4870000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	407 LF		
0181	4875000000-N	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS	58 EA		
0182	4900000000-N	1251	PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	203 EA		
0183	4905100000-N	1253	NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	1,616 EA		
0184	5015000000-E	1401	120' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD	2 EA		
0185	5020000000-N	1401	PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	1 EA		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0186	5025000000-E	SP	HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS	19 CY		
0187	5030000000-N	SP	HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRES ***** (560W LED)	16 EA		
0188	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ***** (45' SA, 15' ARM)	21 EA		
0189	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ***** (TYPE R1)	19 EA		
0190	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ***** (TYPE R2)	2 EA		
0191	5080000000-N	SP	LIGHT STANDARD LUMINAIRES, TYPE ***** (RDW, 285W LED)	21 EA		
0192	5120000000-N	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE ***** (30' CLASS 4)	1 EA		
0193	5125000000-E	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ***** (3 #1/0 USE)	25 LF		
0194	5145000000-N	1408	LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW ***** (240/480 V)	1 EA		
0195	5150000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE **, SIZE ***** (TL, 3")	490 LF		
0196	5150000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE **, SIZE ***** (TL, 4")	120 LF		
0197	5155000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ***** (2")	150 LF		
0198	5170000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	130 LF		
0199	5175000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	130 LF		
0200	5205000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ***** CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	3,305 LF		
0201	5210000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ***** CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	1,160 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0202	5215000000-E	1410	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ***** CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	4,690 LF		
0203	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (CS36)	1 EA		
0204	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (HM18)	2 EA		
0205	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (IG18)	3 EA		
0206	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (LS18)	20 EA		
0207	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (LS36)	1 EA		
0208	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	1,477 LF		
0209	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	4,160 LF		
0210	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	5,696 LF		
0211	5326600000-E	1510	16" WATER LINE	945 LF		
0212	5327400000-E	1510	24" WATER LINE	1,874 LF		
0213	5329000000-E	1510	DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS	52,840 LB		
0214	5540000000-E	1515	6" VALVE	30 EA		
0215	5546000000-E	1515	8" VALVE	9 EA		
0216	5558000000-E	1515	12" VALVE	14 EA		
0217	5558600000-E	1515	16" VALVE	4 EA		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0218	5559400000-E	1515	24" VALVE	1 EA		
0219	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (12")	12 EA		
0220	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (24")	1 EA		
0221	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (6")	2 EA		
0222	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (8")	6 EA		
0223	5571600000-E	1515	6" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	8 EA		
0224	5571800000-E	1515	8" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	1 EA		
0225	5589200000-E	1515	2" AIR RELEASE VALVE	1 EA		
0226	5643000000-E	1515	*** WATER METER (1")	1 EA		
0227	5643000000-E	1515	*** WATER METER (5/8")	45 EA		
0228	5648000000-N	1515	RELOCATE WATER METER	73 EA		
0229	5649000000-N	1515	RECONNECT WATER METER	10 EA		
0230	5653610000-E	1515	RELOCATE 6" DCV BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY	1 EA		
0231	5666000000-N	1515	FIRE HYDRANT	31 EA		
0232	5673000000-E	1515	FIRE HYDRANT LEG	1,359 LF		
0233	5686500000-E	1515	WATER SERVICE LINE	8,750.5 LF		
0234	5691100000-E	1520	4" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	1,852 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0235	5691300000-E	1520	8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	647 LF		
0236	5768000000-N	1520	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	25 EA		
0237	5775000000-E	1525	4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	3 EA		
0238	5781000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	24 LF		
0239	5800000000-E	1530	ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE	1,345 LF		
0240	5801000000-E	1530	ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	5,145 LF		
0241	5804000000-E	1530	ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	5,138 LF		
0242	5810000000-E	1530	ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE	492 LF		
0243	5813000000-E	1530	ABANDON 24" UTILITY PIPE	1,861 LF		
0244	5815000000-N	1530	REMOVE WATER METER	37 EA		
0245	5815500000-N	1530	REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT	30 EA		
0246	5816000000-N	1530	ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	1 EA		
0247	5836000000-E	1540	24" ENCASEMENT PIPE	130 LF		
0248	5836400000-E	1540	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	96 LF		
0249	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF *** (24")	130 LF		
0250	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF *** (36")	96 LF		
0251	5872600000-E	1550	DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF *** (16")	346 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0252	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM CONCRETE CRADLE	5 EA		
0253	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM RELOCATE DCV BACKFLOW PREVENTOR	4 EA		
0254	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM WATER METER	8 EA		
0255	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 3" PVC SLEEVE	2,352 LF		
0256	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM REMOVE 6" UTILITY PIPE	24 LF		
0257	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM REMOVE 8" UTILITY PIPE	34 LF		
0258	6000000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	118,190 LF		
0259	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	5,640 TON		
0260	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	14,035 TON		
0261	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	12,110 TON		
0262	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	150.5 ACR		
0263	6018000000-E	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	5,900 LB		
0264	6021000000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	30.5 TON		
0265	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	5,115 LF		
0266	6029000000-E	SP	SAFETY FENCE	6,900 LF		
0267	6030000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	58,160 CY		
0268	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	231,689 SY		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0269	6037000000-E	1629	COIR FIBER MAT	1,275 SY		
0270	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	2,975 SY		
0271	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	29,065 LF		
0272	6043000000-E	1644	LOW PERMEABILITY GEOTEXTILE	1,600 SY		
0274	6069000000-E	1638	STILLING BASINS	148 CY		
0275	6070000000-N	1639	SPECIAL STILLING BASINS	12 EA		
0276	6071002000-E	1642	FLOCCULANT	16,705 LB		
0277	6071012000-E	1642	COIR FIBER WATTLE	17,250 LF		
0278	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	9,520 LF		
0279	6071050000-E	1644	*** SKIMMER (1-1/2")	37 EA		
0280	6071050000-E	1644	*** SKIMMER (2")	4 EA		
0281	6071050000-E	1644	*** SKIMMER (2-1/2")	1 EA		
0282	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	99 ACR		
0283	6087000000-E	1660	MOWING	111 ACR		
0284	6090000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	1,550 LB		
0285	6093000000-E	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	4.75 TON		
0286	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	2,325 LB		

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0287	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	69.5 TON		
0288	6111000000-E	SP	IMPERVIOUS DIKE	563 LF		
0289	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	60 MHR		
0290	6114800000-N	SP	MANUAL LITTER REMOVAL	62 MHR		
0291	6114900000-E	SP	LITTER DISPOSAL	54 TON		
0292	6115000000-E	SP	MECHANICAL LITTER REMOVAL	24 SMI		
0293	6117000000-N	1675	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	150 EA		
0294	6117500000-N	SP	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	35 EA		
0295	6120000000-E	SP	CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL	164 CY		
0296	6132000000-N	SP	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION CLEANOUT	3,639 EA		
0297	6132000000-N	SP	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION, TYPE 1	1,213 EA		
0298	6230000000-N	1670	BETULA NIGRA, RIVER BIRCH, (3 GAL)	138 EA		
0299	6285000000-N	1670	CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA, JAPANESE CRYPTOMERIA, (3 GAL)	10 EA		
0300	6410000000-N	1670	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA, EASTERN RED CEDAR, (3 GAL)	23 EA		
0301	6540000000-N	1670	PLATANUS OCCIDENTALIS, SYCAMORE, (3 GAL)	138 EA		
0302	6575000000-N	1670	QUERCUS PHELLOS, WILLOW OAK, (3 GAL)	138 EA		

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0303	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM CEDRUS DEODARA, DEODAR CEDAR (3 GAL)	9 EA		
0304	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM CUPRESSUS ARIZONICA VAR GLABRA, CAROLINA SAPPHIRE (3 GAL)	12 EA		
0305	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM QUERCUS PAGODA, CHERRYBARK OAK (3 GAL)	138 EA		
0306	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM THUJA STANDISHII X PLICATA, GREEN GIANT (5 GAL)	15 EA		
0307	7060000000-E	1705	SIGNAL CABLE	23,975 LF		
0308	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	94 EA		
0309	7132000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	31 EA		
0310	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	11 EA		
0311	7204000000-N	1705	LOUVER	14 EA		
0312	7252000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (1/4")	30,840 LF		
0313	7264000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	4,225 LF		
0314	7279000000-E	1715	TRACER WIRE	3,174 LF		
0315	7288000000-E	1715	PAVED TRENCHING (***** (1, 2")	200 LF		
0316	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (***** (1, 2")	9,746 LF		
0317	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***** (1, 2")	1,271 LF		
0318	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***** (2, 2")	1,550 LF		

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0319	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	105 EA		
0320	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY DUTY)	39 EA		
0321	7360000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	16 EA		
0322	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	27 EA		
0323	7384000000-E	1722	**** RISER WITH ***** (1-1/2", WEATHERHEAD)	4 EA		
0324	7408000000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	3 EA		
0325	7420000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	1 EA		
0326	7432000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING	16 EA		
0327	7444000000-E	1725	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	7,075 LF		
0328	7456100000-E	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (14-2)	21,625 LF		
0329	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	10 EA		
0330	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	48 EA		
0331	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	13 EA		
0332	7516000000-E	1730	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (24)	1,128 LF		
0333	7516000000-E	1730	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (72)	36,295 LF		
0334	7528000000-E	1730	DROP CABLE	8,036 LF		
0335	7540000000-N	1731	SPLICE ENCLOSURE	12 EA		

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0336	7541000000-N	1731	MODIFY SPLICE ENCLOSURE	4 EA		
0337	7552000000-N	1731	INTERCONNECT CENTER	17 EA		
0338	7566000000-N	1733	DELINEATOR MARKER	25 EA		
0339	7576000000-N	SP	METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	4 EA		
0340	7588000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	10 EA		
0341	7613000000-N	SP	SOIL TEST	19 EA		
0342	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	166 CY		
0343	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DESIGN	10 EA		
0344	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	43 EA		
0345	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDATION	15 EA		
0346	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	11 EA		
0347	7696000000-N	1751	CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (*****) (TYPE 2070LX, BASE MTD)	6 EA		
0348	7744000000-N	1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)	55 EA		
0349	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	11 EA		
0350	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 2070LX CONTROLLER	2 EA		
0351	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 5/8" X 10' GROUNDING ELECTRODE	18 EA		
0352	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CABINET WITHOUT CONTROLLER (TYPE 170E)	5 EA		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0353	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT CABINET	2 EA		
0354	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CCTV METAL POLE	3 EA		
0355	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DEPARTMENT SUPPLIED 2070 CONTROLLER	5 EA		
0356	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DIGITAL CCTV CAMERA ASSEMBLY	3 EA		
0357	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DMS ACCESS LADDER	2 EA		
0358	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DMS PEDESTAL STRUCTURE	2 EA		
0360	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH	18 EA		
0361	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM LUMINAIRE ARM FOR TEMPORARY VIDEO SYSTEM	40 EA		
0362	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM METER BASE/DISCONNECT COMBO PANEL	4 EA		
0363	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM MODIFY EXISTING VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD	4 EA		
0364	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM #4 SOLID BARE GROUNDING CONDUCTOR	180 LF		
0365	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 3-WIRE COPPER FEEDER CONDUCTORS	104.5 LF		
0366	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 3-WIRE COPPER SERVICE ENTRANCE CONDUCTORS	120 LF		
0367	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 4-WIRE COPPER FEEDER CONDUCTORS	71.5 LF		
0404	6045000000-E	SP	*** TEMPORARY PIPE (48")	143 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0405	6045000000-E	SP	*** TEMPORARY PIPE (60")	147 LF		
0406	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN (TYPE 2C)	2 EA		
CULVERT ITEMS						
0368	8130000000-N	414	BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** (107+57.00 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0369	8130000000-N	414	BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** (229+09.00 -L2-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0370	8133000000-E	414	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT	354 TON		
0371	8196000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)	188 CY		
0372	8245000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	19,507 LB		
WALL ITEMS						
0373	8504000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL WITH MOMENT SLAB	305 LF		
0374	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	3,000 SF		
STRUCTURE ITEMS						
0375	8056000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0376	8056000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0377	8096000000-E	450	PILE EXCAVATION IN SOIL	44 LF		
0378	8097000000-E	450	PILE EXCAVATION NOT IN SOIL	46 LF		
0379	8105540000-E	411	3'-6" DIA DRILLED PIERS IN SOIL	27 LF		

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0380	8105640000-E	411	3'-6" DIA DRILLED PIERS NOT IN SOIL	51 LF		
0381	8113000000-N	411	SID INSPECTIONS	2 EA		
0382	8114000000-N	411	SPT TESTING	2 EA		
0383	8115000000-N	411	CSL TESTING	2 EA		
0384	8121000000-N	412	UNCLASSIFIED STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0385	8121000000-N	412	UNCLASSIFIED STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0386	8147000000-E	420	REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB	13,146 SF		
0387	8161000000-E	420	GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS	14,146 SF		
0388	8182000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)	356.9 CY		
0389	8210000000-N	422	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0390	8210000000-N	422	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0391	8217000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	58,954 LB		
0392	8238000000-E	425	SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	4,404 LB		
0393	8265000000-E	430	54" PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDERS	1,648.34 LF		
0394	8328200000-E	450	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 12 X 53)	29 EA		
0395	8364000000-E	450	HP 12 X 53 STEEL PILES	585 LF		

County: FORSYTH

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0396	8391000000-N	450	STEEL PILE POINTS	21 EA		
0397	8393000000-N	450	PILE REDRIVES	7 EA		
0398	8394000000-N	450	DYNAMIC PILE TESTING	2 EA		
0399	8503000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	753.56 LF		
0400	8608000000-E	876	RIP RAP CLASS II (2'-0" THICK)	3,555 TON		
0401	8622000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	3,960 SY		
0402	8657000000-N	430	ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0403	8706000000-N	SP	EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum	L.S.	

1318/May17/Q2768434.55/D1901508304000/E404

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :

Vendor 1 of 5: APAC ATLANTIC INC SMITH ROWE LLC JV
(16131)
Call Order 010 (Proposal: C204913)

Bid Information

Proposal County: FORSYTH

Vendor Address: P.O. Box 21088
GREENSBORO , NC , 27420

Signature Check: Clarence O. Brickey

Time Bid Received: May 28, 2024 01:27 PM

Amendment Count: 1

Bid Checksum: 54FB04785E

Bid Total: \$87,840,567.41

Items Total: \$87,840,567.41

Time Total: \$0.00

Bidding Errors:

None.

DBE GOAL SET: 6%
DBE GOAL OBT: 6.26%

Vendor 1 of 5: APAC ATLANTIC INC SMITH ROWE LLC JV
(16131)
Call Order 010 (Proposal: C204913)

Bid Bond Information

Projects:	Bond Maximum:
Counties:	State of Incorporation:
Bond ID: SNC0515730044	Agency Execution Date: 05/15/2024 06:39:56 PM
Paid by Check: No	Surety Name: Surety2000
Bond Percent: 5%	Bond Agency Name: Federal Insurance Company

DBE Load Information

Letting ID: L240528
 Letting Date: 05/28/2024
 Call Order: 010
 Contract ID: C204913

DBE GOAL SET: 6%
DBE GOAL OBT: 6.26%

Project: STATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDED

Bid Total: \$87,840,567.41
DBE Goal: 6.00% (\$5,270,434.04)

Vendor ID: 16131
Vendor Name: APAC-Atlantic, Inc./Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC
DBE Entered: 6.26% (\$5,498,558.75)

Vendor ID	DBE Name	Is Supplier?	City/State	Goods/Service	Amount
11572	CRUZ BROTHERS CONCRETE, INC.	False	1572 PAYNE ROAD LOT 75 GRAHAM, NC 27253	SubContractor Committed	4,485,395.50
12802	NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC	False	P.O. Box 133 LAWSONVILLE, NC 27022	SubContractor Committed	547,963.25
4434	LONG BROTHERS OF SUMMERFIELD INC	False	P.O. Box 11625 WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27116	SubContractor Committed	201,000.00
4906	W G LEWIS TRUCKING INC	False	P.O. Box 7081 HIGH POINT, NC 27264	SubContractor Committed	201,000.00
4761	TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES INC	False	P.O. Box 24511 WINSTON SALEM, NC 27114	SubContractor Committed	63,200.00

Letting: L240528
05/28/2024 02:00:00 PM

North Carolina Department of Transportation
16131 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc./Smith-Rowe, LLC

Contract ID: C204913
Call: 010

BondID: SNC0515730044

Surety Registry Agency: Surety2000

Verified?: 1

Surety Agency: Federal Insurance Company

Bond Execution Date: 05/15/2024 06:39:56 PM

Line Number	Item Number	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Extension Price
Section 0001 ROADWAY ITEMS					
0001	0000100000-N MOBILIZATION	1.000	LS	\$4,380,000.0000	\$4,380,000.00
0002	0000400000-N CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1.000	LS	\$818,968.0000	\$818,968.00
0003	0001000000-E CLEARING & GRUBBING .. ACRE(S)	1	LS	\$8,800,000.0000	\$8,800,000.00
0004	0008000000-E SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUBBING	3.000	ACR	\$1.0000	\$3.00
0005	0015000000-N SEALING ABANDONED WELLS	14.000	EA	\$3,792.0000	\$53,088.00
0006	0022000000-E UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	153120.000	CY	\$12.4200	\$1,901,750.40
0007	0036000000-E UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	12900.000	CY	\$14.8300	\$191,307.00
0008	0106000000-E BORROW EXCAVATION	147990.000	CY	\$0.0100	\$1,479.90
0009	0134000000-E DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	18330.000	CY	\$13.9000	\$254,787.00
0010	0141000000-E BERM DITCH CONSTRUCTION	4300.000	LF	\$6.4400	\$27,692.00
0011	0156000000-E REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	19050.000	SY	\$12.7200	\$242,316.00
0012	0163000000-E REMOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	48230.000	SY	\$21.6000	\$1,041,768.00
0013	0177000000-E BREAKING OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	3035.000	SY	\$12.7600	\$38,726.60
0014	0185000000-E BREAKING OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	7905.000	SY	\$6.8400	\$54,070.20
0015	0194000000-E SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL, CLASS III	1700.000	CY	\$55.6800	\$94,656.00
0016	0195000000-E SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	3700.000	CY	\$55.6800	\$206,016.00
0017	0196000000-E GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION	6200.000	SY	\$3.6800	\$22,816.00
0018	0199000000-E TEMPORARY SHORING	3377.000	SF	\$45.0000	\$151,965.00
0019	0248000000-N GENERIC GRADING ITEM TYPE 1 BRIDGE APPROACH FILL, STA 140+39.50 -L- LT	1.000	LS	\$58,850.0000	\$58,850.00
0020	0248000000-N GENERIC GRADING ITEM TYPE 1 BRIDGE APPROACH FILL, STA 140+39.50 -L- RT	1.000	LS	\$58,850.0000	\$58,850.00
0021	0255000000-E GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	100.000	TON	\$79.5000	\$7,950.00
0022	0318000000-E FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	6020.000	TON	\$57.6300	\$346,932.60
0023	0321000000-E FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	18910.000	SY	\$4.6300	\$87,553.30

0024	0342000000-E	16.000	LF	\$233.6300	\$3,738.08
	*** SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")				
0025	0343000000-E	2608.000	LF	\$54.6700	\$142,579.36
	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE				
0026	0344000000-E	1076.000	LF	\$66.6300	\$71,693.88
	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE				
0027	0345000000-E	56.000	LF	\$99.4300	\$5,568.08
	24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE				
0028	0366000000-E	5976.000	LF	\$87.7800	\$524,573.28
	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0029	0372000000-E	11612.000	LF	\$110.6800	\$1,285,216.16
	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0030	0378000000-E	2888.000	LF	\$151.0900	\$436,347.92
	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0031	0384000000-E	1484.000	LF	\$204.9500	\$304,145.80
	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0032	0390000000-E	792.000	LF	\$265.7600	\$210,481.92
	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0033	0396000000-E	300.000	LF	\$298.0700	\$89,421.00
	42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0034	0402000000-E	132.000	LF	\$394.8900	\$52,125.48
	48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0035	0414000000-E	76.000	LF	\$538.2200	\$40,904.72
	60" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0036	0426000000-E	104.000	LF	\$744.9100	\$77,470.64
	72" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III				
0037	0448200000-E	23696.000	LF	\$93.6400	\$2,218,893.44
	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV				
0038	0448300000-E	1272.000	LF	\$112.3300	\$142,883.76
	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV				
0039	0448400000-E	940.000	LF	\$161.5500	\$151,857.00
	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV				
0040	0448500000-E	688.000	LF	\$232.4300	\$159,911.84
	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV				
0041	0448600000-E	472.000	LF	\$276.8900	\$130,692.08
	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV				
0042	0576000000-E	76.000	LF	\$156.7800	\$11,915.28
	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (36", 0.079")				
0043	0576000000-E	132.000	LF	\$208.8400	\$27,566.88
	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (42", 0.109")				
0044	0576000000-E	32.000	LF	\$268.9600	\$8,606.72
	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (48", 0.109")				
0045	0582000000-E	920.000	LF	\$95.0200	\$87,418.40
	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK				
0046	0588000000-E	832.000	LF	\$87.7600	\$73,016.32
	18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK				
0047	0594000000-E	88.000	LF	\$92.0600	\$8,101.28
	24" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK				
0048	0600000000-E	100.000	LF	\$116.2100	\$11,621.00

30" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.079" THICK

0049	0636000000-E	42.000 EA	\$797.8500	\$33,509.70
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (15", 0.064")			
0050	0636000000-E	26.000 EA	\$840.8200	\$21,861.32
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (18", 0.064")			
0051	0636000000-E	4.000 EA	\$1,058.3300	\$4,233.32
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (24", 0.064")			
0052	0636000000-E	6.000 EA	\$1,662.2200	\$9,973.32
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (30", 0.079")			
0053	0636000000-E	2.000 EA	\$1,843.4800	\$3,686.96
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (36", 0.079")			
0054	0636000000-E	2.000 EA	\$2,262.5700	\$4,525.14
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (42", 0.109")			
0055	0636000000-E	2.000 EA	\$2,464.0400	\$4,928.08
	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (48", 0.109")			
0056	0973100000-E	96.000 LF	\$2,622.8600	\$251,794.56
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (24", 0.500")			
0057	0973100000-E	108.000 LF	\$2,872.8400	\$310,266.72
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (30", 0.500")			
0058	0973100000-E	82.000 LF	\$4,688.2900	\$384,439.78
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (48", 0.625")			
0059	0973100000-E	148.000 LF	\$9,757.1500	\$1,444,058.20
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (72", 1.000")			
0060	0973300000-E	96.000 LF	\$1.0000	\$96.00
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (24", 0.500")			
0061	0973300000-E	108.000 LF	\$1.0000	\$108.00
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (30", 0.500")			
0062	0973300000-E	82.000 LF	\$1.0000	\$82.00
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (48", 0.625")			
0063	0973300000-E	148.000 LF	\$1.0000	\$148.00
	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (72", 1.000")			
0064	0995000000-E	7698.000 LF	\$44.6300	\$343,561.74
	PIPE REMOVAL			
0065	1011000000-N	1.000 LS	\$4,035,000.0000	\$4,035,000.00
	FINE GRADING			
0066	1099500000-E	3400.000 CY	\$19.9600	\$67,864.00
	SHALLOW UNDERCUT			
0067	1099700000-E	6600.000 TON	\$45.9900	\$303,534.00
	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION			
0068	1112000000-E	10200.000 SY	\$5.0700	\$51,714.00
	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABILIZATION			
0069	1220000000-E	4610.000 TON	\$59.7300	\$275,355.30
	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE			
0070	1297000000-E	510.000 SY	\$16.2800	\$8,302.80
	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (1-1/2")			
0071	1297000000-E	1660.000 SY	\$15.2500	\$25,315.00
	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (2-1/2")			
0072	1297000000-E	11360.000 SY	\$10.8000	\$122,688.00
	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (4")			

0073	1330000000-E	3670.000 SY	\$11.3600	\$41,691.20
	INCIDENTAL MILLING			
0074	1491000000-E	85820.000 TON	\$76.0000	\$6,522,320.00
	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C			
0075	1503000000-E	50990.000 TON	\$78.0000	\$3,977,220.00
	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C			
0076	1519000000-E	6030.000 TON	\$95.0000	\$572,850.00
	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B			
0077	1523000000-E	39180.000 TON	\$85.0000	\$3,330,300.00
	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C			
0078	1575000000-E	9015.000 TON	\$725.0000	\$6,535,875.00
	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX			
0079	1693000000-E	1290.000 TON	\$287.1800	\$370,462.20
	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR			
0080	2000000000-N	231.000 EA	\$270.0000	\$62,370.00
	RIGHT-OF-WAY MARKERS			
0081	2022000000-E	1311.000 CY	\$42.4900	\$55,704.39
	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION			
0082	2026000000-E	3900.000 SY	\$2.5300	\$9,867.00
	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS			
0083	2036000000-E	655.000 CY	\$90.3500	\$59,179.25
	SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE			
0084	2044000000-E	3900.000 LF	\$7.6100	\$29,679.00
	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE			
0085	2070000000-N	8.000 EA	\$525.0000	\$4,200.00
	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET			
0086	2077000000-E	48.000 LF	\$60.0000	\$2,880.00
	6" OUTLET PIPE			
0087	2209000000-E	17.900 CY	\$1,775.6100	\$31,783.42
	ENDWALLS			
0088	2220000000-E	13.400 CY	\$2,096.3300	\$28,090.82
	REINFORCED ENDWALLS			
0089	2275000000-E	170.000 CY	\$942.3600	\$160,201.20
	FLOWABLE FILL			
0090	2286000000-N	566.000 EA	\$4,008.8300	\$2,268,997.78
	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES			
0091	2297000000-E	28.600 CY	\$4,500.0000	\$128,700.00
	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES			
0092	2308000000-E	427.400 LF	\$690.0900	\$294,944.47
	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES			
0093	2352000000-N	75.000 EA	\$1,573.0900	\$117,981.75
	FRAME WITH GRATE, STD 840.**** (840.16)			
0094	2366000000-N	48.000 EA	\$2,597.5700	\$124,683.36
	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24			
0095	2374000000-N	32.000 EA	\$1,289.2800	\$41,256.96
	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)			
0096	2374000000-N	189.000 EA	\$1,308.7000	\$247,344.30
	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)			
0097	2374000000-N	201.000 EA	\$1,308.7000	\$263,048.70

FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)

0098	2396000000-N	23.000 EA	\$996.6800	\$22,923.64
	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54			
0099	2440000000-N	1.000 EA	\$850.0000	\$850.00
	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR CATCH BASIN			
0100	2451000000-N	55.000 EA	\$950.0000	\$52,250.00
	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET			
0101	2535000000-E	860.000 LF	\$34.2500	\$29,455.00
	*** X *** CONCRETE CURB (8" X 18")			
0102	2542000000-E	36700.000 LF	\$24.0000	\$880,800.00
	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER			
0103	2549000000-E	56040.000 LF	\$34.0000	\$1,905,360.00
	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER			
0104	2591000000-E	550.000 SY	\$68.9500	\$37,922.50
	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK			
0105	2605000000-N	4.000 EA	\$2,750.0000	\$11,000.00
	CONCRETE CURB RAMPS			
0106	2612000000-E	4934.000 SY	\$102.0000	\$503,268.00
	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY			
0107	2619000000-E	140.000 SY	\$174.0000	\$24,360.00
	4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH			
0108	2655000000-E	11430.000 SY	\$91.0000	\$1,040,130.00
	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)			
0109	2800000000-N	3.000 EA	\$2,506.6500	\$7,519.95
	ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS			
0110	2830000000-N	27.000 EA	\$2,738.3700	\$73,935.99
	ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES			
0111	2845000000-N	22.000 EA	\$700.4600	\$15,410.12
	ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES			
0112	3001000000-N	2.000 EA	\$38,000.0000	\$76,000.00
	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3			
0113	3030000000-E	10375.000 LF	\$22.5000	\$233,437.50
	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL			
0114	3045000000-E	1287.500 LF	\$24.5000	\$31,543.75
	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED			
0115	3105000000-N	2.000 EA	\$1,800.0000	\$3,600.00
	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SECTIONS			
0116	3150000000-N	10.000 EA	\$40.0000	\$400.00
	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS			
0117	3195000000-N	8.000 EA	\$850.0000	\$6,800.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE AT-1			
0118	3210000000-N	21.000 EA	\$900.0000	\$18,900.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1			
0119	3287000000-N	22.000 EA	\$3,100.0000	\$68,200.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3			
0120	3288000000-N	4.000 EA	\$3,000.0000	\$12,000.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-2			
0121	3317000000-N	9.000 EA	\$2,500.0000	\$22,500.00
	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77			

0122	3345000000-E	130.000 LF	\$10.0000	\$1,300.00
	REMOVE & RESET EXISTING GUARDRAIL			
0123	3360000000-E	1240.000 LF	\$0.8000	\$992.00
	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL			
0124	3380000000-E	850.000 LF	\$12.0000	\$10,200.00
	TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL			
0125	3389150000-N	8.000 EA	\$2,500.0000	\$20,000.00
	TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE ***** (TL-3)			
0126	3389160000-N	5.000 EA	\$20.0000	\$100.00
	TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS			
0127	3539000000-E	58.000 EA	\$80.0000	\$4,640.00
	METAL LINE POSTS FOR **" CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")			
0128	3545000000-E	10.000 EA	\$350.0000	\$3,500.00
	METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR **" CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")			
0129	3575000000-E	677.000 LF	\$50.0000	\$33,850.00
	GENERIC FENCING ITEM VINYL COATED CHAIN LINK FENCE, 96" FABRIC WITH BROWN PRIVACY SLATS			
0130	3628000000-E	1160.000 TON	\$81.8600	\$94,957.60
	RIP RAP, CLASS I			
0131	3635000000-E	380.000 TON	\$84.9800	\$32,292.40
	RIP RAP, CLASS II			
0132	3649000000-E	4880.000 TON	\$83.7600	\$408,748.80
	RIP RAP, CLASS B			
0133	3656000000-E	23655.000 SY	\$4.8400	\$114,490.20
	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE			
0134	3659000000-N	1.000 EA	\$2,631.9200	\$2,631.92
	PREFORMED SCOUR HOLES WITH LEVEL SPREADER APRON			
0135	4072000000-E	3221.000 LF	\$10.0000	\$32,210.00
	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL			
0136	4096000000-N	2.000 EA	\$250.0000	\$500.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D			
0137	4102000000-N	158.000 EA	\$75.0000	\$11,850.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E			
0138	4108000000-N	41.000 EA	\$200.0000	\$8,200.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F			
0139	4109000000-N	1.000 EA	\$1,500.0000	\$1,500.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVERHEAD) (A)			
0140	4116100000-N	5.000 EA	\$200.0000	\$1,000.00
	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)			
0141	4155000000-N	126.000 EA	\$5.0000	\$630.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-CHANNEL			
0142	4192000000-N	5.000 EA	\$5.0000	\$25.00
	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL			
0143	4234000000-N	2.000 EA	\$500.0000	\$1,000.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B (OVERHEAD)			
0144	4400000000-E	3168.000 SF	\$8.0000	\$25,344.00
	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)			
0145	4405000000-E	625.000 SF	\$9.0000	\$5,625.00
	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)			

0146	4410000000-E	423.000	SF	\$10.0000	\$4,230.00
	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)				
0147	4415000000-N	2.000	EA	\$7,700.0000	\$15,400.00
	FLASHING ARROW BOARD				
0148	4420000000-N	4.000	EA	\$16,000.0000	\$64,000.00
	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN				
0149	4430000000-N	1076.000	EA	\$72.0000	\$77,472.00
	DRUMS				
0150	4435000000-N	50.000	EA	\$25.0000	\$1,250.00
	CONES				
0151	4445000000-E	1144.000	LF	\$25.1500	\$28,771.60
	BARRICADES (TYPE III)				
0152	4455000000-N	720.000	DAY	\$400.0000	\$288,000.00
	FLAGGER				
0153	4465000000-N	4.000	EA	\$7,800.0000	\$31,200.00
	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS				
0154	4470000000-N	1.000	EA	\$2,410.0000	\$2,410.00
	REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION				
0155	4485000000-E	1580.000	LF	\$44.5000	\$70,310.00
	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER				
0156	4500000000-E	430.000	LF	\$19.3500	\$8,320.50
	REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER				
0157	4510000000-N	96.000	HR	\$100.0000	\$9,600.00
	LAW ENFORCEMENT				
0158	4650000000-N	2081.000	EA	\$7.0000	\$14,567.00
	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS				
0159	4685000000-E	40107.000	LF	\$1.1600	\$46,524.12
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS)				
0160	4688000000-E	96124.000	LF	\$1.5000	\$144,186.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 90 MILS)				
0161	4695000000-E	133.000	LF	\$3.0000	\$399.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS)				
0162	4700000000-E	16218.000	LF	\$3.0000	\$48,654.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS)				
0163	4709000000-E	1452.000	LF	\$15.0000	\$21,780.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS)				
0164	4720000000-E	27.000	EA	\$125.0000	\$3,375.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)				
0165	4725000000-E	215.000	EA	\$180.0000	\$38,700.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)				
0166	4726110000-E	5.000	EA	\$350.0000	\$1,750.00
	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)				
0167	4775000000-E	1375.000	LF	\$5.0000	\$6,875.00
	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (II)				
0168	4775000000-E	1308.000	LF	\$4.5000	\$5,886.00
	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (IV)				
0169	4785000000-E	320.000	LF	\$10.0000	\$3,200.00
	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12") (IV)				
0170	4810000000-E	128603.000	LF	\$0.4000	\$51,441.20

PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")				
0171	4815000000-E	475311.000	LF	\$0.4500 \$213,889.95
PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")				
0172	4820000000-E	104.000	LF	\$1.0000 \$104.00
PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")				
0173	4825000000-E	63237.000	LF	\$1.0000 \$63,237.00
PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")				
0174	4835000000-E	5006.000	LF	\$3.5000 \$17,521.00
PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")				
0175	4840000000-N	60.000	EA	\$25.0000 \$1,500.00
PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER				
0176	4845000000-N	423.000	EA	\$25.0000 \$10,575.00
PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL				
0177	4850000000-E	9274.000	LF	\$0.4000 \$3,709.60
REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")				
0178	4855000000-E	57373.000	LF	\$0.4500 \$25,817.85
REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")				
0179	4865000000-E	2103.000	LF	\$2.0000 \$4,206.00
REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")				
0180	4870000000-E	407.000	LF	\$5.0000 \$2,035.00
REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")				
0181	4875000000-N	58.000	EA	\$75.0000 \$4,350.00
REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS				
0182	4900000000-N	203.000	EA	\$7.0000 \$1,421.00
PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS				
0183	4905100000-N	1616.000	EA	\$49.0000 \$79,184.00
NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER				
0184	5015000000-E	2.000	EA	\$41,250.0000 \$82,500.00
120' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD				
0185	5020000000-N	1.000	EA	\$4,500.0000 \$4,500.00
PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT				
0186	5025000000-E	19.000	CY	\$1,120.0000 \$21,280.00
HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS				
0187	5030000000-N	16.000	EA	\$2,140.0000 \$34,240.00
HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRES ***** (560W LED)				
0188	5050000000-N	21.000	EA	\$4,675.0000 \$98,175.00
LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ***** (45' SA, 15' ARM)				
0189	5070000000-N	19.000	EA	\$1,070.0000 \$20,330.00
STANDARD FOUNDATION ***** (TYPE R1)				
0190	5070000000-N	2.000	EA	\$1,145.0000 \$2,290.00
STANDARD FOUNDATION ***** (TYPE R2)				
0191	5080000000-N	21.000	EA	\$1,070.0000 \$22,470.00
LIGHT STANDARD LUMINAIRES, TYPE ***** (RDW, 285W LED)				
0192	5120000000-N	1.000	EA	\$825.0000 \$825.00
ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE ***** (30' CLASS 4)				
0193	5125000000-E	25.000	LF	\$32.0000 \$800.00
ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ***** (3 #1/0 USE)				
0194	5145000000-N	1.000	EA	\$21,200.0000 \$21,200.00
LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW ***** (240/480 V)				

0195	5150000000-E	490.000	LF	\$34.0000	\$16,660.00
	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE **, SIZE ***** (TL, 3")				
0196	5150000000-E	120.000	LF	\$34.0000	\$4,080.00
	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE **, SIZE ***** (TL, 4")				
0197	5155000000-E	150.000	LF	\$10.7000	\$1,605.00
	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ***** (2")				
0198	5170000000-E	130.000	LF	\$4.9000	\$637.00
	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)				
0199	5175000000-E	130.000	LF	\$5.9000	\$767.00
	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)				
0200	5205000000-E	3305.000	LF	\$9.8500	\$32,554.25
	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")				
0201	5210000000-E	1160.000	LF	\$10.8000	\$12,528.00
	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")				
0202	5215000000-E	4690.000	LF	\$12.1000	\$56,749.00
	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")				
0203	5240000000-N	1.000	EA	\$2,235.0000	\$2,235.00
	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (CS36)				
0204	5240000000-N	2.000	EA	\$1,000.0000	\$2,000.00
	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (HM18)				
0205	5240000000-N	3.000	EA	\$1,000.0000	\$3,000.00
	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (IG18)				
0206	5240000000-N	20.000	EA	\$1,000.0000	\$20,000.00
	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (LS18)				
0207	5240000000-N	1.000	EA	\$2,235.0000	\$2,235.00
	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (LS36)				
0208	5325600000-E	1477.000	LF	\$350.2200	\$517,274.94
	6" WATER LINE				
0209	5325800000-E	4160.000	LF	\$175.9900	\$732,118.40
	8" WATER LINE				
0210	5326200000-E	5696.000	LF	\$210.7500	\$1,200,432.00
	12" WATER LINE				
0211	5326600000-E	945.000	LF	\$274.6200	\$259,515.90
	16" WATER LINE				
0212	5327400000-E	1874.000	LF	\$310.6600	\$582,176.84
	24" WATER LINE				
0213	5329000000-E	52840.000	LB	\$13.3300	\$704,357.20
	DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS				
0214	5540000000-E	30.000	EA	\$3,650.0300	\$109,500.90
	6" VALVE				
0215	5546000000-E	9.000	EA	\$4,611.1300	\$41,500.17
	8" VALVE				
0216	5558000000-E	14.000	EA	\$7,063.9200	\$98,894.88
	12" VALVE				
0217	5558600000-E	4.000	EA	\$16,464.1800	\$65,856.72
	16" VALVE				
0218	5559400000-E	1.000	EA	\$47,593.3600	\$47,593.36
	24" VALVE				
0219	5562000000-E	12.000	EA	\$33,793.8000	\$405,525.60

		*** INSERTION VALVE (12")							
0220	5562000000-E	1.000	EA		\$94,872.2400		\$94,872.24		
		*** INSERTION VALVE (24")							
0221	5562000000-E	2.000	EA		\$20,700.5300		\$41,401.06		
		*** INSERTION VALVE (6")							
0222	5562000000-E	6.000	EA		\$22,727.0800		\$136,362.48		
		*** INSERTION VALVE (8")							
0223	5571600000-E	8.000	EA		\$15,403.9500		\$123,231.60		
		6" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE							
0224	5571800000-E	1.000	EA		\$17,473.1200		\$17,473.12		
		8" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE							
0225	5589200000-E	1.000	EA		\$8,776.3300		\$8,776.33		
		2" AIR RELEASE VALVE							
0226	5643000000-E	1.000	EA		\$2,148.7900		\$2,148.79		
		*** WATER METER (1")							
0227	5643000000-E	45.000	EA		\$1,561.8100		\$70,281.45		
		*** WATER METER (5/8")							
0228	5648000000-N	73.000	EA		\$2,576.9600		\$188,118.08		
		RELOCATE WATER METER							
0229	5649000000-N	10.000	EA		\$741.8400		\$7,418.40		
		RECONNECT WATER METER							
0230	5653610000-E	1.000	EA		\$11,989.7800		\$11,989.78		
		RELOCATE 6" DCV BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY							
0231	5666000000-N	31.000	EA		\$9,394.3500		\$291,224.85		
		FIRE HYDRANT							
0232	5673000000-E	1359.000	LF		\$103.8300		\$141,104.97		
		FIRE HYDRANT LEG							
0233	5686500000-E	8750.500	LF		\$65.4400		\$572,632.72		
		WATER SERVICE LINE							
0234	5691100000-E	1852.000	LF		\$122.5700		\$226,999.64		
		4" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER							
0235	5691300000-E	647.000	LF		\$403.5500		\$261,096.85		
		8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER							
0236	5768000000-N	25.000	EA		\$2,647.3100		\$66,182.75		
		SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT							
0237	5775000000-E	3.000	EA		\$10,893.1100		\$32,679.33		
		4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE							
0238	5781000000-E	24.000	LF		\$1,540.2200		\$36,965.28		
		UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA							
0239	5800000000-E	1345.000	LF		\$30.0100		\$40,363.45		
		ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE							
0240	5801000000-E	5145.000	LF		\$22.2600		\$114,527.70		
		ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE							
0241	5804000000-E	5138.000	LF		\$23.8300		\$122,438.54		
		ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE							
0242	5810000000-E	492.000	LF		\$38.1800		\$18,784.56		
		ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE							
0243	5813000000-E	1861.000	LF		\$54.6000		\$101,610.60		
		ABANDON 24" UTILITY PIPE							

0244	5815000000-N	37.000	EA	\$2,091.0200	\$77,367.74
	REMOVE WATER METER				
0245	5815500000-N	30.000	EA	\$2,091.0200	\$62,730.60
	REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT				
0246	5816000000-N	1.000	EA	\$4,647.2900	\$4,647.29
	ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE				
0247	5836000000-E	130.000	LF	\$274.5000	\$35,685.00
	24" ENCASEMENT PIPE				
0248	5836400000-E	96.000	LF	\$402.4000	\$38,630.40
	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE				
0249	5872500000-E	130.000	LF	\$1,848.7000	\$240,331.00
	BORE AND JACK OF *** (24")				
0250	5872500000-E	96.000	LF	\$2,201.9400	\$211,386.24
	BORE AND JACK OF *** (36")				
0251	5872600000-E	346.000	LF	\$873.6500	\$302,282.90
	DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF *** (16")				
0252	5882000000-N	5.000	EA	\$10,493.5600	\$52,467.80
	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM CONCRETE CRADLE				
0253	5882000000-N	4.000	EA	\$2,195.1200	\$8,780.48
	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM RELOCATE DCV BACKFLOW PREVENTOR				
0254	5882000000-N	8.000	EA	\$2,560.8800	\$20,487.04
	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM WATER METER				
0255	5888000000-E	2352.000	LF	\$43.1200	\$101,418.24
	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 3" PVC SLEEVE				
0256	5888000000-E	24.000	LF	\$39.8900	\$957.36
	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM REMOVE 6" UTILITY PIPE				
0257	5888000000-E	34.000	LF	\$44.0200	\$1,496.68
	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM REMOVE 8" UTILITY PIPE				
0258	6000000000-E	118190.000	LF	\$2.6500	\$313,203.50
	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE				
0259	6006000000-E	5640.000	TON	\$80.1000	\$451,764.00
	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A				
0260	6009000000-E	14035.000	TON	\$86.6200	\$1,215,711.70
	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B				
0261	6012000000-E	12110.000	TON	\$79.4100	\$961,655.10
	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE				
0262	6015000000-E	150.500	ACR	\$1,400.0000	\$210,700.00
	TEMPORARY MULCHING				
0263	6018000000-E	5900.000	LB	\$2.0000	\$11,800.00
	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING				
0264	6021000000-E	30.500	TON	\$800.0000	\$24,400.00
	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING				
0265	6024000000-E	5115.000	LF	\$21.4700	\$109,819.05
	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS				
0266	6029000000-E	6900.000	LF	\$2.6000	\$17,940.00
	SAFETY FENCE				
0267	6030000000-E	58160.000	CY	\$0.0100	\$581.60
	SILT EXCAVATION				
0268	6036000000-E	231689.000	SY	\$1.5000	\$347,533.50

MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL

0269	6037000000-E COIR FIBER MAT	1275.000 SY		\$5.7500	\$7,331.25
0270	6038000000-E PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	2975.000 SY		\$3.8000	\$11,305.00
0271	6042000000-E 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	29065.000 LF		\$4.0000	\$116,260.00
0272	6043000000-E LOW PERMEABILITY GEOTEXTILE	1600.000 SY		\$4.9000	\$7,840.00
0274	6069000000-E STILLING BASINS	148.000 CY		\$42.3900	\$6,273.72
0275	6070000000-N SPECIAL STILLING BASINS	12.000 EA		\$885.0000	\$10,620.00
0276	6071002000-E FLOCCULANT	16705.000 LB		\$0.0100	\$167.05
0277	6071012000-E COIR FIBER WATTLE	17250.000 LF		\$8.0000	\$138,000.00
0278	6071030000-E COIR FIBER BAFFLE	9520.000 LF		\$7.0000	\$66,640.00
0279	6071050000-E **" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	37.000 EA		\$1,316.8200	\$48,722.34
0280	6071050000-E **" SKIMMER (2")	4.000 EA		\$1,535.2300	\$6,140.92
0281	6071050000-E **" SKIMMER (2-1/2")	1.000 EA		\$1,747.5700	\$1,747.57
0282	6084000000-E SEEDING & MULCHING	99.000 ACR		\$2,400.0000	\$237,600.00
0283	6087000000-E MOWING	111.000 ACR		\$250.0000	\$27,750.00
0284	6090000000-E SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	1550.000 LB		\$4.0000	\$6,200.00
0285	6093000000-E FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	4.750 TON		\$1,000.0000	\$4,750.00
0286	6096000000-E SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	2325.000 LB		\$3.5000	\$8,137.50
0287	6108000000-E FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	69.500 TON		\$900.0000	\$62,550.00
0288	6111000000-E IMPERVIOUS DIKE	563.000 LF		\$131.3500	\$73,950.05
0289	6114500000-N SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	60.000 MHR		\$130.0000	\$7,800.00
0290	6114800000-N MANUAL LITTER REMOVAL	62.000 MHR		\$166.1300	\$10,300.06
0291	6114900000-E LITTER DISPOSAL	54.000 TON		\$291.0100	\$15,714.54
0292	6115000000-E MECHANICAL LITTER REMOVAL	24.000 SMI		\$430.1800	\$10,324.32
0293	6117000000-N RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	150.000 EA		\$100.0000	\$15,000.00

0294	6117500000-N	35.000 EA	\$250.0000	\$8,750.00
	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE			
0295	6120000000-E	164.000 CY	\$100.0000	\$16,400.00
	CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL			
0296	6132000000-N	3639.000 EA	\$1.0000	\$3,639.00
	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION CLEANOUT			
0297	6132000000-N	1213.000 EA	\$1.0000	\$1,213.00
	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION, TYPE 1			
0298	6230000000-N	138.000 EA	\$45.0000	\$6,210.00
	BETULA NIGRA, RIVER BIRCH, (3 GAL)			
0299	6285000000-N	10.000 EA	\$240.0000	\$2,400.00
	CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA, JAPANESE CRYPTOMERIA, (3 GAL)			
0300	6410000000-N	23.000 EA	\$80.0000	\$1,840.00
	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA, EASTERN RED CEDAR, (3 GAL)			
0301	6540000000-N	138.000 EA	\$64.0000	\$8,832.00
	PLATANUS OCCIDENTALIS, SYCAMORE, (3 GAL)			
0302	6575000000-N	138.000 EA	\$65.0000	\$8,970.00
	QUERCUS PHELLOS, WILLOW OAK, (3 GAL)			
0303	6640000000-N	9.000 EA	\$40.0000	\$360.00
	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM CEDRUS DEODARA, DEODAR CEDAR (3 GAL)			
0304	6640000000-N	12.000 EA	\$40.0000	\$480.00
	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM CUPRESSUS ARIZONICA VAR GLABRA, CAROLINA SAPPHIRE (3 GAL)			
0305	6640000000-N	138.000 EA	\$45.0000	\$6,210.00
	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM QUERCUS PAGODA, CHERRYBARK OAK (3 GAL)			
0306	6640000000-N	15.000 EA	\$240.0000	\$3,600.00
	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM THUJA STANDISHII X PLICATA, GREEN GIANT (5 GAL)			
0307	7060000000-E	23975.000 LF	\$3.7500	\$89,906.25
	SIGNAL CABLE			
0308	7120000000-E	94.000 EA	\$1,135.0000	\$106,690.00
	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)			
0309	7132000000-E	31.000 EA	\$1,385.0000	\$42,935.00
	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)			
0310	7144000000-E	11.000 EA	\$1,845.0000	\$20,295.00
	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)			
0311	7204000000-N	14.000 EA	\$225.0000	\$3,150.00
	LOUVER			
0312	7252000000-E	30840.000 LF	\$3.8500	\$118,734.00
	MESSENGER CABLE (1/4")			
0313	7264000000-E	4225.000 LF	\$6.2500	\$26,406.25
	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")			
0314	7279000000-E	3174.000 LF	\$1.3000	\$4,126.20
	TRACER WIRE			
0315	7288000000-E	200.000 LF	\$30.0000	\$6,000.00
	PAVED TRENCHING (***** (1, 2"))			
0316	7300000000-E	9746.000 LF	\$10.4000	\$101,358.40
	UNPAVED TRENCHING (***** (1, 2"))			
0317	7301000000-E	1271.000 LF	\$30.5000	\$38,765.50
	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***** (1, 2"))			
0318	7301000000-E	1550.000 LF	\$37.5000	\$58,125.00

DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***** (2, 2"))

0319	7324000000-N	105.000 EA	\$610.0000	\$64,050.00
	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)			
0320	7348000000-N	39.000 EA	\$980.0000	\$38,220.00
	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY DUTY)			
0321	7360000000-N	16.000 EA	\$1,175.0000	\$18,800.00
	WOOD POLE			
0322	7372000000-N	27.000 EA	\$425.0000	\$11,475.00
	GUY ASSEMBLY			
0323	7384000000-E	4.000 EA	\$645.0000	\$2,580.00
	**** RISER WITH ***** (1-1/2", WEATHERHEAD)			
0324	7408000000-E	3.000 EA	\$512.5000	\$1,537.50
	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD			
0325	7420000000-E	1.000 EA	\$675.0000	\$675.00
	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD			
0326	7432000000-E	16.000 EA	\$728.0000	\$11,648.00
	2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING			
0327	7444000000-E	7075.000 LF	\$13.5500	\$95,866.25
	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT			
0328	7456100000-E	21625.000 LF	\$2.0000	\$43,250.00
	LEAD-IN CABLE (14-2)			
0329	7481000000-N	10.000 EA	\$830.0000	\$8,300.00
	SITE SURVEY			
0330	7481240000-N	48.000 EA	\$2,685.0000	\$128,880.00
	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT			
0331	7481260000-N	13.000 EA	\$5,565.0000	\$72,345.00
	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT			
0332	7516000000-E	1128.000 LF	\$4.2500	\$4,794.00
	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (24)			
0333	7516000000-E	36295.000 LF	\$4.9500	\$179,660.25
	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (72)			
0334	7528000000-E	8036.000 LF	\$4.2500	\$34,153.00
	DROP CABLE			
0335	7540000000-N	12.000 EA	\$4,500.0000	\$54,000.00
	SPLICE ENCLOSURE			
0336	7541000000-N	4.000 EA	\$1,215.0000	\$4,860.00
	MODIFY SPLICE ENCLOSURE			
0337	7552000000-N	17.000 EA	\$2,570.0000	\$43,690.00
	INTERCONNECT CENTER			
0338	7566000000-N	25.000 EA	\$175.0000	\$4,375.00
	DELINEATOR MARKER			
0339	7576000000-N	4.000 EA	\$17,075.0000	\$68,300.00
	METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE			
0340	7588000000-N	10.000 EA	\$26,675.0000	\$266,750.00
	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM			
0341	7613000000-N	19.000 EA	\$1,680.0000	\$31,920.00
	SOIL TEST			
0342	7614100000-E	166.000 CY	\$1,245.0000	\$206,670.00
	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION			

0343	7631000000-N	10.000 EA	\$66.0000	\$660.00
	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DESIGN			
0344	7636000000-N	43.000 EA	\$407.0000	\$17,501.00
	SIGN FOR SIGNALS			
0345	7642200000-N	15.000 EA	\$3,255.0000	\$48,825.00
	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDATION			
0346	7684000000-N	11.000 EA	\$1,460.0000	\$16,060.00
	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION			
0347	7696000000-N	6.000 EA	\$19,445.0000	\$116,670.00
	CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (***** (TYPE 2070LX, BASE MTD)			
0348	7744000000-N	55.000 EA	\$212.0000	\$11,660.00
	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)			
0349	7901000000-N	11.000 EA	\$630.0000	\$6,930.00
	CABINET BASE EXTENDER			
0350	7980000000-N	2.000 EA	\$4,065.0000	\$8,130.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 2070LX CONTROLLER			
0351	7980000000-N	18.000 EA	\$177.0000	\$3,186.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 5/8" X 10' GROUNDING ELECTRODE			
0352	7980000000-N	5.000 EA	\$22,960.0000	\$114,800.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CABINET WITHOUT CONTROLLER (TYPE 170E)			
0353	7980000000-N	2.000 EA	\$5,810.0000	\$11,620.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT CABINET			
0354	7980000000-N	3.000 EA	\$13,270.0000	\$39,810.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CCTV METAL POLE			
0355	7980000000-N	5.000 EA	\$420.0000	\$2,100.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DEPARTMENT SUPPLIED 2070 CONTROLLER			
0356	7980000000-N	3.000 EA	\$6,420.0000	\$19,260.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DIGITAL CCTV CAMERA ASSEMBLY			
0357	7980000000-N	2.000 EA	\$9,600.0000	\$19,200.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DMS ACCESS LADDER			
0358	7980000000-N	2.000 EA	\$75,000.0000	\$150,000.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DMS PEDESTAL STRUCTURE			
0360	7980000000-N	18.000 EA	\$2,025.0000	\$36,450.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH			
0361	7980000000-N	40.000 EA	\$1,260.0000	\$50,400.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM LUMINAIRE ARM FOR TEMPORARY VIDEO SYSTEM			
0362	7980000000-N	4.000 EA	\$910.0000	\$3,640.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM METER BASE/DISCONNECT COMBO PANEL			
0363	7980000000-N	4.000 EA	\$722.0000	\$2,888.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM MODIFY EXISTING VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD			
0364	7990000000-E	180.000 LF	\$6.6000	\$1,188.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM #4 SOLID BARE GROUNDING CONDUCTOR			
0365	7990000000-E	104.500 LF	\$6.3500	\$663.58
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 3-WIRE COPPER FEEDER CONDUCTORS			
0366	7990000000-E	120.000 LF	\$8.0000	\$960.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 3-WIRE COPPER SERVICE ENTRANCE CONDUCTORS			
0367	7990000000-E	71.500 LF	\$9.0000	\$643.50
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 4-WIRE COPPER FEEDER CONDUCTORS			
0404	6045000000-E	143.000 LF	\$250.0000	\$35,750.00

*** TEMPORARY PIPE (48")

0405	6045000000-E	147.000	LF	\$350.0000	\$51,450.00
	*** TEMPORARY PIPE (60")				
0406	7980000000-N	2.000	EA	\$125,000.0000	\$250,000.00
	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN (TYPE 2C)				

Section 0001 Total \$82,201,610.20

Section 0002
 CULVERT ITEMS

0368	8130000000-N	1.000	LS	\$148,282.9800	\$148,282.98
	BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** (107+57.00 -L-)				
0369	8130000000-N	1.000	LS	\$60,705.5700	\$60,705.57
	BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** (229+09.00 -L2-)				
0370	8133000000-E	354.000	TON	\$96.9600	\$34,323.84
	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT				
0371	8196000000-E	188.000	CY	\$2,431.3200	\$457,088.16
	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)				
0372	8245000000-E	19507.000	LB	\$2.2300	\$43,500.61
	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)				

Section 0002 Total \$743,901.16

Section 0003
 WALL ITEMS

0373	8504000000-E	305.000	LF	\$636.7400	\$194,205.70
	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL WITH MOMENT SLAB				
0374	8801000000-E	3000.000	SF	\$140.0500	\$420,150.00
	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)				

Section 0003 Total \$614,355.70

Section 0004
 STRUCTURE ITEMS

0375	8056000000-N	1.000	LS	\$126,000.0000	\$126,000.00
	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)				
0376	8056000000-N	1.000	LS	\$126,000.0000	\$126,000.00
	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)				
0377	8096000000-E	44.000	LF	\$757.0600	\$33,310.64
	PILE EXCAVATION IN SOIL				
0378	8097000000-E	46.000	LF	\$757.0600	\$34,824.76
	PILE EXCAVATION NOT IN SOIL				
0379	8105540000-E	27.000	LF	\$1,617.6400	\$43,676.28
	3'-6" DIA DRILLED PIERS IN SOIL				
0380	8105640000-E	51.000	LF	\$3,467.6400	\$176,849.64
	3'-6" DIA DRILLED PIERS NOT IN SOIL				
0381	8113000000-N	2.000	EA	\$500.0000	\$1,000.00
	SID INSPECTIONS				

0382	8114000000-N	2.000 EA	\$500.0000	\$1,000.00
	SPT TESTING			
0383	8115000000-N	2.000 EA	\$3,000.0000	\$6,000.00
	CSL TESTING			
0384	8121000000-N	1.000 LS	\$141,000.0000	\$141,000.00
	UNCLASSIFIED STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)			
0385	8121000000-N	1.000 LS	\$186,000.0000	\$186,000.00
	UNCLASSIFIED STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)			
0386	8147000000-E	13146.000 SF	\$65.5000	\$861,063.00
	REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB			
0387	8161000000-E	14146.000 SF	\$1.2500	\$17,682.50
	GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS			
0388	8182000000-E	356.900 CY	\$1,540.8800	\$549,940.07
	CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)			
0389	8210000000-N	1.000 LS	\$75,466.0300	\$75,466.03
	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)			
0390	8210000000-N	1.000 LS	\$75,466.0300	\$75,466.03
	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)			
0391	8217000000-E	58954.000 LB	\$1.9700	\$116,139.38
	REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)			
0392	8238000000-E	4404.000 LB	\$3.2800	\$14,445.12
	SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)			
0393	8265000000-E	1648.340 LF	\$529.3500	\$872,548.78
	54" PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDERS			
0394	8328200000-E	29.000 EA	\$500.0000	\$14,500.00
	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 12 X 53)			
0395	8364000000-E	585.000 LF	\$119.3400	\$69,813.90
	HP 12 X 53 STEEL PILES			
0396	8391000000-N	21.000 EA	\$200.0000	\$4,200.00
	STEEL PILE POINTS			
0397	8393000000-N	7.000 EA	\$100.0000	\$700.00
	PILE REDRIVES			
0398	8394000000-N	2.000 EA	\$2,500.0000	\$5,000.00
	DYNAMIC PILE TESTING			
0399	8503000000-E	753.560 LF	\$174.2600	\$131,315.37
	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL			
0400	8608000000-E	3555.000 TON	\$84.3900	\$300,006.45
	RIP RAP CLASS II (2'-0" THICK)			
0401	8622000000-E	3960.000 SY	\$3.0000	\$11,880.00
	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE			
0402	8657000000-N	1.000 LS	\$112,512.6700	\$112,512.67
	ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS			
0403	8706000000-N	1.000 LS	\$172,359.7300	\$172,359.73
	EXPANSION JOINT SEALS			

Section 0004 Total \$4,280,700.35

Item Total \$87,840,567.41

ELECTRONIC BID SUBMISSION

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

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NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the prequalified bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. §133-24 within the last three years, and that the prequalified bidder intends to do the work with his own bonafide employees or subcontractors and will not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this non-collusion, debarment and gift ban certification, the Contractor is attesting his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. §133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION OF PREQUALIFIED BIDDER

Conditions for certification:

1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation that is file with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier

covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.

3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.

4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal- Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.

5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.

6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or

commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;

c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and

d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

EXPLANATION:

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Award Limits on Multiple Projects

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowledges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects? **Yes** **No**

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened on the same date, and who also desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS.

The Award Limits on Multiple Projects must be filled in on each project bid for which the Bidder desires protection.

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which will not exceed a total of for those

projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on (MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number
County

Contract Number
County

Contract Number
County

Contract Number
County

Contract Number
County

Contract Number
County

It is agreed that if I am (we are) the low Bidder(s) on indicated projects, the total value of which is more than the above stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation will award me (us) projects from among those indicated

that have a total value not to exceed the award limit and will result in the lowest total bids to the Department of Transportation.

DBE List Summary

Project: STATE FUNDED
Bid Total: 87,840,567.41

Bidder ID: 16131
Business Name: APAC-Atlantic, Inc./Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC

Goal: 6.00% (5,270,434.04)
Total Entered: 6.26% (5,498,558.75)

ID	Name	Is Supplier?	Item Count	Amount	Is Complete?
11572	CRUZ BROTHERS CONCRETE, INC.	False	10	4,485,395.50	True
12802	NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC	False	18	547,963.25	True
4434	LONG BROTHERS OF SUMMERFIELD INC	False	2	201,000.00	True
4906	W G LEWIS TRUCKING INC	False	2	201,000.00	True
4761	TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES INC	False	10	63,200.00	True

Name: CRUZ BROTHERS CONCRETE, INC. ID: 11572

Address: 1572 PAYNE ROAD LOT 75 GRAHAM, NC 27253

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$4,485,395.50

Items for CRUZ BROTHERS CONCRETE, INC.

0001 ROADWAY ITEMS				
0099	2440000000-N	1.000 EA	\$850.0000	\$850.00
	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR CATCH BASIN			
0100	2451000000-N	55.000 EA	\$950.0000	\$52,250.00
	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET			
0101	2535000000-E	860.000 LF	\$34.2500	\$29,455.00
	**" X **" CONCRETE CURB (8" X 18")			
0102	2542000000-E	36700.000 LF	\$24.0000	\$880,800.00
	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER			
0103	2549000000-E	56040.000 LF	\$34.0000	\$1,905,360.00
	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER			
0104	2591000000-E	550.000 SY	\$68.9500	\$37,922.50
	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK			
0105	2605000000-N	4.000 EA	\$2,750.0000	\$11,000.00
	CONCRETE CURB RAMPS			
0106	2612000000-E	4934.000 SY	\$102.0000	\$503,268.00
	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY			
0107	2619000000-E	140.000 SY	\$174.0000	\$24,360.00
	4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH			
0108	2655000000-E	11430.000 SY	\$91.0000	\$1,040,130.00
	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)			
Section 0001 Total				\$4,485,395.50
Item Total				\$4,485,395.50

Name: NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC ID: 12802

Address: P.O. Box 133 LAWSONVILLE, NC 27022

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$547,963.25

Items for NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC

0001 ROADWAY ITEMS				
0112	3001000000-N	2.000 EA	\$38,000.0000	\$76,000.00
	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3			
0113	3030000000-E	10375.000 LF	\$22.5000	\$233,437.50
	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL			
0114	3045000000-E	1287.500 LF	\$24.5000	\$31,543.75
	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED			
0115	3105000000-N	2.000 EA	\$1,800.0000	\$3,600.00
	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SECTIONS			
0116	3150000000-N	10.000 EA	\$40.0000	\$400.00
	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS			
0117	3195000000-N	8.000 EA	\$850.0000	\$6,800.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE AT-1			
0118	3210000000-N	21.000 EA	\$900.0000	\$18,900.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1			
0119	3287000000-N	22.000 EA	\$3,100.0000	\$68,200.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3			
0120	3288000000-N	4.000 EA	\$3,000.0000	\$12,000.00
	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-2			
0121	3317000000-N	9.000 EA	\$2,500.0000	\$22,500.00
	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77			
0122	3345000000-E	130.000 LF	\$10.0000	\$1,300.00
	REMOVE & RESET EXISTING GUARDRAIL			
0123	3360000000-E	1240.000 LF	\$0.8000	\$992.00
	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL			
0124	3380000000-E	850.000 LF	\$12.0000	\$10,200.00
	TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL			
0125	3389150000-N	8.000 EA	\$2,500.0000	\$20,000.00
	TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE ***** (TL-3)			
0126	3389160000-N	5.000 EA	\$20.0000	\$100.00
	TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS			
0127	3539000000-E	58.000 EA	\$80.0000	\$4,640.00
	METAL LINE POSTS FOR *** CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")			
0128	3545000000-E	10.000 EA	\$350.0000	\$3,500.00
	METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR *** CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")			
0129	3575000000-E	677.000 LF	\$50.0000	\$33,850.00
	GENERIC FENCING ITEM VINYL COATED CHAIN LINK FENCE, 96" FABRIC WITH BROWN PRIVACY SLATS			

Section 0001 Total	\$547,963.25
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Item Total	\$547,963.25
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Name: LONG BROTHERS OF SUMMERFIELD INC ID: 4434

Address: P.O. Box 11625 WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27116

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$201,000.00

Items for LONG BROTHERS OF SUMMERFIELD INC

0001				
ROADWAY ITEMS				
0074	1491000000-E	40000 TON	\$3.0000	\$120,000.00
	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C			
0077	1523000000-E	18000 TON	\$4.5000	\$81,000.00
	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C			
Section 0001 Total				\$201,000.00
Item Total				\$201,000.00

Name: W G LEWIS TRUCKING INC ID: 4906

Address: P.O. Box 7081 HIGH POINT, NC 27264

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$201,000.00

Items for W G LEWIS TRUCKING INC

0001				
	ROADWAY ITEMS			
0074	1491000000-E	40000 TON	\$3.0000	\$120,000.00
	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C			
0077	1523000000-E	18000 TON	\$4.5000	\$81,000.00
	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C			
Section 0001 Total				\$201,000.00
Item Total				\$201,000.00

Name: TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES INC ID: 4761

Address: P.O. Box 24511 WINSTON SALEM, NC 27114

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$63,200.00

Items for TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES INC

0001 ROADWAY ITEMS					
0001	0000100000-N	1.000	LS	\$6,285.0000	\$6,285.00
	MOBILIZATION				
0135	4072000000-E	3221.000	LF	\$10.0000	\$32,210.00
	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL				
0136	4096000000-N	2.000	EA	\$250.0000	\$500.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D				
0137	4102000000-N	158.000	EA	\$75.0000	\$11,850.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E				
0138	4108000000-N	41.000	EA	\$200.0000	\$8,200.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F				
0139	4109000000-N	1.000	EA	\$1,500.0000	\$1,500.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVERHEAD) (A)				
0140	4116100000-N	5.000	EA	\$200.0000	\$1,000.00
	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)				
0141	4155000000-N	126.000	EA	\$5.0000	\$630.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-CHANNEL				
0142	4192000000-N	5.000	EA	\$5.0000	\$25.00
	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL				
0143	4234000000-N	2.000	EA	\$500.0000	\$1,000.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B (OVERHEAD)				
Section 0001 Total					\$63,200.00
Item Total					\$63,200.00

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ERRORS/WARNINGS (IF ANY)

This Bid contains 1 amendment files

1 05/17/2024 ADD, DELETE, AND MODIFY ITEMS

Electronic Bid Submission

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

I hereby certify that I have the authority to submit this bid.

Signature _____

Agency _____

Date _____

Signature _____

Agency _____

Date _____

Signature _____

Agency _____

Date _____

Attachments

Failure to complete and attach the Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form will result in using 2.90 gallons per ton as the Fuel Usage Factor for Diesel for the asphalt items included on the form. The contractor will not be permitted to change the option after the bids are submitted.

NOTE: The maximum upload limit is 5 MB. Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form JV.pdf Verify

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
ROADWAY ITEMS						
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	LUMP SUM	4,380,000.00	4,380,000.00
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	LUMP SUM	818,968.00	818,968.00
0003	0001000000-E	200	CLEARING & GRUBBING .. ACRE(S)	LUMP SUM LS	8,800,000.00	8,800,000.00
0004	0008000000-E	200	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUBBING	3 ACR	1.00	3.00
0005	0015000000-N	205	SEALING ABANDONED WELLS	14 EA	3,792.00	53,088.00
0006	0022000000-E	225	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	153,120 CY	12.42	1,901,750.40
0007	0036000000-E	225	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	12,900 CY	14.83	191,307.00
0008	0106000000-E	230	BORROW EXCAVATION	147,990 CY	0.01	1,479.90
0009	0134000000-E	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	18,330 CY	13.90	254,787.00
0010	0141000000-E	240	BERM DITCH CONSTRUCTION	4,300 LF	6.44	27,692.00
0011	0156000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	19,050 SY	12.72	242,316.00
0012	0163000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	48,230 SY	21.60	1,041,768.00
0013	0177000000-E	250	BREAKING OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	3,035 SY	12.76	38,726.60
0014	0185000000-E	250	BREAKING OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	7,905 SY	6.84	54,070.20
0015	0194000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL, CLASS III	1,700 CY	55.68	94,656.00
0016	0195000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	3,700 CY	55.68	206,016.00
0017	0196000000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION	6,200 SY	3.68	22,816.00
0018	0199000000-E	SP	TEMPORARY SHORING	3,377 SF	45.00	151,965.00
0019	0248000000-N	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM TYPE 1 BRIDGE APPROACH FILL, STA 140+39.50 -L- LT	LUMP SUM	58,850.00	58,850.00
0020	0248000000-N	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM TYPE 1 BRIDGE APPROACH FILL, STA 140+39.50 -L- RT	LUMP SUM	58,850.00	58,850.00
0021	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	100 TON	79.50	7,950.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0022	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	6,020 TON	57.63	346,932.60
0023	0321000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	18,910 SY	4.63	87,553.30
0024	0342000000-E	310	*** SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	16 LF	233.63	3,738.08
0025	0343000000-E	310	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	2,608 LF	54.67	142,579.36
0026	0344000000-E	310	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	1,076 LF	66.63	71,693.88
0027	0345000000-E	310	24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	56 LF	99.43	5,568.08
0028	0366000000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	5,976 LF	87.78	524,573.28
0029	0372000000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	11,612 LF	110.68	1,285,216.16
0030	0378000000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	2,888 LF	151.09	436,347.92
0031	0384000000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	1,484 LF	204.95	304,145.80
0032	0390000000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	792 LF	265.76	210,481.92
0033	0396000000-E	310	42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	300 LF	298.07	89,421.00
0034	0402000000-E	310	48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	132 LF	394.89	52,125.48
0035	0414000000-E	310	60" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	76 LF	538.22	40,904.72
0036	0426000000-E	310	72" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	104 LF	744.91	77,470.64
0037	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	23,696 LF	93.64	2,218,893.44
0038	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	1,272 LF	112.33	142,883.76
0039	0448400000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	940 LF	161.55	151,857.00
0040	0448500000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	688 LF	232.43	159,911.84
0041	0448600000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	472 LF	276.89	130,692.08
0042	0576000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (36", 0.079")	76 LF	156.78	11,915.28
0043	0576000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (42", 0.109")	132 LF	208.84	27,566.88
0044	0576000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE CULVERTS, ***** THICK (48", 0.109")	32 LF	268.96	8,606.72

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0045	0582000000-E	310	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	920 LF	95.02	87,418.40
0046	0588000000-E	310	18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	832 LF	87.76	73,016.32
0047	0594000000-E	310	24" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	88 LF	92.06	8,101.28
0048	0600000000-E	310	30" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.079" THICK	100 LF	116.21	11,621.00
0049	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (15", 0.064")	42 EA	797.85	33,509.70
0050	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (18", 0.064")	26 EA	840.82	21,861.32
0051	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (24", 0.064")	4 EA	1,058.33	4,233.32
0052	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (30", 0.079")	6 EA	1,662.22	9,973.32
0053	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (36", 0.079")	2 EA	1,843.48	3,686.96
0054	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (42", 0.109")	2 EA	2,262.57	4,525.14
0055	0636000000-E	310	*** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK (48", 0.109")	2 EA	2,464.04	4,928.08
0056	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	96 LF	2,622.86	251,794.56
0057	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (30", 0.500")	108 LF	2,872.84	310,266.72
0058	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (48", 0.625")	82 LF	4,688.29	384,439.78
0059	0973100000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (72", 1.000")	148 LF	9,757.15	1,444,058.20
0060	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	96 LF	1.00	96.00
0061	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (30", 0.500")	108 LF	1.00	108.00
0062	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (48", 0.625")	82 LF	1.00	82.00
0063	0973300000-E	330	*** WELDED STEEL PIPE, ***** THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (72", 1.000")	148 LF	1.00	148.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0064	0995000000-E	340	PIPE REMOVAL	7,698 LF	44.63	343,561.74
0065	1011000000-N	500	FINE GRADING	LUMP SUM	4,035,000.00	4,035,000.00
0066	1099500000-E	505	SHALLOW UNDERCUT	3,400 CY	19.96	67,864.00
0067	1099700000-E	505	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION	6,600 TON	45.99	303,534.00
0068	1112000000-E	505	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABILIZATION	10,200 SY	5.07	51,714.00
0069	1220000000-E	545	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	4,610 TON	59.73	275,355.30
0070	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **** DEPTH (1-1/2")	510 SY	16.28	8,302.80
0071	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **** DEPTH (2-1/2")	1,660 SY	15.25	25,315.00
0072	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **** DEPTH (4")	11,360 SY	10.80	122,688.00
0073	1330000000-E	607	INCIDENTAL MILLING	3,670 SY	11.36	41,691.20
0074	1491000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	85,820 TON	76.00	6,522,320.00
0075	1503000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	50,990 TON	78.00	3,977,220.00
0076	1519000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	6,030 TON	95.00	572,850.00
0077	1523000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	39,180 TON	85.00	3,330,300.00
0078	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	9,015 TON	725.00	6,535,875.00
0079	1693000000-E	654	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	1,290 TON	287.18	370,462.20
0080	2000000000-N	806	RIGHT-OF-WAY MARKERS	231 EA	270.00	62,370.00
0081	2022000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	1,311 CY	42.49	55,704.39
0082	2026000000-E	815	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS	3,900 SY	2.53	9,867.00
0083	2036000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	655 CY	90.35	59,179.25
0084	2044000000-E	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	3,900 LF	7.61	29,679.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0085	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	8 EA	525.00	4,200.00
0086	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	48 LF	60.00	2,880.00
0087	2209000000-E	838	ENDWALLS	17.9 CY	1,775.61	31,783.42
0088	2220000000-E	838	REINFORCED ENDWALLS	13.4 CY	2,096.33	28,090.82
0089	2275000000-E	SP	FLOWABLE FILL	170 CY	942.36	160,201.20
0090	2286000000-N	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	566 EA	4,008.83	2,268,997.78
0091	2297000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	28.6 CY	4,500.00	128,700.00
0092	2308000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	427.4 LF	690.09	294,944.47
0093	2352000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE, STD 840.**** (840.16)	75 EA	1,573.09	117,981.75
0094	2366000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	48 EA	2,597.57	124,683.36
0095	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	32 EA	1,289.28	41,256.96
0096	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	189 EA	1,308.70	247,344.30
0097	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	201 EA	1,308.70	263,048.70
0098	2396000000-N	840	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	23 EA	996.68	22,923.64
0099	2440000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR CATCH BASIN	1 EA	850.00	850.00
0100	2451000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	55 EA	950.00	52,250.00
0101	2535000000-E	846	*** X *** CONCRETE CURB (8" X 18")	860 LF	34.25	29,455.00
0102	2542000000-E	846	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	36,700 LF	24.00	880,800.00
0103	2549000000-E	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	56,040 LF	34.00	1,905,360.00
0104	2591000000-E	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	550 SY	68.95	37,922.50
0105	2605000000-N	848	CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	4 EA	2,750.00	11,000.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0106	2612000000-E	848	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	4,934 SY	102.00	503,268.00
0107	2619000000-E	850	4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	140 SY	174.00	24,360.00
0108	2655000000-E	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)	11,430 SY	91.00	1,040,130.00
0109	2800000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS	3 EA	2,506.65	7,519.95
0110	2830000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES	27 EA	2,738.37	73,935.99
0111	2845000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES	22 EA	700.46	15,410.12
0112	3001000000-N	SP	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	2 EA	38,000.00	76,000.00
0113	3030000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	10,375 LF	22.50	233,437.50
0114	3045000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	1,287.5 LF	24.50	31,543.75
0115	3105000000-N	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SECTIONS	2 EA	1,800.00	3,600.00
0116	3150000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	10 EA	40.00	400.00
0117	3195000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE AT-1	8 EA	850.00	6,800.00
0118	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	21 EA	900.00	18,900.00
0119	3287000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	22 EA	3,100.00	68,200.00
0120	3288000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-2	4 EA	3,000.00	12,000.00
0121	3317000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	9 EA	2,500.00	22,500.00
0122	3345000000-E	864	REMOVE & RESET EXISTING GUARDRAIL	130 LF	10.00	1,300.00
0123	3360000000-E	863	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	1,240 LF	0.80	992.00
0124	3380000000-E	862	TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	850 LF	12.00	10,200.00
0125	3389150000-N	862	TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE ***** (TL-3)	8 EA	2,500.00	20,000.00
0126	3389160000-N	862	TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	5 EA	20.00	100.00
0127	3539000000-E	866	METAL LINE POSTS FOR **** CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")	58 EA	80.00	4,640.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0128	3545000000-E	866	METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR *** CHAIN LINK FENCE (96")	10 EA	350.00	3,500.00
0129	3575000000-E	SP	GENERIC FENCING ITEM VINYL COATED CHAIN LINK FENCE, 96" FABRIC WITH BROWN PRIVACY SLATS	677 LF	50.00	33,850.00
0130	3628000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS I	1,160 TON	81.86	94,957.60
0131	3635000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS II	380 TON	84.98	32,292.40
0132	3649000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS B	4,880 TON	83.76	408,748.80
0133	3656000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	23,655 SY	4.84	114,490.20
0134	3659000000-N	873	PREFORMED SCOUR HOLES WITH LEVEL SPREADER APRON	1 EA	2,631.92	2,631.92
0135	4072000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	3,221 LF	10.00	32,210.00
0136	4096000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D	2 EA	250.00	500.00
0137	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	158 EA	75.00	11,850.00
0138	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	41 EA	200.00	8,200.00
0139	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVERHEAD) (A)	1 EA	1,500.00	1,500.00
0140	4116100000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)	5 EA	200.00	1,000.00
0141	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	126 EA	5.00	630.00
0142	4192000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL	5 EA	5.00	25.00
0143	4234000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B (OVERHEAD)	2 EA	500.00	1,000.00
0144	4400000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	3,168 SF	8.00	25,344.00
0145	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	625 SF	9.00	5,625.00
0146	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	423 SF	10.00	4,230.00
0147	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	2 EA	7,700.00	15,400.00
0148	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	4 EA	16,000.00	64,000.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0149	4430000000-N	1130	DRUMS	1,076 EA	72.00	77,472.00
0150	4435000000-N	1135	CONES	50 EA	25.00	1,250.00
0151	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	1,144 LF	25.15	28,771.60
0152	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	720 DAY	400.00	288,000.00
0153	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	4 EA	7,800.00	31,200.00
0154	4470000000-N	1160	REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	1 EA	2,410.00	2,410.00
0155	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	1,580 LF	44.50	70,310.00
0156	4500000000-E	1170	REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	430 LF	19.35	8,320.50
0157	4510000000-N	1190	LAW ENFORCEMENT	96 HR	100.00	9,600.00
0158	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	2,081 EA	7.00	14,567.00
0159	4685000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS)	40,107 LF	1.16	46,524.12
0160	4688000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 90 MILS)	96,124 LF	1.50	144,186.00
0161	4695000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS)	133 LF	3.00	399.00
0162	4700000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS)	16,218 LF	3.00	48,654.00
0163	4709000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS)	1,452 LF	15.00	21,780.00
0164	4720000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)	27 EA	125.00	3,375.00
0165	4725000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	215 EA	180.00	38,700.00
0166	4726110000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	5 EA	350.00	1,750.00
0167	4775000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (II)	1,375 LF	5.00	6,875.00
0168	4775000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (IV)	1,308 LF	4.50	5,886.00
0169	4785000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12") (IV)	320 LF	10.00	3,200.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0170	4810000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	128,603 LF	0.40	51,441.20
0171	4815000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	475,311 LF	0.45	213,889.95
0172	4820000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	104 LF	1.00	104.00
0173	4825000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	63,237 LF	1.00	63,237.00
0174	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	5,006 LF	3.50	17,521.00
0175	4840000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER	60 EA	25.00	1,500.00
0176	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	423 EA	25.00	10,575.00
0177	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	9,274 LF	0.40	3,709.60
0178	4855000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	57,373 LF	0.45	25,817.85
0179	4865000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	2,103 LF	2.00	4,206.00
0180	4870000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	407 LF	5.00	2,035.00
0181	4875000000-N	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS	58 EA	75.00	4,350.00
0182	4900000000-N	1251	PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	203 EA	7.00	1,421.00
0183	4905100000-N	1253	NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	1,616 EA	49.00	79,184.00
0184	5015000000-E	1401	120' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD	2 EA	41,250.00	82,500.00
0185	5020000000-N	1401	PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	1 EA	4,500.00	4,500.00
0186	5025000000-E	SP	HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS	19 CY	1,120.00	21,280.00
0187	5030000000-N	SP	HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRES ***** (560W LED)	16 EA	2,140.00	34,240.00
0188	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ***** (45' SA, 15' ARM)	21 EA	4,675.00	98,175.00
0189	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ***** (TYPE R1)	19 EA	1,070.00	20,330.00
0190	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ***** (TYPE R2)	2 EA	1,145.00	2,290.00
0191	5080000000-N	SP	LIGHT STANDARD LUMINAIRES, TYPE ***** (RDW, 285W LED)	21 EA	1,070.00	22,470.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0192	5120000000-N	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE ***** (30' CLASS 4)	1 EA	825.00	825.00
0193	5125000000-E	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ***** (3 #1/0 USE)	25 LF	32.00	800.00
0194	5145000000-N	1408	LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW ***** (240/480 V)	1 EA	21,200.00	21,200.00
0195	5150000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE **, SIZE ***** (TL, 3")	490 LF	34.00	16,660.00
0196	5150000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE **, SIZE ***** (TL, 4")	120 LF	34.00	4,080.00
0197	5155000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ***** (2")	150 LF	10.70	1,605.00
0198	5170000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	130 LF	4.90	637.00
0199	5175000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	130 LF	5.90	767.00
0200	5205000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ***** CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	3,305 LF	9.85	32,554.25
0201	5210000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ***** CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	1,160 LF	10.80	12,528.00
0202	5215000000-E	1410	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ***** CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	4,690 LF	12.10	56,749.00
0203	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (CS36)	1 EA	2,235.00	2,235.00
0204	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (HM18)	2 EA	1,000.00	2,000.00
0205	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (IG18)	3 EA	1,000.00	3,000.00
0206	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (LS18)	20 EA	1,000.00	20,000.00
0207	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ***** (LS36)	1 EA	2,235.00	2,235.00
0208	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	1,477 LF	350.22	517,274.94

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0209	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	4,160 LF	175.99	732,118.40
0210	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	5,696 LF	210.75	1,200,432.00
0211	5326600000-E	1510	16" WATER LINE	945 LF	274.62	259,515.90
0212	5327400000-E	1510	24" WATER LINE	1,874 LF	310.66	582,176.84
0213	5329000000-E	1510	DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS	52,840 LB	13.33	704,357.20
0214	5540000000-E	1515	6" VALVE	30 EA	3,650.03	109,500.90
0215	5546000000-E	1515	8" VALVE	9 EA	4,611.13	41,500.17
0216	5558000000-E	1515	12" VALVE	14 EA	7,063.92	98,894.88
0217	5558600000-E	1515	16" VALVE	4 EA	16,464.18	65,856.72
0218	5559400000-E	1515	24" VALVE	1 EA	47,593.36	47,593.36
0219	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (12")	12 EA	33,793.80	405,525.60
0220	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (24")	1 EA	94,872.24	94,872.24
0221	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (6")	2 EA	20,700.53	41,401.06
0222	5562000000-E	1515	*** INSERTION VALVE (8")	6 EA	22,727.08	136,362.48
0223	5571600000-E	1515	6" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	8 EA	15,403.95	123,231.60
0224	5571800000-E	1515	8" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	1 EA	17,473.12	17,473.12
0225	5589200000-E	1515	2" AIR RELEASE VALVE	1 EA	8,776.33	8,776.33
0226	5643000000-E	1515	*** WATER METER (1")	1 EA	2,148.79	2,148.79
0227	5643000000-E	1515	*** WATER METER (5/8")	45 EA	1,561.81	70,281.45
0228	5648000000-N	1515	RELOCATE WATER METER	73 EA	2,576.96	188,118.08
0229	5649000000-N	1515	RECONNECT WATER METER	10 EA	741.84	7,418.40
0230	5653610000-E	1515	RELOCATE 6" DCV BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY	1 EA	11,989.78	11,989.78
0231	5666000000-N	1515	FIRE HYDRANT	31 EA	9,394.35	291,224.85

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0232	5673000000-E	1515	FIRE HYDRANT LEG	1,359 LF	103.83	141,104.97
0233	5686500000-E	1515	WATER SERVICE LINE	8,750.5 LF	65.44	572,632.72
0234	5691100000-E	1520	4" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	1,852 LF	122.57	226,999.64
0235	5691300000-E	1520	8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	647 LF	403.55	261,096.85
0236	5768000000-N	1520	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	25 EA	2,647.31	66,182.75
0237	5775000000-E	1525	4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	3 EA	10,893.11	32,679.33
0238	5781000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	24 LF	1,540.22	36,965.28
0239	5800000000-E	1530	ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE	1,345 LF	30.01	40,363.45
0240	5801000000-E	1530	ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	5,145 LF	22.26	114,527.70
0241	5804000000-E	1530	ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	5,138 LF	23.83	122,438.54
0242	5810000000-E	1530	ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE	492 LF	38.18	18,784.56
0243	5813000000-E	1530	ABANDON 24" UTILITY PIPE	1,861 LF	54.60	101,610.60
0244	5815000000-N	1530	REMOVE WATER METER	37 EA	2,091.02	77,367.74
0245	5815500000-N	1530	REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT	30 EA	2,091.02	62,730.60
0246	5816000000-N	1530	ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	1 EA	4,647.29	4,647.29
0247	5836000000-E	1540	24" ENCASEMENT PIPE	130 LF	274.50	35,685.00
0248	5836400000-E	1540	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	96 LF	402.40	38,630.40
0249	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF *** (24")	130 LF	1,848.70	240,331.00
0250	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF *** (36")	96 LF	2,201.94	211,386.24
0251	5872600000-E	1550	DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF *** (16")	346 LF	873.65	302,282.90
0252	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM CONCRETE CRADLE	5 EA	10,493.56	52,467.80
0253	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM RELOCATE DCV BACKFLOW PREVENTOR	4 EA	2,195.12	8,780.48

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0254	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM WATER METER	8 EA	2,560.88	20,487.04
0255	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 3" PVC SLEEVE	2,352 LF	43.12	101,418.24
0256	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM REMOVE 6" UTILITY PIPE	24 LF	39.89	957.36
0257	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM REMOVE 8" UTILITY PIPE	34 LF	44.02	1,496.68
0258	6000000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	118,190 LF	2.65	313,203.50
0259	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	5,640 TON	80.10	451,764.00
0260	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	14,035 TON	86.62	1,215,711.70
0261	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	12,110 TON	79.41	961,655.10
0262	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	150.5 ACR	1,400.00	210,700.00
0263	6018000000-E	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	5,900 LB	2.00	11,800.00
0264	6021000000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	30.5 TON	800.00	24,400.00
0265	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	5,115 LF	21.47	109,819.05
0266	6029000000-E	SP	SAFETY FENCE	6,900 LF	2.60	17,940.00
0267	6030000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	58,160 CY	0.01	581.60
0268	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	231,689 SY	1.50	347,533.50
0269	6037000000-E	1629	COIR FIBER MAT	1,275 SY	5.75	7,331.25
0270	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	2,975 SY	3.80	11,305.00
0271	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	29,065 LF	4.00	116,260.00
0272	6043000000-E	1644	LOW PERMEABILITY GEOTEXTILE	1,600 SY	4.90	7,840.00
0274	6069000000-E	1638	STILLING BASINS	148 CY	42.39	6,273.72
0275	6070000000-N	1639	SPECIAL STILLING BASINS	12 EA	885.00	10,620.00
0276	6071002000-E	1642	FLOCCULANT	16,705 LB	0.01	167.05
0277	6071012000-E	1642	COIR FIBER WATTLE	17,250 LF	8.00	138,000.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0278	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	9,520 LF	7.00	66,640.00
0279	6071050000-E	1644	*** SKIMMER (1-1/2")	37 EA	1,316.82	48,722.34
0280	6071050000-E	1644	*** SKIMMER (2")	4 EA	1,535.23	6,140.92
0281	6071050000-E	1644	*** SKIMMER (2-1/2")	1 EA	1,747.57	1,747.57
0282	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	99 ACR	2,400.00	237,600.00
0283	6087000000-E	1660	MOWING	111 ACR	250.00	27,750.00
0284	6090000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	1,550 LB	4.00	6,200.00
0285	6093000000-E	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	4.75 TON	1,000.00	4,750.00
0286	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	2,325 LB	3.50	8,137.50
0287	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	69.5 TON	900.00	62,550.00
0288	6111000000-E	SP	IMPERVIOUS DIKE	563 LF	131.35	73,950.05
0289	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	60 MHR	130.00	7,800.00
0290	6114800000-N	SP	MANUAL LITTER REMOVAL	62 MHR	166.13	10,300.06
0291	6114900000-E	SP	LITTER DISPOSAL	54 TON	291.01	15,714.54
0292	6115000000-E	SP	MECHANICAL LITTER REMOVAL	24 SMI	430.18	10,324.32
0293	6117000000-N	1675	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	150 EA	100.00	15,000.00
0294	6117500000-N	SP	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	35 EA	250.00	8,750.00
0295	6120000000-E	SP	CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL	164 CY	100.00	16,400.00
0296	6132000000-N	SP	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION CLEANOUT	3,639 EA	1.00	3,639.00
0297	6132000000-N	SP	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION, TYPE 1	1,213 EA	1.00	1,213.00
0298	6230000000-N	1670	BETULA NIGRA, RIVER BIRCH, (3 GAL)	138 EA	45.00	6,210.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0299	6285000000-N	1670	CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA, JAPANESE CRYPTOMERIA, (3 GAL)	10 EA	240.00	2,400.00
0300	6410000000-N	1670	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA, EASTERN RED CEDAR, (3 GAL)	23 EA	80.00	1,840.00
0301	6540000000-N	1670	PLATANUS OCCIDENTALIS, SYCAMORE, (3 GAL)	138 EA	64.00	8,832.00
0302	6575000000-N	1670	QUERCUS PHELLOS, WILLOW OAK, (3 GAL)	138 EA	65.00	8,970.00
0303	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM CEDRUS DEODARA, DEODAR CEDAR (3 GAL)	9 EA	40.00	360.00
0304	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM CUPRESSUS ARIZONICA VAR GLABRA, CAROLINA SAPPHIRE (3 GAL)	12 EA	40.00	480.00
0305	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM QUERCUS PAGODA, CHERRYBARK OAK (3 GAL)	138 EA	45.00	6,210.00
0306	6640000000-N	1670	GENERIC PLANTING ITEM THUJA STANDISHII X PLICATA, GREEN GIANT (5 GAL)	15 EA	240.00	3,600.00
0307	7060000000-E	1705	SIGNAL CABLE	23,975 LF	3.75	89,906.25
0308	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	94 EA	1,135.00	106,690.00
0309	7132000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	31 EA	1,385.00	42,935.00
0310	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	11 EA	1,845.00	20,295.00
0311	7204000000-N	1705	LOUVER	14 EA	225.00	3,150.00
0312	7252000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (1/4")	30,840 LF	3.85	118,734.00
0313	7264000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	4,225 LF	6.25	26,406.25
0314	7279000000-E	1715	TRACER WIRE	3,174 LF	1.30	4,126.20
0315	7288000000-E	1715	PAVED TRENCHING (*****) (1, 2")	200 LF	30.00	6,000.00
0316	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*****) (1, 2")	9,746 LF	10.40	101,358.40
0317	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*****) (1, 2")	1,271 LF	30.50	38,765.50

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0318	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***** (2, 2")	1,550 LF	37.50	58,125.00
0319	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	105 EA	610.00	64,050.00
0320	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY DUTY)	39 EA	980.00	38,220.00
0321	7360000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	16 EA	1,175.00	18,800.00
0322	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	27 EA	425.00	11,475.00
0323	7384000000-E	1722	**** RISER WITH ***** (1-1/2", WEATHERHEAD)	4 EA	645.00	2,580.00
0324	7408000000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	3 EA	512.50	1,537.50
0325	7420000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	1 EA	675.00	675.00
0326	7432000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING	16 EA	728.00	11,648.00
0327	7444000000-E	1725	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	7,075 LF	13.55	95,866.25
0328	7456100000-E	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (14-2)	21,625 LF	2.00	43,250.00
0329	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	10 EA	830.00	8,300.00
0330	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	48 EA	2,685.00	128,880.00
0331	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	13 EA	5,565.00	72,345.00
0332	7516000000-E	1730	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (24)	1,128 LF	4.25	4,794.00
0333	7516000000-E	1730	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (72)	36,295 LF	4.95	179,660.25
0334	7528000000-E	1730	DROP CABLE	8,036 LF	4.25	34,153.00
0335	7540000000-N	1731	SPLICE ENCLOSURE	12 EA	4,500.00	54,000.00
0336	7541000000-N	1731	MODIFY SPLICE ENCLOSURE	4 EA	1,215.00	4,860.00
0337	7552000000-N	1731	INTERCONNECT CENTER	17 EA	2,570.00	43,690.00
0338	7566000000-N	1733	DELINEATOR MARKER	25 EA	175.00	4,375.00
0339	7576000000-N	SP	METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	4 EA	17,075.00	68,300.00
0340	7588000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	10 EA	26,675.00	266,750.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0341	7613000000-N	SP	SOIL TEST	19 EA	1,680.00	31,920.00
0342	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	166 CY	1,245.00	206,670.00
0343	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DESIGN	10 EA	66.00	660.00
0344	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	43 EA	407.00	17,501.00
0345	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDATION	15 EA	3,255.00	48,825.00
0346	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	11 EA	1,460.00	16,060.00
0347	7696000000-N	1751	CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (***** (TYPE 2070LX, BASE MTD)	6 EA	19,445.00	116,670.00
0348	7744000000-N	1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)	55 EA	212.00	11,660.00
0349	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	11 EA	630.00	6,930.00
0350	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 2070LX CONTROLLER	2 EA	4,065.00	8,130.00
0351	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 5/8" X 10' GROUNDING ELECTRODE	18 EA	177.00	3,186.00
0352	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CABINET WITHOUT CONTROLLER (TYPE 170E)	5 EA	22,960.00	114,800.00
0353	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT CABINET	2 EA	5,810.00	11,620.00
0354	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM CCTV METAL POLE	3 EA	13,270.00	39,810.00
0355	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DEPARTMENT SUPPLIED 2070 CONTROLLER	5 EA	420.00	2,100.00
0356	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DIGITAL CCTV CAMERA ASSEMBLY	3 EA	6,420.00	19,260.00
0357	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DMS ACCESS LADDER	2 EA	9,600.00	19,200.00
0358	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DMS PEDESTAL STRUCTURE	2 EA	75,000.00	150,000.00
0360	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH	18 EA	2,025.00	36,450.00
0361	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM LUMINAIRE ARM FOR TEMPORARY VIDEO SYSTEM	40 EA	1,260.00	50,400.00

Contract Item Sheets For C204913

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0362	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM METER BASE/DISCONNECT COMBO PANEL	4 EA	910.00	3,640.00
0363	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM MODIFY EXISTING VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD	4 EA	722.00	2,888.00
0364	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM #4 SOLID BARE GROUNDING CONDUCTOR	180 LF	6.60	1,188.00
0365	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 3-WIRE COPPER FEEDER CONDUCTORS	104.5 LF	6.35	663.58
0366	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 3-WIRE COPPER SERVICE ENTRANCE CONDUCTORS	120 LF	8.00	960.00
0367	7990000000-E	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 4-WIRE COPPER FEEDER CONDUCTORS	71.5 LF	9.00	643.50
0404	6045000000-E	SP	*** TEMPORARY PIPE (48")	143 LF	250.00	35,750.00
0405	6045000000-E	SP	*** TEMPORARY PIPE (60")	147 LF	350.00	51,450.00
0406	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN (TYPE 2C)	2 EA	125,000.00	250,000.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
CULVERT ITEMS						
0368	813000000-N	414	BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** (107+57.00 -L-)	LUMP SUM	148,282.98	148,282.98
0369	813000000-N	414	BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** (229+09.00 -L2-)	LUMP SUM	60,705.57	60,705.57
0370	813300000-E	414	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT	354 TON	96.96	34,323.84
0371	819600000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)	188 CY	2,431.32	457,088.16
0372	824500000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	19,507 LB	2.23	43,500.61

Contract Item Sheets For C204913

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
WALL ITEMS						
0373	8504000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL WITH MOMENT SLAB	305 LF	636.74	194,205.70
0374	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	3,000 SF	140.05	420,150.00

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
STRUCTURE ITEMS						
0375	8056000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)	LUMP SUM	126,000.00	126,000.00
0376	8056000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)	LUMP SUM	126,000.00	126,000.00
0377	8096000000-E	450	PILE EXCAVATION IN SOIL	44 LF	757.06	33,310.64
0378	8097000000-E	450	PILE EXCAVATION NOT IN SOIL	46 LF	757.06	34,824.76
0379	8105540000-E	411	3'-6" DIA DRILLED PIERS IN SOIL	27 LF	1,617.64	43,676.28
0380	8105640000-E	411	3'-6" DIA DRILLED PIERS NOT IN SOIL	51 LF	3,467.64	176,849.64
0381	8113000000-N	411	SID INSPECTIONS	2 EA	500.00	1,000.00
0382	8114000000-N	411	SPT TESTING	2 EA	500.00	1,000.00
0383	8115000000-N	411	CSL TESTING	2 EA	3,000.00	6,000.00
0384	8121000000-N	412	UNCLASSIFIED STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)	LUMP SUM	141,000.00	141,000.00
0385	8121000000-N	412	UNCLASSIFIED STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AT STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)	LUMP SUM	186,000.00	186,000.00
0386	8147000000-E	420	REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB	13,146 SF	65.50	861,063.00
0387	8161000000-E	420	GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS	14,146 SF	1.25	17,682.50
0388	8182000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)	356.9 CY	1,540.88	549,940.07
0389	8210000000-N	422	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- LT)	LUMP SUM	75,466.03	75,466.03
0390	8210000000-N	422	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***** (140+39.50 -L- RT)	LUMP SUM	75,466.03	75,466.03
0391	8217000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	58,954 LB	1.97	116,139.38
0392	8238000000-E	425	SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	4,404 LB	3.28	14,445.12
0393	8265000000-E	430	54" PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDERS	1,648.34 LF	529.35	872,548.78

Contract Item Sheets For C204913

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0394	8328200000-E	450	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 12 X 53)	29 EA	500.00	14,500.00
0395	8364000000-E	450	HP 12 X 53 STEEL PILES	585 LF	119.34	69,813.90
0396	8391000000-N	450	STEEL PILE POINTS	21 EA	200.00	4,200.00
0397	8393000000-N	450	PILE REDRIVES	7 EA	100.00	700.00
0398	8394000000-N	450	DYNAMIC PILE TESTING	2 EA	2,500.00	5,000.00
0399	8503000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	753.56 LF	174.26	131,315.37
0400	8608000000-E	876	RIP RAP CLASS II (2'-0" THICK)	3,555 TON	84.39	300,006.45
0401	8622000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	3,960 SY	3.00	11,880.00
0402	8657000000-N	430	ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS	LUMP SUM	112,512.67	112,512.67
0403	8706000000-N	SP	EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	LUMP SUM	172,359.73	172,359.73
TOTAL AMOUNT OF BID FOR ENTIRE PROJECT						\$87,840,567.41

Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form

Contract Number	C204913
County	Forsyth
Contractor Name	APAC-Atlantic, Inc./Smith-Rowe, LLC JV, LLC
HiCAMS Vendor Number	16131

Select a Fuel Usage Factor for each of the Asphalt Material Descriptions to be used on the project. Within the Selected Fuel Usage Factor column, choose either 2.90 or 0.90 Gallons per Ton for the corresponding asphalt material description.

The Selected Fuel Usage Factor chosen will be used for the entire contract duration.

Description	Unit	Selected Fuel Usage Factor	
		0.90	2.90
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type SA-1	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type SA-1 (Leveling Course)	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75 (Leveling Course)	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B (Leveling Course)	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C (Leveling Course)	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D (Leveling Course)	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type _____	Gal/Ton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If the Contractor does not mark either Fuel Usage Factor or marks both Fuel Usage Factors for an asphalt item description, the 2.90 Fuel Usage Factor shall be used for that asphalt line item.

Estimator

May 28, 2024

Signature, Title

Dated

Jamey Thompson - Estimator

Print Name, Title

**EXECUTION OF CONTRACT
NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION
JOINT VENTURE (2) or (3)**

The Contractor declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this Contract, that the Contractor has not been convicted of violating *N.C.G.S. § 133-24* within the last three years, and that the Contractor intends to do the work with its own bona fide employees or subcontractors and did not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this Execution of Contract, Non-Collusion and Debarment Certification, the Contractor is certifying his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTORS

Instructions: **2 Joint Venturers** Fill in lines (1), (2) and (3) and execute. **3 Joint Venturers** Fill in lines (1), (2), (3) and (4) and execute. On Line (1), fill in the name of the Joint Venture Company. On Line (2), fill in the name of one of the joint venturers and execute below in the appropriate manner. On Line (3), print or type the name of the other joint venturer and execute below in the appropriate manner. On Line (4), fill in the name of the third joint venturer, if applicable and execute below in the appropriate manner.

- (1) APAC-Atlantic, Inc. / Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC

Name of Joint Venture

- (2) APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Division

Name of Contractor

PO Box 21088 Greensboro, NC 27420

Address as Prequalified

Richard O. Conway
Signature of Witness or Attest
Richard O. Conway
Print or type Signer's name

By

Clarence O. Britton
Signature of Contractor
Clarence O. Britton
Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

and

- (3) Smith-Rowe, LLC

Name of Contractor

639 Old US 52 South Mount Airy, NC 27030

Address as Prequalified

Diana M. Ledezma
Signature of Witness or Attest
Diana M. Ledezma
Print or type Signer's name

By

David Locke Rowe
Signature of Contractor
David Locke Rowe
Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

and

- (4)

Name of Contractor *(for 3 Joint Venture only)*

Address as Prequalified

Signature of Witness or Attest

By

Signature of Contractor

Print or type Signer's name

Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal



DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

Conditions for certification:

1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation filed with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
2. The terms *covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded*, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled *Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273)* provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

Check here if an explanation is attached to this certification.

Contract No. **C204913**

County (ies): **Forsyth**

ACCEPTED BY THE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DocuSigned by:

Ronald E. Davenport, Jr.

52C46046381F443...

Contract Officer

06/20/2024

Date

Execution of Contract and Bonds
Approved as to Form:

DocuSigned by:

Justin Bradley

B211A5422113486...

Attorney General

06/20/2024

Date

Signature Sheet (Bid - Acceptance by Department)

**CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND
JOINT VENTURE (2) or (3)
SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTORS (Principal)**

Instructions to Bidders: **2 Joint Ventures**, Fill in lines (1), (2) and (3) and execute. **3 Joint Venturers** Fill in lines (1), (2), (3), (4) and execute. On Line (1), print or type the name of Joint Venture. On line (2), print or type the name of one of the joint venturers and execute below in the appropriate manner required by Article 102-8 of the *Specifications*. On Line (3), print or type the name of second joint venturer and execute below in the appropriate manner required by said article of the *Specifications*. On Line (4), print or type the name of the third joint venturer, if applicable and execute below in the appropriate manner required by said article of the *Specifications*. This form of execution must be strictly followed.

(1) APAC-Atlantic, Inc. / Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC
Name of Joint Venture

(2) APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Division
Name of Contractor

PO Box 21088 Greensboro, NC 27420
Address as prequalified

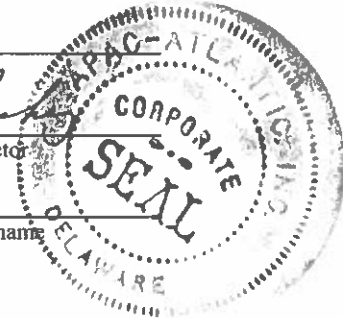
Leonard D. Conway
Signature of Witness or Attest

Leonard D. Conway
Print or type Signer's name

By

Clarence O. Brickey
Signature of Contractor

Clarence O. Brickey
Print or type Signer's name



If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

and

(3) Smith-Rowe, LLC
Name of Contractor

639 Old US 52 South Mount Airy, NC 27030
Address as prequalified

Bryan Reece
Signature of Witness or Attest

Bryan Reece
Print or type Signer's name

By

David Locke Rowe
Signature of Contractor

David Locke Rowe
Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

and

(4) _____
Name of Contractor (for 3 Joint Venture only)

Address as prequalified

Signature of Witness or Attest

Print or type Signer's name

By

Signature of Contractor

Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

Contract No. C204913
County Forsyth

Rev 5-17-11

Bond No.: K41897363/108047051

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Date of Payment Bond Execution June 11, 2024

Name of Principal Contractor APAC-Atlantic, Inc / Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC

Name of Surety: Federal Insurance Company/Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America

Name of Contracting Body: North Carolina Department of Transportation
Raleigh, North Carolina

Amount of Bond: \$87,840,567.41-

Contract ID No.: C204913

County Name: Forsyth

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor and material in the prosecution of the work provided for in said contract, and any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

Contract No. C204913
County Forsyth

Rev 5-17-11

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company

Federal Insurance Company/Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America

Print or type Surety Company Name

By Kimberly Leonard

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Kimberly Leonard

Signature of Attorney-in-Fact



Rita Alfano

Signature of Witness



Rita Alfano

Print or type Signer's name

445 South Street, Suite 210
Morristown, NJ 07960

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

Contract No. C204913
County Forsyth

Rev 5-17-11

Bond No.: K41897363/108047051

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Date of Performance Bond Execution: June 11, 2024

Name of Principal Contractor: APAC-Atlantic, Inc. / Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC

Name of Surety: Federal Insurance Company/Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America

Name of Contracting Body: North Carolina Department of Transportation
Raleigh, North Carolina

Amount of Bond: \$87,840,567.41-

Contract ID No.: C204913

County Name: Forsyth

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term of said contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Contracting Body, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

Contract No. C204913
County Forsyth

Rev 5-17-11

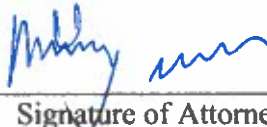
CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company

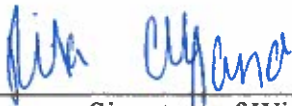
Federal Insurance Company/Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America

Print or type Surety Company Name

By Kimberly Leonard
Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact



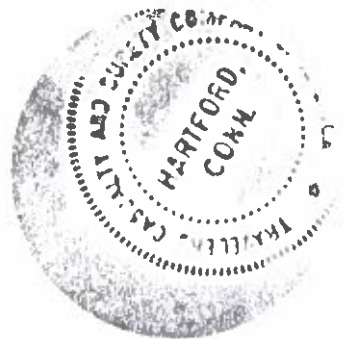
Signature of Attorney-in-Fact



Signature of Witness

Rita Alfano

Print or type Signer's name



445 South Street, Suite 210
Morristown, NJ 07960

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

**CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND
JOINT VENTURE (2) OR (3)
SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTORS (Principal)**

Instructions to Bidders: **2 Joint Ventures**, Fill in lines (1), (2) and (3) and execute. **3 Joint Venturers** Fill in lines (1), (2), (3), (4) and execute. On Line (1), print or type the name of Joint Venture. On line (2), print or type the name of one of the joint venturers and execute below in the appropriate manner required by Article 102-8 of the *Specifications*. On Line (3), print or type the name of second joint venturer and execute below in the appropriate manner required by said article of the *Specifications*. On Line (4), print or type the name of the third joint venturer, if applicable and execute below in the appropriate manner required by said article of the *Specifications*. This form of execution must be strictly followed.

(1) APAC-Atlantic, Inc. / Smith-Rowe, LLC JV LLC
Name of Joint Venture

(2) APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Division
Name of Contractor

PO Box 21088 Greensboro, NC 27420
Address as prequalified

Leonard D. Conway
Signature of Witness or Attest

Leonard D. Conway
Print or type Signer's name

By

Clarence O. Brickey
Signature of Contractor

Clarence O. Brickey
Print or type Signer's name



If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

and

(3) Smith-Rowe, LLC
Name of Contractor

639 Old US 52 South Mount Airy, NC 27030
Address as prequalified

Bryan Rowe
Signature of Witness or Attest

Bryan Rowe
Print or type Signer's name

By

David Locke Rowe
Signature of Contractor

David Locke Rowe
Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

and

(4) _____
Name of Contractor (for 3 Joint Venture only)

Address as prequalified

Signature of Witness or Attest

Print or type Signer's name

By

Signature of Contractor

Print or type Signer's name

If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal

Power of Attorney

Federal Insurance Company | Vigilant Insurance Company | Pacific Indemnity Company
Westchester Fire Insurance Company | ACE American Insurance Company

Know All by These Presents, that FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, an Indiana corporation, VIGILANT INSURANCE COMPANY, a New York corporation, PACIFIC INDEMNITY COMPANY, a Wisconsin corporation, WESTCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY and ACE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY corporations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do each hereby constitute and appoint

Kimberly Leonard

each as their true and lawful Attorney-in-Fact to execute under such designation in their names and to affix their corporate seals to and deliver for and on their behalf as surety thereon or otherwise, bonds and undertakings and other writings obligatory in the nature thereof (other than bail bonds) given or executed in the course of business, and any instruments amending or altering the same, and consents to the modification or alteration of any instrument referred to in said bonds or obligations.

In Witness Whereof, said FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, VIGILANT INSURANCE COMPANY, PACIFIC INDEMNITY COMPANY, WESTCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY and ACE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY have each executed and attested these presents and affixed their corporate seals on this 10th day of March, 2020.

Dawn M. Chloros

Dawn M. Chloros, Assistant Secretary

Stephen M. Haney

Stephen M. Haney, Vice President



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
County of Hunterdon ss.

On this 10th day of March, 2020 before me, a Notary Public of New Jersey, personally came Dawn M. Chloros and Stephen M. Haney, to me known to be Assistant Secretary and Vice President, respectively, of FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, VIGILANT INSURANCE COMPANY, PACIFIC INDEMNITY COMPANY, WESTCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY and ACE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, the companies which executed the foregoing Power of Attorney, and the said Dawn M. Chloros and Stephen M. Haney, being by me duly sworn, severally and each for herself and himself did depose and say that they are Assistant Secretary and Vice President, respectively, of FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, VIGILANT INSURANCE COMPANY, PACIFIC INDEMNITY COMPANY, WESTCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY and ACE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY and know the corporate seals thereof, that the seals affixed to the foregoing Power of Attorney are such corporate seals and were thereto affixed by authority of said Companies; and that their signatures as such officers were duly affixed and subscribed by like authority.

Notarial Seal



KATHERINE J. ADELAAR
NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY
No. 2316685
Commission Expires July 18, 2024

Signature of Katherine J. Adelaar, Notary Public

CERTIFICATION

Resolutions adopted by the Boards of Directors of FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, VIGILANT INSURANCE COMPANY, and PACIFIC INDEMNITY COMPANY on August 30, 2016; WESTCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY on December 11, 2006; and ACE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY on March 20, 2009:

*RESOLVED, that the following authorizations relate to the execution, for and on behalf of the Company, of bonds, undertakings, recognizances, contracts and other written commitments of the Company entered into in the ordinary course of business (each a "Written Commitment"):

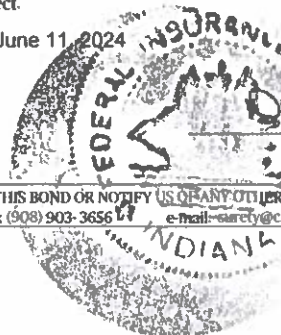
- (1) Each of the Chairman, the President and the Vice Presidents of the Company is hereby authorized to execute any Written Commitment for and on behalf of the Company, under the seal of the Company or otherwise.
(2) Each duly appointed attorney-in-fact of the Company is hereby authorized to execute any Written Commitment for and on behalf of the Company, under the seal of the Company or otherwise, to the extent that such action is authorized by the grant of powers provided for in such person's written appointment as such attorney-in-fact.
(3) Each of the Chairman, the President and the Vice Presidents of the Company is hereby authorized, for and on behalf of the Company, to appoint in writing any person the attorney-in-fact of the Company with full power and authority to execute, for and on behalf of the Company, under the seal of the Company or otherwise, such Written Commitments of the Company as may be specified in such written appointment, which specification may be by general type or class of Written Commitments or by specification of one or more particular Written Commitments.
(4) Each of the Chairman, the President and the Vice Presidents of the Company is hereby authorized, for and on behalf of the Company, to delegate in writing to any other officer of the Company the authority to execute, for and on behalf of the Company, under the Company's seal or otherwise, such Written Commitments of the Company as are specified in such written delegation, which specification may be by general type or class of Written Commitments or by specification of one or more particular Written Commitments.
(5) The signature of any officer or other person executing any Written Commitment or appointment or delegation pursuant to this Resolution, and the seal of the Company, may be affixed by facsimile on such Written Commitment or written appointment or delegation.

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the foregoing Resolution shall not be deemed to be an exclusive statement of the powers and authority of officers, employees and other persons to act for and on behalf of the Company, and such Resolution shall not limit or otherwise affect the exercise of any such power or authority otherwise validly granted or vested.

I, Dawn M. Chloros, Assistant Secretary of FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, VIGILANT INSURANCE COMPANY, PACIFIC INDEMNITY COMPANY, WESTCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY and ACE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY (the "Companies") do hereby certify that

- (i) the foregoing Resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors of the Companies are true, correct and in full force and effect,
(ii) the foregoing Power of Attorney is true, correct and in full force and effect.

Given under my hand and seals of said Companies at Whitehouse Station, NJ, this June 11, 2024



Dawn M. Chloros

Dawn M. Chloros, Assistant Secretary

IN THE EVENT YOU WISH TO VERIFY THE AUTHENTICITY OF THIS BOND OR NOTIFY US OF ANY OTHER MATTER, PLEASE CONTACT US AT:

Telephone (908) 903-3493 Fax (908) 903-3656 e-mail: surety@chubb.com



**Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company
St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company**

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company, and St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company are corporations duly organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut (herein collectively called the "Companies"), and that the Companies do hereby make, constitute and appoint Kimberly Leonard of Morristown, New Jersey, their true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact to sign, execute, seal and acknowledge any and all bonds, recognizances, conditional undertakings and other writings obligatory in the nature thereof on behalf of the Companies in their business of guaranteeing the fidelity of persons, guaranteeing the performance of contracts and executing or guaranteeing bonds and undertakings required or permitted in any actions or proceedings allowed by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Companies have caused this instrument to be signed, and their corporate seals to be hereto affixed, this **21st** day of **April**, 2021.



State of Connecticut

City of Hartford ss.

By: 
Robert L. Raney, Senior Vice President

On this the **21st** day of **April**, 2021, before me personally appeared **Robert L. Raney**, who acknowledged himself to be the Senior Vice President of each of the Companies, and that he, as such, being authorized so to do, executed the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein contained by signing on behalf of said Companies by himself as a duly authorized officer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

My Commission expires the **30th** day of **June**, 2026




Anna P. Nowik, Notary Public

This Power of Attorney is granted under and by the authority of the following resolutions adopted by the Boards of Directors of each of the Companies, which resolutions are now in full force and effect, reading as follows:

RESOLVED, that the Chairman, the President, any Vice Chairman, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President, any Vice President, any Second Vice President, the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Corporate Secretary or any Assistant Secretary may appoint Attorneys-in-Fact and Agents to act for and on behalf of the Company and may give such appointee such authority as his or her certificate of authority may prescribe to sign with the Company's name and seal with the Company's seal bonds, recognizances, contracts of indemnity, and other writings obligatory in the nature of a bond, recognizance, or conditional undertaking, and any of said officers or the Board of Directors at any time may remove any such appointee and revoke the power given him or her; and it is

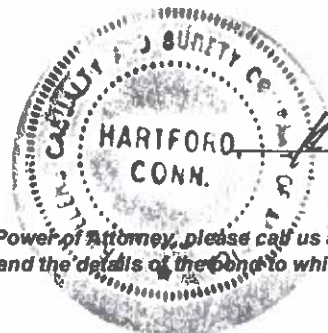
FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Chairman, the President, any Vice Chairman, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President or any Vice President may delegate all or any part of the foregoing authority to one or more officers or employees of this Company, provided that each such delegation is in writing and a copy thereof is filed in the office of the Secretary; and it is

FURTHER RESOLVED, that any bond, recognizance, contract of indemnity, or writing obligatory in the nature of a bond, recognizance, or conditional undertaking shall be valid and binding upon the Company when (a) signed by the President, any Vice Chairman, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President or any Vice President, any Second Vice President, the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Corporate Secretary or any Assistant Secretary and duly attested and sealed with the Company's seal by a Secretary or Assistant Secretary; or (b) duly executed (under seal, if required) by one or more Attorneys-in-Fact and Agents pursuant to the power prescribed in his or her certificate or their certificates of authority or by one or more Company officers pursuant to a written delegation of authority; and it is

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the signature of each of the following officers: President, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President, any Vice President, any Assistant Vice President, any Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, and the seal of the Company may be affixed by facsimile to any Power of Attorney or to any certificate relating thereto appointing Resident Vice Presidents, Resident Assistant Secretaries or Attorneys-in-Fact for purposes only of executing and attesting bonds and undertakings and other writings obligatory in the nature thereof, and any such Power of Attorney or certificate bearing such facsimile signature or facsimile seal shall be valid and binding upon the Company and any such power so executed and certified by such facsimile signature and facsimile seal shall be valid and binding on the Company in the future with respect to any bond or understanding to which it is attached.

I, **Kevin E. Hughes**, the undersigned, Assistant Secretary of each of the Companies, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Power of Attorney executed by said Companies, which remains in full force and effect.

Dated this 11th day of June, 2024




Kevin E. Hughes, Assistant Secretary

**To verify the authenticity of this Power of Attorney, please call us at 1-800-421-3880.
Please refer to the above-named Attorney(s)-in-Fact and the details of the bond to which this Power of Attorney is attached.**